Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

Florida

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC Carnegie Library

AND/OR COMMON same

LOCATION STREET & NUMBER	A J M University form Florida Agricultural and Mech intersection of Gamble and Bo	anical Universit	
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DIS	STRICT
Tallahassee		COUNTY	CODE
Florida	12	Leon	073

CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE				
DISTRICT			AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM			
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK			
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	XEDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE			
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS			
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC			
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION			
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:			

OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME Trustees of the Interna	1 Improvement Fund
STREET & NUMBER Elliott Building	
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Tallahassee	VICINITY OF Florida 32304
LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR	
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Leon County	Courthouse
STREET & NUMBER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Tallahassee	Florida
6 REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS
Tallahassee Capitol Cente	er Survey
DATE 1975	FEDERAL XSTATECOUNTYLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Division of Archi	ves. History and Records Management
CITY, TOWN Tallahassee	STATE



CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE				
EXCELLENT XGOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	XXUNALTERED ALTERED	X_ORIGINAL MOVED	SITE DATE			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Carnegie Library is designed in the Neo-Classic Revival style of the early 20th century. The square, white brick building has a hipped roof and pedimented portico. Compared with today's university buildings the scale of the Carnegie Library is quite small, however the building has a prominent position on the Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University campus, which reflects the importance of the Carnegie endowment to the then small Normal School and also the importance of the library to a university campus.

The 2-story building has three major bays, the central being the portico with three bays of its own. The Ionic columns of the portico, which are raised on square plinths, are fluted and include a bas-relief neck just beneath the capital. There is a full entablature. This, however, is altered on the main block where the architrave is omitted.

There are also distinctions in fenestration. Under the portico, the central bay contains a double doorway with dog-eared surround. Superimposed is a Roman screen window. On either side of this, in the remaining bays of the portico, are 6/1 double hung sash on the second floor and small, high fixed nine pane sash on the first floor. The latter have brick jack arches with keystones.

The remaining triplet double hung sash windows on all facades are inset in brick panels. These inset panels have relief brick panels under each set of windows. The building rests on a low basement, delineated by a projecting water table.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	RIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW							
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION				
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE				
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE				
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE		MILITARY	\underline{X} _SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN				
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER				
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION				
<u>X_1900-</u>	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY INVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)				

BUILDER/ABCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

+1908

SPECIFIC DATES

The Carnegie Library is one of the oldest buildings on the campus of Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University in Tallahassee, Florida. It was constructed during the school's formative period as an institution of higher education. Physically it typifies the architecture of public libraries of the era, and its presence on the FAMU campus symbolized the school's ongoing efforts to improve the quality of education for black Floridians.

In 1887, the Florida State Normal and Industrial School for Negro Youth received its charter. Organized as part of Governor William D. Bloxham's program to improve public education in Florida, it soon became a land grant institution utilizing funds made available by the Morrill Act of 1890. The new school was originally located in a building on what is now the campus of Florida State University, but in 1890, it was moved to a site south of Tallahassee. By 1901, the campus consisted of eight buildings.

At a meeting of the institution's General Alumni Association in 1904, a committee was appointed to approach Andrew Carnegie, prominent industrialist and philanthropist who for several years had been utilizing his wealth to endow cultural institutions, for a grant with which to build a library on the Normal School's campus.¹ In December 1905, the year that college level courses began to be offered at the school, a fire consumed the main building - Duval Hall - which contained the existing library facility and administration offices. Negotiations for library funding were intensified as a result of this development, and in July, 1906, President Nathan Young was able to report that \$10,000 had been obtained from Carnegie for the erection of a library building.² The only stipulation placed on the use of those funds was that the college take the responsibility for stocking the library with books.

The completed facility which was dedicated in February, 1908, had the distinction of being the only Carnegie library located on a Negro land grant college campus.³ Other similar institutions in the country became interested in the Carnegie program as a result of this project. The General Alumni Association took an active part in donating books and securing funds to stock the library, and by 1913, it had eight thousand

(Continued)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

City of Tallahassee. Annual Report. 10th, 1929-1930.

Department of State, Division of Archives, History ond Records Florida. Management. "Tallahassee Capitol Center Survey: Report." Miscellaneous Project Report Series, No. 30. Tallahassee, 1975. (Continued)

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

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LIST ALL ST	ATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERT	IES OVERLAPPING STATE	DR COUNTY BOUNDARIES	<u> </u>
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
ORGANIZATION Division of STREET & NUMBER Department CITY OR TOWN Tallahasse 12 STATE HIST	lizabeth B. Monroe, H Archives, History & D of State, The Capitol e CORIC PRESERVATION	Records Manageme (9 N OFFICER CERT	DATE nt 1/30/78 TELEPHONE 04)487-2333 STATE Florida 'IFICATION	
	THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF	$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$		
hereby nominate this p criteria and procedures	Historic Preservation Officer for the N roperty for inclusion in the National R set forth by the National Park Service.	ational Historic Preservation	Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I	
FOR NPS USE ONLY		/		
I HEREBY CERTIFY 1	HAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	N THE NATIONAL REGIST	R	
<u>Ch</u>	er aller		DATE 11.17.78	
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DATE

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Carnegie Library

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 1

volumes. It was in 1908 that the school became known as Florida Agricultural and Mechanical College, a name retained until the institution became an university in 1953. In 1947, a new library was constructed to serve the expanded needs of the college.

¹Leedell W. Neyland and John W. Riley, <u>The History of Florida</u> <u>Agricultural and Mechanical University</u> (Gainesville: University of Florida Press, 1963) p. 57.

²<u>Ibid</u>., p. 58. ³<u>Ibid</u>., p. 58.

Item Number 9, Page 4, continued

- Florida. Superintendent of Public Instruction. <u>Biennial Report</u>. 1904-1906.
- Neyland, Leedell W. and Riley, John W. <u>The History of Florida Agricultural</u> and <u>Mechanical University</u>. Gainesville: University of Florida Press, 1963.

_____. "State-supported Higher Education Among Negroes in the State of Florida", Florida Historical Quarterly, 43(1964), pp. 105-122.