UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ON	₩LΥ			
		~ 107 <b>0</b>		
RECEIVED	JUL	0 1913		•
		JEF	11	1979
DATE ENTERED				

#### SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

NAME				
HISTORIC				
Harlie Whitco	omb Farm (Octagon Bari	n)		<u>_</u>
AND/OR COMMON				
LOCATION	115 - 1 1		0.2	
-	•			
STREET & NUMBER	4, 0.5 mile north of (	Orange Village		
CITY, TOWN			NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Orange		VICINITY OF	Vermont	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Vermont	·····	50	Orange	017
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
_XBUILDING(S)	<u>X</u> PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	$\underline{X}_{PRIVATE RESIDEI}$
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATIC
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
	llis & Nancy M. Winkl	er		/
STREET & NUMBER RFD #2				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Barre		VICINITY OF	Vermont	
	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,E	TC. Office of the Town			
STREET & NUMBER	Office of the low.	n clerk		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Orange		Vermont	
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
Vermont Histo	oric Sites & Structur	es Survey		
DATE		······		
1978	- <u> </u>	FEDERAL X	STATECOUNTYLOCAI	
DEPOSITORY FOR				
the second s	Vermont Division for	Historic Preservati		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
N	Montpelier		Vermont	

# 7' DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	СНЕСК С	DNE
EXCELLENT _XGOOD _X _FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	_XUNALTERED _XALTERED	X.original moved	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The former Harlie Whitcomb Farm, with its distinctive octagon barn, lies next to the west side of the Orange Center Cemetery on Town Road #24, about 0.5 mile north of Orange Village. The farm buildings stand along the east edge of a minor drainage course that is flanked on the west by a relatively steep hill and on the east by a gentler rise of ground. A small pond lies immediately southwest of the octagon barn. The farm is no longer being used for commercial agriculture, and the fields and pastures are not being maintained.

The principal existing buildings of the Whitcomb Farm consist of an architecturally undistinguished frame house that fronts the town road, a small frame garage behind the house, and an octagonal frame barn a short distance to the south of the garage. These buildings are generally in fair-to-good condition although the barn now shows minor degrees both of structural and superficial deterioration.

The pre-1869,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -story, frame and clapboarded house is oriented with its gable roof parallel to the road. Its rectangular plan lacks wings or porches, and its design is almost devoid of ornament. On the main (north) facade, the recessed doorway is placed asymmetrically with two window bays to the east and three bays to the west. The mediumpitch gable roof has been recently covered with corrugated metal sheets; a single central chimney is presently being rebuilt. A small greenhouse is attached to the southeast corner of the house.

The frame octagonal dairy barn - the dominant building of the Whitcomb Farm - was built in 1905-06. Each wall of the barn is approximately 30 feet. Its eastern sides are against a steep bank allowing an earth ramped entrance to the 2nd floor level; from its western sides the barn rises three stories to a roof capped by an octagonal cupola. Around the eastern sides of the barn, at the base of the bank, the foundation rests partly on bedrock that outcrops above the level of the ground floor. The western sides of the barn are borne by a poured concrete foundation that encloses a concrete ground floor.

The post-and-beam frame of the barn is sheathed on the exterior with clapboards that have been painted red at various times. The internal framework is arranged in two concentric polygons whose positions are marked by two distinct breaks in the pitch of the wood-shingled roof; the three slopes become steeper and longer toward the eaves. The innermost polygon defines an open well that extends upward from the second floor to the cupola. The well serves to enable the pitching of hay from the third-story loft down to the animal stalls on the lower floors; it also provides ventilation through the cupola.

On the easternmost wall of the barn a gabled ramp, with a double-leaf entrance, provides vehicular access to the third story. This doorway enables the delivery of hay from the surrounding fields directly to the storage loft.

The main pedestrian doorway enters the second floor from the bank on the northeast side. The door and windows are asymmetrically placed around the perimeter of the barn. Windows are mostly paired; those on the ground floor around the western sides of the barn are distinguished by six lights. FHR-8-300A (11/78) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET 1

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

On the northernmost wall of the barn an exterior enclosed stairway leads from the ground floor milking parlor to a small 1-story, frame and clapboarded milkhouse that stands on top of the bank. The gable roof of the milkhouse (now covered with standing seam metal sheets) is oriented almost perpendicular to the north wall of the barn.

At the apex of the roof is an octagonal frame cupola. Each of its faces is dominated by a round-arched louvered opening above a clapboarded base. The cupola serves both to ventilate the barn and to provide light to the third floor.

At present (1979) the octagon barn is generally in fair condition. Some structural deterioration has occurred, especially on the eastern sides against the bank. More superficial deterioration is evident: many clapboards and shingles are missing with asphalt paper now applied to several parts of the roof and cupola. However, given repairs in the near future, most of the existing (and presumably original) fabric of the barn could be preserved.

# **8 SIGNIFICANCE**

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	X_agriculture	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X_architecture	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
<b>-</b>				
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1905-06	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT Unknown	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

1905-06

The former Harlie Whitcomb Farm in Orange, Vermont, gains primary significance from the extraordinary architectural nature of its principal building, a three-story octagonal dairy barn. Built in 1905-06, the octagon barn retains its original design without substantial alteration. Recent lack of maintenance has allowed some elements of the design, such as the cupola, to deteriorate somewhat but most of the fabric remains restorable.

The octagon barn of the former Whitcomb Farm represents a unique form of historic resource in Vermont. Fewer than ten other octagonal barns, together with a similar number of related circular barns, are known to survive in the state. Both types are commonly called "round barns", and most of the Vermont examples were built during a period of about twenty years around the turn of the present century. The cause of this brief revival of a barn type which had originated early in the nineteenth century is not known.

Round or octagonal barns were thought to be more efficient for stabling large numbers of dairy cows. The central silo provided a single feeding location, with the cows arranged in a circle facing inward. Such barns are also reportedly easier to clean. The traditional answer to the question of "round barns" is, "So the devil can't corner you." The subject of "round barns" is one worthy of further investigation.

The continuing decline of commercial agriculture in Vermont, the perpetual hazard of fire, and the increasing costs of maintaining large frame buildings combine to threaten the survival of the "round barn" building type in the state. The number of examples continues to dwindle: in 1976, for example, a large circular barn in Hartland was destroyed by fire, and typically, was replaced by a one-story rectangular structure. "Round barns" contribute a distinctive and irreplaceable element to the agricultural and visual character of Vermont. The ultimate loss of these barns will appreciably reduce the architectural diversity of the state' historic environment.

The ten acres being nominated is land traditionally associated with the Harlie Whitcomb farm. It contains the barn and related house and other structures, and sufficiently conveys the rural environment necessary for the complex of buildings.

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Charles Richardson - neighbor and cousin to Harlie Whitcomb.

"Barrel Barns" in Vermont Life Magazine, III: 4:10-13 (summer 1949).

<b>10</b> GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	Quad: E. Barre, VT
	Scale: 1:62500
107-900 4892-300	
A 1, 8 74077 8 2 5 4 8 9 2 2 5 0	B18 70,78,4,0 48920,00
ZONE EASTING NORTHING	ZONE EASTING NORTHING
c 18 70,77,50 4,89,2950	018 707775 48922350
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
buildings <u>now or formerly</u> owned by Dona on the north by Town Road #24 and on the Cemetery. The property is shown on the by the owners. $OK(JFF)$ Deed Rec BOOK 20	ten acres more or less, is that land and ald J. Hollis and Nancy M. Winkler, bounded he east (in part) by the Orange Center e enclosed map based on a sketch provided or DED AT OFFICE OF TOWN CLERK, ORANGE, UT, RECORD , PAGE 116. (PER MS. RITO BISSON, 9-12-79). peninghion, to exclude subsequent accurstions. HES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
	<b>3</b> , <i>i</i> .
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
<u> </u>	
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
<b>TORM PREPARED BY</b> NAME / TITLE	
Hugh H. Henry	
ORGANIZATION	DATE
Vermont Division for Historic Preserva	tion May 1979
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE
Pavilion Building	802-828-3226
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
Montpelier	Vermont
<b>12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION</b>	NOFFICER CERTIFICATION
	THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL STAT	E <u>X</u> LOCAL
	ational Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I egister and certify that it has been evaluated according to the fram BIJAMMA
TITLE State Historic Preservation Offic	er DATE 7-2-79
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED I UNIT STORE OF THE ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PR ATTEST KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER	N THE NATIONAL REGISTER
	GP0 892-453

