TIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES			FOR NPS USE ONLY RECEIVED JUN 2 9 1977		
·	E INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T				
	TYPE ALL ENTRIES				
1 NAME HISTORIC Ja	ames Whitcomb Riley Bir	thplace	×.		
AND/OR COMMON	iley Old Home	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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CATEGORY DISTRICT _XBUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT	OWNERSHIP <u>X</u> PUBLIC PRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS OCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRES ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED X_YES: UNRESTRICTE NO		PRESI AGRICULTURE COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	ENTUSE Xmuseum PARK PRIVATE RESIDEN RELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATION OTHER:
	OF PROPERTY				
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COND	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK (	DNE
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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The James Whitcomb Riley childhood home in Greenfield, Indiana, is largely unaltered since the time of Riley's death in 1916.

Constructed in two sections, the Riley House is a two-story frame Tuscan Villa structure with clapboard siding. The one-story kitchen on the north side gives the structure an "L" shape. The low gabled roof is flanked by flush gable chimneys at the east and west ends. Brackets, projecting eaves, and oblong block are the architectural features which most strongly suggest the Tuscan Villa style. A simple decorated frieze can be found between the brackets. Brackets also support a plain return on the gable ends.

The main facade features three voids on both the first and second stories. The center voids on both stories are entries surrounded with plain moulding. The doorways are flanked by double windows with shutters. Windows in the two-story main block feature four lights over four lights. Windows in the one-story kitchen have doublehung sashes with one light over one light. Windows and entries in the back and side facades are placed irregularly.

A piazza with balustrades on the roof and first floor levels extends across the main facade. Square columns support decorative brackets. There is a back porch east of the one story kitchen.

The first floor interior of the main block includes a hall and stair, two parlors across the front, sitting room, and a dining room. The second story has three large bedrooms and a small playroom. The house also contains a basement.

The Riley House was originally a log cabin constructed on the property about 1847. This structure was the birthplace of James Whitcomb Riley in 1849. Between 1850 and 1853, Reuben A. Riley, the poet's father, built the large main block addition to the original log cabin, which became a kitchen. At this time, clapboard siding was added to the cabin. It is very likely that the piazza and brackets were added later, perhaps about 1870. The house is largely unaltered since the 1870's. "Modern" windows were installed in the kitchen (the cabin) and asphalt shingles were put on the roofs. Electricity was also installed. These changes were made in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.



PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	<u>X</u> LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS		POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
		-		

#### SPECIFIC DATESc1847,1849,1853

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Reuben A. Riley

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

b.

Although the Riley Birthplace is notable as an example of Tuscan Villa architecture, its significance is established by its association with James Whitcomb Riley.

On December 12, 1846, Reuben A. Riley purchased several lots on Main Street and erected a log cabin, probably in 1847. It was in this structure that James Whitcomb Riley was born on October 7, 1849. Reuben Riley was a lawyer who served the community as a school examiner, legislative representative, and a judge. Although the elder Riley's occupation was in law, he was a talented woodworker and probably did much of the work when the two-story frame block was added to his log cabin during the years from 1850 to 1853. Riley served as a Captain of a company of Indiana Volunteers for three years during the Civil War. His law practice suffered during his absence, and debts may have forced him to sell his Main Street house in 1864 to Moses Hamilton. The Rileys moved in with relatives in the vicinity.

As a youth, James Whitcomb Riley worked at a number of occupations, including painting signs and houses, selling bibles, and working in a medicine show. Riley's writing career had a rocky start when he lasted only a few months as editor of the Greenfield paper. He first attracted notice while he worked on the Anderson <u>Democrat</u> in 1877. From 1887 to 1885 he worked on the Indianapolis <u>Journal</u> and archieved success with poems such as "When the Frost is on the Punkin" printed under the pseudonym of Benj. F. Johnson. Riley's first book, <u>The Old Swimmin Hole and 'Leven More Poems</u>, was printed only after a friend on the paper financed the venture. The public response was sufficient to ensure future financial support.

Known as the "Hoosier Poet", Riley based his poems on his childhood experiences in Greenfield. He was one of the "local color" writers which were popular in America in the late 1800's. Some of Riley's other works include <u>Afterwhiles</u>, <u>Rhymes of Childhood</u>, <u>Poems Here at Home</u>, and <u>Riley Child Rhymes</u>. Among other characters, he gave American culture Little Orphan Annie, the Raggedy Man, and Old Aunt Mary.

In 1911, Indiana schools held a Riley Day to honor the poet. The observance spread until 1915 when Riley Day was a national event.

One of Riley's first acts after achieving financial success was to purchase his childhood home in 1893 from Moses Hamilton. He leased the structure to various tenants until 1912 when it was turned over to his sister-in-law, Julia Riley. She retained the house after Riley's death in 1916. The City of Greenfield purchased the house from her in 1935. Since that time, it has been serving as a museum.

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Peat, Wilbur D. <u>Indiana Houses of the Nineteenth Century</u>. Indianapolis: Indiana Historical Society, 1962.

Richman, George J. <u>History of Hancock County, Indiana</u>. Indianapolis: Federal Publishing Company, Inc., 1916.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

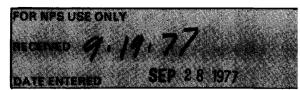
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ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

The Riley House preserves the structure in which James Whitcomb Riley spent his childhood and which provided the inspiration for many of his poems which have become a part of the American culture.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 3

The James Whitcomb Riley Birthplace is significant locally as one of the oldest structures in Greenfield, Indiana, and as an example of the Italianate style of architecture with its low roof and bracketed cornice. Wilbur D. Peat in his <u>Indiana Houses of the Nineteenth Century</u> discusses examples in the state of the Italianate style and states that the Riley House in Greenfield has features of what he calls the Tuscan Villa mode.

As students of American literature know, Riley's fame rests on his poems about children in the rural Midwest of the late nineteenth century. As stated under "Significance" on the National Register nomination, Riley based his writings on his experiences in Greenfield. His childhood residence was a major source of inspiration for his work. The back porch east of the one story kitchen is where Little Orphan Annie "shoo-ed the chickens off." Other features of the house are noted in the story of Little Orphan Annie, "They seeked him in the rafter room and cubby hole and press, they seeked him up the chimney flue and everywhere I guess. But all they ever found was just his pants and roundabout. In the Goblins al get you if you don't watch out."

As is stated on continuation sheet page 2 for item 8, the Riley House preserves the structure that was the setting for Little Orphan Annie and the Raggedy Man which are part of the American culture. For this reason the house is significant in the development of American literature.

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 2

Mitchell, Minnie Belle Greenfield, the Home of Riley, n.p., c. 1937,

Williams, D. J. <u>Hancock County Kaleidoscope</u>.Greenfield: Mitchell Fleming Printing Company, 1976.

Russo, Anthony J. and Dorothy R. <u>Bibliography of James Whitcomb Riley</u>. Bobbs-Merill Company, Inc; Indianapolis, 1944.

Nolan, Jeanette Covert, <u>James Whitcomb Riley</u>, <u>Hoosier Poet</u>, New York: Montauk Book Manufacturing Co., Inc., 1941.