UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

NAME				
HISTORIC	manChamberlain-Hone	House		
AND/OR COMMON				
McA	llister Home			
LOCATION	N			
STREET & NUMBER				
	East 100 South			
CITY, TOWN	1.	VICINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	2
STATE Kar		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Uta		0830	Kane	025
CLASSIFIC	CATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	<u>X</u> public	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	$\Sigma_{ m WORK}$ in progress	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT		X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
ş.,	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED NO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATION OTHER:
STREET & NUMBER	ity of Kanab			
CITY, TOWN	Kanab_City Hall		STATE	
	Kanab —	VICINITY OF	847	41. Utah
LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS	,erc. Kane County	y Courthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	70 N. Main	<u></u>		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Kanab		U	tah
REPRESEN	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE Utah	State Register of His	storic Places		
DATE	ember 10, 1970	FEDERALXs	TATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	603 E. South Temple			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
S	alt Lake City		Ut	ah

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

		•••.			
XEXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED		SITE	
GOOD	RUINS	XALTERED	MOVED	DATE	
FAIR	UNEXPOSED				

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

- 7.3. Description:
 - A. General: The Bowman-Chamberlain home is, for a small and rather recote western town, an ambitious example of Victorian Queen Anne architecture. While grander, more flamboyant examples of this style are found in larger cities, this home is both spectacular and unique in its Ranap, Utah setting. Moreover, the home is in very good condition and has experienced no additions and only one minor change since its initial construction in 1892-94.

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

- B. Site: In addition to the house itself, a barn, chicken nouse, decorative picket fence, several large shade and fruit trees, lilacs, trumpet vine, grape arbor and rose and herb gardens are still located on the site in their original historical setting. These are being maintained and are considered an integral part of the total restoration project being carried out by the city.
- C. Exterior building features:
 - 1. Foundation wall: rusticated sandstone with a dressed sandstone belt course.
 - 2. Walls: orange-red brick
 - 3. Roof: a combination of hip and gable types, covered with wood shingles.
 - 4. Porches:
 - a) Front (northwest): displaying the most decorative elements of the residence with fancy spindlework, lathe-carved wooden posts, ball newels and a pedimented entrance with a fan motif. The porch roof is of the hip type and butts into both the spire tower and the building proper.
 - b) Northeast: This porch is similar to the major front porch in intricacy of design, but does not have the pedimented entry.
 - c) Rear: Now only a wooden platform, efforts are being made to restore the porch to its original condition.
 - 5. Spire-tower: A most dominating design element is the square tower with its steeply pitched hip roof capped with an ornate metal finial. The tower adds obvious stateliness and dignity through its form and verticality.
 - 6. Window schedule:
 - a) Main floor: All window bays on this floor are square and have stone lintels and sills. There are two types: double-hung and fixed with smaller colored glass transoms above.
 - b) Tower: Tower windows are square, parrid and double-hung.
 - c) Gables: Windows in the gables are square and double-hung with the exception of the chimnied gables in which quarterround windows flank each side of each chimney.
 - 7. Door bays: There are three exterior doorways. One of these was added after the initial construction to create an apartment. This bay will be filled in with match brick to bring it in harmony with the original plan.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XXRCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
¥800-1899	COMMERCE	$\underline{X}_{EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT}$	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		_INVENTION		
				
SPECIFIC DAT	ES built 1892-94	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

built 1892-94

The significance of this home lies both in its architecture and its occupants. The architectural significance has already been noted in section 7 B. The site passed through a number of hands before it was purchased by Henry E. Bowman April 30, 1892. It was he who had the present dwelling constructed. Bowman arrived in Kanab in 1885 where he taught school. In 1887 Henry E. Bowman bought an adobe house faced with brick at 2nd North and Main in Kanab. It was in this home that Bowman began his mercantile business in the 19 x 21 ft, living room. In 1892 H. E. Bowman and four other residents formed a corporation called the Bowman Company, At this time they built a brick building on the corner of Center and Main. It wasn't until 1894 that Bowman sold the adobe home mentioned above, at which time his new home was probably completed. It is not known who designed the home or if an architect was used. Bowman operated the mercantile business until 1896 when he sold both his home and the business to Thomas Chamberlain in order to raise the funds to go on a mission for the Mormon Church to Switzerland. He was president of the Swiss Mission from 1898 to 1900. Upon his return, he went to Mexico, returning to Kanab in 1916 and acquiring the Bowman Company once again, Bowman was responsible for the construction of the road connecting Kanab and Orderville to the north which required hauling clay and gravel by team to cover the sand which stretched between Kanab and Orderville. This highway was later to become part of Highway 89.

On November 28, 1896, Thomas Chamberlain acquired the Bowman house for \$5,000. Chamberlain was among the first settlers of Orderville arriving in Long Valley in 1871. He was among the first to join in the United Order, a Mormon cooperative effort which was particularly successful in Orderville, He was designated bishop of the Orderville Ward in 1877 and was one of the original High Councilors in the Kanab Stake. He was on the Board of Directors of the United Order serving for nine years as its president, Chamberlain had six wives and fifty-five children. He served six months (1888-9) in the Utah penitentiary for polygamy. His first wife, Elinor Hoyt Chamberlain, resided in the home until 1935, when it was acquired by her daughter, Lillian C. McAllister. Her husband, June McAllister, continued to live in the home from 1956 until his death, at which time it was sold by his estate to the city of Kanab, Kanab citizens are now engaged in a restoration project which has received funds from the State Bicentennial Commission, Plans for the building include museum space as well as a meeting place for the local historical society and other groups.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Elsie C. Carroll, ed., <u>History of Kane County</u>, Salt Lake City: Utah Printing Co., 1960. Adonis F. Robinson, ed., <u>History of Kane County</u>, Salt Lake City: Utah Printing Co., 1970.

Andrew Jenson, Latter-day Saint Biographical Encyclopedia, Salt Lake City: Andrew Jenson Memorial Association, 1936, Vols. 3 and 4.

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STATE		CODE	COUNTY		CODE
ORGANIZATION	Utah State His		<u>Architectural II</u> ciety	DATE	30, 1975
STREET & NUMBER	R	· · · ·		TELEPHONE	
CITY OR TOWN	603 E. South 1	'empre		328-5 STATE	/55
	Salt Lake City	7		Utah	
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1931ALE II					JIN
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NA NA	TIONAL	STAT	TE	LOCAL X	
As the designated	State Historic Preservatio	on Officer for the N	Vational Historic Preser	rvation Act of 1966 (Pr	ublic Law 89-665), I
. –	this property for inclusion				
criteria and proced	lures set forth by the Natio	onal Park Service.			·
FEDERAL REPRES	SENTATIVE SIGNATURE	Milon	:VS	-isl	
TITLE Melvir	n T. Smith, State	Historic F	reservation Of	ficer DATE AS	ul 18 1975
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FOR NPS USEDNLY					v/////////////////////////////////////
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		IT IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONAL RI	EGISTER DATE	18/5
I HEREBY CERT	FY THAT THIS PROPER	TY IS INCLUDED	````	DATE	14/35
I HEREBY CERT DIRECTOR, OF	FY THAT THIS PROPER	lause	````	-	7/8/25
I HEREBY CERT DIRECTOR, OFI ATTEST: Muni- KEEPER OF THI	FY THAT THIS PROPER	lause	````	DATE	7/3/25). 7. 35

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE one

- 8. Chimneys: There are five chimneys in the building. One is an interior chimney. The other four are outside chimneys. Three of these extend upward through the gabled ends resulting in a strong impression of contrast and verticality. Each chimney is made of brick and is given an hourglass figure at the top by concave corbeling. Damaged chimneys are being restored.
- 9. Exterior trim: In addition to the ginger-bread trim of the two major porches, there is fancy cornice trimming consisting of a boxed soffit with frieze and dentils and single brackets. Builtup crown mouldings and dentils cover the gable fascia. Over the fixed windows on the main floor and between the double-hung windows in the gables are decorative wood shingled panels. Brackets with ornamental pendants are featured under the cantilevered upper gables. Finally, at the apex of each gable is a decorative woodcarved fan panel. It is interesting that each of these is different in design--showing a truly "Victorian" attitude.
- D. Interior features:
 - 1. Plan: The plan is irregular, i.e., it has instead of a central hallway an open, circular traffic pattern.
 - a) Main floor: There are five fooms and a bath in the main floor. The kitchen and two bedrooms are situated along the south side of the home, while the living room and parlor occupy the north side. A narrow stairway leads from the kitchen to the upstairs.
 - b) Upper floor: While containing a considerable amount of usable space, the upper floor has never been finished off. Plans are to finish off this area for use as an art gallery and museum.
 - c) Basement floor: The unfurnished basement is being restored and waterproofed.
 - 2. Interior finish: The walls and ceilings are finished with plaster which has been either painted or wallpapered. The wooden trim is still intact and is in good condition.

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CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	9	PAGE	one
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Noble Warrum, ed., The History of Utah Since Statehood, Vol. 4, Chicago: The S. J. Clarke Publishing Co., 1920.