United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received JUN 5 1985

date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1.	Name	9			
histori	ic	Carthage United	l Methodist Church		
and or	common	same			
	Loca	_		# : - ****	
street	& number	609 South Main	Street	N//	A not for publication
city, to	own	Carthage	N/A vicinity of	·	
state		Tennessee code	047 county	Smith	code 159
3.	Class	ification			
_X b	istrict _ uilding(s) _ tructure _ ite	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	StatusX_ occupied unoccupied work in progress AccessibleX_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence X religious scientific transportation other:
4.	Owne	er of Proper			^
name		Carthage United	Methodist Church		
street	& number	609 Main Street			
city, to	own	Carthage	N/A_ vicinity of	state	Tennessee 37030
5.	Locat	tion of Lega	l Descriptio	n	
courth	ouse, registr	y of deeds, etc. Regis	strar's Office		
street	& number	Smith	County Courthouse	······································	0
city, to	own	Carth	nage	state	Tennessee 37030
6.	Repre	esentation i	n Existing S	urveys	
title	N/A		has this prop	erty been determined el	ligible? yes _X no
date	N/A		-	federal sta	te county loca
depos	itory for surv	ey records N/A			
city, to	own N/	Α		state	N/A

7. Description Condition Check one Check one

fair unexposed	Condition excellent deterioratedX good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered _X_ altered	Check one _X_ original site moved date
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Situated within the corporate limits of Carthage (pop. 2,558) in Middle Tennessee, the Carthage United Methodist Church is a one story vernacular Gothic Revival Church built in 1888-1889. Constructed on a rusticated limestone foundation, the exterior surface is formed by red brick laid in common bond. The gable roof church is embellished by stained glass lancet windows with y-tracery, a contiguous brick corbel table under the eaves and brick buttresses with stone weatherings. An elaborately ornamented bell tower is accentuated with pilasters, dormers and brackets. Rectangular in plan, the church is comprised of the original building and a rear addition added in 1925 and expanded in 1950. The most distinctive interior features are the stained glass windows surrounded by paneled wood trim and a wide wood cornice. Overall, the Carthage United Methodist Church has retained its architectural integrity.

The west (front) facade, consists of a central pavilion surmounted by a bell tower and flanked by stained glass lancet windows with y-tracery. Dating from 1889 and 1893, biblical, floral and geometric motifs ornament these windows. Buttresses with stone weatherings are located at the corners of the pavilion and the church itself. The buttresses are hollow and have a brick removed from near the top to allow for venting of the foundation. Double doors ornamented with three tiers of molded panels lead into a vestibule. A stained glass overlight with y-tracery and a brick corbel table complete the ornamentation on this section.

Above the entry an elaborately detailed tripartite belfry rests on a hip roof with a trefoil pattern wood frieze. Each side of the lower section of the square belfry is comprised of paired louvered lancet windows set between fluted pilasters that are capped with ornamental brackets and surmounted by a hip roof. Each side of the central section consists of paired lancet sash windows that are separated by semi-circular pilasters and ornamental brackets. Finally, the upper section consists of four gable roof dormers containing lancet windows below a pressed tin hip roof capped with a decorative finial.

Both the north add south sides of the church are delineated by three stained glass lancet windows with y-tracery. Similar to the west (front) windows, most were installed in 1964 and are set between narrow brick buttresses with stone weatherings. The two story rear addition, a design compatible with the original, is five bays wide with 6/6 sash windows and a hip roof that is covered with asphalt shingles like the main roof. A brick corbel table is carried over onto the sides of the original building but not on the addition.

The dominant features of the interior are a wide wood cornice and stained glass windows surrounded by molded and paneled wood trim. Other woodwork, lighting and carpeting are recent alterations. The plan of the church consists of a nave with choir loft and vestibule, plus the rear addition. The addition to the church contains classrooms of no architectural distinction.

The Carthage United Methodist Church is located on a flat corner lot in a residential neighborhood and surrounded by various shrubs, evergreens and trees. South of the church is the 1912 Nelson Fisher House, now used as an annex to the church. Purchased in 1975, it has not been associated with the church long enough to be considered part of a complex and, therefore, is not included in the nomination.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications	• •	law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1889	Builder/Architect Un	known	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

* 5 7 5 5

The Carthage United Methodist Church is being nominated under National Register criterion C for its architectural significance in Carthage, Smith County, Tennessee. A fine example of late nineteenth century vernacular Gothic Revival Church architecture in a small Middle Tennessee town, the church features a distinctive bell tower embellished with pilasters, brackets, trefoil pattern woodwork and an elaborate finial. Stained glass lancet windows, most of which were donated by parishioners, compliment the overall outstanding design of the church. Although the interior has had some alterations and an addition was built on the east (rear), the Carthage United Methodist Church has retained much of its architectural integrity.

Established in Carthage in 1808 with the Reverend John McClure as pastor, the Methodist Church first held services in a log building (non-extant). In 1820 a frame church building (non-extant) was constructed but this was sold in 1841 and a new brick church built. This brick church is now known as Braden's Chapel and is still in use as a Methodist Church. The Carthage church began a cemetery in 1845 and this eventually became the City Cemetery.

Thirteen years later, in 1858, the Methodist Church began its first Sunday School. The present church was begun in 1888 and completed the following year. An annex used primarily for Sunday School classes was built in 1925 and expanded in 1950 to accomodate a growing parish. In 1975 the Carthage United Methodist Church purchased the former Nelson Fisher House, built in 1912, to use as additional space for educational and other church related functions. Located on adjacent property south of the church, it has not been owned by the church long enough to be considered historically associated with the church and is, therefore, not included in the nomination.

The Carthage United Methodist Church still continues to be used for religious services and Sunday School. A locally significant example of vernacular Gothic Revival design, the church is dominated by the finely crafted bell tower and large stained glass lancet windows. An architecturally distinctive resource in Carthage, Tennessee, the church has undergone a few alterations but has retained most of its architectural integrity.

Lington Selection

9. M	ajor Biblio	graphic	al Refe	rences		
Carter, 1787-	Cullen T. "Histor 1956," 1956.	y of Methodi	st Churches	and Institut	cions in Middle	Tennessee
Matlock,	Dr. J.W.L. "An E age Methodist Chu	xplanation o rch, Carthag	f the Symbo e, Tennesse	lism of the s e." February	stained-glass wir , 1964.	ndows in the
10. (Geographic	al Data	1			
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tate	N/A	code N	/A county	N/A	code	N/A
tate	N/A	code N	/A county	N/A	code	N/A
11. F	orm Prepa	red By				
ame/title	Jim Burchett,	Director of	Planning			
rganizatio	n Upper Cumberla	and Developm	ent Distric	date	April 1985	
treet & nui	mber 1225 Burgess	Falls Rd.		telephone	615/432-4111	
ity or town	Cookeville			state	Tennessee 38	501
12. §	State Histo	ric Pres	servation	on Offic	er Certific	ation
he evaluat	ed significance of this p	roperty within th	e state is:			
	national	state	X local			
65), I herel	gnated State Historic Proby nominate this properto the criteria and proced	ty for inclusion in	n the National R	egister and certify		
eputy State Histor	ric Preservation Officer	signature 🗸	bestert L.	Hayen		····
itle Exec	utive Director. Te	ennessee Hist	torical Comm	nission	date 5/20/83	
	use only by certify that this prope	arty ie included is	n the National R	anietar		
	Allow Be		Entered in	the	date 7-	5-85
Keeper	of the National Register		National 1	egister		
Attest:					date	- <u></u>
Chief of	Registration				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

