orm No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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NOT FOR PUBLICATION

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMSIONAL TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS REGISTER

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Cosden Building AND/OR COMMON

Mid-Continent Building

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER 409 S. Boston City. Town

CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONALD	ISTRICT	
Tulsa	VICINITY OF	1		
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	ÇODE	
Oklahoma	40	Tulsa	143	

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE		太COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME		
Reading and Bates		
STREET & NUMBER		
300 First Place		
CITY, TOWN		STATE
Tulsa		Oklahoma
5 LOCATION OF LEGAL I	DESCRIPTION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Office of	the County Clerk	
STREET & NUMBER		
500 Civic Center		
CITY, TOWN		STATE
Tulsa		Oklahoma
6 REPRESENTATION IN I	EXISTING SURVEYS	S
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Oklahoma Comprehensive	Survey/Tulsa Histor	ic Preservation Office Inv.
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1978/1977-1978	FEDERAL	X STATECOUNTY _XLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Tulsa Histori	c Preservation Offi	ce. 411 S. Denver
		STATE
T _u lsa		Oklahoma



	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	XUNALTERED	XORIGINAL SITE
XGOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Cosden Building, completed in 1918, is a fifteen story, reinforced concrete office building. The north and west (streetfront) elevations are faced with terracotta and feature cast iron canopies. Arcaded iron casement windows on the first and second stories are topped by vertical bands of double hung wood framed windows.

Basically Sullivanesque in shape, the building is ornamented with antiquarian Venetian Gothic terra-cotta motifs. Part of the overhanging mantel, with its open tracery, was removed in 1930 because of falling masonry.

The terra-cotta facade is anchored to the structure only at the ground floor level and displays considerable cracking, crazing and spalling.

The west elevator lobby retains its original Georgian marble walls and floors and vaulted plaster ceiling. A bank, formerly located on the ground floor, completely modernized its facilities in the 1950's and raised the floor level, thus making the west entry impassable.

Upper floors have been largely remodeled, but retain original drinking fountains and hardware. Josh Cosden's wood paneled office retains its wood burning fireplace and solid silver hardware. Cosden's penthouse has been substantially altered and no longer retains its integrity.



STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Cosden Building was constructed on the site of the first Tulsa schoolhouse, a mission school established in 1884 on Creek Indian Nation land. The fifteen story building, completed in 1918, was Tulsa's first skyscraper. It was one of the earlier reinforced concrete structures in the United States. The basic design was Sullivanesque, but a Venetian Gothic terra-cotta skin was applied to the structure. This applied ornamental facade is not supported by the structure, but is nominally tied to the structure at the ground floor. The Cosden Building was a gesture toward progressive design in a young city, and an interpretation of the "commercial cathedrals" of the age. The 1921 <u>History of Tulsa, Oklahoma</u> proclaimed that in "beauty of design" it was only surpassed by the Woolworth Building in New York.

The Cosden Building is the cornerstone of Boston Avenue's older financial and corporate office buildings. Cosden and his million dollar building symbolized earlier oil boom attitudes and Tulsa's spirit of flamboyant growth.

	OGRAPHICAL REFER		, -	
	sa, Oklahoma, Vol.	I, by Clarenc	e B. Douglas, S	3. J. Clark
The Tulsa Spir	it, published by th	e Tulsa Chamb	er of Commerce	, December
1917, Vol. Round the Worl	d, Reading and Bate	s "in-bouse"	magazine No '	1 1078
"R & B Buys	Building in Downtow	n Tulsa"		7, 1970,
10GEOGRAPHIC	ALDATA		****	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED	PROPERTY <u>less than 1</u>			
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VERBAL BOUNDARY	ESCRIPTION			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
See Abstrac	t of Title.			
LIST ALL STATES	AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPPING STA	TE OR COUNTY BOUND	ARIES
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
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ORGANIZATION			DATE	
	Historic Preservatio	on Office	30 June	1978
	Denver		TELEPHONE (918) 58	35-2681
CITY OR TOWN Tulsa			STATE Oklahoma	1 74103
12 STATE HISTO	RIC PRESERVATION	OFFICER CE	RTIFICATION	
THE	EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE DE I	HIS PROPERTY WITH	N THE STATE IS:	
NATIONAL_	STATE	\rightarrow	LOCAL	
hereby nominate this prope	toric Preservation Officer for the Na rty for inclusion in the National Re			
criteria and procedures set i	orth by the National-Rark Service.	\frown	χ.	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVAT	ION OFFICER SIGNATURE	2		
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ATTEST: Marriel			DATE 1 -31	-79
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Form No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (
NAME				
HISTÓRIC				
Cosden AND/OR COMMON	Building			
	ntinent Building			
LOCATION	/			
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STREET & NUMBER 409 So	uth Boston And			
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Tulsa	, 		1	
STATE Oklaho	ma	CODE 40	county Tulsa County	соре 143
CLASSIFICA				
ULABBIFICA				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)		UNOCCUPIED		PARK
	_вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
			GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
-	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED NO	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION OTHER:
OWNER OF F	g and Bates			\checkmark
STREET & NUMBER	<u> </u>		······	
and the second se	rst Place		Oklahoma 7410)3
CITY, TOWN Tulsa		VICINITY OF	STATE	
LOCATION)F LEGAL DESCR			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC	00000000000000000000000000000000000000			
STREET & NUMBER	County Clerk's	UTTICE, Tulsa	County Court Hou	ISE .
	uth Denver			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Tulsa			Oklahoma 7410)3
REPRESENT	ATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	Historic Preserva	ation Office In	ventory	
DATE				
1977-1	978	FEDERAL	_STATECOUNTY X_LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS TU	lsa Historic Pres	servation Offic	e (411 S. Denver)
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
101	Ja		Oklahoma 7410	. イ



CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C	NE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	LUNALTERED		SITE
X_good	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Ground was broken at the southeast corner of Fourth Street and Boston Avenue for the Cosden Building in April of 1917. Built by Josh Cosden as his office building and penthouse residence, it was completed in 1918. The fifteen story building is Sullivanesque in shape with antiquarian Venetian Gothic terra-cotta motifs. Part of the overhanging mantle, with its open tracery, was removed in 1930.

The cast iron canopies over the north and west entrances led to Gothic interiors with Georgia marble walls and floors. Only the west elevator lobby retains its original appearance. The north entrance was modernized during the 1950's and is now closed.

Cosden had a clear view of his refinery across the river to the west from his opulent fourteenth floor corner office. The paneled walls, silver hardware and fireplace still remain.

Cosden's penthouse, which he called his "bungalow", burned in August of 1922 with a loss estimated at over one hundred thousand dollars. Among the items destroyed were a twenty-five thousand dollar pipe organ-piano and a twenty-five thousand dollar painting. Cosden rebuilt.

Starting again was not unfamiliar to a man who has been described as "a lightning rod for triumphs and tragedies." A cyclone leveled his first efforts with an Oklahoma refining plant he had personally financed. In the same year a fire destroyed the rebuilt plant. His persistance and his personal labor in the primative oil field conditions finally paid off. Cosden turned the 1909 calamities into the world's largest independent refinery by 1913.

A favorite Tulsa oil tale is that of the twelve million dollar deal Cosden put together in the Hotel Tulsa lobby. It took Cosden only an hour and forty-five minutes to negotiate the biggest oil transaction of his career.

Four years later, architects completed plans for Cosden's skyscraper. A year after its completion Cosden was thirty-nine years old, worth in excess of fifty million dollars and had been dubbed "the prince of petroleum" by the press.

After his scandalous divorce and remarriage, Cosden and his bride left an unforgiving Tulsa society for New York's elite "Four Hundred." They were accepted by the New York society and acquired land, houses, yachts and a private railroad car, once entertaining the Prince of Wales on their Long Island estate.

Living was easy until the crash in 1924 when once again Cosden lost and rebuilt his oil fortune in Texas, bankrolled by Vincent Astor. The press renamed him "Game Josh, the rubberball of the oil industry."

(Continued in addenda page 1)

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CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	7	PAGE	1

The Great Depression of the thirties ruined him again, but this time poor health would not allow Cosden to make yet another comeback. By 1940 his company went into receivership; his private property was sold at public auction; and Josh Cosden died four days later.



SPECIFIC DATES 1918

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Hoyt-Price-Barnes, Kansas City

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Cosden Building is significant both architecturally and historically as the structure most closely associated with oilman Josh Cosden. The fifteen story building was Tulsa's first reinforced concrete building and first skyscraper.

The building, with its fine terra-cotta facade, is a million dollar interpretation of the "commercial cathedrals" of the age. The 1921 <u>History of Tulsa, Oklahoma</u> proclaimed that in "beauty of design" it was surpassed only by the Woolworth Building in New York.

Josh Cosden (dubbed the "Prince of Petroleum" by the press) founded the Cosden (later the Mid-Continent) Oil Company. Worth over fifty million dollars by the age of thirty-nine, he built the Cosden Building to provide both office space and his penthouse residence.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

History of Tulsa, Oklahoma, Vol. I, by Clarence B. Douglas, S.J. Clark Publishing Company, 1921

The Tulsa Spirit, published by the Tulsa Chamber of Commerce, December 1917, Vol. III, No. 4

Round the World (Reading and Bates in-house magazine), No. 1, 1978, "R & B Buys Building in Downtown Tulsa"

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY less than one

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DE	SCRIPTION		
Block 137, Lot	6, Original Townsi	te	
LIST ALL STATES A	ND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPPING STA	ATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PREPARI NAME / TITLE Jan Jennings, D ORGANIZATION		Edited by	Kent Ruth 405/884/5456
Tulsa Historic	Preservation		June 1978
411 S. Denver			918/585/2681
CITY OR TOWN			STATE
			Oklahoma
12 STATE HISTOR	IC PRESERVATION ALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T		
NATIONAL			LOCAL
As the designated State Histor	in Preservation Officer for the Na	tional Historic Preserva	ation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I
hereby nominate this property			it has been evaluated according to the
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATIO	N OFFICER SIGNATURE		
TITLE			DATE
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT T	HIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED I	NTHE NATIONAL REG	ISTER
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KEEPER OF THE NATIO	NAL REGISTER		DATE DATE





