OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 10/31/84

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries—complete applicable sections

For NPS use only	•
received FEB 1 1983	
date entered	

Type all entries	-complete applic	cable secti	ons		
1. Nam	e				
historic	В	aumbach	Building		
and/or common	M	lidwest L	amp Company/The	e Buffalo	
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	3	02 N. Br	oadway St. aka	310 E. Buffalo St.	not for publication
city, town	Milwau	kee	vicinity of	-songressional-district	•
state	Wisconsin	code	55 county	Milwaukee	code 079
3. Clas	sification	n			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisitio in process being conside	on A	tatusoccupiedunoccupiedwork in progress ccessible yes: restricted X_ yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture Commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Pro	perty	1		
			nc. assigns fr (Broadway Buffa	om 1o Partnership <u>)</u>	
street & number	2800 S.	Chicago	Avenue		
city, town	So. Milwaukee		vicinity of	state	Wisconsin 53172
5. Loca	ition of L	egal	Descripti	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	Milwau	kee County Cour	thouse	
street & number		901 N.	9th Street		
city, town		Milwau	kee	state	Wisconsin 53203
6. Repr	esentati	on in	Existing	Surveys	
	Intensive Surventions of		ty of Milwaukee laces has this p	& coperty been determined e	ligible? yes <u>X</u> _nc
date 197	79			federal _X_ sta	ate countyX loca
depository for su	rvey records Stat	te Histor	rical Society o	f Wisc., 816 State	St.

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated X good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one original site moved date			-
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Recognized as one of Milwaukee County's finest early Chicago-style factories, the five story Baumbach Building has long been admired for its enduring elegance and ranked with the essential architectural assets of the area. The handsome stone-carved pier, set with finely carved classic heads, and the high-arched fenestration along with the other Germanic and decorative elements set this apart from neighboring warehouses as a pivotal building.

Located on the Commission Row, the Baumbach Building is a fine example of the early Chicago style transitional Richardsonian Romanesque commercial building. This five-story 80 ft. by 120 ft. flat-roofed, salmon faced brick building of mill constuction was begun in 1899 and completed in 1900. Despite minor alterations to the first floor windows, the arched fenestration on the fifth floor and the high quality craftsmanship, evident in the stone sculptures make this one of the pivotal buildings of the "Old Third Ward."

The corner entrance has a 10 ft. set-back comprised of a doorway that is in the middle of a half hexagon with wings, surrounded by a Sullivanesque cast iron border. The handsome light grey stone carved pier in the form of a column graces the corner of the entrance. The capital of the column sets the Germanic tone for the decorative elements of the building. Its finely carved classic heads peer out of all four sides of the column and above are the terra cotta names of the streets. The west has a four-bay facade and the south has a six-bay facade. The first floor has large commercial windows. Of these the west windows have been bricked up and on the south side the end two bays have been converted to a shipping dock. Other than the above, there are no alterations to the building facade.

The corners of the second floor display stone carved crowns atop a cartouche which had an overlay of an oak leaf bouquet and center four leaf medallions. The units of the second, third and fourth floors have pairs of double-hung windows. The round arched windows of the fifth floor are separated by magnificently carved lions' heads above a medallion containing a celtic cross on oak leaves. The center of each arch has simple double-hung windows with clear glass panels on either side. The cornice brackets are punctuated with the four-leafed medallions to top off this elegantly decorated exterior.

The interior is simple open-warehouse construction with wooden columns and painted common cream city brick walls on the upper floors. The first floor had been divided to create office space but all that remains of the original inner structure is a simple spooled oaken staircase to the second floor.

The potential Old Third Ward historic district retains most of the original streetscape of the turn-of-the-century. Few buildings have been demolished, but of those that have, several have been from the block on which the Baumbach Building is located.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture x architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature Imulitary Indicates philosophy Indicates politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1899-1900 ¹	Builder/Architect Et	gene R. Liebert ²	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Recognized as one of Milwaukee County's finest early Chicago-style factories, the five-story Baumbach Building has long been admired for its enduring elegance and ranked with the essential architectural assets of the area. The handsome stone-carved pier, set with finely carved classic heads, and the high-arched fenestration along with the other Germanic and decorative elements set this apart from neighboring warehouses as a pivotal building. This finely proportioned building represents the Richardsonian Romanesque period of construction and is centrally located in one of the few remaining intact warehouse districts in the Midwest.

Architecture

Long recognized as a building of outstanding attractiveness, the Baumbach Building is also a part of a fascinating commercial/warehouse district with a colorful history and ethnic heritage known as the "Old Third Ward" and recorded in the Wisconsin Inventory of Historic Places. The backgrounds of the man who built the structure, Ernest Von Baumbach, and the architect, Eugene R. Liebert, make it one of the pivotal buildings in the area.

German-born architect, Eugene R. Liebert, was hired by Ernest Von Baumbach to design a commercial structure similar to the Chicago-style warehouse. Liebert is also renowned for designing the Germania Building, the Blatz Brewing Company office building and the Henry Harnischfeger home, all located in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. His buildings are all noted for their strong Germanic flavor.

This five-story 80 ft. by 120 ft., flat-roofed salmon brick faced building of mill construction was begun in 1899 and completed in 1900. Despite minor alterations to the first floor windows, the arched fenestration on the fifth floor and the high quality craftsmanship evident in the grey stone sculptures make this one of the pivotal buildings in the "Old Third Ward."

The builder of the Baumbach Building, Ernest Von Baumbach, was the son of a descendant of an old and noble family, Ludwig Von Baumbach. Ludwig had fought in the Napoleonic wars and was prominent in the political struggles which followed the war. After serving as president of the Chamber of Deputies in his home state of Hesse, Ludwig was elected a member of the First German Parliament. But in 1849 the liberal cause was lost and so, with many others of the same persuasion, Ludwig sold his estates and emigrated to the United States with his six sons. The family settled in Milwaukee and he later became the Consul of the German Empire of Milwaukee serving in that capacity until 1876.

Ernest, the eldest of the six sons, chose real estate as his interest in life. Two of his brothers were also famous Milwaukee citizens. Moritz was a banker and city treasurer as well as a soldier in the Civil War. Major Charles Von Baumbach distinguished himself in many major battles of the Civil War and went on to establish a large drug wholesale company. Among Ernest's claims to fame was the building of this most architecturally distinguished building in the Third Ward, located on the same block as the produce wholesale business known as Commission Row. The architectural purity of the original streetscape of this turn-of-the century warehouse district was used for on-location filming to represent Chicago's old warehouse district in the recent movie, "Gaily, Gaily."

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

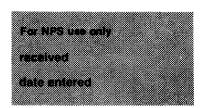
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List all state state	es and counties fo	r properties over code	county	county boundaries	code
state		code	county		code
11. Fo	orm Prepa	ared By			
name/title		orn, Historian	l	(continue	ed)
organization	HatterHorn E	nterprises, In	c.	date May, 19	982
street & numb	219 N. Milwa	ukee St. #3 No	orth	telephone (414)	262–6595
city or town	Milwaukee				sin 53202
	ate Histo	ric Pres	ervation		ertification
The evaluated	significance of this	property within the	state is:		
	national	state X	iocal		
665), I hereby according to t		ty for inclusion in t dures set forth by t	he National Regis	ter and certify that it h	et of 1966 (Public Law 89– as been evaluated
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Baumbach Building, Milwaukee, Milwaukee Co., WI

Continuation sheet SIGNIFICANCE Item number 8.



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Historical Background

The Old Third Ward, which had been a swamp in pioneer days, attracted the Irish immigrants because it was close to construction sites and the riverfront wharves. Early in its history the ward developed a reputation aptly described as "colorful" — fist fights and a lynching led Milwaukeeans to call it the "Bloody Third." In 1892, the worst fire in Milwaukee's history levelled the 15 blocks and 300 buildings in the Third Ward scattering "city-wide the few remaining Irish inhabitants of the Third Ward." When the smoke cleared, 2,500 people were left homeless and Milwaukeeans were astounded to discover that the city's once small Italian population had not only increased substantially, but had also claimed as its own the charred remains of the "Bloody Third."

The area would be rebuilt as a business district rather than residential since it had always appeared better suited for commercial and industrial use, bordering as it did on the harbor, the river and the railroad station (since demolished). The <u>Milwaukee Sentinel</u>, on January 5, 1903, poetically described the growth in the district stating, "...the Ward is rising steadily, phoenix-like from her ashes, and will soon be one of the busiest and prettiest wholesale districts in the country." It

- The Heritage Guide Book--Landmarks & Historical Sites in Southeastern Wisconsin, H. Russell Zimmerman (Milwaukee, 1976) p. 49
- 2 <u>History of Milwaukee</u>, John S. Gregory, Vol. IV, S. J. Clark Publishing Co., Chicago-Milwaukee, 1931, p. 709
- 3 Wisconsin Inventory of Historic Places
- 4 History of Milwaukee, p. 710
- Men of Progress, edited by Andrew Aiken & Lewis Proctor, The Evening Wisconsin Co. Milwaukee 1897, p. 311
- 6 Ibid., p. 311
- 7 Ibid., p. 334
- 8 Ibid., p. 334
- 9 Ibid., p. 335
- Milwaukee's Irish Heritage, Library Council of Metropolitan Milwaukee, 814 W. Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee WI 53203
- 11 Ibid.
- 12 Ibid.
- Historical Messenger, <u>Milwaukee History</u>, Alberto C. Meloni, March, 1969, p. 41, Milwaukee Historical Society, 910 N. 3rd Street, Milwaukee WI 53202
- 14 Milwaukee Sentinel, January 5, 1903

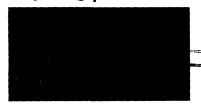
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Sanborn Maps: 1894, 1910, 1969

Frank Flower, Editor, History of Milwaukee (1881)

FORM PREPARED BY

Assisted by:

Leonard Garfield/Historian, Diane H. Filipowicz/Architectural Historian

State Historiacal Society of Wisconsin

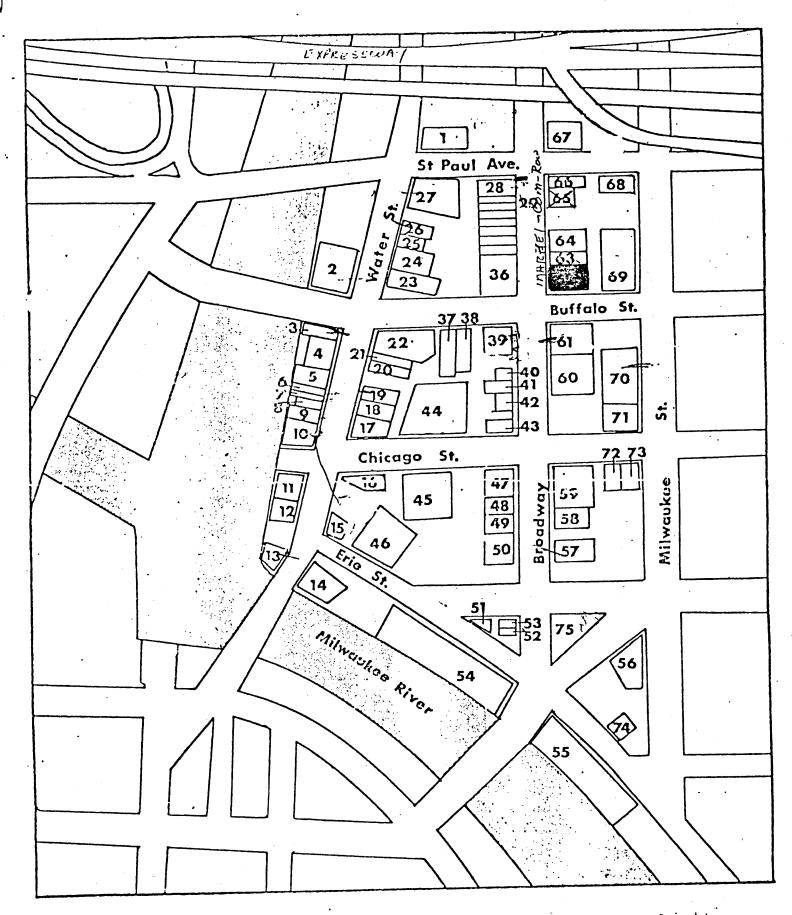
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8168State Street

608/262-2732

Madison,

Wisconsin 53706





Baumbach löbilding

Milwaukee, Milwaukee Co, WI