UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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NAME	CHARGE FACEWAN HARCE			
HISTORIC	GEORGE EASTMAN HOUSE			
AND/OR COMMON				
	George Eastman House			Av 24 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
LOCATIO	N			
STREET & NUMBER	900 East Avenue			
CITY. TOWN			NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
	Rochester	VICINITY OF	34	
STATE	New York	CODE 36	COUNTY Monroe	CODE 55
CLASSIFIC				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	CT A THE	DDES	
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	STATUS X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	ENT USE X MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)			COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES_UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATIO
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER
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7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE CHECK ONE	
X_EXCELLENT GOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED	X_ORIGINAL SITE MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Eastman residence probably reflects as much of the inventor's desires as it does the architect's design. A local architect, J. Foster Warner, supervised the construction of the house but Eastman chose the design and insisted upon the inclusion of many details which he had observed and photographed in other houses.

The two-and-a-half story Georgian style house is roughly T-shaped and is situated on twelve acres of landscaped ground. Faced with cream-colored brick the house is of fireproof reinforced concrete construction with 14" thick floors and walls. A full, pedimented portico with Corinthian columns dominates the front of the house. The gable roof is pierced by six dormers on a side, has a balustrade near its peak, and a rectangular skylight enclosed by a railing in the center of the peak. The front(southern) section of the house, which forms the head of the T is organized around a central hall and grand stairway. Of the three rooms in this section on the first floor, only the East Sitting Room and the Library remain basically unchanged. The bedrooms and other rooms on the upper floors now serve as gallery and office space.

The section of the house which forms the trunk of the T houses the noteworthy Marble Room (music room) which was enlarged by 9 feet in 1919 at Eastman's request. The house was cut in half and the north section, weighing 2,500 tons, was jacked up and moved 9'4" thereby lengthening the formerly square music room. The dining room pantry and kitchen were also contained in this section, and an enclosed garden walkway formerly extended north to the solarium. The solarium was connected on its west side to the large garage and stable building. Both the solarium and the garage have been converted into gallery space. Two posthistoric structures are the Dryden Theater which was built onto the south wall of the garage in 1951, and a brick gallery, added to the north wall of the garage in more recent years. The basement of the house is now used as laboratory and storage space.

During his lifetime, Eastmen prided himself on maintaining a high degree of self-sufficiency on his estate, and so maintained gardens, raised cattle, and built his own power plant. Many although not all of these features still survive. The power house, a red brick structure of plain design, is located across the driveway, just west of the former garage building. An underground tunnel still connects this service building with the main house. The greenhouse formerly attached to the power house has been destroyed, and the vegetable gardens to the south of it are now paved over as a parking lot. The dairy in the basement of the main house has been converted into a laboratory, but the two-story wooden frame cow barn, located in the northwest corner of the property is still standing, although it is only used for storage. Flanking the cowbarn are two small concrete structures, of post-historic construction, used for nitrate film storage.

Those portions of the grounds which are now open space are landscaped and maintained as lawn. There are two small formal gardens, one sunken garden and arbor located to the west of the house by the porte-cochere, and another on the

(continued)



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ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
	X_INVENTION			
SPECIFIC DATES BUILDER/ARCHITECT				
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STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

George Eastman, inventor of the portable Kodak camera and flexible film, and founder of the Eastman Kodak Company, revolutionized the technology of photography and thereby introduced photography to the layman on a popular scale. Eastman's inventions developed from his belief as a young man that the bulky photographic equipment and difficult developing processes of the day could be simplified. By 1885 he had developed flexible film and in 1888 he first marketed the simple Kodak box camera which contained a 100-exposure roll of film, took round pictures and had to be returned to the factory for the development of the film. Capitalizing on the Kodak's success, Eastman dominated the photographic industry until his death on March 13, 1932.

The Eastman House, which was built for the inventor in 1905, is a stately two-and-a-half story Georgian style building located at 900 East Avenue in Rochester, New York. Since 1948 it has housed an international museum of photography.

BIOGRAPHY

George Eastman was born on July 12, 1854, in Waterville, New York, but moved with his parents to Rochester in 1860. The death of his father soon forced him to leave school and take a job. He initially worked in an insurance firm, at \$3 a week. When twenty, Eastman became a junior clerk in the Rochester Savings Bank. His salary was \$1,400 annually by 1876, and it appeared that he would remain in banking, but banking soon lost out to photography.

Eastman's interest in photography stemmed from his purchase of a camera in 1877. After acquiring it, he paid \$5 for lessons in its use. A trip to Santo Domingo not only convinced him of the attractions of photography, but impressed him that the bulky equipment and difficult developing processes of the day could be simplified. Once home, he set out to do that.

The young man first concentrated on film. He had learned of the invention of the gelatin dry plate in Great Britain and conceived of devising an inexpensive dry plate camera. While still a banker, he pursued his project. By 1879, he had produced a dry plate film and began to manufacture it. He left the bank in 1880 and moved his production to larger quarters, and then again in 1881. Eastman was making \$4,000 worth of dry plates a month by early 1882. Some two years later the dry plate business collapsed because of the rise of so many competitors.

(continued)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

S. Sydney Bradford. "George Eastman House," National Survey of Historic Sites and Buildings, form 10-317, 11/1/66.
Karl T. Compton. "George Eastman," <u>Science</u>, new series vol. LXXV (Jan.-June, 1932).
B.C. Forbes. <u>Men Who Are Making America</u> (New York, 1918).

George F. Redmond. Financial Giants of America (Boston, 1922).

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

See continuation sheet

LANDMARKS N

	STATES AND COUNTIES	FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING STATE O	R COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
FORM PRI	EPARED BY			
NAME / TITLE				
	Richard Greenwoo	od, Histo	rian, Landmark Revie	w Task Force
ORGANIZATION				DATE
	Historic Sites	Survey, Na	ational Park Service	telephone
STREET & NUMBER	1100 L Street		2(16LEPHONE 02-523-5464
CITY OR TOWN				STATE
	Washington		D.	C. 20240
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FEDERAL REPRESEN	ITATIVE SIGNATURE			DATE

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)

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CONTINUATION SHEET Eastman House ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

eastern side of the house outside the Marble Room, which has a sunken pool. There is also a circular arbor situated on the north end of the property. Eastman's boyhood home, a simple frame house, is also located on the north end of the property, where it was moved to from Waterville, New York, but it is scheduled to be removed in the near future, to an historic house complex.

The Eastman House is located in a residential neighborhood, and is flanked by houses on all four sides. For sixteen years after Eastman's death, the house was used by the president of the University of Rochester. In 1948-89, it was adapted to its present use, a museum of photography.

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CONTINUATION SHEET Eastman House ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

Despite the decline of business in 1884, Eastman's enthusiasm remained strong. Furthermore, he had already extracted four business principles from his experience. He believed that success would result from large production by machinery, low prices, sales abroad as well as in America, and the widespread promotion of his products.

Conscious of the mass market, Eastman in 1884 concentrated his efforts on the task of making photography easy. He first sought to make a simpler film. By March 1885 he had patented a flexible film that had a paper back. Shortly, he marketed the first roll film. Eastman then turned to the development of a simple camera. That effort resulted in the Kodak camera, which originally appeared on the market in June, 1888. It contained a roll of film with 100 exposures, took round pictures and had to be returned to the factory for the development of the exposed film. The camera sold for \$25.

In presenting his innovation to the public, Eastman also unleashed an extensive selling campaign. The inventor had fathered the name "Kodak." The label met his desire for a strong tradename and for one that would defy copying. He also devised the slogan, "You press the button, we do the rest."

Eastman continued to simplify photography in the 1890's. His firm produced a transparent film, turned out a small Kodak and in 1896 marketed a \$5 camera. Those innovations stimulated an amazing growth in Eastman's company.

The "Kodak King," as Eastman was called, dominated the industry. In 1890 he organized the Eastman Company, capitalizing it at \$1,000,000. Two years later he changed its name to the Eastman Kodak Company and capitalized it at \$5,000,000. Another reorganization occurred in 1898, this time at \$8,000,000. Alert to competition, Eastman bought patents, entered into marketing agreements and forced uncooperative people out of business. He thus acquired control of about eighty percent of production in the United States. A federal anti-trust suit in 1915 forced the sale of some units of his company, but left his organization really unharmed.

Many times a millionaire by 1900, Eastman gave away vast sums. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, Massachusetts, and the University of Rochester greatly benefited from his generosity. All told, he distributed over \$100,000,000 while alive and left an additional \$12,000,000 in gifts upon his death. Eastman took his own life on March 14, 1932. Beset by old age, his last written words were, "My work is done; why wait?"¹

1.Quoted by Karl T. Compton, "George Eastman," <u>Science</u>, New Series, <u>LXXV</u>, (January-June, 1932). p. 402.

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CONTINUATION SHEET Eastman House ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE 1

The Eastman House landmark boundaries are coterminous with the present lot boundaries of the Eastman House proper (i.e., the landmark does not include the recently acquired Hutchinson House.) Beginning at a point on the northern right-of-way line of East Avenue, 149' east of the eastern right-of-way line of Westminster Road, proceed north along the eastern boundary of the Eastman House lot for 916.94' to the southern right-of-way line of University Avenue. Thence proceed west along said right-of-way line for 501.01', still following the lot boundary, thence south 261.9', thence east for 165', thence south for 205.36', thence west for 165', thence south for 294.64', thence east for 50', thence south for 195.99', always following the property line to the northern right-of-way line of East Avenue, thence east for 418.98' following the lot boundary to the point of origin.



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