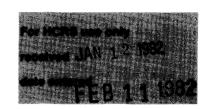
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e					
historic Mason	ic Temple					
and/or common	NIA					
2. Loca	tion					
street & number	et & number 415 Congress Street			not for publication		
city, town	Portland,	•	N/A vicinity of	congressional district	First	
state	Maine	code	023 county	Cumberland	code 005	
3. Clas	sificatio	n				
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisit in process being consider		Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture _X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation difference	
4. Own	er of Pro	pert	t y			
name	Ram & Company			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
street & number	103 Exchange Street			arc fin cm ·		
city, town	own Portland, vicin		vicinity of	state Maine		
5. Loca	ition of I	_ega	l Description	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.		rland County Regis	try of Deeds		
city, town		Portla		state	Maine	
	esentat		n Existing		Tiatric	
title	N/A			perty been determined el	N/A	
date	N/A		nas uns pro	P/A federal sta	***************************************	
depository for su	rvey records N	/A				
city, town	N/A			state	N/A	

7. Description

Condition X excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one _X_ unaltered altered	Check one X original site moved date	
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Portland's Masonic Temple, dating from 1911, is a large and well-designed example of a commercial block in the style of Beaux Arts Classicism. Designed by Frederick A. Thompson, the building is of brick construction, with a flat roof covering six stories.

The facade of the building, which faces southeast, is five bays wide with a central entrance. This entrance contains a recessed double doorway beneath a two-story arched bay flanked by large pilasters of Doric form.

The building's fenestration is complex. In the first story are a series of four large shop windows. At the second-story level and above the bays at the ends of the facade consist of double windows, each containing three panes; the central bays (two in the second story and three above that level) consist of triple windows.

Between the second and third stories is an ornate frieze with denticulation and triglyphs and metopes in the classical manner. Extending the full height of the third, fourth, and fifth stories are Corinthian pilasters and--framing the central bay--fluted attached columns in pairs. Between the fifth and sixth stories is a denticulated projecting cornice.

Although the sides and rear of the Masonic Temple feature more restrained detail, they are equally monumental in character.

The interior features a very large highly decorated hall two stories in height with attached Corinthian columns along all four walls reaching to the ceiling. The remainder of the interior consists largely of undistinguished office space.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — agriculture — X architecture — art — commerce — communications		J landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1911	Builder/Architect Fr	ederick A. Thompson	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Masonic Building, designed by Frederick A. Tompson of Portland, is a restrained but impressive Beaux Arts structure located in a key position on Congress Street between the First Parish Church (N.R. 1/12/73) and the Portland City Hall (N.R. 5/7/73) and was completed in the same year as the dedication of the latter.

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In addition to office space in the front with stores on the ground floor, the rear portion is occupied by the Grand Lodge of Maine which was initiated in 1820 and is the chief center of Maine Masonic activities. Prior to that lodges had existed in what is now Maine, then under the aegis of Massachusetts, beginning with a charter for a lodge in Falmouth (now Portland) in 1762, signed among others by Paul Revere.

Recently rehabilitated, the Masonic Building is a handsome contributor to one of Portland's finest streetscapes.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Portland City Guide, American Guide Series. Portland, 1940. **Geographical Data** 10. Acreage of nominated property 1 Quadrangle name Portland West Quadrangle scale 1:24000 **UMT References** |3|9,8|5,4,0 4 18 3 4 5 3 10 Verbal boundary description and justification Assessor's Map 27, Block B, Lot 7 List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code code county state code Form Prepared By name/title Frank A. Beard, Historian/Robert L. Bradley, Architectural Historian organization Maine Historic Preservation Commission January, 1981 street & number telephone 55 Capitol Street 207/289-2133 city or town state Maine 04333 Augus ta, **State Historic Preservation Officer Certification** The evaluated significance of this property within the state is: national As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service. State Historic Preservation Officer signature title For HCRS use only