United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received APR 2 8 1987 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	s—complete ap	plicable sec	uons		
historic Tur	rcotte House	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
and or common	Brown's Bo	ЭХ			
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	rEight miles	southeast	of Brandon on Mis	ss. Hwy 17 N/A	1 not for publication
city, town	Brandon		_X_ vicinity of		
state Missi	issippi	code	28 county	Rankin	code 121
3. Clas	sificati	on			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acqui: in process N/A being con	sition	Status occupied _X_ unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
street & number					20205
city, town	Jackson	_	N/A vicinity of	state	Mississippi 39205
······································	istry of deeds, etc	Office o	Description of the Chancery Clo	erk, Rankin County	Courthouse
city, town	Brandon			state ^M	ississippi 39042
6. Rep	resenta	tion in	Existing S	urveys	
title Statewid	le Survey of	Historic :	Sites has this prop	erty been determined elig	ible? yes X no
date 1985	5			federal _X_ state	county loca
depository for su	urvey records M	ississipp	i Dept. of Archive	s and History	
city, town	Jackson			state Mi	ssissippi 39205

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
excellent _X_good	deteriorated ruins	unaltered _X_ altered	X original site moved da	teN/A
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Built in 1880, the Turcotte House is a one-story, frame, vernacular farmhouse surrounded by 9.5 acres of land. The side-gabled house, which faces northeast, is rectangular in plan and has a rear ell. In addition to the house, the nominated property includes five nearby outbuildings: a well house, chicken house and three shed houses.

Originally a central hall house with one room on each side of the hall, the house has undergone several additions. First, the central hall was extended back and a bedroom was added to each side. Then, a narrower hall was continued to the rear of the house and a storage room, kitchen and bath placed astride it, forming an ell. The present front porch was added c. 1915.

The house is raised on stone piers, and the exterior is finished with lapped siding and plain cornerboards. The main facade is a symmetrical, five-bay elevation with a central entrance, which has a paneled door surrounded by a transom light and side lights is at the entrance. The windows throughout the house are six-over-six, double-hung sash. A plain frieze trims the side-gabled roof, which is covered with corrugated tin. An exterior chimney is at each end of the house, the southeast chimney being brick and the northwest chimney being coursed ashlar.

Extending across the three central bays of the facade is a Bungalow style porch with battered wood columns on brick bases. The porch has been enclosed with screening and is capped with a hipped roof covered with corrugated tin.

The interior of the house is significant for its interior finish materials and quality of workmanship. Floors are matched pine boards, now in some instances covered with linoleum. Walls are horizontal, matched pine boards which have never been painted. Ceilings are similar. Doors are paneled. Door casings in the central passage have simple, eared, slightly pedimented heads, a vernacular interpretation of a popular nineteenth-century Classical Revival motif found in pattern books such as those of Minard Lafever. A profile of this molding is shown on a continuation sheet. The northwest room has the Doors and windows here are cased in a similar finest millwork. fashion to the hall doors. Recessed dado panels are used at the A deep base molding is employed around the room's full The mantle continues the use of Classical motifs. consists of Doric pilasters supporting a deep, plain entablature. The millwork in the southwest room is similar but simpler. The mantle here employs recessed panels instead of pilasters, a device which is repeated in the entablature. Similar millwork also appears in the rooms added directly behind each front room. Millwork in the rear additions is much simpler and is not significant.

The house is accompanied by the aforementioned outbuildings. The most significant structures are the chicken house and adjacent large

8. Significance

1700–1799 _X_ 1800–1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community plannin	g landscape architectu law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1880	Builder/Architect T	urcotte, Amabile and	William H.

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Turcotte House derives its significance from its high degree of interior craftsmanship (Criterion C). The interior millwork is very sophisticated for such a small vernacular house of its period in rural Mississippi. The nominated property, with its house and five outbuildings, represents one of the most complete nineteenth century farmsteads remaining in the area.

The builder of the house was Amabile Turcotte, who was born in Quebec, worked in the shipyards in St. Louis, and then moved to Mobile where he was a shipfitter, carpenter and interior finish man in the Mobile shipyards. Amabile moved his family to Rankin County, Mississippi, in 1878, and he and his sons began construction of the Turcotte House in 1880. One son, William H., designed the house and supervised the cutting of virgin pine timber from the surrounding property. The timber was sawed, milled, planed and framed in a mill near the existing house (Bob Turcotte, great grandson of Amabile Turcotte, interviewed by Nathan C. Best, May 22, 1986).

The interior of the house exhibits a high quality of workmanship. Floors are matched pine boards, and walls are finished with horizontal, matched pine boards which have never been painted. The millwork displays vernacular adaptations of Classical Revival designs and illustrates the persistence of the Greek Revival motifs so highly favored in Mississippi before the Civil War. This millwork includes two fine mantles, one with Doric pilasters and a plain entablature and one with paneled pilasters and paneled entablature; molded, eared door casings with slightly pedimented heads; similar fully cased windows with dado panels; and paneled doors.

Amabile and William H. Turcotte also built the old Cato Church in Cato, Mississippi. William became a well-known contractor and builder throughout Rankin, Simpson, Scott and Hinds Counties, and trained and employed all of his sons in his trade. They built the old Baptist Church in Florence around 1902 and the old Rock Hill Baptist Church and school in 1903. In 1904 they were commissioned to build all of the depots and section houses for the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad line from Florence to Saratoga, Mississippi, including depots at Mendenhall and Magee (Turcotte).

The Turcotte House was sold to Mr. W.S. Chapman and wife in 1905. They, in turn, conveyed title to Mr. Henry Brown and wife that same year (Turcotte). The house is currently owned by heirs of the Browns.

9. Major	Bibliograph	nical References
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Fazio, Michael. Inspection of Turcotte House. September 1985.

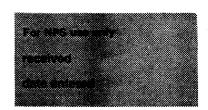
Turcotte, Bob, great grandson of Amabile Turcotte. Interviewed by Nathan C. Best, May 22, 1986.

10.	Geographic	al Data			
Quadra	e of nominated property 9 ngle name Pucket NW	.5 acres		Quadrangle sca	ale 1:24000
Zone C L L G L L			BZon D F	e Easting North	thing
All th Highwa Range	boundary description and the part of SW ½ of the sy No. 18; and the E ½ 4 East Rankin County states and counties for	ne NE ½ of tl z of the SE ^j . Mississipp:	z of the SW ½;	all in section 17,	
state	N/A	code	county		code
state		code	county		code
name/tit	/ .	rised by Bre	nda Rubach, Mi	dss. Dept. of Archive	s & History, 4/87
street &	number P. O. Box 28	370 ————		telephone (601) 323-3	451
city or to	own Mississippi Stat	:e		state MS 39762	
12.	State Histor	ric Pres	ervation	Officer Cer	tification
	luated significance of this pr	state	X local		
665), I h	lesignated State Historic Pre ereby nominate this property ng to the criteria and proced	for inclusion in	the National Regis the National Park	ter and certify that it has be Service.	966 (Public Law 89 en evaluated
State Hi	storic Preservation Officer s	ignature	lemeth	H. P. Pool	
title _D	eputy State Historic	Preservation	o Officer	date April	23, 1987
11	nereby certify that this proper for of the National Register			date 6/4	187
Keer	per of the National Register	5		/	•
Atte	et: f of Registration			date	

OMB No. 1024-0018 Expires 10-31-87

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Continuation sheet Turcotte House, Rankin Co. MS Item number

Page

age :

shed, both of which have board and batten siding and tin roofs. Because these outbuildings do not exhibit the fine craftsmanship which characterizes the house itself, they are not being submitted as contributing elements of this property, per se, although they add to the integrity of the setting. For tabulation purposes this nomination is considered to consist of one contributing (the house) and five noncontributing properties.

Form No. 10-300a (Hev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET Turcotte House 2 ITEM NUMBER PAGE -