UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

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TYPE ALL ENTRIES COMPLET	E APPLICABLE SECTIONS
1 NAME	
HISTORIC	I · · · ·
Gallatin Gateway Inn	
AND/OR COMMON	
LOCATION	.
STREET & NUMBER	
U.S. [9]	
CITY, TOWN	CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
Gallatin Gateway	Western No. 1
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
Montana 30	Gallatin 031
CLASSIFICATION	
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATU	IS PRESENT USE
Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land	X
STRUCTUREBOTHWORK IN	PROGRESSEDUCATIONALPRIVATE RESIDE
SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCES	SSIBLEENTERTAINMENTRELIGIOUS
OBJECTIN PROCESSYES: RES	TRICTEDGOVERNMENTSCIENTIFIC
BEING CONSIDEREDXYES: UNF	RESTRICTEDINDUSTRIALTRANSPORTATIO
NO	MILITARYOTHER:
OWNER OF PROPERTY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NAME	
Larry and Doris Hillard	
STREET & NUMBER	
Box 241	
CITY, TOWN	STATE Marstana E0720
Gallatin Gateway <u>X</u> vicinity of	Montana 59730
LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION	1
COURTHOUSE,	
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Gallatin County Courtho	Juse
STREET & NUMBER	
CITY, TOWN	STATE
Bozeman	Montana
REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SU	RVEYS
 ΤΪΤLΕ	
None	
DATE	
DEPOSITORY FOR	FEDERALSTATECOUNTYLOCAL
SURVEY RECORDS	
CITY, TOWN	STATE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS

7 DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK O	NE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	XUNALTERED	XORIGINALS	SITE
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Located adjacent to the village of Gallatin Gateway (formerly known as Salesville) and fronting on U.S. 191, the Gallatin Gateway Inn is a linear (north/south) structure aproximately 250' long by approximately 40' wide with a kitchen/residential wing angling off the main structure to the southwest.

The exterior of the building consists of a moderately textured buff stucco. The roof is of red clay tiles. The east elevation (entrance area) is landscaped around a raised terrace which runs almost the length of the building. The main entrance is covered by a large canopy the materials of which are patterned copper and decorative glass panels. Some repair work is needed. Copper rain gutters and downspouts are located around the building.

The entrance hall consists of a high vaulted room approximately 60' x 40' with bands of decorative plaster running across the vault. The height is approximately 35'. The axis of the room is east/west with entrances on both of these walls above which are large arched windows in the Beaux Arts tradition. The original wrought iron light fixtures are in good condition and in their original locations.

The entrance hall is flanked by a bar/lounge (not in original condition), stair entrance to second floor, lavatories, and main floor apartments in that order on the north; and, ballroom, dining room, and kitchen on the south. The Inn originally had 32 bedrooms.

The ballroom is approximately 70' x 40'. The east wall of the ballroom consists of a series of arched French doors which open to an exterior colonade of doric order. The west wall is similar with the exception of a large log burning fire-place. The ceiling is beamed (decorative applique) with stenciled patterns of Greek derivation, and is approximately 30'/35' in height.

The dining room is approximately 70' x 40', the ceiling being approximately 15' in height with similar decorative stenciled beams and arched openings along the perimeter.

Also, on the property are two structures which housed Inn employees, and a pump house.

The interior treatment of the Gallatin Gateway Inn is very rich consisting of Philippine mahogany with a brush on/wipe off, grey/green, sealer for all interior wood which includes trim, base mold, windows, and doors. The dominant wall finish throughout the Inn is a lightly textured buff plaster similar in appearance to the stucco exterior wall treatment. The main entrance hall, as was mentioned earlier, is decorated with bands of painted plaster. The flooring in the major entrance areas is a heavy linoleum tile $14" \times 14" \times 1/2"$ in a checkerboard pattern black and tan in color.

The main east/west entrances to the building are 13' wide and approximately 25' high and consist of four entrance doors with a single glazed panel above which is a band of small paned sash the same width as the doors and 4' high. Above

8 SIGNIFICANCE

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⊻1900- SPECIFIC DAT	COMMUNICATIONS ES 1927	INDUSTRY INVENTION 	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER(SPECIFY) g and Myers

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Railroads were instrumental in the development of many of our national parks and scenic areas. For example, the Great Northern built several of the grand hotels in and on the edge of Glacier Park, and extensively promoted the park's development. Near the end of this era the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railway Co. (the Milwaukee Road) decided to compete for the tourist traffic into Yellowstone Park. The Northern Pacific had a spur line from Livingston, Montana, to the northern entrance of the Park, and the Union Pacific had a line to the west entrance, coming from the south and west. The nearest point on the Milwaukee line to the Park was Three Forks. Because of the mountainous terrain through the Gallatin Canyon, it was not feasible to build a spur line to the Park for tourist use only. Instead, the Gallatin Gateway Inn was constructed about 75 miles north of the west entrance to Yellowstone National Park, and a spur line was built from Three Forks to the hotel. The plan was to bring the travelers to the hotel by rail, feed and entertain them one or more nights, then transport them through the Park by bus via scenic Gallatin Canvon.

Because it was anticipated that most of the tourists would be traveling by train, the hotel featured a dining room that could accommodate several hundred people and a large ballroom/lounge area, but had only 32 guest rooms. Pullman cars were to be the bedrooms, but the hotel included shower facilities.

Gallatin Gateway Inn was located in the little town of Salesville about 35 miles from Three Forks. Salesville changed its name to Gallatin Gateway in honor of the new establishment. The Inn was designed by Schack, Young and Myers, Architects, of Seattle, Washington. Construction was started in January, 1927, and the building was dedicated June 17, 1927. The cost of construction was reportedly \$260,000. Construction of buff-colored stucco with red roof tiles, the Inn is Spanish Colonial Revival in style.

At the opening of the Inn the people of the entire county celebrated. The day began with an assembly in the town of Bozeman ten miles away, and a parade formed complete with band to march to the Inn. The many cars created the county's first traffic jam. During the day approximately 10,000 guests had lunch at the Inn, consuming two tons of beef, two tons of potatoes, 500 cases of hens and 500 pounds of bacon. Montana's governor was the speaker and guest of honor. That night nearly 2,000 people danced at the Inn's first ball.

The grounds surrounding the Inn were extensively and skillfully landscaped, and traces of the landscaping remain. The trees that were saplings are now mature,

Bozeman Daily Chr Bozeman Daily Chr Michael P. Malone	dard (newspaper), Anac onicle (newspaper), Bo onicle (newspaper), Bo onicle (newspaper), Bo , "The Gallatin Canyon Magazine of Western H	onda, Montana, zeman, Montana, zeman, Montana, and the Tides o	June 18, 1927 June 17, 1977 of History,"	17,
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LIST ALL STATES A	ND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIN	ES OVERLAPPING STA	ATE OR COUNTY BOUI	NDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
the second s	E D BY N. DeHaas, Jr., Archit	ect & J. J. Chaj	pman, Architect	
ORGANIZATION			August 20, 1	979
STREET & NUMBER		<u></u>	TELEPHONE	
CITY OR TOWN	South Tracy		<u>, (406) 586-22</u> state	276
Bozema	an		Montana	
12 STATE HISTOR	IC PRESERVATION	OFFICER CE	RTIFICATIO	N
THE EV	ALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T		IN THE STATE IS:	
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hereby nominate this property	ic Preservation Officer for the Na of for inclusion in the National Re th by the National Park Service. NOFFICER SIGNATURE Eline Starie Reserved	gister and certify that	it has been evaluated	according to the
	1'	ne vensor	fr Kenkor DATE 9-	4 M 63
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FOR NPS USE ONLY	HIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED II	THE NATIONAL REG	iister /	
, W. Koy lu	<u>~</u>		DATE 2	1180
ATTEST: Write OF THE NATIO	NAL REGISTER <u>O'COMUELL</u> 3N		DATE 1/24	/80

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



1

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE

this band is a 180 degree window approximately 10' high with five major divisions, the intermediate space being divided into small paned sash as the window band below. The whole configuration is finished in Philippine mahogany.

The ballroom (originally the main lounge) has narrow oak flooring as does the dining room. The fireplace in the ballroom is decorated cast stone $8'-6" \times 10'-4"$ including the stone trim, the actual fire opening being $6'-8" \times 8'$. The decorative beams in both the ballroom and the dining room are box sections with large decorated scroll/brackets at either end and are finished in Philippine mahogany with geometric colored stenciled patterns.

Originally a cement platform ran on a north-south axis west of the Inn alongside railroad tracks leading to the spur line of the railroad. Here the train cars were parked and the guests unloaded. The platform and the tracks are now gone and a gravel road in roughly that location passes west of the building and around to the entry road.

The kitchen when completed was, according to the <u>Anaconda Standard</u>, June 12, 1927, a "marvel of modern machinery. The country literally was combed for the latest devices that would contribute to the quick, careful and correct preparation of food." The devices included an electric dishwasher, a chute leading to the incinerator for food wastes, cabinets to heat dishes or cool them as needed, refrigerators, stoves, ice maker, a "machine that cuts ice blocks into cubes which exactly fit the water glasses for the dining room tables," ice cream making machines, a bakery, etc. Most of these devices are still in place and are still operative, although the Inn is not serving regular meals. Food is prepared for special parties held at the Inn. CONTINUATION SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



1

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE

and hedges line the site at intervals. The east entrance is approached by a road that becomes an oval sweeping around a grass-and-tree-covered space that features a 125 ft. wooden flagpole cut on the Pacific coast and hauled to the site by the railroad. An undated brochure probably of 1930's vintage refers to the place as the "Flower Garden of the West" and mentions the 12 acres of land-scaped grounds and the flower gardens that provided fresh flowers for the guests' rooms and the dining room.

The landscaping was part of the original plan for the hotel, and was carried out as soon as possible after the hotel was built. A pump house and tank (now gone) on the northwest corner of the site provided water for the hotel and for underground sprinkler systems for the grounds.

As a summer vacation resort, Gallatin Gateway Inn attracted people from all over the United States. It featured music and dancing, as well as excellent food and a base for trips through Yellowstone Park. However, the Inn was built at the beginning of a period marked by changing technology, particularly in the field of transportation. Ten years after its construction the tourist trains no longer ran from Three Forks to Gallatin Gateway. The people were taken there by bus instead, and some of the buses continued directly to the Park without stopping at the Inn. More and more of the guests toured by automobile, and the Inn received a listing by the American Automobile Association.

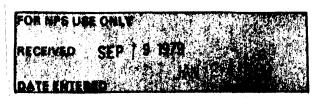
The Milwaukee Road sold the Inn and grounds to Paul L. Holenstein in the early 1950's. The dining room and lounge continued in operation thereafter. Later owners were Mohawk, Inc. (an Illinois corporation), Harvey W. Branigar, Gateway, Inc. (a Salt Lake City corporation), Lloyd Ferguson, and the present owners, Larry and Doris Hillard.

The guest rooms have been converted into apartments, but the lobby, ballroom/ lounge, dining room and kitchen are still much like they were when the Inn opened. In the kitchen the wooden refrigerators and huge cooking stoves remain and are operative. Terra Cotta rope moulding outlines the huge arched doorways, the stenciled beams have not been painted over, and the original wrought iron lighting fixtures remain.

Two smaller houses built at the same time as the Inn stand on the grounds, as well as the pump house. One of these is a twelve room bungalow of frame construction and the other is stucco of same style as the Inn. The pump house is frame construction. The houses were used for employees of the Inn; the stucco one is now occupied by the owner of the buildings and the other is used for rental. Form No. 10-300a (Kev. 10-74)

* UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	8	PAGE 2	
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This was a hotel in the grand tradition, with spacious well-kept grounds. Travelers were cared for in a gracious manner. It is significant for the part it played in promoting tourism for Yellowstone National Park, and the building itself is noteworthy for its style, decorative details and its construction. - PHR-8 300A .(11/78)

> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

Gallatin Gateway Inn :

Description: That portion of the E2NW2 of Section 11, Township 3 South, Range 4 East, M.P.M., described as follows: Commencing at the N_{z}^{1} Corner of said Section 11; thence southerly along the easterly line of said $E_2^1NW_4^1$ a distance of 1263.4 feet; thence North 88°34' West a distance of 57.8 feet to a point on the westerly right of way line of U.S. Highway No. 191, Project F 76 (4), as now located and established, said point being 80 feet westerly, as measured at right angles from the center line of said highway at Station 334 + 25.7 and being the true point of beginning; thence North 88°34' West a distance of 601.2 feet to a point 80 feet easterly, as measured at right angles from the center line of the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific Railroad Co's main tract; thence South 11°54' West parallel to said main tract center line a distance of 492.0 feet to a point on a line parallel to and 10 feet easterly, as measured at right angles from the westerly line of that portion of Bench Street vacated by order of the Board of County Commissioners of said County dated 10/24/27; thence South 0°10' East along said parallel line a distance of 748.3 feet to a point on the center line produced of the alley in Block 11 of the Original Plat of the Town of Salesville, now Gallatin Gateway, on file in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder of said County; thence North 89°56'

East along said alley center line a distance of 50 feet to a point on the easterly line of Bench Street; thence Southerly along said easterly line of Bench Street a distance of 146.7 feet to a point on the northerly right of way line of the County Road now there established and formerly U.S. Highway No. 191, Project NRS 209, said pointbeing 30 feet northerly, as measured at right angles from the center line of said County Road; thence easterly along said northerly right of way line parallel to said County Road center line a distance of 281.1 feet; thence North 79•18* East a distance of 99.8 feet; thence along a curve to the left, with a radius of 352 feet, a distance of 3.4 feet; thence North 1°53' East a distance of 3.35 feet to a point on the right of way of said Project F 76 (4), which point is 280 feet westerly, as measured at right angles from said highway center line at Station 321 + 31.0; thence along a curve to the left, with a radius of 350.0 feet, a distance of 252.0 feet to a point 80 feet westerly, as measured at right angles from said highway center line at Station 322 + 66.0; thence northerly parallel to said highway center line a distance of 347.6 feet to a point 80 feet westerly, as measured at right angles from said highway center line at Station 326 + 11.2; thence North 3 29' East parallel to said highway center line a distance of 814.5 feet to the point of beginning. Situate in Gallatin County, Montana. Plat Film 3 at page 1231.

EHR-8-300A (11778) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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2

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

EXCEPTING THEREFROM a parcel of land located in that tract described on Page 577 of Book of Deeds 149, records of Gallatin County, Montana, said parcel being further located in Section 11, Township 3South, Range 4 East, M.P.M., being more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point marked with a brass capped iron monument, which bears South 3°59'29" East a distance of 150.33 feet from the Northeast Corner of Block 11 of the Original Townsite of Salesville: thence from said point of beginning North 0'10'00" West along the West boundary of said tract a distance of 187.06 feet to a point marked with a brass capped iron monument; thence North 89°39'33" East a distance of 583.19 feet to a point marked with a brass capped iron monument; thence continuing North 89°39'33" East a distance of 56.64 feet to a point on the west right of way line of the existing highway; thence Southerly along the said right of way line to a concrete marker, which bears South 2°16'51" West a distance of 136.60 feet from the last cited point; thence along the North line of the county road right of way to a point "H", which said point "H" bears South 54 57 52" West a distance of 248.62 feet from the said concrete marker; thence continuing along the said county road right of way to a point "G" which bears South 79-14'34" West a distance of 103.25 feet from the said point "H"; thence continuing along the said county road right of way to a point marked with a brass capped iron monument, which bears South 82°02'32" West a distance of 281.07 feet from the said point "G"; thence, leaving said county road right of way, North 0°10'28" West a distance of 146.63 feet to a point marked with a brass capped iron monument; thence South 89°53'47" West a distance of 50.03 feet to the point of beginning. Situate in GaAlatin County, Montana. Plat Film 8 at page 1482.

ast TN. 4.3. HIMY. 191 GALLATIN GATEWAY INN 2 INN ORG. EMPLOYZES QUARTERS NOW OWNERS HOME PLATFORM TRACKS (GONE) BUNGALOW 10.1 MILWALIKEE 1 R.R. LINIS (REMOVAL PENDING (1)SITE PLAN JOHN N. DEHAAS, JA. O ARCHITEST O BIN., MT. JUNE 6, 1479



