

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Hillside Cemetery (North Adams Multiple Resource Area)

other names/site number Old Cemetery; Cemetery - North Adams

2. Location

street & number West Main Street not for publication

city or town North Adams vicinity

state Massachusetts code MA county Berkshire code 003 zip code 01247

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this ☒ nomination
☐ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of
Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property
☒ meets ☐ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant
☐ nationally ☐ statewide ☒ locally. (☐ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Brona Simon May 25, 2001
Signature of certifying official/Title Brona Simon, State Archaeologist Date
Massachusetts Historical Commission, Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property ☐ meets ☐ does not meet the National Register criteria. (☐ See continuation sheet for additional Comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title Date
State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby certify that this property is:
☒ entered in the National Register
☐ See continuation sheet.
☐ determined eligible for the
National Register
☐ See continuation sheet.
☐ determined not eligible for the
National Register
☐ removed from the
National Register
☐ other (explain):

Signature of the Keeper Patricia Andrews Date of Action 7/19/2001

Hillside Cemetery
Name of Property

Berkshire, MA
County and State

5. Classification

Ownership of Property

(Check as many boxes as apply)

☐ private
☒ public-local
☐ public-State
☐ public-Federal

(Check only one box)

☐ building(s)
☐ district
☒ site
☐ structure
☐ object

Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing
<u>3</u>	<u> </u> building
<u>2</u>	<u> </u> sites
<u>7</u>	<u> </u> structures
<u>33</u>	<u> </u> objects
<u>45</u>	<u> </u> Total

Name of related multiple property listing

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

North Adams Multiple Resource Area

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

0

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

FUNERARY: cemetery

Current Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

FUNERARY: cemetery

7. Description

Architectural Classification

(Enter categories from instructions)

n/a

Materials

(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation _____
walls _____

roof _____
other _____

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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SECTION 7: NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

Hillside Cemetery lies on eighteen acres at the western edge of the city of North Adams, Massachusetts. Once a small burying ground overlooking the city, Hillside now stands surrounded by Brown Street to the east, a residential neighborhood to the west and the foot of Mount Greylock to the south. Railroad tracks, now belonging to the Boston & Maine Corp. (Guilford Transportation Industries, Billerica, MA) form the northern boundary of the cemetery. West Main Street – Massachusetts Route 2 – bisects the cemetery, creating two distinct sections (photo #1).

To the north of West Main Street, the older (1798) section extends over a steep hill and across a bowl-shaped valley. This section contains no paved roads – only turf paths that traverse the hill and valley in a grid-like pattern, which dates to before 1878, and probably much earlier. The oldest gravesites lie atop the hill, the first appearing in 1798 (photo #6, site plan #19). In the extreme northeast corner, tucked behind the hill, a pauper's field, known as Widow Knight's Plot, holds the graves of the city's less fortunate citizens. The valley spreads to the west, below the hill. Here the grid of grassy paths continues, interspersed by large, mature shade trees.

The north section contains numerous marble tabletstones, especially on the south side and top of the hill. The larger marble or granite obelisks, columns, and shafts were erected at the foot of the hill, near the road. This is in contrast to the south section where many sizable memorials were placed on the higher points of land. In the lower portion of the older section, west of the hill, are neat rows of family plots containing a mixture of marble and granite monuments, shafts, gravestones, and markers commemorating the lives of many North Adams residents. The older, more modest, markers of the south-facing portion of the hill generally stand on earthen terraces, while on the steeper west face, several concrete retaining walls buttress the plots.

The southern (1858) section melds with and also offers a contrast to the older section. Covering more than twice as much land, this section similarly features a high hill and bowl-shaped valley. The original cart road, dating from before 1878, crosses the entire section along a high ridge within the cemetery. A cut-marble stone retaining wall, once adorned with an iron railing, supports much of this roadway and is visually one of the most prominent features of the cemetery (photo #3, site plan #5). Other gravel and bituminous concrete roads, all appearing on the 1878 map, run perpendicular to the ridge down to the two entrances. An allee of sugar maples lines one of these perpendicular roads, evoking the image of a farm. Landform within the valley reflects a large amount of terracing, arranged in a grid pattern, created for individual family plots. Early concrete retaining walls support many of the terraces, further emphasizing the grid. The use of grid, laid out across the undulating topography, knits the older section with the new.

The gravemarkers on the south section reflect the growing affluence of the North Adams community in both increased scale and the sophisticated design of the grave and lot markers.

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~~Tabletstones are rare, but fine marble and granite obelisks and shafts, along with massive granite~~
monuments, occur frequently. The fashion of the memorials in the newer section reveals the styles of the Victorian era with red Scotch granite clearly in vogue as manifested in several tall, highly polished urn-topped shafts, which play off against the muted marble of draped columns and abundant shrouded urns. Granite curbing is frequently used to delineate family plots, as are initialed corner markers. The stone bases of a number of cast-iron fence posts are found surrounding plots throughout this section; only one iron fence survives.

Views from Hillside extend across the cemetery landscape, as well as over North Adams, providing a window into this once-industrial city. From the summits of the two hills, the Berkshires appear in every direction, providing the cemetery with a sense of enclosure (photos # 1,2,6). From the older section, several North Adams mills standing along the Hoosac River are visible to the north.

One of the most important structures in Hillside Cemetery is the fine **Tinker Mausoleum** prominently sited on the north end of the cemetery (photos #1 and 4, site plan #2). In 19th and 20th century United States, mausoleums were erected not only for the famous, but also the wealthy in various antique architectural styles such as Egyptian Classical, Gothic, and Renaissance. The ca. 1926 Tinker Mausoleum (lot #19N) is an excellent example of an Ionic prostyle (temple with a shallow portico in front) templed form with a plain entablature composed of a banded architrave and a plain frieze. The four fluted columns, set on a molded base, are set in pairs so as to focus the eye towards the entrance. The bronze/glass door is adorned with a magnificent fluid-draped female figure, whose curvilinear lines contrast greatly with the robust geometry of the Ionic mausoleum. The plain ashlar granite building is set on a three-step stylobate and is capped with a plain Greek pediment, outlined with plain moldings, thus reinforcing the severity of the architecture. The rear elevation is pierced with a plain rectangular window enhanced with highly unusual late opalescent stained glass. The window, depicting a tree beside a winding river framed by lush flowers in the foreground and a cloudy sky in the background, is a rare example of transitional stained glass simultaneously looking forward to the sophisticated painted glass and heavy leads of the 1930s Gothic Revival in the foreground while looking backward to the earlier many-layered opalescent glass in the mid-ground and background.

Three tombs are major architectural elements in Hillside Cemetery. The 1865 green-veined marble **town receiving tomb** (lot #31-N, site plan #6), at the bottom of the north hill, is starkly ornamented with an oversized, tall triangular pediment whose ends seem to have been truncated. In the center is a rectangle with the incised date "1865." The entrance is framed with one wide rectangular marble slab and another contiguous slab, which is splayed, further enhancing the feeling of strength and solidarity. The retaining walls of the tomb are made of large rough-cut ashlar granite blocks with slightly recessed mortar joints.

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The 1870s ~~Sylvander Johnson vault~~ (lot #5 S, site plan #8) is sited high on the south hill, facing the former Johnson factory (now Commonwealth Sprague) which is located north of the cemetery. It is composed of a granite entrance, with stretcher-bond brick walls capped by a row of bluestone. An unusual round skylight, now covered over, pierces the large-slab bluestone roof. The focus of ornamentation is in the large ashlar granite blocks, which create splayed rusticated walls, framing the ornamented metal door. The feeling of strength and robustness is further emphasized by the stark simple unadorned pointed pediment which sits atop a wide lintel with the name "Johnson" incised.

The City of North Adams' **second receiving tomb** of 1893 (lot # 85-87-N, photo #5, site plan #3) is the most impressive tomb in the cemetery. It even included electric lights, and was designed by Col. F.W. Merriam and built by contractor D.J. Crowley. Of particular interest is the entrance, sited in a slightly projecting pavilion which is composed of the Russian voussoired arch which protects and enhances the fine wooden doors. The tomb's expansive walls are made of rusticated ashlar granite blocks. The horizontality of the structure is emphasized by the presence of wide rough-cut moldings contrasting with smooth-cut moldings to create a wide frieze which comes to a peak over the arched entrance. Its severity and robustness reflect the Romanesque stone architecture of H.H. Richardson.

At least two monuments, both sited on the south side of the cemetery, are of outstanding significance. The 1913 **John Henry Haynes Monument** (lot #333-S, site plan #25), a crisply cut granite, tapered shaft, is ornamented with a recessed panel with a bas-relief of the temple of Bel in Nippur, Babylonia, one of the most ancient cities in the Middle East, sited in the Fertile Crescent between the Euphrates and the Tigris Rivers. The shaft is topped with three "steps," a reiteration of the Babylonian ziggurat in the panel; it is a duplicate in size and shape of the Black Obelisk of Shalmaneser. The subject matter reflects the archaeological activities of John Henry Haynes, who in 1889-90 and 1893-96 worked in Nippur excavating the Temple of Bel.

The 1937 **Sullivan Monument** (lot #378-S, photo #7, site plan #26) is a fine example of Art Deco funerary sculpture. A tall rectangular shaft capped with a frieze of vertical filets edging the flat surfaces is set on a rectangular base below with extensions on the sides that anchor the monument to the ground. This base has a central projecting panel under the figure with the name "Sullivan" incised in the center. A superb carved winged female figure fills the slight arched recess in the shaft, a characteristic element of the Art Deco sculptural style. The figure is static; the woman's arms are at her sides, her gaze toward a far unknown, and her dress seems to evoke the shaft of a column.

Other **monuments** and lots of particular artistic significance are the **Harvey H. Pollard** (lot #35-N, site plan #13), a handsome seated woman holding a wreath; the **Amasa Richardson** (lot #27-N, photo #4, site plan #11), a tall sandstone Corinthian column; the **S. P. Isbell** (lot #108-B, photo #4, site plan #17), a naturalistic marble broken tree trunk; the **Sanford Blackinton** (lot #401-S, site plan #29), a magnificently carved draped marble shaft topped by an urn encircled by

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a wreath; the **Hunter** (lot #48-S, site plan #20) and **Calvin T. Sampson** (lot #697-S, site plan #33) of an unusual Red Scotch granite; the **Charles Butler** (lot #126-S, site plan #9), the only lot with a Gothic Revival iron fence, and many touching, beautiful small monuments such as the **Holtie T. Parks** (lot #145-S, site plan #22), "**Little Frank**" (lot #395-S, site plan #27) and **Mary Elizabeth Wilkinson**, "Birdie," (lot #261-S, site plan #24).

Archaeological Description

While no prehistoric sites are recorded within the boundaries of the Hillside Cemetery, it is possible that sites are present. One prehistoric site is recorded in the general area (within one mile). Environmental characteristics of the cemetery represent several locational criteria (slope, soil drainage, distance to wetlands) that are favorable indicators for many types of prehistoric sites. Well-drained level to moderately sloping terraces are present in the cemetery within 1,000 feet of the south bank of the Hoosic River and its floodplain. In spite of the above information, however, the potential for locating significant prehistoric resources in the cemetery is low. Extensive disturbance from grave excavations and terracing of burial areas has adversely affected the integrity of any prehistoric resources that may have originally been located within the bounds of the cemetery.

A moderate to high potential exists for locating historic archaeological resources on cemetery property. Unmarked graves might exist as a result of missing gravestones and pauper's graves that intentionally lacked grave markers or had wooden markers that no longer survive. Unmarked graves could exist anywhere in the cemetery; however, the potential for locating unmarked pauper's graves for some periods may be greater in the pauper's field known as Widow Knight's Plot. Missing and broken gravestones may exist buried below the ground surface. Artifacts may also be present related to memorial services conducted at individual or groups of graves since their internment. Stratigraphic evidence should exist from grading and excavations related to terracing in the cemetery. Stratigraphic evidence from builder's trenches may exist adjacent to walls in terraced areas. Post molds may also be present from fence posts that marked the boundary of the cemetery and family plot areas.

(end)

Hillside Cemetery

Name of Property

Berkshire, MA

County and State

8. Statement of Significance**Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- ☒ **A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- ☐ **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- ☒ **C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- ☐ **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- ☐ **A** owned by religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- ☐ **B** removed from its original location.
- ☐ **C** a birthplace or grave.
- ☒ **D** a cemetery.
- ☐ **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- ☐ **F** a commemorative property.
- ☐ **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- ☐ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- ☐ previously listed in the National Register
- ☐ previously determined eligible by the National Register
- ☐ designated a National Historic Landmark
- ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey

- ☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering
Record # _____

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

ARTARCHITECTURECOMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENTLANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURESOCIAL HISTORY**Period of Significance**1749-1951**Significant Dates**17981858**Significant Person**

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

n/a**Cultural Affiliation**N/a**Architect/Builder**Col. F. W. Merriam**Primary location of additional data:**

- ☒ State Historic Preservation Office
- ☐ Other State agency
- ☐ Federal agency
- ☒ Local government
- ☐ University
- ☒ Other

Name of repository:

North Adams Historical Society

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8. NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Hillside Cemetery, West Main Street, North Adams, possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and meets National Register criteria A and C on the local level. Encircled by the Berkshire Mountains, Hillside Cemetery is divided by the early road from North Adams to Williamstown (now MA Route 2). The north hill of Hillside Cemetery was laid out by 1798, and the south hill by 1858.

Hillside Cemetery has a significant place in the history of North Adams as the city's first public burial ground, and thus qualifies under Criteria A. Many prominent industrialists are buried here who led North Adams into the full flowering of its industrial prosperity from the mid-19th through the first quarter of the 20th centuries. The prevalence of marble, particularly green-veined, in the cemetery's gravestones, monuments, early receiving tomb, and walls, further reflects the native marble industry of the area which is still visible at the nearby Natural Bridge and Natural Bridge Quarry State park.

Under Criteria C, the north- and south-facing steeply terraced hills, visually and structurally reinforced by early concrete retaining walls, together with views of the Berkshire Mountains on all sides, characterize Hillside Cemetery with a distinctive appearance. Hillside Cemetery is also notable for its remarkable integrity. Although there have been burials as late as 1998, the overall image, including paths and roadways, remains unchanged. Outstanding architectural elements include the Tinker Mausoleum (ca. 1926); the Sullivan Monument (1937), a fine Art Deco sculptural monument of high artistic significance; and the John Henry Haynes (1913) stele; a monument of archaeological significance among others further contributing to Criteria C.

Hillside Cemetery is an amendment to the North Adams Multiple Resource Area (MRA), listed on the National Register in 1985. Established in 1798, Hillside Cemetery falls within the MRA's dates of significance and its gravestones and monuments represent important periods of the city's development over 200 years.

North Adams' Annual Reports began to refer to the cemetery as "Hillside" by 1897. The exact year the 5½-acre North Hill tract became a cemetery is unclear, but the earliest surviving headstone is that of Oliver Knight (photo #6, site plan #19), who died February 13, 1798. At that time North Adams was the "North Village" or "North Adams," and the present town of Adams was the "South Village" or "South Adams" in the Town of Adams. The 1860s Annual Reports call the cemetery "Cemetery - North Adams."

The two villages, six miles apart, each of which was actually a group of villages, became independent towns, Adams and North Adams, on April 16, 1878. There had been agitation to divide the Town of Adams for years. With two major widely spaced village centers, the town had

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~~become too large. The fact that North Adams, with the opening of the Hoosac Tunnel in 1876,~~
had become an important railroad center, was another major factor in the separation.

The center of North Adams lies in a valley formed by the Hoosac River. Enclosed by the Hoosac Mountain range to the east and Mount Greylock (the highest peak in Massachusetts) to the southwest, the mills, downtown, and early residential enclaves are located on the valley floor. In the 1770s, lumber and grist mills were established. Although the town suffered a setback from the 1780 flood, it rebounded to create a high-quality pine lumber industry that lasted into the 19th century. The first textile mills were built in the 1810s and a major period of mill construction began in the 1820s. Rail links were established in the 1840s and expanded in the following decade. The 1860-1875 period, which included the building of the Hoosac Tunnel, was North Adams' most extensive period of industrial growth. Before the turn of the century, North Adams struggled with an economic depression that had hit many other cities, yet saw the continued expansion of its shoe, woolen and cotton goods industries, which in turn boosted its population by attracting large numbers of immigrants.

At the annual Town Meeting of 1895, the citizens of North Adams voted to accept "An act to incorporate this City of North Adams," which the General Court of Massachusetts had already passed. With continued economic expansion and a population soaring over the legislative requirement of 20,000, the Town of North Adams became the City of North Adams.

Prosperity had faltered by the beginning of the 20th century, and by the end of its first quarter, there was a steep decline in the textile and shoe industries, culminating in complete closure after World War II. In recent decades North Adams has made large strides in preservation, the most striking being the recycling of the former Sprague Electric Company mill buildings in the Massachusetts Museum of Contemporary Art (MASS MOCA).

Hillside Cemetery was the first and only public burying ground in the "North Village" for 90 years. The second, Southview, sited in the southeasterly part of North Adams, was not established until 1888. After this date, until 1897, Hillside Cemetery was called "Old Cemetery." Private burying grounds in North Adams include the Old Congregational Burial Ground (1788), the Blackinton Cemetery (1813), the Wilbur Family Burial Ground (1813), and the Advent Church Cemetery, also called the Ahab and Ruth Hill Memorial Ground (1835).

It is clear the south side of Hillside Cemetery was established by 1858, as the Town purchased ten acres of land from Rodman H. Wells on June 1 of that year. It is possible the south side was begun even earlier, as two Town Warrants (March 4 and September 12, 1848) refer to buying land for burial grounds, with the intention of erecting a Town Tomb. The south side was enlarged on June 19, 1877, when the Town of Adams purchased 2.35 acres (estimated) from John H. Orr, and again on December 10, 1878, when the Town bought .115 acre from Harlow Green. It appears that this south side total of nearly 12 1/2 acres has remained stable until the present day.

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The Soldier's Circle, located on the south side (site plan #1), was planned in 1863. The town report for that year relates: "We have set apart and fitted a ground for the burial of soldiers who may die or be killed in the present war." There are currently 34 veterans buried in the Circle: three from the Revolutionary War, 29 from the Civil War, and single burials from the Spanish-American War and World War I.

The unusual native green-veined marble, so noticeable in the cemetery's gravestones, monuments, 1865 receiving tomb (lot #31-N, site plan #6) and cemetery walls can be seen in its natural location at the nearby Natural Bridge and Natural Bridge Quarry State park. An "Historical Sketch" in the North Adams 1880/1881 Town Directory describes Natural Bridge thusly: "The water has cut a channel in the white marble some 15 feet wide, from 30 to 60 feet deep and 30 rods long, over which extends an arch of solid rock."

A thriving local marble industry, focused on the manufacture of monuments and headstones, is reflected in a sample of Directories from 1875 to 1887. Prominent advertisements show elaborate headstones, obelisks, urn-topped draped shafts and statuary of all varieties. It is clear that examples of the work of such North Adams firms as A.B. Hosley's North Adams Monumental Works, Pike's Marble Works, John Flaherty's "Foreign and American Marble, Monuments," and the T.F. Loftus Marble Works are displayed in Hillside Cemetery.

The remarkable concrete plot retaining walls, many of which date to the 1870s, demonstrate an early use of cement in cemeteries (photo #3). As with the prevalence of marble, this use of cement is tied to a flourishing local industry. Town Directories show at least four lime and cement companies, E.J. Cary, Burlingame & Darby, S.B. Dibble and Richardson & Flagg, some of which were delivering cement to Hillside Cemetery as early as 1866.

Hillside Cemetery overflows with elaborate monuments commemorating the industrialists who propelled North Adams to the peak of its greatest prosperity from the mid-1800s to the Depression. Preceding these manufacturers were two important early 18th century men, Richard D. Knight and Giles Tinker.

Knight (d. 1822) (lot #285-N, site plan #19) was a wealthy farmer who introduced wool carding machinery to North Adams and is also integral to the history of Hillside Cemetery. Local historian Paul W. Marino notes in his "Hill Side Cemetery: Historical Synopsis:"

...it is possible he [Knight] owned the land that the cemetery was established on...in any event, the Knights buried their daughter [Olive Knight, d. Feb. 13, 1798] at the top of the north hill. ... Another fact that suggests the Knights may have owned the cemetery property can be found on the plot map of that section: The entire top of the hill, and some of the south face, is marked off and labeled "Widow Knight's land - Occupied Free." This area, donated by Lilles Knight, may well have been the community's first formal Potter's Field.

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~~A gifted mechanic who began the manufacture of wool carding machinery, Giles Tinker (1781-1833) married the daughter of Richard D. Knight and built the "Eagle Factory," the second cotton mill in town, where he introduced the first cotton power loom, which was largely built of wood.~~

There are so many prominent industrialists buried in Hillside Cemetery that only a representative group will be mentioned. Sylvander Johnson (1815-1882) established, with others, the Johnson Manufacturing Co., a textile warp mill (lot #5-S, site plan #8). Amasa Richardson (1816-1883) was a cotton manufacturer, particularly of print cloths (lot #27-N, site plan #11). Woolen manufacturer Sanford Blackinton (1797-1885) was the founder of S. Blackinton & Son (lot #401-S, site plan #29) and is remembered for his refined architectural taste which can still be seen in his Second Empire mansion (now the North Adams Public Library) and the Italianate Blackinton Block on Holden Street.

James Hunter (1806-1891) was the founder of the James Hunter Machine Co. and president of the Berkshire Bank (lot #48-S, site plan #20). Calvin T. Sampson (1826-1893) founded the C.T. Sampson Manufacturing Co., one of most important shoe manufacturing firms in the community, employing over 500 workers (lot #697-S, site plan #33). Edward R. Tinker (d. 1915), who is interred in the Tinker Mausoleum (lot #19-N, photos #1,4, site plan #2), was the grandson of Giles Tinker. A founding member of the Republican party, Tinker was a close friend of Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant. The Tinker family left the Tinker Charitable Trust which agrees to give the City of North Adams \$4,000 annually if the City properly maintains Hillside Cemetery.

The Sullivan brothers (the last of whom died in 1941) had a large furniture company as well as controlling all the theaters in the City (lot #278-S, site plan #26). However, the major source of their wealth lay in significant local property holdings. Their sister, Florence Sullivan (1878-1957), known for her charitable endeavors, was heir to her brothers' holdings and became North Adams' largest individual real estate owner.

Among others prominent outside the industrial realm were John Henry Haynes, George Pelton Lawrence and Sarah T. Haskins. John Henry Haynes (1849-1910) was the archaeological explorer and discoverer of the famous Temple library at Nippur in Babylonia (lot #333-S, site plan #25). According to his Williams College, Class of 1876, obituary: "In the excavation of this temple Dr. Haynes pushed back the curtain of history from some 2,000 years and proved that certain kings supposed to be mythical were actual personages of history." The dedication of Haynes' monument in 1913 was attended by distinguished scholars and constituted, according to The North Adams Evening Transcript (Dec. 6, 1913), "one of the notable events in the life of the city."

George Pelton Lawrence (1859-1917) was an attorney who in 1894 was elected to the Massachusetts Senate for three successive terms, serving as Senate President in 1896-97, and was a member of the United States Congress from 1897-1913 (lot #398-S, site plan #28). There are also distinguished women buried in Hillside Cemetery. Sarah T. Haskins, schoolteacher and

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principal, is the only North Adams female educator to have a school named after her, the 1922 Sarah T. Haskins elementary school (lot #842-S, site plan #38).

The City of North Adams has always had a high level of respect and concern for its cemeteries, as evidenced in its town and city reports. Mayor Frank D. Stafford took the unusual step of discussing the cemeteries in his 1902 Inaugural Address. His words sum up the City's appreciation of its burial grounds, continuing to the present day:

"The burial places of our dead are the shrines where gather the living to pay tributes of respect and devotion. About them cluster the most sacred memories. They are revered, not only because of the dead entombed therein, but also because they are to be the last resting places of the living. The head of beauty should touch and adorn them and I trust that in your wisdom you will deal generously with them. Let them ever be kept beautiful and attractive to the eye as they are sacred and hallowed to the memory."

Archaeological Significance

Historic archaeological resources described above have the potential to provide detailed information on many of the social, cultural, and economic characteristics that typified the North Adams community from the 18th through 20th centuries. Physical and stylistic analysis of gravestones can contribute important information relating to the lives of individuals and larger social and/or ethnic groups in the community. Detailed analysis of grave goods, including coffins and artifacts associated with memorial services, can also contribute in this analysis. Physical study of skeletal remains can also contribute important information on the lives of individuals and larger groups including such information as sex, stature, the overall health of individuals, and cause of death. The location of unmarked graves can help reconstruct the entire distribution of graves in the cemetery and smaller areas within the cemetery such as family plots. The analysis of post mold patterns may also contribute valuable information on the boundaries of the cemetery and smaller areas within those borders. The above information might also help determine the date when the north hill tract became a cemetery. That information is presently unclear. Archaeological research might also contribute similar information for the south side of the Hillside Cemetery. The exact date that that area was established is also questionable.

(end)

United States Department of the Interior
National Park ServiceNational Register of Historic Places
Continuation SheetSection number 9 Page 1Hillside Cemetery/North Adams MRA
North Adams (Berkshire), MA

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

BOOKS

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- History of Berkshire County, Massachusetts. New York: J.B. Beers & Co., 1885.
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- Michaelenko, Eugene F. In This Valley: A Concise History of Adams, Massachusetts. Adams: Specialty & Printing Co., 2000.
- North Adams, Mass. Troy Daily Times Presses, 1890. Reprinted by the North Adams Historical Society, Inc., 1988.
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PERIODICALS

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- Michaelenko, Eugene F. "When the Trains Came," Adams Historical Society Newsletter, Vol. 22, no. 4, August 1995.
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PUBLIC DOCUMENTS

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- City of North Adams. Assessors Records.
- _____. North Adams Cemetery Department Records.

(continued)

United States Department of the Interior
National Park ServiceNational Register of Historic Places
Continuation SheetHillside Cemetery/North Adams MRA
North Adams (Berkshire), MASection number 9 Page 2

- _____. North Adams Historical Commission files.
_____. Town Reports, 1888-1913.
Town of Adams. Town Reports, 1860-1878

MAPS AND ATLASES (arranged by date published)

- 1853: "Map of North Adams, Berkshire Co., Massachusetts." Thos. & John Slater, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, Hoboken, NJ (hanging map)
1869: "Map and Business Directory of North Adams, Berkshire Co., Mass." Surveyed and drawn by F.P. Brown.
1875: "North Adams." W.G. Roberts Company. Courtesy North Adams Historical Society.
1876: County Atlas of Berkshire, Massachusetts. New York: Beers, White & Co.
1878: "Plan of the Old Cemetery Corrected." Surveyed by F.P. Brown.
1879: "Plan of the New Cemetery Revised." E. Brown, Esq.
1887: "Plan of Lots in South East part of Cemetery, North Adams, Mass." Surveyed and drawn by F.S. Smith, Engineer.
1890: "Plan of Lots in West Cemetery, North Adams, Mass. Belonging to Barnard Haggerty." Surveyed and drawn Aug 18, 1890. F.S. Smith, C.E.
1893: "Plan of Lots in Cemetery, North Adams, Mass." Drawn by Wm. C. Guy.
1896: "Plan of Lots in Cemetery. North Adams, Mass." Surveyor: Lucius E. Tenney, C.E. Pub. By D.L. Miller & Co., Phila., Pa.
1900/1922: "Map of North Adams, Mass." Copy from map published by D.L. Miller & Co. 1900. Partially revised 1922.
1904: "Subdivision of Lot 'P,' 'Q,' and 'R' As Laid Out in Hillside Cemetery. South side of Main Street. North Adams, Mass."
1940: "Hillside Cemetery, North Adams, Massachusetts." Veteran's Graves Registration. WPA Project #2087. J. Robare. 6 sheets.
1946: "Copy of Original Layout of Hillside Cemetery." G. Breda, City Engineer's Office.
1988: USGS Quad Map: "North Adams, Massachusetts" 1:25,000-scale metric.
1988: "National Register Properties, North Adams, Massachusetts." North Adams Historical Commission.
1993: "Map of North Adams, Berkshire County, Massachusetts." (showing wards). Wallace E. Konopka, Director of Engineers.

DIRECTORIES

North Adams City Directories, 1874-1887.

(continued)

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Hillside Cemetery/North Adams MRA
North Adams (Berkshire), MA

Section number 9 Page 3

OTHER SOURCES

H. William Cummings, Cummings Studio, North Adams, MA. Site visit and comments on
The stained glass window, Tinker Mausoleum, March 23, 1999.

Hillside Cemetery Deeds:

- June 1, 1858: R.H. Wells to Town of Adams (Lib. 88, Fol. 932)
- June 19, 1877: J.H. Orr to Inhabitants of Adams (Lib. 149, fol. 529)
- June 12, 1874: from H.P. Greene (Book 139, p. 141)
- July 15, 1875: from L.P. Thompson (Book 143, p. 27)
- Feb. 7, 1877 (Book 149, p. 205)
- Dec. 10, 1878: H. Greene to Inhabitants of North Adams (Lib. 154, Fol. 78)

Legal Documents concerning the Edward R. Tinker Mausoleum: indenture between Edmund
Rodman Perry and Edward R. Tinker, executed March 25, 1925; Tinker Charitable Trust
u/a/7/29/57; Letter to Mayor of the City of North Adams from Mudge Rose Guthrie & Alexander,
New York City, May 23, 1979 and July 25, 1979; letter to Treasurer of North Adams from
Mudge Rose Guthrie & Alexander, June 5, 1979; North Adams Solicitor to the Mayor of North
Adams, June 20, 1978.

North Adams Historical Society, Inc. Archives.

Pierre Coat Photographic Collection, 1994

Paul W. Marino, Historian, North Adams Historical Society.

Preservation Brief #15. "Preservation of Historic Concrete: Problems and General Approaches"

By William B. Coney, A.I.A., National Park Service.

SOS! Survey Questionnaire. John Henry Haynes Monument, Hillside Cemetery. Paul W.
Marino, Historian, North Adams Historical Society, Aug. 8, 1994.

_____. Sullivan Family Monument, Hillside Cemetery. Paul W. Marino, Historian, North
Adams Historical Society, Aug. 8, 1994.

(end)

Hillside Cemetery
Name of Property

Berkshire, MA
County, State

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property 17.99 acres

UTM References See continuation sheet.

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1. 18 653800 4729180
Zone Easting Northing

2. 18 653900 4729060
Zone Easting Northing

3. 18 653840 4729060
Zone Easting Northing

4. 18 653820 4728930
Zone Easting Northing

☒ See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Minxie J. Fannin and Monique B. Lehner, Consultants, with Betsy Friedberg, MHC, NR Director

organization Massachusetts Historical Commission date May 2001

street & number 220 Morrissey Boulevard telephone 617-727-8470

city or town Boston state MA zip code 02125

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name City of North Adams

street & number 10 Main Street telephone 413-662-3000

city or town North Adams state MA zip code 01247

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park ServiceNational Register of Historic Places
Continuation SheetHillside Cemetery/North Adams MRA
North Adams (Berkshire), MASection number 10 Page 1

10. GEOGRAPHIC DATA

UTM locations (continued)

5.	18	653540	4728900
6.	18	653490	4728990
7.	18	653740	4729100
8.	18	653740	4729170

Boundary Description

As delineated by the attached Assessor's Map, the boundary of the cemetery includes Map 103, lot 11 and Map 128, lot 20. This is the historic boundary, dating to the 1878 purchase of .115 acre.

Boundary Justification

The cemetery boundary has been long-established, and contains all historic areas. Although the cemetery is divided by MA Route 2, both the north and south side lots are considered contributing elements.

(end)

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

**Hillside Cemetery/North Adams MRA
North Adams (Berkshire), MA**

Section number _____ Page _____

PHOTOGRAPHS

Starred photographs were taken by James Fannin in April, 1999. These negatives are held by Fannin/Lehner Preservation Services, 271 Lexington Road, Concord, MA

Unstarred photographs were taken by Pierre Coat in 1994. These negatives are located at the North Adams Historical Society, Box 333, North Adams, MA

1. General view from north side of cemetery across Route 2, looking SW.*
2. General view to surrounding Berkshire Mtns. From the south side, looking W.
3. General view, showing terracing and cart path wall, looking SE.
4. North side of cemetery, including Isbell lot, Tinker Mausoleum, and Amasa Richardson column, looking E.
5. North Adams receiving tomb, looking NW.*
6. Olive Knight headstone (1798), oldest stone in cemetery.*
7. Detail, Sullivan family monument (1937), looking W.*

(end)

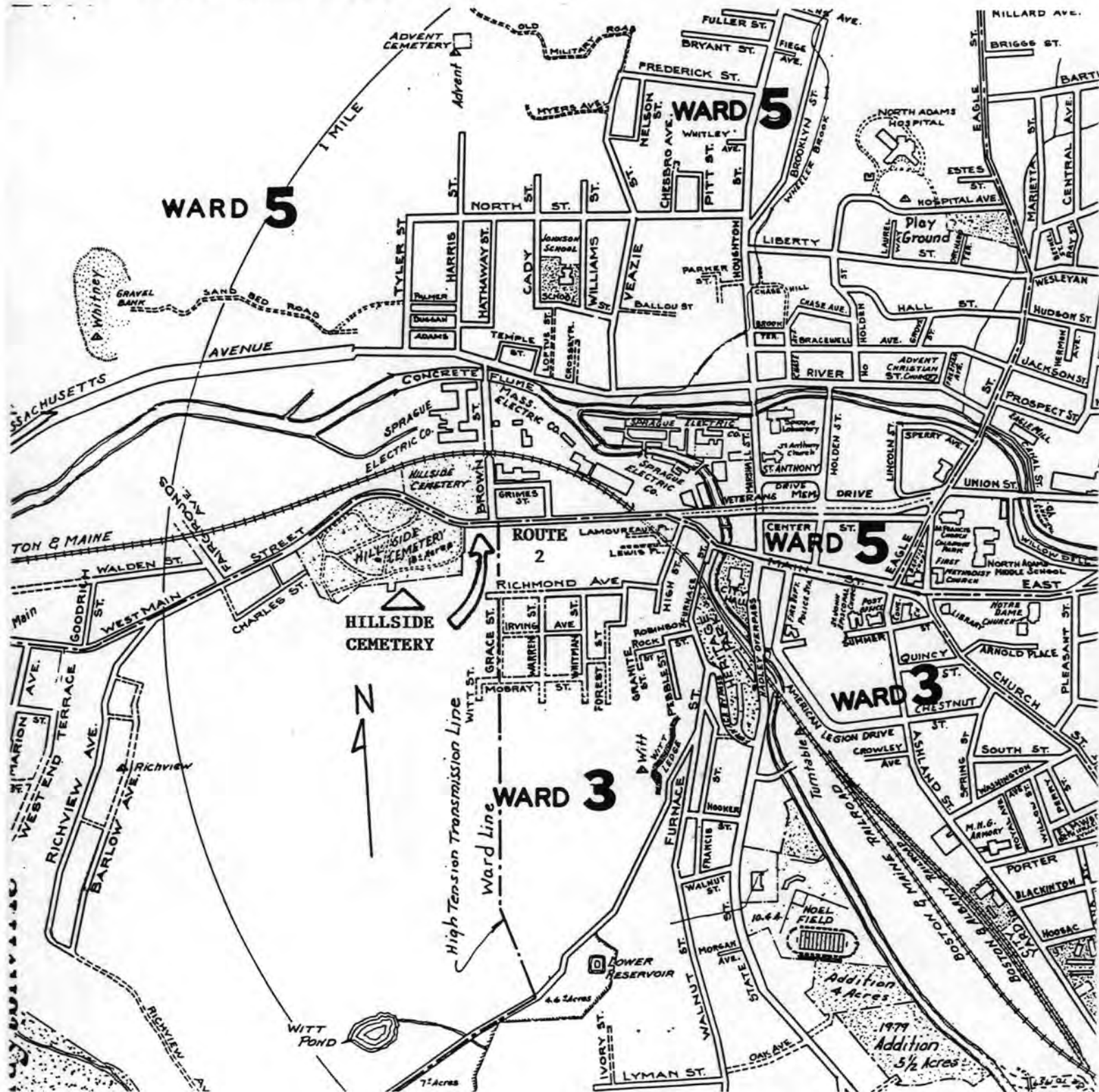
United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page _____

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams (Berkshire Co.),
Massachusetts

SCALE: ONE INCH EQUALS 600 FEET



United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

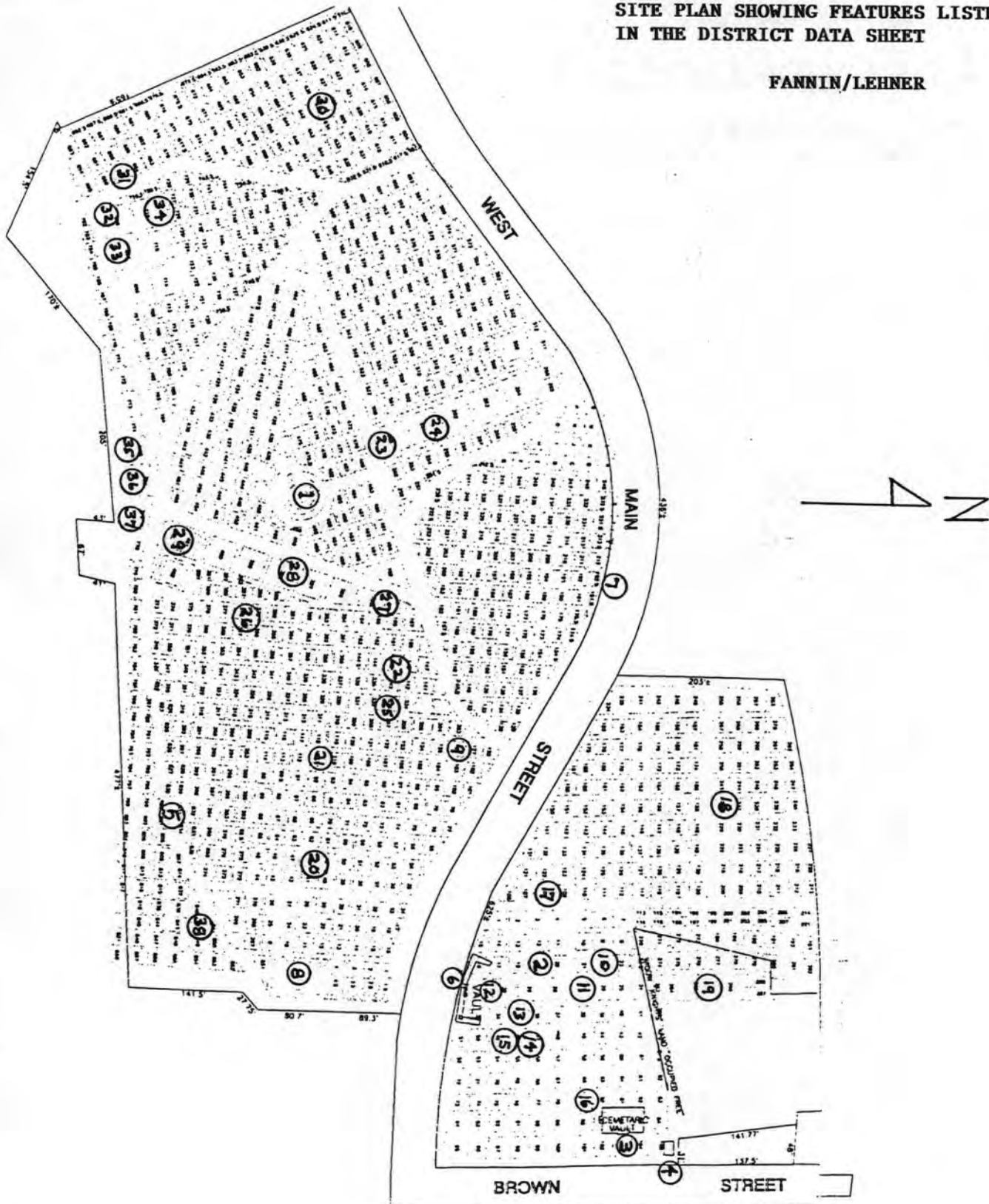
National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page _____

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams (Berkshire Co.),
Massachusetts

SITE PLAN SHOWING FEATURES LISTED
IN THE DISTRICT DATA SHEET

FANNIN/LEHNER



Hillside Cemetery
North Adams
(Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET

Fannin•Lehner

8/27/99

Number	Lot	Historic Name	Type	Material	Resource	Date	Status
		HILLSIDE CEMETERY	LANDSCAPE	N/A	SITE - NORTH SITE - SOUTH	1798/ 1858	C
1	S	SOLDIERS CIRCLE	LANDSCAPE FEATURE	N/A	SITE	1863	C
			SMALL MONUMENTS HEADSTONES	MARBLE/GRANITE MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECTS	1816- 1905	C
2	19-N	EDWARD RICHARD TINKER	MAUSOLEUM	GRANITE/ BRONZE DOORS/ STAINED GLASS	BUILDING	c. 1926	C
3	85-87N	TOWN OF NORTH ADAMS	RECEIVING TOMB	GRANITE/BRICK/ WROUGHT IRON GATE/WOODEN DOORS COL. F. W. MERRIAM	BUILDING	1893	C
4	105-N	CEMETERY STORAGE	BUILDING	WOOD	BUILDING	1900s	C
	N	CIRCULATION SYSTEM	ROADWAY	N/A	STRUCTURE	c. 1820	C
	S	CIRCULATION SYSTEM	ROADWAY	N/A	STRUCTURE	c. 1860	C
5	S	CART PATH/WALL	ROADWAY	CUT STONE	STRUCTURE	c. 1878	C
6	31-N	TOWN OF ADAMS	RECEIVING TOMB	MARBLE	STRUCTURE	1865	C
7	S	MAIN STREET WALL, SOUTH SIDE	WALL	GRANITE	STRUCTURE	1920s	C

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams
(Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET

Fannin•Lehner

8/24/99

Number	Lot	Historic Name	Type	Material	Resource	Date	Status
8	5-S	SYLVANDER JOHNSON	VAULT	GRANITE/BRICK/ BLUESTONE/ ORNAMENTAL METAL DOOR	STRUCTURE	1870s	C
9	126-S	CHARLES BUTLER	FENCE/MONUMENT	CAST IRON/MARBLE	STRUCTURE/ OBJECT	1859	C
10	22-N	JOHN E. ATWOOD	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1907	C
11	27-N	AMASA RICHARDSON	CORINTHIAN COLUMN	SANDSTONE	OBJECT	1883	C
12	31-N	DR. ELIHU S. HAWKES	OBELISK	MARBLE/ BRONZE PLAQUE MEAD & FULLER, PITTSFIELD	OBJECT	1879	C
13	35-N	HARVEY H. POLLARD	STATUE/MONUMENT	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECT	1868	C
14	46/47 N	HARRIS ARNOLD/ EDWARD H. ARNOLD	MONUMENT	MARBLE/GRANITE J. D. CLARK & CO/ NORTH ADAMS ???	OBJECT	1845 1901	C
15	48-N	ALANSON CADY/S.M. WHITE/ WILLIAM G. CADY	MONUMENT/ MARBLE WALLS	MARBLE	OBJECT	1866 1912	C
16	79-N	NEHEMIAH HODGE/ MRS. NEHEMIAH HODGE	HEADSTONE	MARBLE/SANDSTONE MEAD & FULLER PITTSFIELD	OBJECT	1855 1854	C

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams
(Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET

Fannin•Lehner

8/24/99

Number	Lot	Historic Name	Type	Material	Resource	Date	Status
17	108-N	S. P. ISBELL	MONUMENT/ HEADSTONES	MARBLE	OBJECT	1879	C
18	236-N	MASON D. HODGE	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1886	C
19	285-N	RICHARD D. KNIGHT LOT	MONUMENTS/ HEADSTONES	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECTS	1798- 1891	C
		OLIVE KNIGHT	HEADSTONE	MARBLE	OBJECT	1798	C
		GILES TINKER	HEADSTONE	MARBLE	OBJECT	1833	C
20	48-S	JAMES HUNTER/ JAMES E. HUNTER/ ROBERT HUNTER	MONUMENT	RED SCOTCH GRANITE	OBJECT	1891 1919 1864	C
21	111-S	JOHN H. CROWLEY/ JAMES W. O'HEARN	STATUE	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECT	1888 1924	C
22	145-S	HOLTIE T. PARKS	SMALL MONUMENT	MARBLE	OBJECT	1876	C
23	260-S	GEN. ANDREW A. RICHMOND DR. THOMAS A. BRAYTON	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1861 1861	C
24	261-S	CLINTON QUACKENBUSH RICHMOND	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1934	C
		MARY ELIZABETH WILKINSON "BIRDIE"	SMALL MONUMENT	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECT	1872	C
25	333-S	JOHN HENRY HAYNES	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1913	C
26	378-S	WM. B. SULLIVAN	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1932	C

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams
(Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET

Fannin•Lehner

8/24/99

Number	Lot	Historic Name	Type	Material	Resource	Date	Status
		JOHN B. SULLIVAN				1933	
		JOHN F. SULLIVAN				1937	
		EDWARD C. SULLIVAN				1941	
		FLORENCE A. SULLIVAN				1957	
27	395-S	FRANK RICE "LITTLE FRANK"	SMALL MONUMENT	MARBLE	OBJECT	N/A	C
28	398-S	GEORGE PELTON LAWRENCE	MONUMENT	GRANITE/ BRONZE TABLETS	OBJECT	1917	C
29	401-S	SANFORD BLACKINTON	MONUMENT/ SMALL MONUMENTS	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECT	1885	C
30	635-S	SALMON BURLINGAME	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1882	C
31	689-S	FRANKLIN B. LOCKE	MONUMENT	LIMESTONE	OBJECT	1917	C
32	696-S	SYLVANUS D. LEWIS	STATUE/MONUMENT	MARBLE/GRANITE	OBJECT	1882	C
33	697-S	CALVIN T. SAMPSON	MONUMENT	RED SCOTCH GRANITE	OBJECT	1893	C
34	716-S	WM. WALLACE FREEMAN	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1881	C
35	775-S	HUGH SHERIDAN	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1917	C
36	776-S	PHINEAS BARTLETT	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1881	C
37	777-S	HARRY R. HAMER	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1902	C

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams
(Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET
Fannin•Lehner

8/24/99

Number	Lot	Historic Name	Type	Material	Resource	Date	Status
38	842-S	SARAH T. HASKINS	MONUMENT	GRANITE	OBJECT	1927	C

Hillside Cemetery
North Adams (Berkshire Co.), MA

DATA SHEET

TOTAL RESOURCES: 45 Contributing, 0 Non-Contributing

3 Contributing Buildings
2 Contributing Sites
7 Contributing Structures
33 Contributing Objects

KEY

C: Contributing Resources
NC: Non-Contributing Resources

Note: With an estimated 9200+ gravestones, markers and monuments in Hillside Cemetery, it is impossible to identify all resources. Therefore the District Data Sheet only provides a representative sample of the resources to be found in the Cemetery.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number _____ Page _____

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 01000722 Date Listed: 7/19/2001

Property Name: Hillside Cemetery County: Berkshire State: MA

Multiple Name

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

Patrick Andrews

Signature of the Keeper

7/19/2001

Date of Action

=====

Amended Items in Nomination:

This SLR makes a technical correction to the registration form to amend the Period of Significance. Under Period of Significance the form notes that it begins in 1749. The MA SHPO has confirmed that this is a typographical error and that the Period of Significance begins in 1798, the year of the first burial in the cemetery.

DISTRIBUTION:

National Register property file

Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Hillside Cemetery
NAME:

MULTIPLE North Adams MRA
NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: MASSACHUSETTS, Berkshire

DATE RECEIVED: 6/04/01 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 6/22/01
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 7/08/01 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 7/20/01
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 01000722

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: Y NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

☒ ACCEPT ☐ RETURN ☐ REJECT ☐ DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA Accept A&C

REVIEWER Patrick Andrews DISCIPLINE Historian

TELEPHONE _____ DATE 7/19/2001

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

SLR
541



1. Hillside Cemetery
West main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. James C. Fannin, Jr.
4. April 1999
5. 271 Lexington Road,
Concord, MA 01742
6. General view from north side of
Cemetery (1798) across West
main Street (Route 2) to South
Side (1858). Looking southwest.
7. #1



1. Hillside Cemetery
West main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. Pierre Coat
4. 1994
5. North Adams Historical Society
PO Box 333, North Adams, MA 01247
6. General view to the surrounding
Berkshire mountains from the
South side of Cemetery. Looking
West.
7. # 2



1. Hillside Cemetery
West main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. Pierre Coat
4. 1994
5. North Adams Historical Society
PO Box 333, North Adams, MA 01247
6. General view showing terracing
and cart path wall (before 1878.)
Looking southeast.
7. #3



1. Hillside Cemetery
West main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. Pierre Coat
4. 1994
5. North Adams Historical Society
PO Box 333, North Adams, MA 01247
6. General view of north side of
Cemetery including the S.P. Isbell
Lot (1879), Lot #108N, The Tinker
mausoleum (c. 1926), Lot #19N and
the Amasa Richardson Column (1883),
Lot #27N. Looking east.
7. #4



1. Hillside Cemetery
West Main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. James C. Fannin, Jr.
4. April 1999
5. 271 Lexington Road
Concord, MA 01742
6. Town of North Adams
Receiving Tomb (1893),
north side of cemetery,
Lots # 85-87N. Looking
northwest.
7. #5

A black and white photograph of a weathered, upright gravestone in a cemetery. The stone has a decorative, arched top with a central peak and two smaller side peaks. It is set in a grassy field with other headstones visible in the background under a cloudy sky. The inscription on the stone is as follows:

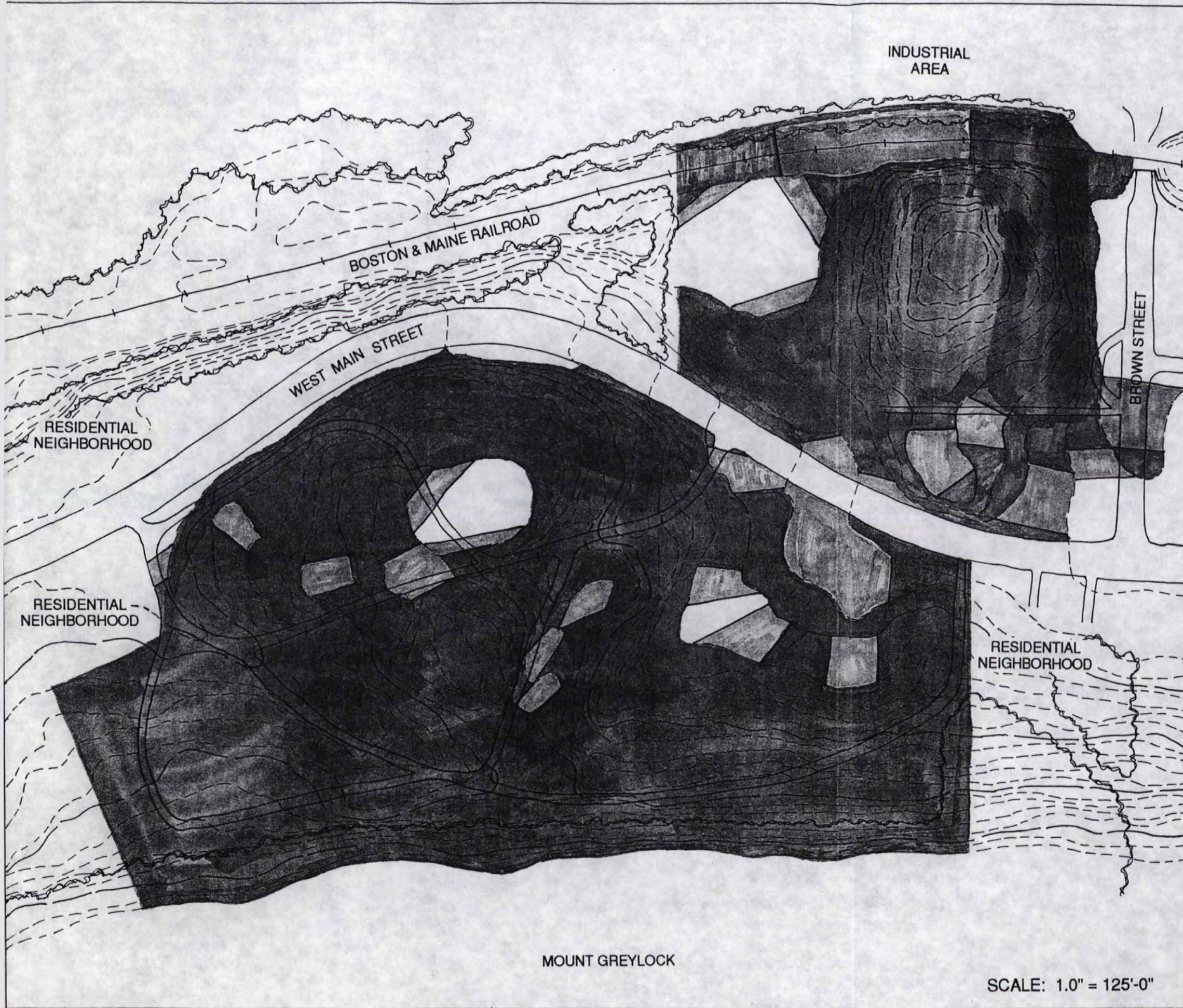
In Memory of
Olive Daughter
of Richard and
Lillis Knight who
died february 13th
1798 in the 18th year
of her age.

1. Hillside Cemetery
West main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. James C. Fannin, Jr.
4. March 1999
5. 271 Lexington Road
Concord, MA 01742
6. Olive Knight headstone
(Feb. 13, 1798). Oldest stone
in Cemetery, located atop
the high hill on north
Side, Lot # 285 N. Looking
east
7. #6



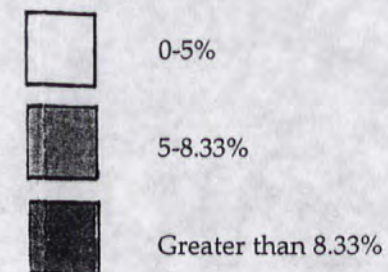
1. Hillside Cemetery
West Main Street, North Adams
2. Berkshire County, MA
3. James C. Fannin, Jr.
4. March 1999
5. 271 Lexington Road
Concord, MA 01742
6. Sullivan Family Monument
(1937), detail, South side
of cemetery, Lot # 3785.
Looking west.

7. #7



LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

SLOPES



HILLSIDE CEMETERY
AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS

PRESERVATION PLAN
DENIG DESIGN ASSOCIATES, INC



LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

VEGETATION

- Tree – good condition
- Tree – fair condition
- Tree – poor condition
- Tree – diseased
- Heritage tree – good condition
- Heritage tree – fair condition
- Supportive vegetative buffer
- Partially supportive vegetative buffer

HILLSIDE CEMETERY
AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS

PRESERVATION PLAN
DENIG DESIGN ASSOCIATES, INC



INDUSTRIAL
AREA

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD

WEST MAIN STREET

BROWN STREET

RESIDENTIAL
NEIGHBORHOOD

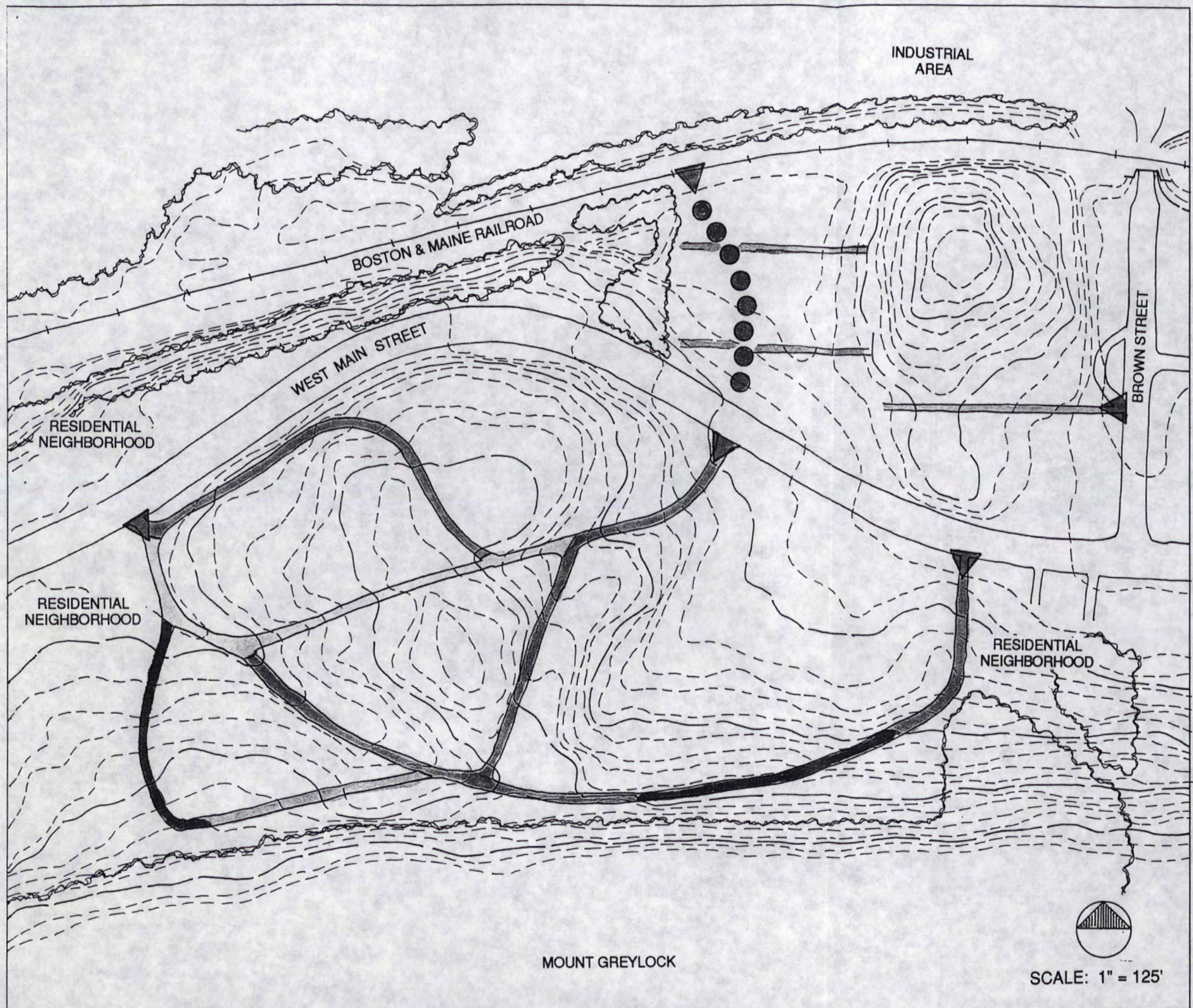
RESIDENTIAL
NEIGHBORHOOD

TREE SURVEY INCOMPLETE IN THIS AREA

RESIDENTIAL
NEIGHBORHOOD

MOUNT GREYLOCK

SCALE: 1" = 125'



LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

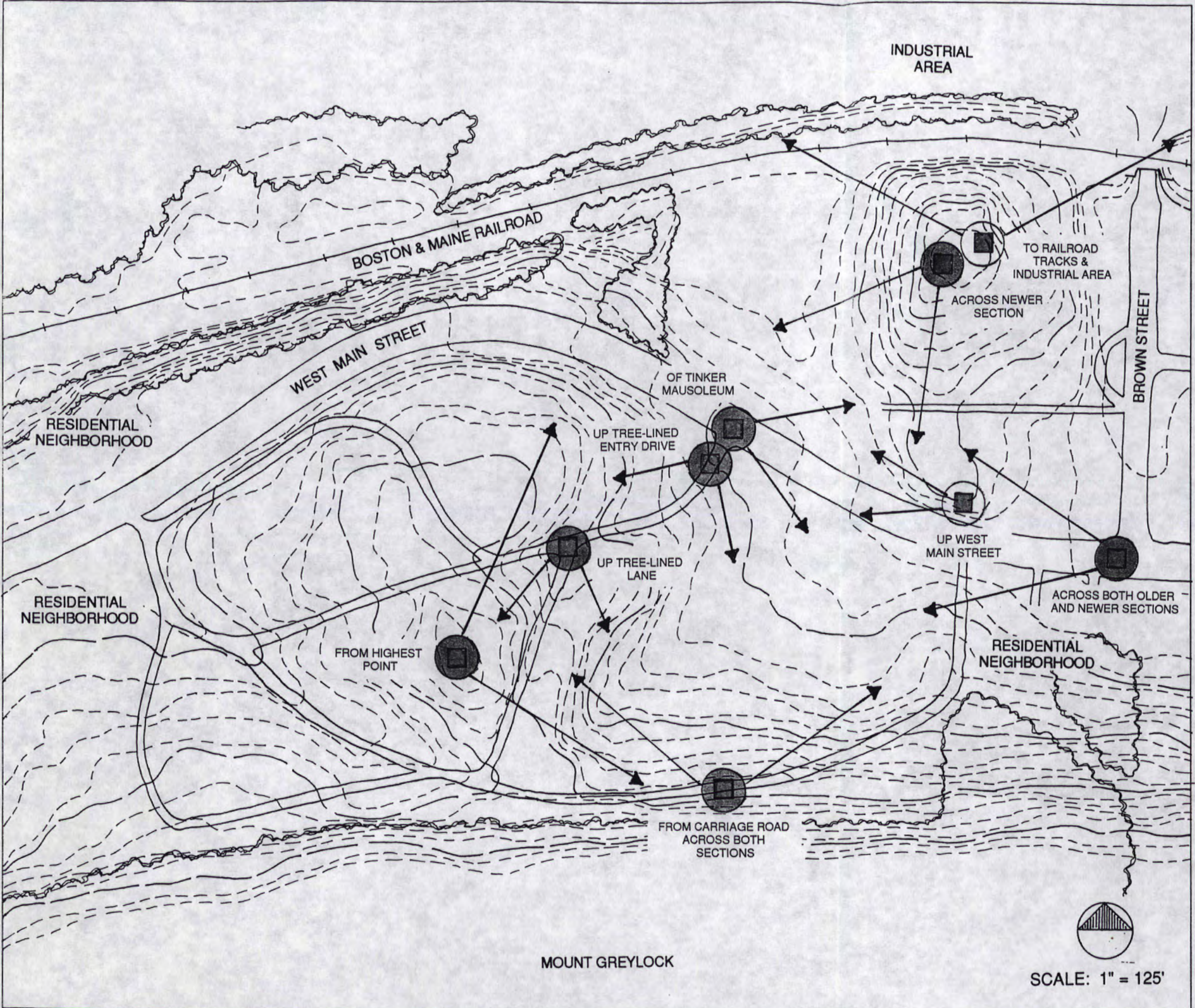
ENTRANCES, ROADWAYS, PATHS

-  Cemetery entry point
-  Gravel/bituminous surface
-  Bituminous/calcite surface
-  Gravel/turf surface
-  Turf surface
-  Wear path
-  Makeshift entrance

HILLSIDE CEMETERY
AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS

PRESERVATION PLAN
DENIG DESIGN ASSOCIATES, INC


SCALE: 1" = 125'



LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

VIEWS

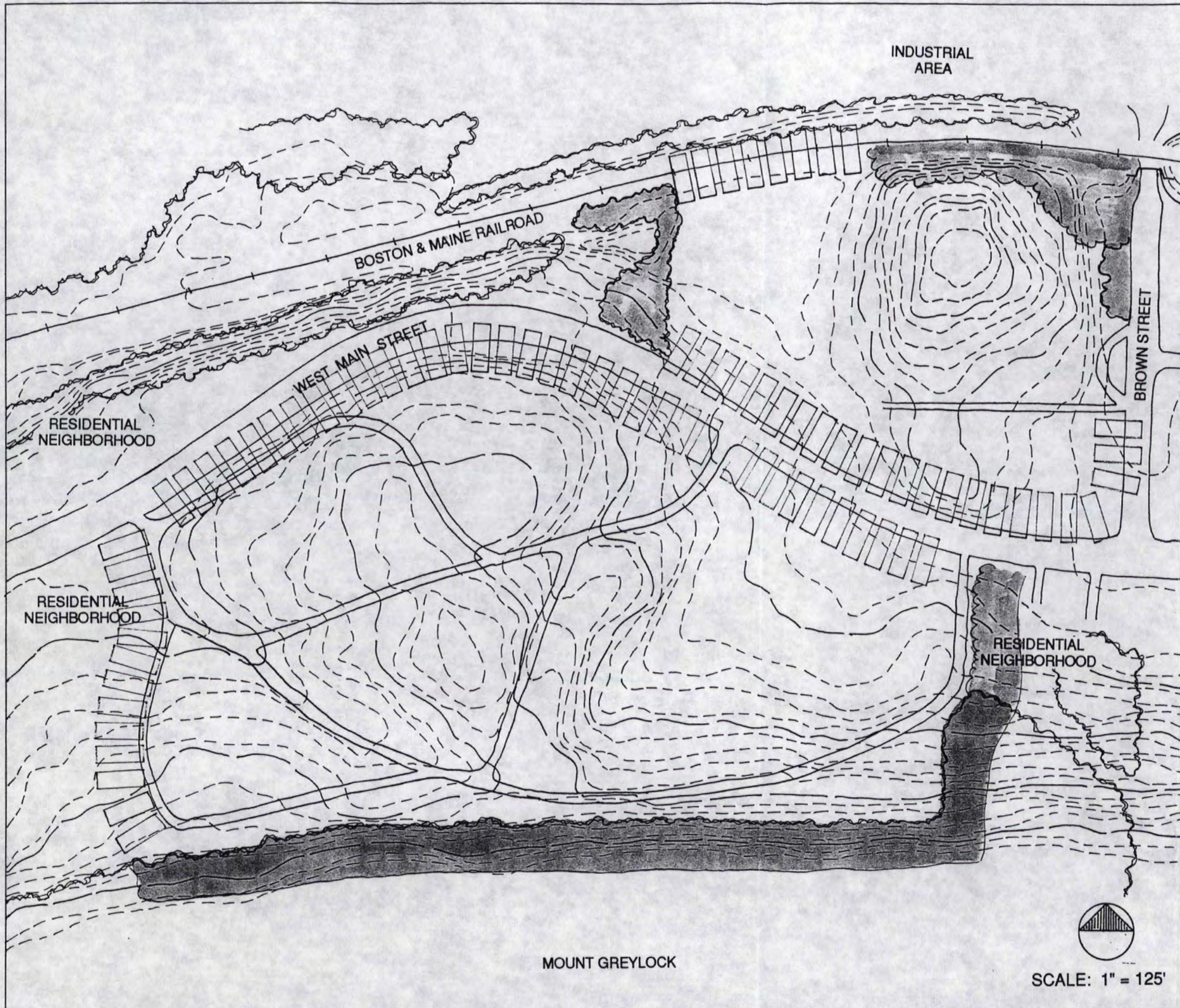
-  Views supporting historical integrity
-  Views not supporting historical integrity

HILLSIDE CEMETERY
AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS

PRESERVATION PLAN
DENIG DESIGN ASSOCIATES, INC

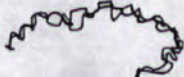



SCALE: 1" = 125'



LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

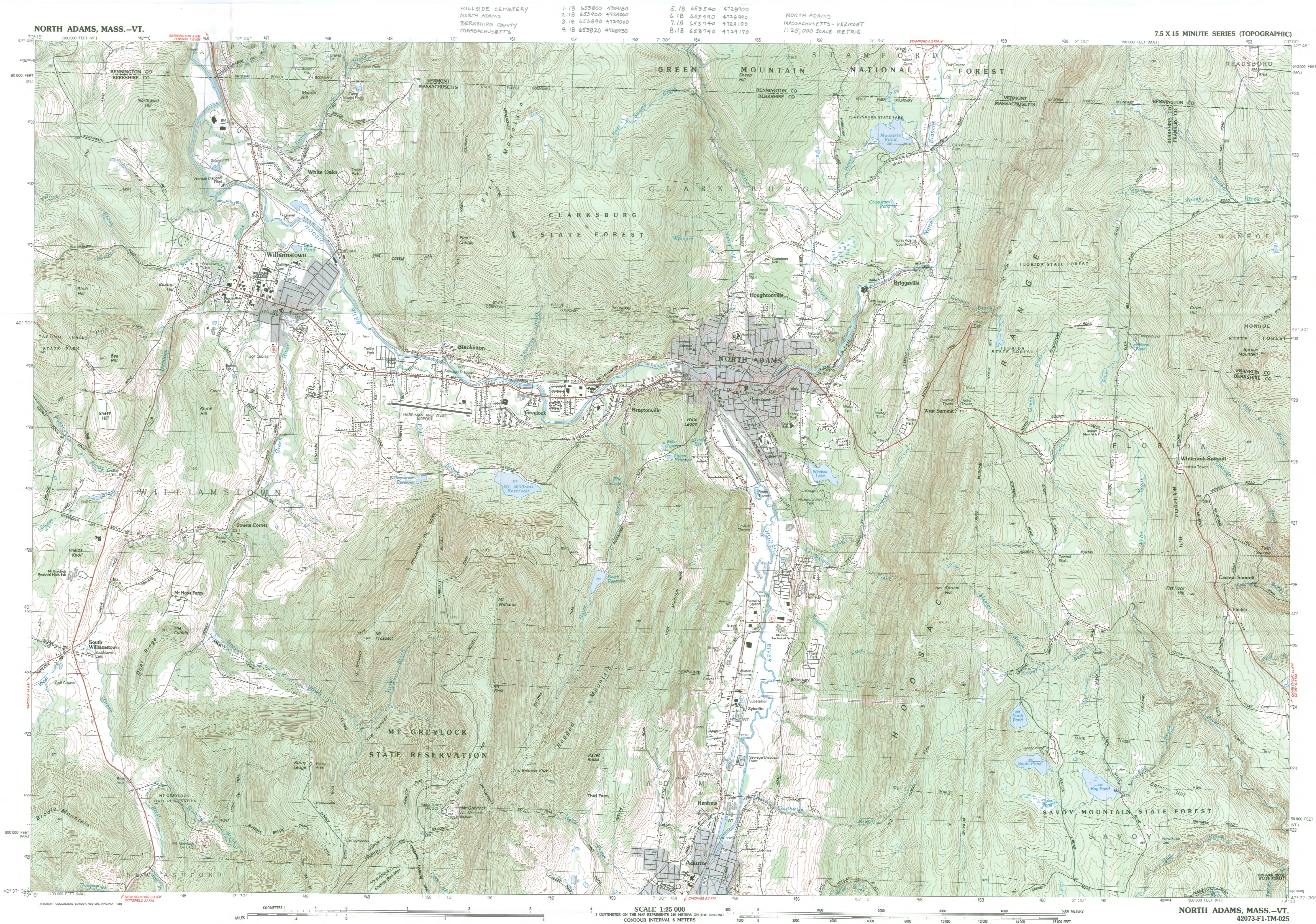
CONTEXT

-  Lack of Vegetative Buffer
-  Vegetative Buffer
-  Supportive
-  Partially Supportive
-  Unsupportive

HILLSIDE CEMETERY
AMHERST, MASSACHUSETTS

PRESERVATION PLAN
DENIG DESIGN ASSOCIATES, INC





HILLSIDE CEMETERY
N. ADAMS (BERKSHIRE) MA 42073-F1-TM-025

North Adams

MASSACHUSETTS-VERMONT

1:25 000-scale metric
topographic map

7.5 X 15 MINUTE QUADRANGLE
SHOWING

- Contours and elevations in meters
- Highways, roads and other manmade structures
- Water features
- Woodland areas
- Geographic names

1988

Produced by the United States Geological Survey
Control by USGS, NOS/NOAA, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts agencies
Compiled by photogrammetric methods from aerial photographs taken 1981 and 1982. Field checked 1984. Map edited 1988
This area also covered by 7.5-minute, 1:24,000-scale maps: North Adams and Williamstown dated 1973
Projection and 1000-meter grid, zone 18
Universal Transverse Mercator
10,000-foot grid ticks: Massachusetts coordinate system, mainland zone, and Vermont coordinate system
1927 North American Datum
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983, move the projection lines 5 meters south and 36 meters west as shown by dashed corner ticks
There may be private inholdings within the boundaries of the National or State reservations shown on this map

CONTOR INTERVAL 6 METERS
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929
CONTROL ELEVATIONS SHOWN TO THE NEAREST 0.1 METER
OTHER ELEVATIONS SHOWN TO THE NEAREST METER

THIS MAP COMPLES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS

CONVERSION TABLE		DECLINATION DIAGRAM	ADJOINING MAPS
Meters	Feet		
1	3.2808		1 A B C
2	6.5617		4 5
3	9.8425		6 7 8
4	13.1234		
5	16.4042		
6	19.6850		
7	22.9659		
8	26.2467		
9	29.5275		
10	32.8084		
To convert meters to feet multiply by 3.2808		UTM grid convergence (IGN and 1983 magnetic declination (MN) at center of map Diagram is approximate	1 North Portland (7.5') 2A Portland (7.5') 3 Portland (7.5') 4 Berlin 5 Berlin 6 Stephentown Center 7 Chelsea 8 Ashfield
To convert feet to meters multiply by 0.3048			

FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092

X50335

Topographic Map Symbols

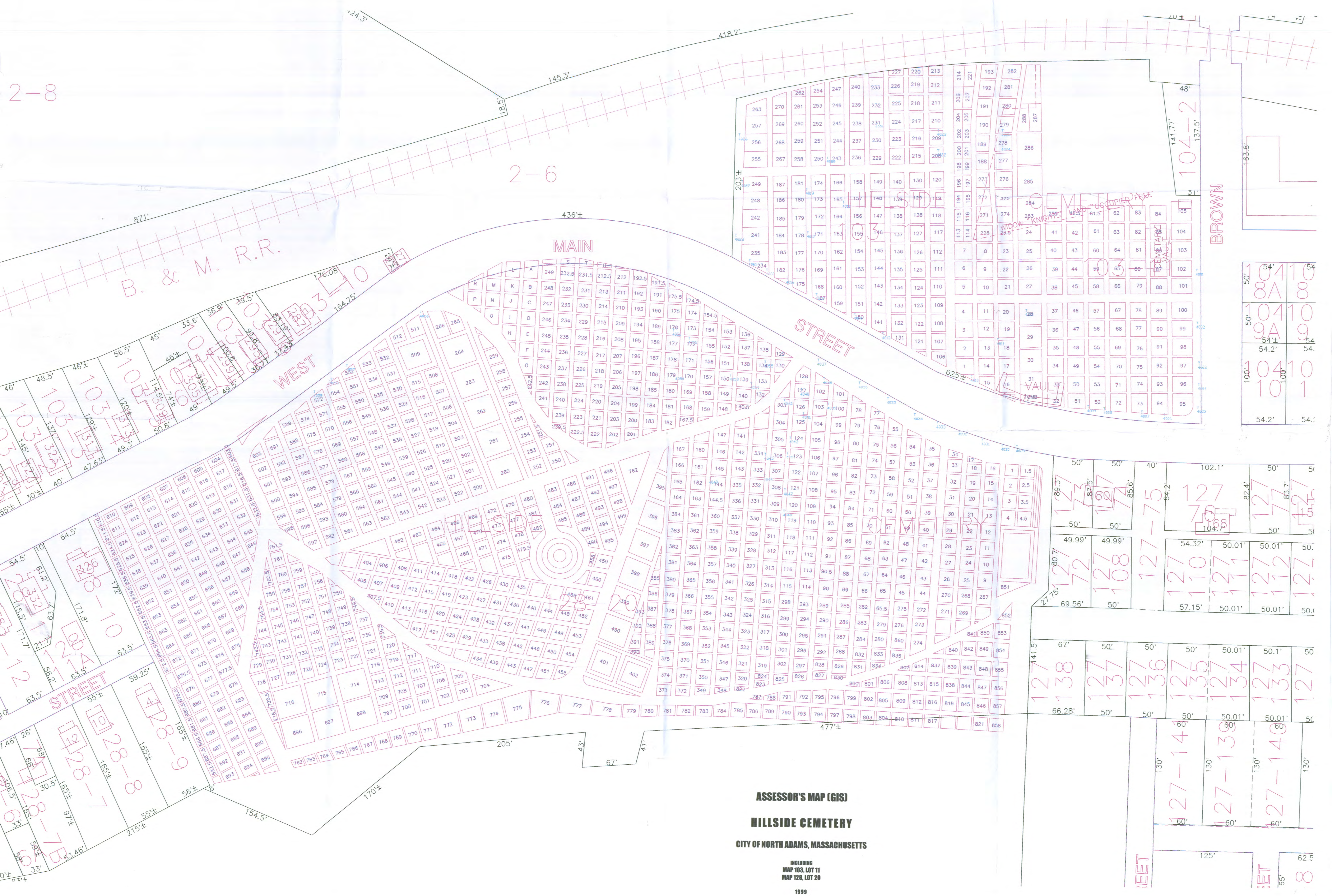
Primary highway, hard surface	.....
Secondary highway, hard surface	.....
Light-duty road, hard or improved surface	.....
Unimproved road; trail	.....
Route marker: Interstate; U. S.; State	.....
Railroad: standard gage; narrow gage	.....
Bridge: drawbridge	.....
Footbridge; overpass; underpass	.....
Built-up area: only selected landmark buildings shown	.....
House; barn; church; school; large structure	.....
Boundary:	.....
National, with monument	.....
State	.....
County, parish	.....
Civil township, precinct, district	.....
Incorporated city, village, town	.....
National or State reservation; small park	.....
Land grant with monument; found section corner	.....
U. S. public lands survey: range, township; section	.....
Range, township; section line: location approximate	.....
Fence or field line	.....
Power transmission line, located tower	.....
Dam; dam with lock	.....
Cemetery; grave	.....
Campground; picnic area; U. S. location monument	.....
Well; water well; spring	.....
Mine shaft; prospect; adit or cave	.....
Control: horizontal station; vertical station; spot elevation	.....
Contours: index; intermediate; supplementary; depression	.....
Distorted surface: strip mine, lava; sand	.....
Bathymetric contours: index; intermediate	.....
Perennial lake and stream; intermittent lake and stream	.....
Rapids, large and small; falls, large and small	.....
Swamp; marsh	.....
Submerged marsh; land subject to controlled inundation	.....
Woodland: scattered trees	.....
Scrub; mangrove	.....
Orchard; vineyard	.....

A pamphlet describing topographic maps is available on request

2-8

2-6

B. & M. R.R.



ASSESSOR'S MAP (GIS)
HILLSIDE CEMETERY

CITY OF NORTH ADAMS, MASSACHUSETTS

INCLUDING
MAP 103, LOT 11
MAP 128, LOT 20

1999

BROWN

FEET

FEET



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts
William Francis Galvin, Secretary of the Commonwealth
Massachusetts Historical Commission

May 25, 2001

Ms. Carol Shull
National Register of Historic Places
Department of the Interior
National Park Service
Mail Stop 2280, Suite 400
1849 C Street, NW
Washington, DC 20240

Dear Ms. Shull:

Enclosed please find the following nomination form:

Hillside Cemetery, North Adams (Berkshire), MA
NORTH ADAMS MULTIPLE RESOURCE AREA

The nomination has been voted eligible by the State Review Board and has been signed by the State Historic Preservation Officer. The owners of the property were notified of pending State Review Board consideration 30 to 45 days before the meeting and were afforded the opportunity to comment.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Betsy Friedberg".

Betsy Friedberg
National Register Director
Massachusetts Historical Commission

enclosure

cc: Fannin/Lehner, preservation consultants
Daniel Connerton, North Adams Historical Commission
John Barrett III, Mayor, City of North Adams
Gailanne Cariddi, Board of Selectmen
Michael Leary, North Adams Planning Board

220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125
(617) 727-8470 • Fax: (617) 727-5128
www.state.ma.us/sec/mhc