ARIZONA STATE HISTORIC PROPERTY INVENTORY

HISTORIC PROPERTY NAME Tempe Concrete Arch Highway Bridge	COUNTY Maricopa INVENTORY NO. 227
COMMON PROPERTY NAME	QUAD/COUNTY MAP
PROPERTY LOCATION-STREET & NO. Intersec: Mill Avenue & Salt River	C
CITY,TOWN/VICINITY OF ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO Tempe NA	
OWNER OF PROPERTY PHONE S. P. Railroad/City of Tempe	
STREET & NO./P.O. BOX One Market Place	
CITY,TOWN STATE ZIP San Francisco California	
FORM PREPARED BY DATE Janus Associates, Inc. 12/82	
STREET & NO./P.O. BOXPHONE2121 South Priest Suite 127967-7117	
CITY,TOWN STATE ZIP Tempe Arizona 85282	
PHOTO BY DATE Tempe Historical Society 1983	
VIEW looking west	
HISTORIC USE transportation	
PRESENT USE ACREAGE	
abandoned 1.5 A ARCHITECT/BUILDER	
CONSTRUCTION/MODIFICATION DATES Built 1911	

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

The Tempe concrete arch highway bridge is an 11-span reinforced concrete open spandrel rib arch bridge that crosses the Salt River at Tempe. The design for the Tempe bridge employs ten piers anchored to the bedrock below the streambed. Every third pier was constructed on a solid bottom concrete abutment type. The intermediate piers were anchored on two concrete filled steel cylinders six feet in diameter driven into the bedrock. There are ten 125¹¹ long open spandrel rib arches and each consists of two three-hinged segmented arch ribs placed 13¹ on center. The reinforced concrete deck is carried by 12¹¹ x 12¹¹ concrete spandrel columns placed 11¹ on center and connected at the top by semicircular spandrel arches. On the exterior side of the spandrel columns are semi-spandrel arch brackets cantilevered out from the columns to carry the curb and deck ballustrades. It was designed to carry a 15-ton tractor engine and a live load of 100 pounds per square foot.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE/HISTORY

The Tempe Concrete Arch Bridge, built 1911-1913, is the oldest surviving multiple arch concrete bridge in Arizona. It is also significant as one of the first major bridges built by the Territory of Arizona and as the first large highway bridge across the Salt River. As the first automobile bridge between Phoenix and Tempe, this structure provided a vital link between Phoenix and communities to the south. It has also been significant in the development of Tempe during its two decades of service as a major highway route across the river.

In 1909, the State of Arizona began to develop a north-south highway system, and the need for a bridge at the Salt River became apparent. That year, the Territorial Legislature appropriated funds for the construction of a highway bridge at Tempe. Preliminary work began in the spring of 1911 on an alignment approximately 500 feet east of the 1905 Arizona Eastern Railroad bridge. When construction began in 1911, labor was provided by prisoners from the Arizona Territorial Prison at Florence. Although convict labor had been used on earlier projects, this bridge is one of the last remaining examples of construction accomplished under that system. Although Roosevelt Dam was completed in 1911, flooding of the Salt River was still a fairly common experience, and periodic repairs (1916, 1920, 1925) were necessary, to maintain safe conditions on the bridge. By the late 1920s, automobiles became wider, heavier, and more numerous, stressing the structure beyond its design limits. In 1928, the Arizona Highway Department recommended the construction of a new river crossing, and in 1931, when the new structure was complete, the 1911 bridge was closed to all but pedestrian traffic.

SOURCES OF ABOVE INFORMATION/BIBLIOGRAPHY

National Register of Historic Places Nomination

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA/LEGAL DESCRIPTION/VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

"Nominated boundaries shall consist of a line, and all the area 20' either side of a line, between Points A & B. This will create a rectangle 1,508' long and 40' wide. The structure lies within this rectangle."

Tempe Quad

North End Point B Z-12, E-412420, N-3699720 South End Point B Z-12, E-412460, N-3699280

GENERAL COMMENTS/FUTURE PLANS FOR PROPERTY

The bridge is presently being nominated to the National Register.