

PH0662330

DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED FEB 8 1978

DATE ENTERED SEP 1 1978

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

AND/OR COMMON

* * Long Meadows

LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Marsh Pike

__NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CITY, TOWN

Hagerstown

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

06

__ VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland

CODE

024

COUNTY

Washington

CODE

043 ✓

CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
			<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
			<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT
			<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
			<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL
			<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
			<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER Residential development pending.

OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Moylan

STREET & NUMBER

Route 8, Box 41

CITY, TOWN

Hagerstown,

__ VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland 21740

LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,

REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Washington County Court House

STREET & NUMBER

West Washington Street

CITY, TOWN

Hagerstown,

STATE

Maryland 21740

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

__FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED 50%	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Long Meadows is located a short distance east of Marsh Pike, about three miles north of Hagerstown and approximately one mile north of Longmeadow Road in Washington County, Maryland. It is situated on level ground just west of Marsh Run and faces south.

The structure is a two-story, brick and stone dwelling painted yellow with green trim. The west three bays of the brick section are original, the remaining brick structure was added about 1908. A one and a half story rubble fieldstone section, three bays in length extends from the east end of the brick section. Perpendicular to the stone section is a one and a half story frame addition. The entire complex has gambrel roofing.

The walls of the brick structure are set on stone foundations which are not readily visible above ground level. Bricks at the front or south elevation are laid in Flemish bond while the side and rear walls display common bonding.

Windows are spaced evenly in the front elevation. They display narrow framing with half round trim. Single-pane double-hung sash are present and flanked by louvered shutters. Windows of the two west bays of the rear elevation contain six-over-six light double-hung sash. Relatively modern six-over-six sash are present in the stone and frame sections. Smaller half windows are set just above ground level at the front and rear elevations. All are topped with flat brick arches. The roof line is punctuated with a series of dormers which display detail work from the 1908 period.

The main entrance is located in the central bay of the front elevation. The entranceway is rather elaborate in appearance, containing a broad transom and matching sidelights with diamond panes. The six-panel double doors are flanked by oval attached columns. A one-story entrance porch supported with plain Doric type pillars completes the front elevation. A much simpler entrance is present in the central bay of the rear elevation.

The roof is covered with sheet metal with a barge set directly against the end walls. The eaves boxing is finished with quarter-round trim. Large double brick chimneys rise from inside the west wall and from the main wall between the first and second bays from the east end. Additional chimneys are present at the interior and inside the end wall of the stone section.

In 1908 an extensive remodeling program was undertaken under the guidance of H. E. Yesler, architect of Hagerstown, Maryland and York, Pennsylvania. Fortunately the architectural blueprints and pre-alteration photographs remain in the Young family who owned the property at the time. The circa 1900 photographs reveal that the house consisted of at least three parts, the present western three bays of the brick

See Continuation Sheet #1

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY) The Long meadow tract is associated with a number of prominent Maryland families
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Long Meadows is important for its association with several prominent and influential families in Maryland and for the place of its buildings in Washington County's architectural history.

The architectural value of the original house has been diminished somewhat by the extensive alteration it received early in this century. The alterations, however, are worthy of note as early 20th century work. The western portion of the brick dwelling has retained, essentially, its original appearance. Particularly outstanding is its gable roof, unusual in Washington County. The exterior and interior appearance of this section would suggest an 1835-1850 building date. It was probably the most recent portion of the original complex.

The "Long Meadows" was one of the earliest settlements in Washington County. In 1739 Thomas Cresap, who is remembered as an Indian fighter and in the history of the Pennsylvania-Maryland border disputes of the early 18th century, was granted 400 acres which he named Long Meadows. Cresap is said to have erected a stone and log fort over a spring near the March Run. Thomas J. Scharf, in his History of Western Maryland, states that "Capt. Cresap at a very early period built an Indian fort of stone and logs over a spring at Long Meadows on the farm now owned by George W. Harris, about three miles from Hagerstown, which was known for many years as 'old Castle Cresap'... some of the ruins of this old fort are yet visible; indeed, the old stone barn on the farm of Mr. Harris which was purchased by him in 1868 from the executors of the late Richard Ragan, was built out of the stone of Castle Cresap which stood on the farm!"¹

In 1746 Long Meadows was acquired by Daniel Dulany, a prominent lawyer of Prince George's County. Dulany had subsidized a shipment of furs Cresap sent to England. When the furs were stolen, Dulany foreclosed on his mortgage thus becoming the owner of the Long Meadow tract. Under Dulany's ownership, Long Meadows was increased to 2,131 acres.

Colonel Henry Boquet, an officer of the British army, bought Long Meadows from Dulany. Boquet is known for his service in the French and Indian War in the vicinity of Fort Duquesne and for establishing a major east-west road through western Pennsylvania. During Boquet's ownership, the size of Long Meadows was increased to 4,163 acres. It is apparent that the first three owners of Long Meadows, Cresap, Dulany and Boquet spent little time there.

¹Thomas J. Scharf, History of Western Maryland, Vol. II, Philadelphia: J.B. Lippincott & Co., (1882), p. 1059.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- Baer, Amos C. Hagerstown, Md., unpublished notes and research on "Long Meadows."
- Bailey, Kenneth P. Thomas Cresap, Maryland Frontiersman. Boston: The Christopher Publishing House, 1944.
- Cresap, Joseph Ord. "The History of the Cresaps." Compiled by Joseph Ord Cresap and Bernarr Cresap, 1937.
- Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Western Maryland, V. II Philadelphia: Louis H. Everts, 1882.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 4.14
 UTM REFERENCES

A	1.8	26.9	8.0	0	4.3	9.7	1.6	0	B	1.8	26.9	7.7	0	4.3	9.7	0.3	0
	ZONE	EASTING			NORTHING					ZONE	EASTING			NORTHING			
C	1.8	26.9	6.4	0	4.3	9.7	0.6	0	D	1.8	26.9	6.9	0	4.3	9.7	2.0	0
	ZONE	EASTING			NORTHING					ZONE	EASTING			NORTHING			

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Paula Stoner Dickey, Consultant

ORGANIZATION

Washington County Historical Sites Survey

DATE

December, 1974

STREET & NUMBER

Court House Annex

TELEPHONE

(301) 791-3065

CITY OR TOWN

Hagerstown,

STATE

Maryland 21740

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL

STATE

LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

John N. Pearce

DATE

1/30/78

TITLE

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

ATTEST:

Charles W. ...

DATE

9.1.78

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

8-29-78

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED FEB 8 1978

DATE ENTERED

Long Meadows
Washington County,

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 1

DESCRIPTION (continued)

section, a wooden structure and a one-story stone section. The brick gambrel roofed section had large double chimneys at each end. Attached to its east end was a two-story, three-bay wooden structure with a steeply pitched gable roof. Its wall surfaces were of weatherboard siding, presumably over frame construction. Windows were spaced at random with six-over-six sash at the upper story level and nine-over-six sash at the ground story. Two entrances were present in the front or south elevation of the wooden section. The westernmost door was quite simple in appearance with a narrow four-light transom. A more elaborate entrance was located just to the east. It appears to have included double doors flanked by sidelights. This wooden structure burned and was replaced during the 1908 alterations with the present eastern three bays of the brick section designed to match the original brick wing.

Adjoining the east end of the wooden structure was a one-story, four-bay fieldstone section which has received extensive alteration but remains as part of the present complex. Prior to the remodeling, the stone section had entrances in its front elevation in the first and third bays from the west end. Windows appear to have been quite small and framed with wide wooden members. Its large stone chimneys are now topped with brick.

The renovations included the modification and addition of dormers and the removal of the large double brick chimneys at the junction of wood and brick sections. The architect's blueprints indicate that as few as possible alterations were to be made to the brick section. The interior of the older brick portion of the house appears to retain much of its original woodwork including machine-made six-panel doors with iron carpenter locks. Fireplace mantels in the main rooms have colonettes and raised central tablets. In the 1908 brick section, the woodwork of the original brick section was reproduced. Fireplace mantels, however, are more elaborate.

A few hundred feet south of the house is a large frame gambrel roofed barn which was built after 1921. It is the most recent of a series of barns which had burned. One structure was destroyed in 1911, and a second on the same foundations, burned in 1921. East of these barns is the site of a stone house which was also destroyed by fire. The stone structure is said to have been the birthplace of Lucretia Hart, who became the wife of Henry Clay.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	FEB 8 1978
DATE ENTERED	SEP 1 1978

Long Meadows
Washington County,

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

DESCRIPTION (continued)

Local historians report that on the east bank of Marsh Run, east of the barn, were numerous loose, cut stones and part of a stone wall which was visible in the 1880's. These ruins are believed by some local historians to have been the remains of Thomas Cresap's fort. Stones from the fort are said to have been used in construction of the barn wall.

The house is in excellent condition and stands on a tract containing 4.14 acres.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	FEB 8 1978
DATE ENTERED	SEP 1 1978

Long Meadows
Washington County,

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 3

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (continued)

In his will Boquet directed that his executor, Frederick Haldumand, sell his holdings. In 1773 eight years after Boquet's death, Long Meadows was sold to Joseph Sprigg.

Another prominent owner of the tract was Thomas Hart whose daughter, Lucretia, married Henry Clay. Hart was a business partner of Nathaniel Rochester of Hagerstown, founder of Rochester, New York.

The stone house which burned appears to have been the structure depicted on a plat of the dower of Barbara Hall Taylor, widow of Thomas H. Hall. The Hall family owned the property from 1789 to 1829. The document, dated April 20, 1802, is recorded in Liber 0, Folio 310, among the land records of Washington County.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

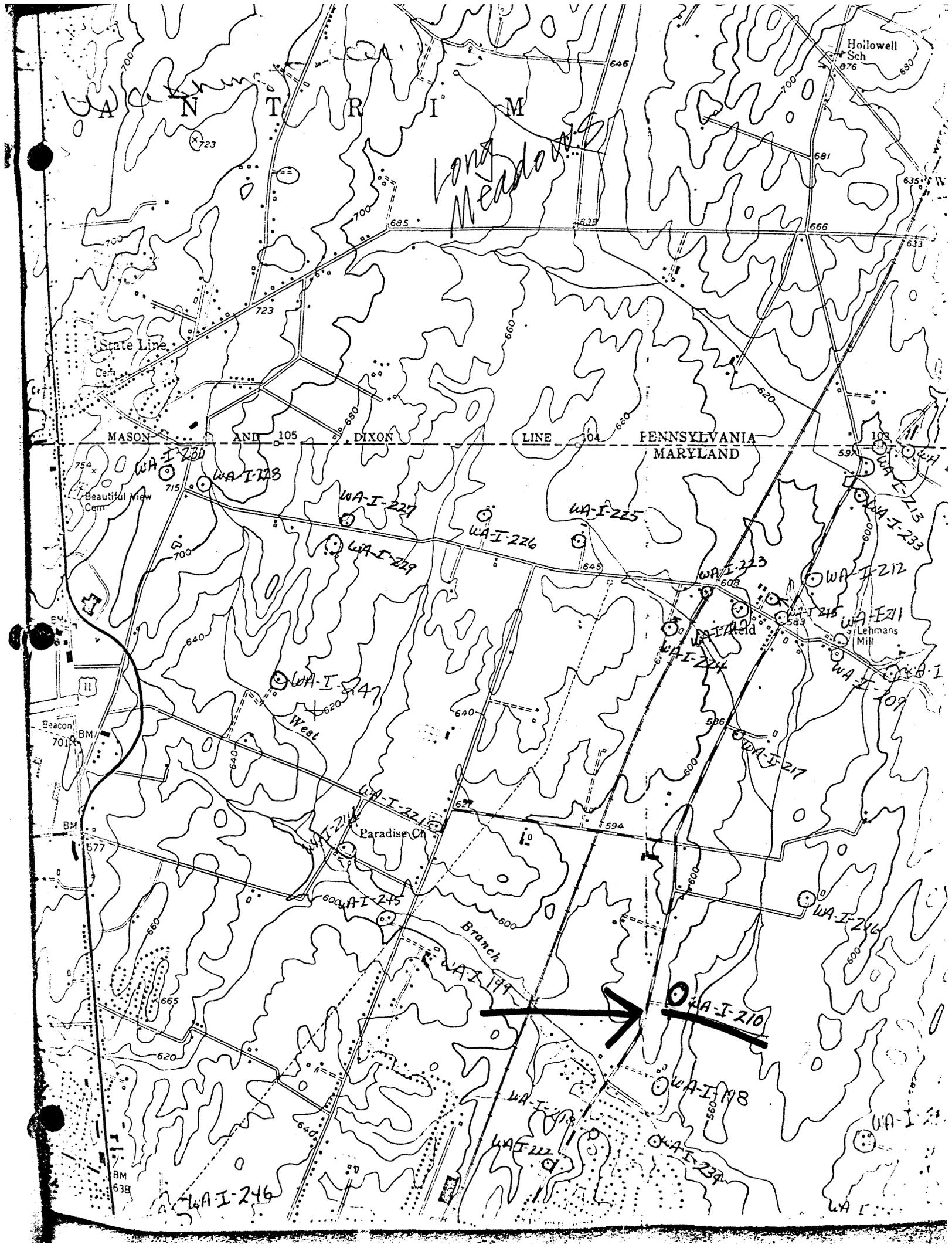
FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED FEB 8 1978
DATE ENTERED SEP 1 1978

Long Meadows
Washington County,
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 4

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES (continued)

- Varle, Charles. Map of Frederick and Washington Counties, 1808.
Washington County Land Records.
Washington County Probate Records.
Williams, Thomas J.C. History of Washington County. Hagerstown: Mail
Publishing Co., 1906.
Hutzler Brothers Calendar, April, 1951
Potomac Edison Calendar, October-November, 1946.



Long Meadows

Hollowell Sch
876

State Line

MASON AND DIXON LINE PENNSYLVANIA MARYLAND

WA-I-200

WA-I-203

WA-I-227

WA-I-226

WA-I-225

WA-I-223

WA-I-213

WA-I-212

WA-I-211

WA-I-210

WA-I-209

WA-I-217

WA-I-247

West

WA-I-221

Paradise Ch

WA-I-245

Branch

WA-I-197

WA-I-210

WA-I-198

WA-I-218

WA-I-222

WA-I-239

WA-I-246

BM
638

Beacon
7018

BM
677

WA-I-210

WA-I-210