### United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

1. Name of Property

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer to complete all items.

names/site number	
ocation	
t & number <u>24047 Batt Corner Road</u>	
or town <u>Wilder</u>	
<u>Idaho</u> code <u>ID</u> county <u>Canyon</u>	
tate/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preserva certify that this X nominationrequest for determination of standards for registering properties in the National Register of procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Par X meetsdoes not meet the National Register criteria. I rec considered significantnationallystatewide X locally. (additional comments.)  Signature of certifying official/Title Date STEVE GUERBER, State Historic Preservation Officer	eligibility meets the documentation Historic Places and meets the t 60. In my opinion, the property ommend that this property be
State or Federal agency and bureau	
State or Federal agency and bureau  In my opinion, the propertymeetsdoes not meet the Nation continuation sheet for additional comments.)	al Register criteria. ( See
In my opinion, the propertymeetsdoes not meet the Nation	al Register criteria. ( See
In my opinion, the propertymeetsdoes not meet the Nation continuation sheet for additional comments.)	al Register criteria. ( See
In my opinion, the propertymeetsdoes not meet the Nation continuation sheet for additional comments.)  Signature of certifying official/Title	al Register criteria. ( See

Name of Property	: Arch Truss Barn	Wilder vic., Car City, County, and		
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)		es within Property usly listed resources in the	e count.)
<u>x</u> private	<u>x</u> building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	district		0	
public-State	site			
public-Federal	structure			
	object		0	
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not pa	property listing art of a multiple property listing.)	Number of contributhe National Regis	uting resources previo	ously listed
N/A		N/A		
6. Function or Use  Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins	tructions)	Current Functions	from instructions)	
		(Enter categories	from instructions) Mary structure	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE:		(Enter categories		
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE: 7. Description	_animal facility	(Enter categories	dary structure	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE:  7. Description  Architectural Classification	_animal facility	(Enter categories	dary structure	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE:  7. Description	animal facility  on tructions)	(Enter categories	categories from inst	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins  AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE:  7. Description  Architectural Classification (Enter categories from ins	animal facility  on tructions)	(Enter categories	categories from inst	tructions)
Historic Functions (Enter categories from ins  AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE:  7. Description  Architectural Classification (Enter categories from ins	animal facility  on tructions)	Materials  foundationCONCR	categories from inst	tructions)

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

 $\underline{X}$  See continuation sheet(s) for Section No. 7

Wilder vic., Canyon, Idaho	
City, County, and State	

Š	ľ		S	1	Ħ	Ŧ	á	Ť	H	ď		Н		d	П	S	â	n	ï	ŕ	i	ì	Ž.	ż	i	n	Ÿ	Ċ	ä	í
٠,	٠,	w	₩	ж	М.	ж	×		и,	ЦZ	ш		٠.	×	А.		ш	9	н	з	я.	. 7	10	m	ч	и	ж	×.	9	÷

	_	
(Mark	able National Register Criteria "x" on one or more lines for the criteria ying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
	Property is associated with events that have	ARCHITECTURE
	made a significant contribution to the broad	
	patterns of our history.	
В	Property is associated with the lives of persons	
	significant in our past.	
_x_	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics	
<del></del>	of a type, period, or method of construction, or	Period of Significance
	represents the work of a master, or possesses	1915
	high artistic values, or represents a	
	significant and distinguishable entity whose	
	components lack individual distinction.	Significant Dates
n	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,	1915
	information important in prehistory or history.	17.12
Criter	ia Considerations	
	"x" on all that apply.)	
Droper	ty is:	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
•	owned by a religious institution or used for	N/A
^		Cultural Affiliation
<b>.</b>	religious purposes.	
	removed from its original location.	N/A
	a birthplace or grave.	
	a cemetery.	A valida va (Butta)
E	a reconstructed building, object, or	Architect/Builder
_	structure.	Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, IL
	a commemorative property.	
G	less than 50 years of age or achieved	
	significance within the past 50 years.	
	tive Statement of Significance in the significance of the property on one or more co	ntinuation sheets.)  _X_ See continuation sheet(s) for Section No. 8
	ijor Bibliographical References	
	the books, articles, and other sources used in prepar	ing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)
pro (3) pro pro Res des	us documentation on file (NPS): eliminary determination of individual listing 6 CFR 67) has been requested eviously listed in the National Register eviously determined eligible by the National gister signated a National Historic Landmark corded by Historic American Buildings Survey	Primary location of additional data: _x_ State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other
	corded by Historic American Engineering	Name of repository:

Obendorf, George, Gothic Arch Truss Barn Name of Property	Wilder vic., Canyon, Idaho City, County, and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property <u>less than one acre</u>	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
A <u>1/1</u> <u>5/0/6/2/8/0</u> <u>4/8/4/0/6/3/0</u> Zone Easting Northing	B / / //// Zone Easting Northing
c _/////_	D _/ _//// _////
<u>Verbal Boundary Description</u> The property consists of a rectangular parcel measuring 42 feethe northeast corner of the foundation of the barn and whose sof the barn.	
A Landau Company	see continuation sheet(s) for section wo. 10
Boundary Justification The above noted boundaries are those historically associated w	ith the property.
	See continuation sheet(s) for Section No. 10
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Merle Culp, with assistance from IDSHPO staff	
organization Owner	
street & number <u>24047 Batt Corner Road</u> city or town <u>Parma</u>	
City of Court	State 21p code
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
• Continuation Sheets	
• Maps: A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the p	roperty's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and/or properties	having large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs: Representative black and white photographs of	the property.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
,,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,	
Property Owner	
name <u>Merle Culp</u>	
street & number 24047 Batt Corner Road	telephone
city or town Parma	state <u>ID</u> zip code <u>83660</u>
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for appli	cations to the National Register of Historic Dlaces to reminate

properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief. Administrative Services Division. National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

NPS Famm 19-900-e (CAMS Mo. 1034-d)

## **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

#### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1	Name of Property Obendorf, George, Gothic Arch Truss Barn
	County and State <u>Canyon, Idaho</u>

#### NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION

The George Obendorf Gothic Arch Truss Barn is located at 24947 Batt Corner Road approximately 6 miles north of the town of Wilder, Canyon County, Idaho. The barn is located at the rear of the George Obendorf farm complex approximately 100 yards from the road. The building is 42' wide by 60' long and presents its front (narrow) elevation to the east. The structure was built in 1915 and is a pre-manufactured structure shipped in its component parts by Sears, Roebuck & Company to Wilder and assembled by local carpenters and the Obendorf family.

The Obendorf barn rests on a high, poured concrete foundation. It is a balloon frame structure and its exterior walls are clad in novelty drop siding. The building is dominated by a high lancet roof, known commonly as a Gothic-arch roof. This roof is supported by a series of curved arch trusses made of short sections of laminated dimension lumber. The roof is clad in corrugated steel and has a single wooden ventilator located in the middle of the ridge line.

The east elevation of the barn features a large hinged equipment door and flanked by a smaller access door on the north. There is a grain chute located to the south of the main equipment door. The date "1915" is inscribed in the concrete threshold of the main entry. The Gothic arch second level of this elevation features a vertical sliding hay mow door flanked on either side by a single four-over-four double hung sash window.

The north and south elevations of the building are identical—save for the addition of an external stair on the north side which allows access to the hay mow. Both side elevations feature a series of small two-over-two double hung sash windows. The rear of the building has two human scale exit doors either corner of the first level and two four-over-four double hung sash windows on the second.

The Obendorf barn was originally designed to house dairy cattle and a few horses. Over the years its interior has been modified for hop storage, grain storage, and equipment storage. The interior of the first level retains its concrete floor with silage tracks. The tack room also remains. One of the box stalls was converted to store grain. Other original partitions were removed when the barn was converted to house farm equipment. The hay mow is intact and encloses a vast space. There is a raised aisle in the center of the mow designed to ease working with loose hay. The mow retains floor openings which were designed to transfer hay to mangers in the lower level dairy stalls. None of the interior modifications inhibit the architectural significance of this building or its eligibility for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

### **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page	er <u>8</u> Page <sub>-</sub>	number	Section
-----------------------	-------------------------------	--------	---------

NPS Form 10-900-1

Name of Property Obendorf, George, Gothic Arch Truss Barn

County and State Canyon, Idaho

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The George Obendorf Gothic Arch Truss Barn is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C. It embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction. Specifically it is an excellent and intact example of a Gothic Arch truss barn-a significant barn type which represents one in a series of barn construction innovations which occurred in the early part of the 20th century.

Prior to the very end of the 19th century barn construction methods had remained relatively constant for many hundreds of years. Barns were constructed of heavy wood posts and beams and featured substantial trusses to support the roof. As the 19th century came to a close, many areas of the United States without a nearby supply of hardwood experienced new Euro-American settlement. Building in the traditional way suddenly became highly expensive. This was exacerbated by the development of light frame construction techniques and the associated depletion of timber supplies in the northern Great Lakes region. Demand clearly existed for barn designs that could use standardized dimension lumber. In addition, traditional truss designs severely limited the amount of usable space in the hay mow. Agricultural engineers and designers also began to pursue truss designs which were self supporting and as such would maximize usable loft space.

The first so called Gothic roof barns were constructed in the Midwest in the late 1880s. Their trusses consisted of short sections of cut lumber nailed into an appropriate arch form. This method proved to be labor intensive and less sturdy than was desired. The first widely popular innovation in dimension lumber barn design was the Shawver Truss, introduced in 1904. Named for its inventor John L. Shawver of Bellefontaine, Ohio, the Shawver truss consisted of a series of longer overlapping lengths of dimension lumber formed into a gambrel roof. The Shawver truss system did open up substantially more clear space in the hay mow and proved to be quite sturdy. It still required a substantial amount of lumber and did not completely open up the hay loft due to the need for diagonal truss braces at floor level.

During the first part of this century agricultural engineers and architects continued to work with the Gothic Arch truss. A new truss design eventually emerged which utilized longer laminated lumber segments which were bent to form the arch. This design resulted in a very economical design which provided 100% clearance in the hay mow. It was immediately touted as the latest in scientific farming advancement and became very popular with the farming community. It is unclear exactly when the first of this new type of gothic arch barn was built. They became increasingly popular in the latter half of the 1910s and remained popular through the 1920s. It is know that 1915 was the first year this particular design was offered by the Honor-Bilt Division of Sears, Roebuck & Co.

## **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

## **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Section number 8 Page 2	Name of Property Obendorf, George, Gothic Arch Truss Barn	
	County and State Canyon, Idaho	

As with much of southern Idaho, water development was the key to agricultural expansion in Canyon County. At the beginning of the 20th century, numerous private water companies developed large sections of previously uncultivated land in northern Canyon County. George Obendorf came to Canyon County form Minnesota along with many other members of his family. In 1915 he purchased the present George Obendorf farm on Batt Corner Road and began to develop a dairying and crop raising enterprise. His first order of business, as with many farmers establishing their operation, was to construct a substantial barn. The Honor-Bilt Division of Sears, Roebuck & Co, had been operating a highly successful mail order house and farm building business since 1908. All materials were precut and finished by Honor-Bilt, and shipped by rail to be assembled by the customer. In 1915 George Obendorf ordered one of Honor-Bilt's newest offerings, a 42' by 60' Gothic Arch Truss horse and dairy barn, for which he paid \$1,500. The barn was assembled by local craftsmen and members of the Obendorf family during the summer of 1915.

The building remains to this day, testament to the Obendorf family and the quality materials and design of Honor-Bilt and Sears. The building is one of the earliest identified Gothic Arch Truss barns in Idaho and retains all necessary integrity of design to be listed in the National Register under Criterion C.

#### CMB No. 1024-0018

## **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

## **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Section number 9 Page 1

Name of Property Obendorf, George, Gothic Arch Truss Barn

County and State Canyon, Idaho

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Book of Barns: Honor-Bilt-Already Cut: Chicago, Sears, Roebuck & Co., n.d.

"Dairy Barn Construction" U.S.D.A. Farmers' Bulletin No. 1342. Washington: (U.S. Government Printing Office), 1923.

Jacon, Stephanie and Allyson Brooks: <u>Homesteading and Agricultural Development Context for South Dakota</u>, Vermillion, SD: South Dakota State Historical Preservation Center, 1994.

Noble, Allen G.: Wood, Brick and Stone: The North American Settlement Landscape, Vol I (Barns and Farm Structures), Amherst, MA: University of Massachusetts Press, 1984.

Obendorf, Joe: interview conducted by Merle Culp, December, 1998.

Shawver, John L.: Plank Frame Barn Construction, New York: David Williams Company, 1904.

Visser, Thomas Durand: Field Guide to New England Barns and Farm Buildings, Hanover, NH: University Press of New England, 1997.