NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in now to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by Harring the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "NA" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	
historic name LEECH-LARKINS FARM	
other names/site number <u>DePriest</u> , J. We	llington, Farm
2. Location	
street & number 4199 Highway 47	NZAnot for publication
city or town <u>Charlotte</u>	XX vicinity
state Tennessee code TN	countyDicksoncode _043 zip code _37036_
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
request for determination of eligibility meets the de Historic Places and meets the procedural and profess meets does not meet the National Register criminationally statewide locally. (See continuous Signature of certifying official/Title Deputy State Historic Preservation State of Federal agency and bureau	ric Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this \(\text{\text{\$\omega}}\) nomination documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of sional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property riteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant nuation sheet for additional comments.) The property be considered significant nuation sheet for additional comments.
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	•
4. National Park Service Certification	1 pr
I hereby certify that the property is: Property is: Property is: Property is: See continuation and Register. See continuation sheet.	Signature of the Keeper Entered in the Date of Action National Register 9/22/95
☐ determined eligible for the National Register ☐ See continuation sheet.	
determined not eligible for the National Register.	
removed from the National Register.	
other. (explain:)	

<u>Leech-Larkins Farm</u> Name of Property		Dickson Co., TN County and State			
5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Reso (Do not include previ	ources within Proper ously listed resources in t	rty the count.)	
☐ private ☐ building(s) ☐ public-local ☐ district ☐ public-State ☐ site		Contributing δ	Noncontributing I	buildings	
☐ public-Federal	structure object	2 2	<u> </u>	sites	
		10	2	objects	
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	of a multiple property listing.)		ributing resources p	Total	
Historic Family Farms	in Middle TN MPN	. 0			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from in			
DOMESTIC: single dwelling; secondary structures		DOMESTIC: single dwelling; secondary structures			
AGRICULTURE: processing; storage; agricultural outbuilding; fields		AGRICULTURE: processing; storage; agricultural outbuilding; fields			
FUNERARY: cemeteries		FUNERARY: cen	netery		
7. Description Architectural Classification		Materials			
(Enter categories from instructions)		(Enter categories from instructions)			
OTHER: Vernacular, c	entral-hall plan	foundation STONE			
		walls WEATHERBOARD			
		roof			
•		other BRICK			

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

arm	
Name of Property	

ickson	Co.,	TN
County and	State	

	atement of Significance	
(Mark "	cable National Register Criteria 'x'' in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property ional Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
		AGRICULTURE
	Property is associated with events that have made	_ARCHITECTURE
	a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	-ART
	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
	•	
□ C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and	
	distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance 1852-1945
□ D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	
	ria Considerations "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Prope	erty is: N/A	- 1852, 1916
□ A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
□в	removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
□с	a birthplace or grave.	_N/A
□ D	a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation N/A
□E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
□F	a commemorative property.	
□ G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder Allen, Lafayette "Fate", builder
	•	
Narr (Expla	ative Statement of Significance ain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	
9. N	lajor Bibliographical References	
Bibil (Cite	ography the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on or	e or more continuation sheets.)
Prev	rious documentation on file (NPS): N/A	Primary location of additional data:
	preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	☐ State Historic Preservation Office☐ Other State agency☐ Federal agency
	previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National	☐ Local government
	Register	🖄 University
	designated a National Historic Landmark	☐ Other
	recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	Name of repository:
	# recorded by Historic American Engineering	MTSU Center for Historic Preservation
	Record #	

Leech-Larkins Farm Name of Property	Dickson Co., TN County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property 127 Acres	48 NE Charlotte
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 16 4 7 0 9 5 0 4 0 0 2 3 8 0 Zone Easting Northing 2 16 4 7 1 4 0 0 4 0 0 1 7 5 0	3 1 6 4 7 0 4 9 0 4 0 0 1 5 7 0 Zone Easting Northing 4 1 6 4 7 0 5 1 0 4 0 0 2 3 8 0
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title C. Amanda Bradley and Carroll Van West	
organization MTSU Center for Historic Preservation	date <u>March 8, 1995</u>
street & number P0 Box 80, MTSU	telephone <u>615-898-2947</u>
city or town Murfreesboro	state TN zip code 37132
Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the prop	perty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the prop	perty.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
nameJohn Wellington DePriest	·
street & number 4199 Highway 47	telephone _615-352-5429
city or town Charlotte	state TN zip code 37036

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

VII. Architectural Description

The Leech-Larkins Farm is located at 4199 Highway 47 in Dickson County, Tennessee, approximately one mile from the town of Charlotte. Located in northern Middle Tennessee, Dickson County lies in the Highland Rim. The Leech-Larkins Farm dates to 1835 at which time Daniel Leech, a prominent land owner in Dickson County, acquired the property.

Constructed in 1916, the Leech-Larkins farmhouse is a one and half-story weatherboard building with a traditional central hall plan and ell. The dwelling has a foundation of stone and brick piers and a gabled corrugated metal roof. External end chimneys, constructed of brick and stone, flank the east and west gable ends of the house. Consisting of a single pile configuration the house has a one-story L-wing extending from the rear elevation.

The east, or front facade of the house is fronted by a full-length porch supported by six square wooden porch supports and topped by a shed roof. Reconstructed in 1984, the porch is supported on brick piers filled-in with lattice work. The six wooden steps leading up to the porch were added in 1984.

The centrally located entranceway of the east facade consists of the original wooden paneled door with nine lights. The door is fronted by the original screen door. Two 1/1 double hung windows are found on either side of the entranceway and complete the symmetrical facade. Each of these windows is covered with original window screens.

The south facade of the house consists of a gabled end. The most prominent feature of the gabled end is the external end chimney. The chimney is constructed of both stone and brick and extends above the ridge of the roof. On the first story, a 1/1 double hung window, covered with an original window screen, is found to the north of the chimney. On the gable field level of the house, the chimney is flanked by two deadlight windows. The eave of the gabled end is trimmed by plain bargeboard. To the east of the facade is

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson County, TN

found the end of the east facade porch. Decorative trim is found alongside the roofline trim of the porch end.

The west facade of the house consists of the gabled end and the ell. This gabled end is trimmed with original plain bargeboard and is covered with weatherboard. To the right of the gabled end is a walkway running along the exterior of the ell and the back of the house. The ell porch is supported by five square wooden porch supports and has a shed metal roof. The floor of this original porch is comprised of wood strip flooring and is supported on brick and stone piers. Original decorative trim is found along the walkway roofline. Three entranceways, two alongside the east facade of the ell and one on the south facade of the house are found. The three doors are wooden paneled with lights and are original to the house. To the east of the entranceway on the south facade of the house is found an original single 1/1 double hung window with an original window screen.

The north facade of the house has another gabled end with identical features to the gabled end found on the east facade. To the right of this gabled end protrudes the west facade of the ell. This ell, with its gable metal roof, has an interior central chimney extending above the roofline. This corbelled chimney is made of brick. The west facade of the ell has one entranceway, resembling all of the house's other entranceways with its 1916 paneled wooden door with lights covered with an original screen door. An electrical light is attached to the weatherboard to the west of the door. Also to the west of the door are two original 1/1 double hung windows with original window screens.

All of the doors and windows found on the house and ell have plain surrounds. In addition, square corner pilasters are found on every corner of the house. All glass found in the windows dates to the original construction of the house.

The first floor of the interior of the Leech-Larkins farmhouse is organized around a central hallway with a parlor to the south and a bedroom the north. The ell

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson County, TN

contains a dining room and a kitchen. Each of these rooms has their original white oak beaded board walls and ceilings painted white. In addition, the original white oak strip flooring is intact in each of the rooms. The kitchen is the only exception in this case with the floor having been replaced in 1982. The baseboards in each room extend ten inches from the floor. All doors and windows in the house have a plain cap trim.

The parlor, located on the south end of the farmhouse, has three 1/1 double-hung windows with plain surrounds. main feature of this room is the Craftsman-style influenced fireplace mantel found on the interior end wall. Craftsman influences on this mantel include the plain decoration, with the mantel only having three horizontal panels across the top, as well as the naturally finished wood which has been stained to match the baseboards, window and baseboard trim. The fireplace is lined with bricks and fronted by cut limestone blocks while the hearth is lined with bricks. The mantel found directly across the central hallway on the interior end wall of the bedroom is identical to this Craftsman-style influenced mantel. Each of these mantels are original to the house. The placing of the mantels exactly across from each other also adds to the symmetry of the house.

Leading from the parlor into the central hallway is a cased open passageway. The central hallway has two doorways leading to the exterior of the house. Each of these wooden doors, arranged symmetrically on the north and south side of the hallway, has horizontal panels with nine lights. In addition, a doorway leading into the house's only closet is found on the end of the enclosed stairway leading to the attic. This door and the door leading to the enclosed stairway are both original wooden paneled doors.

Another cased open passageway leads north to the bedroom where the second Craftsman-style influenced mantel exists on the west interior end wall. Two 1/1 double hung windows are found in this room, one to the north of the mantel and the other being found on the north wall. A cased open

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co.. TN

passageway leads to the dining room which is found in the ell of the farmhouse along with the kitchen.

The dining room has two wooden paneled doors with nine lights found on the north and south walls of the room. One 1/1 double hung light is found to the west of the door on the north wall. Wooden shelving, added in 1984 has been placed along the east wall of the room and extends from the passageway leading to the bedroom eastward to the end of the wall. On the west wall of the room, an original cast iron stove placed on a brick foundation is found with bricks lining the wall about three fourths of the way up the wall from the baseboard and extending the full width of the stove. Where the pipe enters the wall, the brick lining begins again extending to the edge of the ceiling.

To the left of the dining room stove is a 1916 wooden paneled door leading to the kitchen. The kitchen's design is typical of the early twentieth century and its main elements are a stove and a sink. The original cast iron stove, located on the east wall of the room, has a pipe extending to the wall where an approximately 30" X 20" stretch of brick lines the wall. North of the stove are three horizontal wooden shelves, original to the house for storage use. Wooden shelving, added in 1984, also lines the west wall of the kitchen. The sink is found on the north wall of the kitchen along with a 1/1 double hung window.

The attic is reached by an enclosed stairway with twelve wooden steps leading from the central hallway. The attic, consisting of two rooms. has a truncated hip roof and has original beaded naturally finished white oak walls and floors. A cased open passageway connects the two rooms. Two deadlight windows are found on both the north and south interior ends of the attic.

The farmstead of the Leech-Larkins Farm Historic District mixes nineteenth and early twentieth century elements. Contributing buildings and structures are designated as (C); non-contributing buildings and structures are designated as (NC).

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

Defining the domestic complex of the main farmhouse is a wooden rail fence (NC-due to date) added in 1987 by Elizabeth Larkins DePriest. In 1915, W. Wellington Larkins added two outbuildings to his farm, the smokehouse (C) and an equipment shed (C). These outbuildings were added during a decade of agricultural prosperity and reflected Larkins' participation in the progressive agricultural movement. smokehouse is a square notched log structure with a gabled metal roof. The logs used in the construction of the smokehouse are believed to be from a farmhouse (no longer standing) built by Daniel Leech in 1835. Typical of smokehouses of the early twentieth century, the smokehouse roofline has an overhang with exposed rafters. Vertical boards are found in the gable. The foundation of the smokehouse is stone and was replaced in 1984 due to deterioration. The equipment shed is comprised of vertical boards with a metal shed roof and exposed rafters.

South of the farmhouse, on the edge of the domestic complex is a circa 1900 tobacco barn (C). Originally built at a different location on the Leech-Larkins property, this barn was moved to its current site in the 1920s. Board and batten in style, this barn has a gabled metal roof.

Between 1936-1940, W. Wellington Larkins added more outbuildings to the domestic complex with the construction of a root cellar (C) and a privy (C). In 1940, Larkins paid the Works Progress Administration (WPA) to erect the new privy constructed of vertical boards with a metal shed roof. The privy is located in front of the equipment shed. The root cellar, constructed of concrete block and covered with cement stucco, has a metal shed roof and one paneled door with a single light. This structure is located to the east of the domestic complex. A springhouse (NC-due to date) was constructed in 1984 to replace the old one that had fallen down.

In the mid-nineteenth century, the Old Columbia Road (C) was created in order to access Sulphur Fork. This road, which runs north to south behind the domestic complex.

Another historic mid-nineteenth century road (C) leads to

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

the Leech family cemetery and the fields beyond. It passes through the domestic complex, between the farmhouse and the equipment shed. This road is still used for accessing the family cemetery and the western fields. This road runs east to west from State Highway 47 to the edge of the cemetery and was first paved in 1942. The Leech family cemetery (C) was established in 1852 and is still used as a family burial The cemetery has significant examples of folk art with limestone block grave houses and cut-stone "tent" Those graves for Daniel Leech and his wife Martha Norwood Leech are two such cut-stone "tent" graves that Daniel Leech had carved before he died. Defining the boundaries of the Leech family cemetery is a stone fence. This stone fence was erected in 1920 by W. Wellington Larkins, having been funded by W. Blake Leach, a descendent of the Leech family.

The fields of the Leech-Larkins Farm are well defined production spaces that still retain the layout developed by W. Wellington Larkins in the early twentieth century. This significant pattern of fields represents a contributing site (C). Larkins focused the production of the farm more on market commodities, such as tobacco and livestock, in his support of the progressive agriculture movement in Tennessee. The primary product of the farm today is hay. All of these fields encircle the farm's domestic complex.

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

VIII. Statement of Significance

The Leech-Larkins Farm, located at 4199 Highway 47 in Dickson County, Tennessee, is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A, for its local significant association with agriculture in Dickson County, and under Criterion C, as a significant representative grouping of farm architecture and cemetery folk art from the mid-nineteenth to mid-twentieth centuries. The property was designated as a Tennessee Century Farm in 1994. The farm is nominated under the registration requirements for Historic Family Farms set forth in the Multiple Property Documentation Form for Historic Family Farms in Middle Tennessee.

The Leech-Larkins Farm dates to 1835 when Daniel Leech acquired a tract of 276 acres. Leech, a prominent landowner in Dickson County, owned and operated the county's largest distillery. On his land, he harvested the timber and planted the corn necessary for a successful distillery business. He located his original log home (no longer extant) on the nominated property and lived here until his death in 1873. During his lifetime, he set aside one acre approximately one hundred yards west of the current dwelling for a family cemetery. The first known burial dates to 1852. In his will, Leech designated the family cemetery to be kept intact and his remains, along with those of other members of the extended family, have been buried in this cemetery ever since.

The next family owner was Dr. Daniel Rook Leech, who operated the farm until 1904, following a mixed agricultural strategy typical of the Western Highland Rim in Middle Tennessee. Leech raised herds of swine, cattle, and poultry. He cultivated corn, oats, and wheat for the consumption of his family, livestock, and tenants, while surpluses could be traded at the expanding rail markets of White Bluff and Dickson. As his primary cash crops, Leech produced tobacco and even grew small amounts of cotton in his best bottomlands.

In 1911, W.B. Leech sold the farm to his cousin W. Wellington Larkins, who, during this decade of agricultural prosperity, made substantial changes to the farm landscape. He constructed a equipment shed and new smokehouse in 1915. The following year,

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

he also began to build a new dwelling. The one and half-story building, with a traditional central-hall plan and ell configuration, remains as the focal point of the rural landscape today. W. Wellington Larkins also constructed the stone fence around the white family cemetery, probably by 1920. He also moved a circa 1900 tobacco barn to its current location south of the farmhouse along Tennessee Highway 47, after the state improved the road during the 1920s. In the 1930s and 1940s, he added new outbuildings by constructing a root cellar (1936 to 1940) and paying the Works Progress Administration to erect a new privy (circa 1940).

His efforts to modernize the farm, and to focus its production more on market commodities such as tobacco and livestock, reflected the tenets of the progressive agricultural movement that shaped Tennessee agriculture in the first half of the twentieth century, especially efforts by extension agents and other agricultural reformers to convince farmers to produce more for the market and become more active consumers of commercial goods available in nearby towns and cities. The construction of the root cellar reflected the influence of those same agricultural reformers on the domestic production of the Throughout the 1920s and 1930s, rural farm women in Tennessee were urged to learn how to can vegetables and fruits and to store these items, along with potatoes and other root crops, in a cellar. Plans for concrete cellars were available from local extension agents and from contractors eager to show farmers the durability of concrete as a construction material.

Another initiative of progressive agriculture was improving the standard of life on the family farm. Larkins's decision to build a new residence in 1916 provided new, more modern quarters for his family. However, the dwelling's architecture—the one—story central—hall house with ell—was decidedly conservative. This conservatism may reflect the enduring popularity of vernacular forms and construction techniques in a rural community. It may also be a reflection of the types of dwellings that its designer and contractor, local craftsman Layfatette "Fate" Allen, was capable of conceiving and building. There has been no comprehensive survey of vernacular construction traditions in Dickson County, or any of the Western Highland Rim, for that matter. It is unknown, therefore, if any other dwellings executed by "Fate" Allen remain in Dickson County. The root

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

cellar, and the improved variety and quantity of foods available to the family in the winter months, is a later reflection of the family's desire for a better standard of living.

The 1916 dwelling is part of an overall compelling rural landscape, that dates largely to the first half of the twentieth century, except for the significant cemetery. The Leech family cemetery has significant examples of folk art such as limestock) block grave houses and cut-stone "tent" graves (as that for Daniel Leech and his wife Martha Norwood Leech. The cemetery is still used for burials, but with its early twentieth century fence defining its boundaries, and the majority of headstones dating prior to 1945, the cemetery retains a historical sense of time and place.

In 1949, when W. Wellington Larkins died without a will dividing his estate, his daughter Elizabeth Larkins DePriest purchased the shares of her siblings and became the farm's owner and together with her husband, James DePriest, managed the farm. In 1988, Elizabeth DePriest conveyed 218 acres of family land to her son John W. DePriest, the current owner. Elizabeth DePriest has remained as the farm's manager. The primary product of the farm is now hay. One hundred and twenty-seven acres of the historic farm land and fields are included in this nomination.

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

IX. Bibliography

- Corlew, Robert E. <u>A History of Dickson County, Tennessee</u>. Nashville: Tennessee Historical Commission, 1956.
- Deed Records, Registrar Office, Dickson County Courthouse, Charlotte, TN.
- DePriest, Elizabeth Larkins. Interview with Amanda Bradley. Notes in author's possession. November 1994.
- Goodspeed, Weston A., ed. <u>History of Tennessee</u>. Nashville: Goodspeed Publishers, 1886.
- Kelley, Jimmy. "Dickson County Relatives." Typescript, Family History Archives, Dickson County Library, Dickson, TN.
- Martin, Jeanie S. "Elizabeth DePriest Has Love For the Land."
  <u>Dickson Sentinel</u>, August 22, 1991.
- Wills, Probate Office, Dickson County Courthouse, Charlotte, TN.

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

#### X. Geographical Data

Verbal Boundary Description

The Leech-Larkins Farm contains 127 acres, designated as the part of tract 1, parcel 1 west of Highway 47 and parcel 2 (cemetery) on the attached Dickson County Tax Maps 64-65 and 75-76.

The tax map for this nomination has the scale 1" = 400'. This scale tax map is prepared by the Tennessee State Board of Equalization for rural areas. In the past, the Tennessee Historical Commission has used this scale map for nominations and has found that the 1" = 400' scale adequately meets our office needs. The Tennessee Historical Commission does not have the facilities to prepare maps to the scale preferred by the National Park Service.

Boundary Justification

The nominated 127 acres contains all the acreage under a single owner that is historically associated with the Leech-Larkins Farm.

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

**PHOTOGRAPHS** 

Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN Photographs by: Carroll Van West

MTSU Center for Historic Preservation

PO Box 80, MTSU

Murfreesboro, TN 37132

Negatives: Tennessee Historical Commission

2941 Lebanon Road Nashville, TN 37243

Date: November 1994

Domestic complex, facing southwest 1 of 41

East facade, facing west 2 of 41

North facade, facing south 3 of 41

West facade, detail, facing east 4 of 41

West facade, facing east 5 of 41

South facade, facing north 6 of 41

South facade, detail; facing north 7 of 41

Central hall, facing west 8 of 41

Central hall, staircase, facing southwest 9 of 41

South parlor, facing south 10 of 41

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United States Department National Park Service

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

South parlor, facing north 11 of 41

North parlor, facing north 12 of 41

Kitchen, facing southeast 13 of 41

Library, old dining room, facing southeast 14 of 41

Library, old dining room, facing west 15 of 41

Second floor loft, facing southwest 16 of 41

Root cellar, facing south 17 of 41

Barn, facing south 18 of 41

Springhouse, facing west 19 of 41

WPA privy, facing north 20 of 41

Smokehouse, facing west 21 of 41

Equipment shed, facing northwest 22 of 41

Cemetery road, facing east 23 of 41

Old Columbia Road, facing south 24 of 41

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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

Spring, facing west 25 of 41

Leech cemetery, facing southeast 26 of 41

Leech cemetery, facing south 27 of 41

Leonora Leech headstone, facing west 28 of 41

1856 headstone, facing west 29 of 41

J. Hardin headstone, facing west 30 of 41

Daniel Leech headstone, facing east 31 of 41

Martha Norwood Leech, facing east 32 of 41

Limestone gravehouses, facing southeast 33 of 41

Leech family stones, facing west 34 of 41

Larkins and Oakley headstones, facing south 35 of 41

Leech infant headstone, 1863, facing west 36 of 41

Minerva Matlock headstone, facing west 37 of 41 .

Leech cemetery, facing northwest 38 of 41

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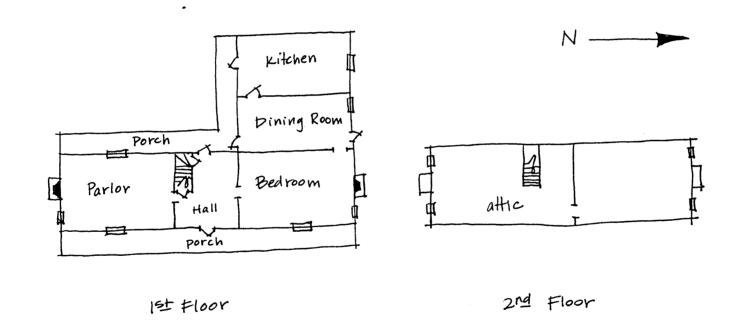
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Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN

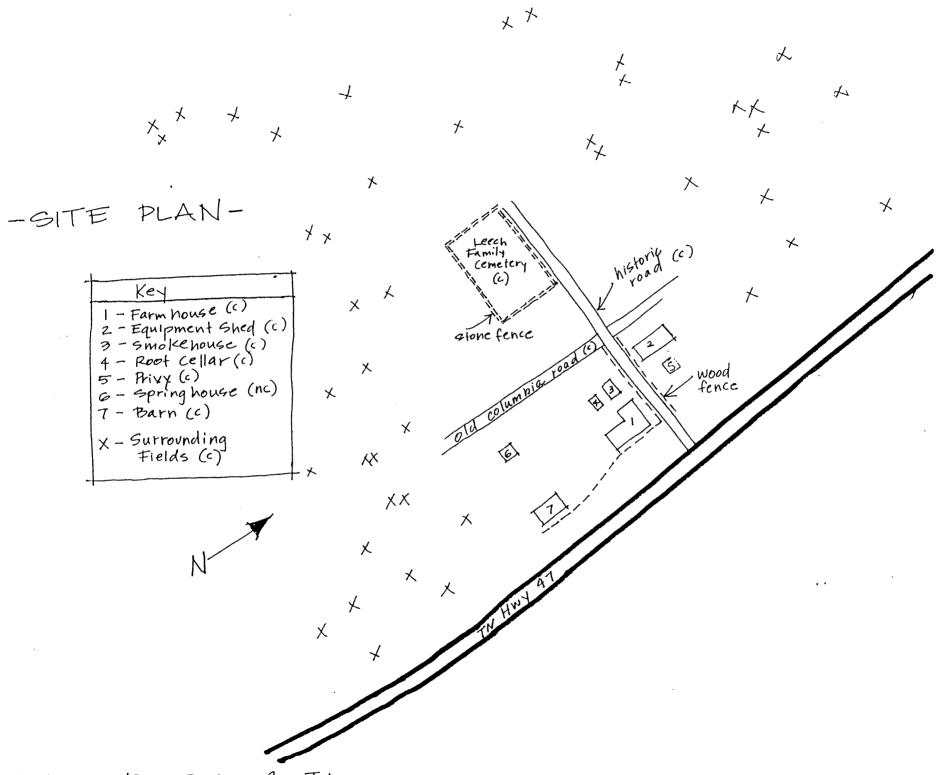
Field patterns, southwest of domestic complex, facing southwest 39 of 41

Field patterns, north of domestic complex, facing northeast 40 of 41

Field patterns, north of domestic complex, facing northeast  $41\ \text{of}\ 41$ 



Leech-Larkins Farm, Dickson Co., TN



Leech-Larkins Farm. Dickson Co., TN

