United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

	RECEIVED 2280	
	May 2 <b>8</b> 1998	
NAT.	REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	

OMB No. 10024-0018

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

historic name	Taylor's Ford	Bridge					
other names/site number _							_
2. Location	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·······					
street & number						📋 not for pu	ublication
city or town	4.0 miles sout	heast of	Independence			vicinity	
state Iowa	code <u>IA</u>	_county _	Buchanan	code _	019	zip code	50644
3. State/Federal Agency	Certification						
of Historic Places and me property X meetsdo netionally X statewide 	n of eligibility meets the ets the procedural and bes not meet the Nationa locally (	e documenta professional al Register cr ontinuation sh DSH 20	tion standards for register requirements set forth in iteria. I recommend that t neet for additional commen 7	ing propertie 36 CFR Par this property nts.) 5-6	s in the N t 60. In r be consic <u>-96</u> Date	ational Register my opinion, the lered significant	
Signature of certifying offic	ial/Title				Date		
State or Federal agency ar	nd bureau						
4. National Park Service	Certiflcation			<u>^/</u>	A	<u></u>	
I hereby certify that the pro- entered in the National See continuation s	Register		Colson ?	<u>Ң,</u>	Bæ	<u> </u>	<u>25.9</u>
☐ determined eligible for ☐ See continuation s		ter					
□ determined not eligible	for the National Re	egister			-		

- removed from the National Register
- □ other, (explain):

5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count)			
□ private	□ building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing		
public-local		0	0	buildings	
public-State	□ site	0	0	sites	
public-Federal	structure	1	0	structures	
		0	0	objects	
		1	0	Total	
Name of related multiple pr (Enter "N/A" if property is not part o	r <b>operty listing</b> f a multiple property listing)	Number of con in the National	tributing resources p Register	reviously listed	
Highway Bridges of Ic	owa				
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)			
TRANSPORTATION/re	oad-related	TRANSPORTATION/road-related		ated	
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)			
other: bowstring through	ugh arch-truss	foundationC	oncrete		
		walls			
	······································	roof			
		other Wro	ught iron		

#### **Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

Located 4.0 miles southeast of Independence, the Taylor's Ford Bridge spans the Wapsipinicon River in a rural Buchanan County setting that has changed little since the structure's period of significance. A description of the structure follows:

span number: 1 construction date: 1872; moved 1891	
span length: 145.0' construction cost: \$8,772.00 (superstruction	ucture); \$11,330.00 (substructure)
total length: 271.0' current condition: good	
roadway wdt.: 16.0' alterations: truss moved, 1891	

superstructure: wrought iron bowstring through arch-truss, with steel stringer approach spans

substructure: concrete abutments and wingwalls; concrete-filled iron cylinder piers

floor/decking: timber deck over iron stringers

other features: arch: built-up hexagonal iron tube, with riveted connections; lower chord: 2 broad flat bars riveted at seams; outer panel vertical: tee rod; inner panel vertical: 4 back-to-back angles alternating lattice and rivets with spaces; counter: 1 round-section rod, threaded into top, looped at bottom end; railing: wood plank on main span, angle irons and channels on approaches; floor beam: I-beam U-bolted to superstructure; top lateral: 4 back-to-back angles; bottom lateral: round-section rods; portal bracing: 4 back-to-back angles with lattice, flat bar lattice

Since its move in 1891, the Taylor's Ford Bridge has functioned in place, with only minor maintenance-related repairs and alterations; it remains essentially unaltered as it continues to carry vehicular traffic. The Taylor's Ford Bridge today retains a high degree of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association.

### 8. Statement of Significance

### **Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark 'x' in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- □ A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

# Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply)

Property is:

- □ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- □ F a commemorative property.
- □ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

#### Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on continuation sheets.)

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

### Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

# Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- □ designated a National Historic Landmark
- □ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record

# Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

ENGINEERING

### Period of Significance

1872

(The period of significance is derived from the original construction date.)

### **Significant Dates**

1872 (construction date)

### **Significant Person**

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

### **Cuitural Affiliation**

N/A

### Architect/Builder

designer: Wrought	Iron	Bridge	Co.,	Canton	ОН
 <sup>fabricator:</sup> Wrought	Iron	Bridge	Co.,	Canton	ОН
 <sup>builder:</sup> Wrought	Iron	Bridge	Co.,	Canton	ОН

### Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
- □ other State agency
- □ Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- other
  - name of repository:

Taylor's Ford Bridge

Buchanan County; Iowa

#### 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property less than one acre

#### **UTM References**

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)

15 597720 4694590 zone easting northing

597790 4694690 15 2 northing

zone easting

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property)

The nominated property is a rectangular-shaped parcel measuring 18 feet by 271 feet, which is centered on the UTM point(s) listed above. Included within this rectangular parcel are the bridge's superstructure, substructure, approach spans and floor system.

#### **Boundary Justification**

(Explain why the boundaries were selected)

The nominated structure includes the bridge's superstructure, substructure, floor system, any approach spans and the property on which they rest. These boundaries encompass, but do not exceed, all of the property that has been historically associated with the bridge.

11. Form Prepared By						
name/title	Robert Hybben, Charlene Roise and Clay	ton Fraser				
organization	Fraserdesign	date	31 August 1994			
street & number	1269 Cleveland Avenue	telephone	303-669-7969			
city or town	Loveland	state	Colorado zip code80537			
Additional Deau	nontotion					

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

#### **Continuation Sheets**

#### Maps

A USGS map (7% or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources

#### Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property

#### Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner							
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO)							
name/title	Buchanan County						
street & number _	1511 First Street East	telephone _	319-334-60	31			
city or town	Independence	state	Iowa	zip code _	50644		

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 1 Taylor's Ford Bridge Buchanan County; Iowa

This long-span iron bridge crosses the Wapsipinicon River in southeastern Buchanan County, four miles southeast of the county seat, Independence. The structure was once part of a twospan iron bowstring bridge, which carried Main Street over the Wapsipinicon in Independence. Located in the heart of the county seat, the Main Street Bridge in Independence was one of Buchanan County's earliest bridged crossings. First built in the 1850s, it was damaged by flooding in 1858. In 1863 that bridge was carried off by flooding and replaced. The county supervisors, in response to several bridge disasters in quick succession, established a county bridge fund that year, fed by a 5-mill tax levy. In February 1871 that bridge was also destroyed by flooding. The county supervisors voted in October to build a replacement structure, this time an iron bridge with a roadway flanked on both sides by five-foot sidewalks. The 1871 flood was only the latest indignity to a bridge that, according to a contemporary, "had been patched and patched until it looked like the smallpox and rode like the rocky road to Dublin."

In January 1872, the supervisors awarded the contract for the new structure, at \$30 per lineal foot, to the Wrought Iron Bridge Company of Canton, Ohio. Total cost for the twospan superstructure, completed that year, was recorded as \$8,772.00, not including joists and the deck. The substructure cost an additional \$11,330.00. The Main Street bowstrings carried increasingly heavy traffic as the main river crossing in Independence, until they were replaced in 1891 by a heavier structure. One of the original iron spans was relocated that year to a crossing in Buffalo Township. The other was moved to Taylor's Ford in Liberty Township and re-erected on iron cylinder piers. The Buffalo Township bridge has since been removed, but the Taylor's Ford Bridge has carried vehicular traffic to the present, with only maintenance-related repairs.

"The bridges throughout the county have always caused the people a great deal of trouble and until recent years, when it is somewhat bettered by the more substantial structures, they were a source of continual trouble and expense - but communities never seem to build any structures except for present needs," a 1914 county history stated. "Their motto was 'the present, let the future take care of itself,' which is all right in some ways but certainly not from an economical standpoint. These first bridges were poorly constructed, cheap affairs and every spring freshet damaged them to a more or less extent, often the loss being entire." It was not until the county began building all-iron structures around 1870 that this trend changed. As it was building the Independence bowstring bridge, the Wrought Iron Bridge Company was under contract with the county to erect other iron bowstring trusses in Quasqueton and Fairbank.

In its extensive dealings with the Wrought Iron Bridge Company in the 1870s, Buchanan County was simply following a regional trend. This county and hundreds of others in the Midwest contracted with the Ohio-based bridge company during this time, and as a result WIBCo quickly became one of the largest fabricators in America. In addition, its president, David A. Hammond, distinguished himself as one of the country's most prolific bridge innovaUnited States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 2 Taylor's Ford Bridge Buchanan County; Iowa

tors. Documentation shows that the primary superstructural type marketed by the Wrought Iron Bridge Company in the 1870s was the bowstring arch-truss made up of wrought and cast iron components. The bowstring was the most commonly erected all-metal bridge of the 1870s, owing in large part to WIBCo and its main competitor, the King Bridge and Manufacturing Company of Cleveland, Ohio. Both companies fabricated standardized versions of their own patented bowstring designs. The Taylor's Ford Bridge is thus both technologically significant because it is an early example of a once prevalent bridge design, the bowstring archtruss, and it is historically notable since it was erected by one of the most prolific bridge builders in the Midwest during this decade, the Wrought Iron Bridge Company. United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 9 Page 3 Taylor's Ford Bridge Buchanan County; Iowa

Iowa Department of Transportation, Structure Inventory and Appraisal: Structure No. 082130.

Buchanan County Supervisors' Minutes, Book A: page 493 (17 October 1871), pages 501-502 (3 January 1872), page 547 (7 January 1873); Book D: page 195 (9 May 1891).

Harry Church and Katharyn Joella Chappell, History of Buchanan County, Iowa, and Its People, vol. 1 (Chicago: S.J. Clarke Publishing Company, 1914), page 298

Book of Designs of Wrought Iron Bridges Built by the Wrought Iron Bridge Co., of Canton, Ohio (Canton, Ohio: Hartzell and Saxton, 1874), page 55.

Field inspection by Charlene K. Roise, 1 October 1991.