## PHO246757

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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1 NAME	1110702201111120				
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Mercea Count	y Courthouse				
	Courthouse				
	y Courthouse				
2 LOCATION					
STREET & NUMBER					
	d 'N' Street		NOTFOR PU		
CITY, TOWN				ONAL DISTRI	СТ
Merced		VICINITY OF CODE	15 COUNTY		CODE
STATE California	06	CODE	Merced		047
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRECE	NT USE
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRIC	CULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED		MERCIAL	X PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS		ATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE			RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED		RNMENT	
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED			SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	NO	MILIT.	· -	TRANSPORTATION
4 OWNER OF	FPROPERTY				
NAME					
Merced Count	<b>V</b>				
STREET & NUMBER	<del>Y</del>				
West 21st an	d 'N' Street - Merced	d County Courth	ouse Park		
CITY, TOWN	U DELECE			STATE	
Merced		VICINITY OF	Calife	ornia	
5 LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC				
	Merced County Rec	corders Office			······
STREET & NUMBER					
CITY, TOWN	West 21st and 'N'	Street - Merc		rthouse STATE	Park
CITT, TOWN	M 7				
2 DEDDEROES	Merced	INIO OLIDAZIONI		ifornia	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEY	8		
TITLE					
Merced Count	y Historical Advisory	Committee			•
DATE					
		FEDERA	L STATE X COUNT	/ _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Margad Country Desil	and Danesti	Dimi		
	Merced County Parks	and kecreation		~	
CITY, TOWN	Merced		s C <b>alif</b> o	TATE Ornia	
			~~~~~		



#### CONDITION

UNALTERED

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT X\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_RUINS

X ALTERED

\_XORIGINAL SITE

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

MERCED COUNTY COURTHOUSE ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

The Merced County Courthouse, completed May 7, 1875, is a fine example of the expertise of one of the California State Capitol Architects, A. A. Bennett. Mr. Bennett, the winner of a competition, was awarded the prize of \$500 plus six per cent of the building costs. His services included supervision of the construction. The building was constructed for \$55,970 by A. W. Burrell and Company. This building is the best proportioned and well handled of its type in central California. Its facade, rendered eclectically in the Italian Renaissance style, is typical of the American esthetic for public buildings before the turn of the century. True to tradition, this courthouse symbolically illustrates the American ideal of respect for justice. The sensitive handling of this building is perhaps due in part to its having preceded the transition from eclecticism to Classic design. The commercial glut of Classicism was precipitated by the World's Columbian Exhibition of 1893.

This sixty by ninety five foot building consists of a three storied brick structure and rises to a height of sixty feet. The building is plastered and painted white. Modeled in a manner similar to the Renaissance Italian Palazzo, the exterior walls have a smooth texture at the ground floor, with stonework modeled in plaster at the first floor and smooth treatment again on the second floor facade. The building was designed to sit in a four block landscaped park and is oriented on a north-east axis. Over half of the original park is maintained as such, however, subsequent public buildings have encroached from the north side. The main entrance and two other sides are framed by the original trees, and thus, the major view remains relatively intact.

Only the addition of one wing to the north side in 1913 has changed the original appearance. Instead of detracting from the building, however, the addition enhances the total design by the effective juxtaposition of a large mass to a smaller one. This modification creates a stronger composition than either could have achieved singularly. The addition consists of the assessor's office on the ground floor with the recorder's office and mezzanine on the second floor. Natural illumination of the recorder's office and mezzanine was provided by a large skylight with artificial illumination by gas light. Entry to these offices is from the east through a hall that joins the original building with the later structure.

The south side of the building has a portico with balcony which delineates the major entry. The portico is proportioned as gracefully as that of the Erechtheion. However, Mr. Bennett, unlike Mnesicles, chose Doric shafts with Corinthian capitals for the portico columns. The balcony is trimmed with a spindled wooden handrail.

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#### MERCED COUNTY COURTHOUSE ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

The various floors of the building are divided by simple double loaded corridors broken on one side by stairs. The corridor is terminated by the assessor's office at the north end of the ground floor and by the recorder's office above on the first floor. The stairs, decorated with darkly stained and highly carved redwood newel posts, are complemented by carved railing.

The functions carried out on each floor are arranged in ascending order of actual or symbolic importance. Entering from the south, one walks under the portico stairs, across a checkerboard patterned marble walk and through doors to arrive at the surveyor's office. The sheriff's office and the jail were originally located further down the hall. The superior court room is located on the top floor. The judge's bench, which has long since disappeared, was monumental. Following tradition, the bench was designed to literally place the judge on a pedestal in order that justice be revered.

Originally the court room was divided into two parts. One half was used for public seating, while the other half was occupied by the jury box and the bench. The two areas were separated by a dark, stained redwood railing. Natural illumination of the court room was admitted through seven windows and a beautiful skylight. Although the skylight has been roofed over, it still remains visible from inside the building. Artificial illumination was provided by gas light.

Pot bellied stoves, which burned wood, provided heat for each room. The flues were concealed in the walls but appeared on the roof as ornate chimneys. The stoves were later replaced by steam radiators. Running water was pumped by a windmill and stored in two brick cisterns near the building, but by 1889, water was piped directly from Lake Yosemite. An octagonal shaped outhouse served courthouse personnel during this era, but was replaced by indoor facilities in the early 1900's.

The building's roof, constructed of redwood trusses is crossed by two vaults and crowned by a cupola. The cupola's dome rests on two stacked drums. Access to the drums is by the original wooden spiral stairs. The lower drum is decorated with doubled columns in the Palladian motif, with Corinthian capitals and windows arched in the Roman style. The upper drum is also pierced by Roman style windows which are flanked by pilasters, which complement the lower drum. The small dome's graceful design, reminiscent of Erunnelleshi's Dumo, is topped by a laminated wooden statue of Minerva, the Roman goddess of wisdom. Wooden statues of justice adorn

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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three of the vault ends. A possible fourth statue of justice was not placed at the north end, perhaps indicating that the architect master planned the later addition. The roof is handsomely trimmed by a parapet of spindled handrails. The handrails are interrupted at roof midpoint by vaults and by chimneys located at the corners of the roof.

A courthouse in Fresno, California, also completed in 1875, was almost identical in every detail to the one in Merced. It was so similar that one is drawn to conclude that Mr. Bennett was also the architect for this courthouse. Unfortunately, the Fresno courthouse was drastically modified in 1893 by the addition of two wings, three stories high. The addition was done in the classic style. Classicism was at the apex of its popularity in that year. A monumental portico and a larger dome were also added. These additions, necessitated by an earlier fire and crowded facilities, caused the well proportioned original building to become lost within a clumsy shell. Later, the entire building at Fresno was demolished. Its twin in Merced remains relatively unscarred.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATES March 5. 1873		BUILDER/ARCI	HITECT	
		INVENTION		
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
X 800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
_1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

### ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE

- This courthouse is a physical reminder of the transition of the area from a struggling pioneer community to a prospering county.
- 2. This building was and still is a major visual city and county landmark.
- This building is one of few historic buildings that has suffered only minor alteration to its original appearance. Although courthouse functions were moved to a new building in March of 1975, this building served its original purpose for 100 years.
- This building is the best example of the Italian Renaissance revival remaining between Sacramento and Los Angeles.
- 5. This building's almost identical twin has already been destroyed.
- This building is in itself a museum of genre architecture.
- 7. This building could be used in the future as a county cultural museum and/or a county agricultural museum. There is no museum in Merced at this time.

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES BIBLIOGRAPHY

MERCED COUNTY OFFICIAL RECORDS

OUTCALT, JOHN: HIST	ORY OF MERCED COUNT	TY	
OGEOGRAPHICAL  ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPE  UTM REFERENCES			
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LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIN	ES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COU	NTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Pat Cosentino, Supe ORGANIZATION  Merced County Parks STREET & NUMBER  Merced County Court	and Recreation Div		HONE
city or town Merced		STATE California	
2 STATE HISTORIC		OFFICER CERTIFIC	ATION
NATIONAL	STATE	LOCAL	<u>X</u> _
	r inclusion in the National Re by the National Park Service.	tional Historic Preservation Act of 1 egister and certify that it has been	
TITLE State, Wu	bet Kluce.	DATE	7/24/75
OR NPS USE ONLY Histori			
(Jesus &	1Comes	DATE	10/29/05
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A GUIDE TO ARCHITECTURE IN SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

David Gebhard Roger Montgomery Robert Winter John Woodbridge Sally Woodbridge

Publisher: Peregrine Smith, Inc., 1973 P. O. Box 11606, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

MERCED SUN STAR, Monday, September 8, 1969

HISTORY OF MERCED COUNTY, Elliot & Moore 1881

STRUCTURAL INVESTIGATION OF THE FRESNO COUNTY COURHOUSE
Arthur A. Sauer & Associates, Civil & Structural Engineers
104 North Fulton Street, Fresno, California 93721