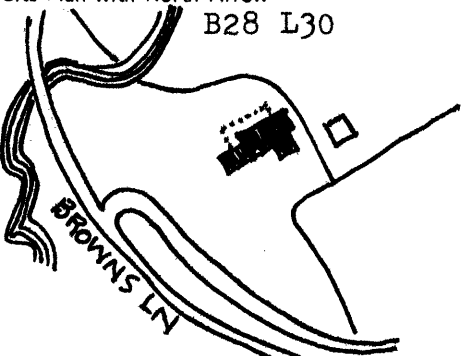


1. Historic Name (s) James Brown House		22. ADD/County Jefferson/Jefferson <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Original Owner James Brown		23. Zoning Classification Magisterial District	
Present Name Wildwood Farm		24. U.S.G. S. Quadrant (15'/75') Louisville East	
3. Owner's Name Mr. & Mrs. Matthew W. Houston		25. UTM Reference Zone <input type="text" value="16"/> Easting <input type="text" value="619760"/> Northing <input type="text" value="4233070"/>	
4. Owner's Address 3 Zorn Place, Lou. Ky. 40206		26. Prehistoric Site Historic Site Building <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
5. Location Browns Lane 1/10 mi., north of I 64'		Object Structure	
6. Open to Public Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7. Visible from road Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	8. Ownership Private <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/>	
9. Local Contact/Organization Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation		27. District Name: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
10. Site Plan with North Arrow B28 L30 		11. Architect Unknown	
See boundary description (page 3) and attached aerial photo.		12. Builder Unknown	
		13. Date Ca. 1810-1820	
		14. Style Federal <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
		15. Original Use Dwelling	
		16. Present Use Dwelling	
		17. Condition Interior <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Exterior <input type="checkbox"/>	
		18. Description Five bay, 2 story brick house. Flemish bond front with queen closures at corners. Interior end chimneys. Windows, 9/6 pane sash with stone sills and jack arches. Original side lights and fan lights were replaced. A 20th century porch spans the facade and wraps around the east side forming a porte cochere. A two-story wing, a 20th century addition, extends (SEE NEXT PAGE)	
19. History James Brown came to Jefferson County from Delaware ca. 1800 and worked at the salt works at Mann's Lick. In 1810 he purchased the 480 acre "plantation and tract of land called the Dutch Station" from George R.C. Floyd. Dutch Station (or New Holland Station) was one of the early stations on Beargrass Creek. It was built by Dutch pioneers from (SEE NEXT PAGE)		Date 1977	
20. Significance Built near the historic early settlement of Dutch Station on land first owned by pioneer John Floyd, the James Brown house is one of the important early houses in the county. It was built ca. 1810-20 by James Brown who came to Kentucky in 1800 and became one of the (SEE NEXT PAGE)		30. Theme Primary Architecture <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
21. Source of Information Hammon, Neal O. "Early Louisville and the Bear-grass Stations." (SEE NEXT PAGE)		31. Endangered Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
		32. ATTACH PHOTO	
		Roll No. _____ Picture No. _____ Direction _____	
		33. Tape No. _____ Negative No. _____	
		34. Prepared by: Carol Tobe Researcher	
		35. Organization Jefferson County Office of Historic Preservation	
		36. Date 18 September 1979	
		37. Revision Dates _____ 38. Staff Review _____	

JUL 1 1980

18. continued

to the south and is set back from the main block.

East of the house is a large stone outbuilding. A small, frame cottage is southeast of the house, further east is a log cabin.

19. continued

Pennsylvania. The 1000 acre military survey of Col. John Floyd, the county's first land owner, is identified in early deeds as the Dutch Station Tract.

From 1817 to 1824 James Brown purchased tracts (totalling over 1000 acres) adjoining his original tract. When James Brown died in 1853, his son Arthur received 361 acres with the dwelling, outhouses, etc.

In 1882 Edward S. Monohan purchased the Arthur Brown home farm. John M. Monohan had purchased several tracts of Arthur's land in the 1860s which he left to his nephew Edward S.

Three members of the Monohan family have been directors of the First National Bank of Louisville, and one was the bank president. The house remains in the Monohan family.

20. continued

wealthiest men in the county.

The house is a five-bay, two-story brick in Flemish bond with queen closures. The windows have 9/6 sash, stone sills, jack arches. Twentieth-century additions include a porch and large, two-story wing. There are several original outbuildings, the most interesting of which is a two-story stone structure.

21. continued

The Filson Club Quarterly. April, 1978, Vol. 52 #2.  
History of the Ohio Falls Cities and their Counties. 1882.  
 Dorsey, R.O. St. Matthews, History and Pictures. 1968.  
 Bullitt, Neville. "Old Homes in Louisville and Jefferson County."  
 Jefferson County (KY) Deed Books  
 Jefferson County (KY) Will Books

## Additional information requested by NPS

JF311  
James Brown House  
Browns Lane

November 16, 1982

### Description

The James Brown house comprises a main block and rear ell (ca. 1810-20) and a twentieth-century wing and porch. The oldest part of the house is a two-story, five-bay brick I-house with a Flemish bond facade and queen closers. There are interior end chimneys. Original sidelights at front door believed to have been replaced, date unknown. Twentieth-century additions include the large front porch which extends into a porte cochere and a two-story brick wing on the southwest. East of the house is a two-story stone smokehouse which dates from the early 1800s.

### History

James Brown's original land purchase of 480 acres included the site of Dutch Station, one of six pioneer forts (ca. 1780) along Beargrass Creek. No traces of the station exist today, nor can its exact location be determined.

### Significance

The James Brown house is significant as one of Jefferson County's early nineteenth-century brick, Federal farmhouses. James Brown, the builder, became a wealthy farmer and slave owner. The Browns were related by marriages to the pioneer Benjamin Lawrence family and to the Meades and Prestons of Virginia. Despite the addition of a large wing and porch in the twentieth-century, the main block remains essentially unaltered.

### Boundary Description

The boundary of the James Brown house nomination is shown as a red line on the attached aerial photo. (SCALE: 1" = 200') The nominated site contains approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$  acre and includes the house and stone smokehouse.