

Researcher: Linda L. Bonar
Date: 9/7/79

Site No. BV-04-354
SIGN. SITE # 65

Utah State Historical Society Historic Preservation Research Office Structure/Site Information Form

LESS THAN ONE ACRE

1 IDENTIFICATION

Street Address: beside 390 North 300 East Plat ^A Bl. ⁴⁹ Lot ^{Northwest} of ³ Quarter

Name of Structure: _____ T. R. S.

Present Owner: Leo K. & Veloy J. Coates UTM: 12/357050/4237800

Owner Address: Beaver, UT 84713 Tax #: B-208-B

2 AGE/CONDITION/USE

Original Owner: Henry M. Tanner, Hen. Construction Date: before 1875 Demolition Date: _____

Original Use: log cabin house

Present Use: _____ Occupants: _____

Single-Family Park Vacant
 Multi-Family Industrial Religious
 Public Agricultural Other
 Commercial

Building Condition: _____ Integrity: _____

Excellent Site Unaltered
 Good Ruins Minor Alterations
 Deteriorated Major Alterations

3 STATUS

Preliminary Evaluation: _____ Final Register Status: _____

Significant National Landmark District
 Contributory National Register Multi-Resource
 Not Contributory State Register Thematic
 Intrusion

4 DOCUMENTATION

Photography: _____

Date of Slides: _____ Date of Photographs: _____
Views: Front Side Rear Other Views: Front Side Rear Other

Research Sources: _____

Abstract of Title City Directories LDS Church Archives
 Plat Records Biographical Encyclopedias LDS Genealogical Society
 Plat Map Obituary Index U of U Library
 Tax Card & Photo County & City Histories BYU Library
 Building Permit Personal Interviews USU Library
 Sewer Permit Newspapers SLC Library
 Sanborn Maps Utah State Historical Society Library Other fieldwork

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

1933 tax photo, County Assessor's Office, Beaver
Mr. Leo J. Coates, interviewed 9/17/79 in Beaver by L.L. Bonar
Deed Record Book C, p.718, located in the County Recorder's Office; D, p.344

Architect/Builder: —

Building Materials: log house

Building Type/Style:

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features:

(Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

This log cabin is quite large, being approximately 14 feet by 18 feet and probably had two rooms originally. The notching is still in good condition, though the wood of the cabin is very weathered. There is verticle siding in the gables and the cabin rests upon a black rock foundation. The front facade has both a window and a door, and there is a frame structure on the north end of the cabin that was built c.1920. The cabin is in its original location and is one of the very few extant log cabins to have a stone foundation.

Statement of Historical Significance:

- | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal Americans | <input type="checkbox"/> Communication | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | <input type="checkbox"/> Mining | <input type="checkbox"/> Science |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Minority Groups | <input type="checkbox"/> Socio-Humanitarian |
| <input type="checkbox"/> The Arts | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exploration/Settlement | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Recreation | |

The log cabin is significant because of its early construction date and its log building materials. Few log cabins have survived in Beaver and they are important because log cabins and dugouts were the first homes, though seen as temporary shelters to be built by the pioneers.