# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Section number	Page		
	SUPPLEMENTA	RY LISTING RECORD	
NRIS Reference Johnson's Wood Property Name	e Number: 8800051 ds	Date Listed: 5 Colbert County County	/4/88 State
N/A Multiple Name			
in accordance the following	with the attached exceptions, exclu Park Service certi	National Register of Hi nomination documentation sions, or amendments, no fication included in the	on subject to otwithstanding
Signature of t	the Keeper	Date of Action	on
Amended Items	in Nomination:		
contributing s	structure; it shou	ntributing buildings and ld be eight contributing (the corncrib and the	g buildings
Discussed and	concurred in by A	labama SHPO, 5/4/88.	
DISTRIBUTION:			

National Register property file Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

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NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

-orm 10-900a). Type all ent	ries.				
. Name of Property					
storic name	Johnson's Woo	ds			-
her names/site number					
Location					T
eet & number	801 East Nort	h Commons			not for publication
y, town	Tuscumbia				vicinity
ate Alabama	code 01	county	Colbert	<u>code</u> 033	zip code 3567
Classification					<u> </u>
vnership of Property	Catego	ory of Property	V-****	Number of Resour	ces within Property
private		ilding(s)			Noncontributing
public-local		trict		9	buildings
public-State	site				sites
public-Federal	=======================================	ucture		1	structures
pasio i caciai		ject			objects
				<b>1</b> 0	0 Total
me of related multiple	property listing:			Number of contribu	uting resources previously
A	property named.			listed in the Nation	
State/Federal Ager					
Alabama Histori State or Federal agency a In my opinion, the prop Signature of commenting	and bureau perty  meets  do		toric Prese	ster criteria. See co	ntinuation sheet.  Date
State or Federal agency a	and bureau				
	0.440				
National Park Serv					
ereby, certify that this		,		4	<i>i</i> /
entered in the Nationa See continuation she determined eligible for Register. See continuation determined not eligible National Register.	et. ( the National nuation sheet.	Ing S	Theap		5 <u> 4</u>  88
removed from the Nat	ional Register.				
			Signature of the	e Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)				
Domestic / single dwelling	Domestic / single dwelling				
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (en	nter categories from instructions)			
	foundation	brick			
Early Classical Revival	walls	weatherboard			
	roof	asphalt			
	other	portico - wood			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

Johnson's Woods (c. 1835-1837) is a detached, two-story, five-bay, L-shaped clapboard covered frame house with a hipped roof. This neoclassical house is dominated by a centrally located, full-length pedimented porch supportd by two pairs of attenuated square columns. There is a secondary pedimented porch on the west side elevation. Remodeling in the late nineteenth century includes several one-story rear additions and the floor-length Victorian windows on the main elevation. In 1983 the original two-tiered porches with entasis columns were modified, and the present full-length columns and brick bases were added. Johnson's Woods has maintained its integrity as a mid-nineteenth-century plantation and has retained a large collection of original outbuildings and landscaping.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

The original c. 1835-1837 portion of the house is L-shaped and measures approximately 60 feet on the south and west elevations and 20 feet deep. The house rests on a three-feet high foundation with rectangular window openings that have original bars and shutters. The house has a mortise and tenon structural system and three interior brick chimneys. The main mass has a low pitch hipped roof covered with modern composition shingles.

The main (south) elevation has five bays with the entrance centrally located. There is a narrow, full-height pedimented entrance portico. Originally, the portico was two-tiered supported by two sets of slender square piers with entasis. This unique Palladian portico was similar to the one at Belle Mont (NRHP 2/23/82). In 1983 the balcony and piers were removed and replaced with two sets of slender, full-height columns. The original pilasters and pediment remain, however. There is a cornice and dentil molding along the roofline and pediment.

There are identical central entrances on both stories. The double-paned doors are surrounded by sidelights, transoms with diamond-shaped panes, and pilasters. The second-story windows are 12 over 8 double-hung sash. On the ground floor are 2 over 2, floor-length double-hung sash windows that were added in c. 1889. All the windows have fluted casings with bulls-eye corners and louvered shutters.

The secondary (west) elevation is similar to the main elevation with five bays and a full-height pedimented portico. There are only two columns, however, and the single doors are topped with simple transoms and surrounded only by fluted casings. The windows on the side elevation are 12 over 12 double-hung sash.

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In c. 1889 a one-story, shed roof parlor was added on the rear elevation. In c. 1904 a long, one-story gabled roof dining room was added on the north leg of the "L" (presently serving as a bedroom). Both additions rest on brick piers that have been recently enclosed. The additions have elongated, 2 over 2, double-hung sash windows with shutters.

The house has an L-shaped plan featuring a central hall and a side hall with secondary stairs. The main hall has an elegant open string, reversed flight of stairs with a landing. The detailing includes slender turned balustrades and newels and decorative running brackets under the return nosing of the threads. Other interior features include fireplace mantels with beaded molding and turned columns, sliding pocket doors in an arched doorway, heart pine floor boards, fluted molding with bullseye corners, original hardware, and early electrical fixtures.

Johnson's Woods is located on an eight-acre lot in the southwest corner of the original 160-acre plantation. The house, facing south, is situated approximately .4 kilometers from the road and approached by a cedar-lined entrance lane. A boxwood-lined sidewalk leads to the main house and features a stone carriage step. The property has a rich collection of outbuildings that remain from the mid-nineteenth-century plantation complex.

- 1. Smokehouse; brick; one-story; rectangular with one bay; side gable roof; projecting roof to cover brick-paved porch; interior end chimney; corrugated metal roof; c. 1837.
- 2. Plantation office; frame with clapboard; one-story; rectangular, one-bay; side gabled roof; interior end chimney; 9/9 double-hung sash windows with louvered shutters; mid-19th century.
- 3. Cotton shed; frame; board and batten; one-story; rectangular; front gable roof;  $\frac{1900}{1900}$ .
- 4. <u>Barn;</u> early 19th century mortise and tenon frame construction; with late-19th-century board and batten siding; two-story; high pitch front gable roof; lean-to on north side elevation; one-story shed on south side elevation; six interior stalls and two utility rooms.
- 5. Corn crib; frame; board and batten siding; one-story; rectangular, one-bay; front gable roof; supported by piers and protective metal plates; mid-to-late 19th century.
- 6. <u>Carriage House</u>; frame; clapboard siding; one-story; rectangular; front and gable roof; late-19th century.

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- 7. Commissary; frame; clapboard siding; one-story; rectangular, one-bay; front end gable roof with returns; c. 1850-1875.
- 8. Animal shelter; rough construction, badly deteriorated; c. 1900.
- 9. Cedar-lined path

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{contributing} & 10 \\ \text{noncontributing} & \underline{0} \\ \text{total} & \underline{10} \end{array}$ 

perty in relation to other properties:  statewide X locally	
□D	
□D □E □F □G	
Period of Significance 1835–1880s	Significant Dates 1835–1837
Cultural Affiliation	
Architect/Builder Unknown	
	statewide X locally  D  F  G  Period of Significance 1835–1880s  Cultural Affiliation NA  Architect/Builder

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

#### Criterion C - Architecture

Johnson's Woods is architecturally significant as one of the best early Classical Revival houses surviving in the Tennessee Valley that displays regional characteristics. The regional characteristics include the "L"-shaped plan with two interior passage ways and two formal entrance porticos, similar to the Meredith-Delony House in Tuscumbia Historic District (NRHP 5/23/85). The main interior staircase is exceptional for the period and the Federal fireplace mantels were copied from popular mid-nineteenth-century pattern books.

Johnson's Woods also has statewide significance as one of the best preserved collections of mid-nineteenth-century agricultural architecture in the state. The property contains a plantation house and eight surrounding outbuildings associated with a nineteenth-century Tennessee Valley cotton plantation. Also associated with the complex is an early cedar-lined path leading from the road to the house.

_	_				
	See	COD	tinı	ation	sheet

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Alabama Records Vol. 56, compiled by Kathleen F 1830 Franklin County Census. 1955 Franklin County Census. Colbertians: History of Colbert County by R. L. Two Hundred Years at Muscle Shoals, Nina Leftwi	James, Alabama Historical Quarterly 1945.
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	See continuation sheet
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	X State historic preservation office Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
X recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # AL - 322	University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property 8.8 acres	
UTM References	
<b>A</b> [1 <sub>1</sub> 6] [4 3 <sub>1</sub> 6 5 <sub>1</sub> 5 <sub>1</sub> 0] [3 <sub>1</sub> 8 4 <sub>1</sub> 4 2 <sub>1</sub> 9 <sub>1</sub> 0]	B L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
Zone Easting Northing  C	Zone Easting Northing
	_
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
See continuation sheet.	
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes the plantation house,	smokehouse, plantation office, cotton shed,
barn, corn crib, carriage house, commissary, a historically been part of Johnson's Woods plan	
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By Steven M. Kay/Cultural Re	
name/title Steven M. Kay / Cultural Resources Co	1000
organization Alabama Historical Commission street & number 725 Monroe Street	dateJanuary 1988 telephone205 261-3184
city or townMontgomery	state Alabama zip code 36130

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#### HISTORICAL SUMMARY

The Tennessee Valley was the first area in Northwest Alabama to attract permanent settlement. The descendants of east coast tidewater planters were attracted by the valley's rich, fertile soil. The land was ideal for large-scale cotton production, and the proximity to a navigable river provided easy distribution.

The area associated with Johnson's Woods was then located in Franklin County. In the early decades of the nineteenth century Franklin County experienced incredible land speculation, with the price of land near Muscle Shoals reaching one hundred dollars an acre. The county's population was close to one thousand in the 1820s, and it doubled by the next decade.

One of the earliest large-scale cotton planters in the county was George W. Carroll. Carroll was born in Maryland in 1805 and was related to two signers of the Declaration of Independence. The exact date of Carroll's migration to Alabama is unknown, but the land records indicate that he first purchased land in Franklin County in 1828.

Carroll had his classical home built in c. 1835-1837. It is believed that the contractor was William Smoot. Smoot was also a native of Maryland and came to Tuscumbia in 1835. Smoot was the area's major contractor, building many of the area's large plantation houses.

The U.S. Census indicates that Carroll was the county's major cotton planter and wealthiest citizen. The 1830 census shows that Carroll owned 28 slaves and that by 1840 he owned 88 slaves. An 1850 listing of the county's largest planters based on property value indicates that Carroll was worth \$60 thousand dollars, the third wealthiest man in the county.

Between 1855 and 1860 Carroll sold his plantation and moved to Arkansas. The house and 160-acre plantation were sold to a William Mahoon. Mahoon died in 1869 and his entire estate went to Colonel William A. Johnson (CSA) and his wife, Kate B. Johnson.

Johnson was born in 1827 in Lauderdale County, Alabama. As a young man he operated a steamboat in the Tennessee River between Tuscumbia and Paducah, Kentucky. On the eve of the Civil War, Johnson owned three steamboats and several slaves. During the early years of the war Johnson hauled supplies from Ft. Henry to Ft. Donelson. In 1862 he was forced to burn his ships at Florence to prevent their captive by federal troops. Johnson joined the Confederate Army and served a short time as a scout for General Bragg. Johnson was soon promoted to Colonel and served as an aide for General Forrest.

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After the war Johnson inherited the old Carroll house and the 160-acre plantation where he lived with his wife and 11 children. Johnson continued operating the large cotton plantation as well as diversifying in other businesses. Johnson started buying on commission and soon began operating a fleet of steamboats and trading cotton in Memphis. He also opened a mercantile business in Tuscumbia. After his death in 1891 his widow, Kate Barton Johnson, continued farming the plantation and started a lending business.

In 1905 the plantation and house were left to their son, John W. Johnson, and his wife, Carrie Belle Johnson. A member of the Johnson family still owns the plantation house, and the 160 acres are subdivided among other family members.

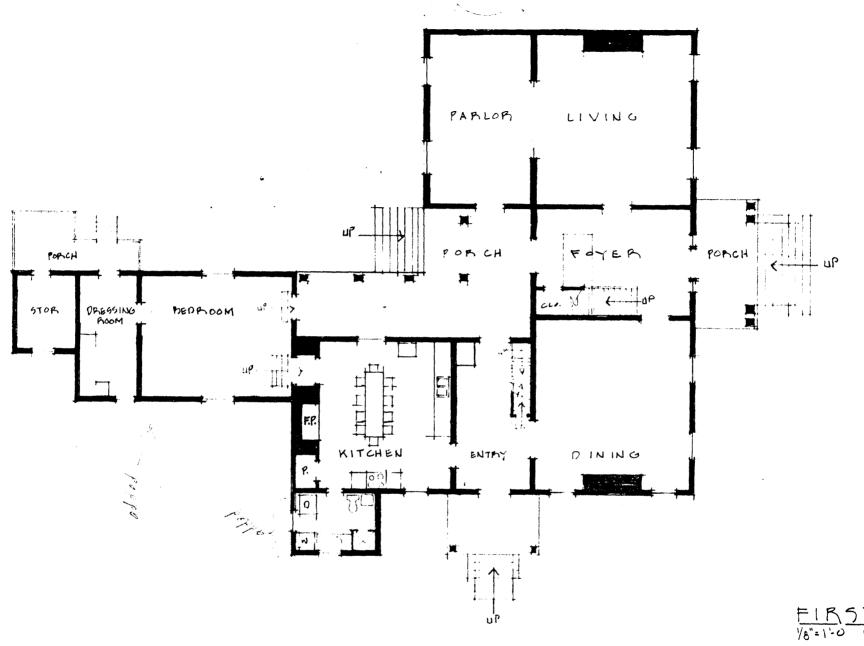
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#### Verbal Boundary Description

Colbert County, Alabama to-wit:

A tract of land being and lying in the Northeast 1/4 of Section 4, T-4-S, R-11-W, in the City of Tuscumbia, Colbert County, Alabama, and being more particularly described as follows; Commence at the Southeast corner of the Southwest 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 3, T-4-S, R-11-W, thence N. 89 58' W. a distance of 2,788.78 feet to the point of beginning of the tract of land hereby described; thence continuing N. 89 58' W. a distance of 70.64 feet to a point; thence N. 1 24' W. a distance of 625.42 feet to a point; thence N. 89 58' W. a distance of 242.70 feet to a point; thence N. 1 24' W. a distance of 553.07 feet to a point; thence S. 89 58' E. a distance of 619.63 feet to a point; thence S. 1 24' E. a distance of 553.07 feet to a point; thence N. 89 58' W. a distance of 306.28 feet to a point; thence S. 1 24' E. a distance of 625.42 feet to the point of beginning of the tract of land hereby described; said tract of land contains 8.88 acres, more or less.



## JOHNSONS WOODS



