

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service



790

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form*. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets if needed (NPS Form 10-900a).

## 1. Name of Property

historic name Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite

other names/site number N/A

## 2. Location

street & number Benjamin Hawkins Road

<input type="checkbox"/>	not for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vicinity

city or town Roberta

state Georgia code GA county Crawford code 079 zip code 31078

## 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended,  
I hereby certify that this  nomination \_\_\_ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.

In my opinion, the property  meets \_\_\_ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:

national  statewide  local

David C. Crass 9-23-11  
Signature of certifying official/Title: Dr. David C. Crass/Historic Preservation Division Director/Deputy SHPO Date

Historic Preservation Division, Georgia Dept. of Natural Resources  
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government

In my opinion, the property \_\_\_ meets \_\_\_ does not meet the National Register criteria.

Signature of commenting official \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Title \_\_\_\_\_ State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government \_\_\_\_\_

## 4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that this property is:

- entered in the National Register
- determined eligible for the National Register
- determined not eligible for the National Register
- removed from the National Register

other (explain): \_\_\_\_\_

[Signature]

11/10/11

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
 Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
 County and State

**5. Classification**

**Ownership of Property**  
 (Check as many boxes as apply.)

- private
- public - Local
- public - State
- public - Federal

**Category of Property**  
 (Check only one box.)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

**Number of Resources within Property**  
 (Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
		buildings
1		sites
		structures
		objects
1	0	<b>Total</b>

**Name of related multiple property listing**  
 (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing)

N/A

**Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register**

0

**6. Function or Use**

**Historic Functions**  
 (Enter categories from instructions.)

Funerary: graves/burial

Recreation and Culture: monument/marker

**Current Functions**  
 (Enter categories from instructions.)

Funerary: graves/burial

Recreation and Culture: monument/marker

**7. Description**

**Architectural Classification**  
 (Enter categories from instructions.)

N/A

**Materials**  
 (Enter categories from instructions.)

foundation: N/A

walls: N/A

roof: N/A

other:

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

---

### Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance of the property. Explain contributing and noncontributing resources if necessary. Begin with a **summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, setting, size, and significant features.)

#### Summary Paragraph

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite is located in a rural area southwest of Roberta in Crawford County, approximately five miles from Knoxville, the county seat. The grave is located on a small knoll on the eastern bluff above the Flint River and is accessed from Benjamin Hawkins Road off of Georgia Highway 128. A chain-link fence surrounds the small, grassy lot and there is a large oak tree next to the grave. Colonel Hawkins was buried at the site in 1816 and the fieldstone monument marking his grave was built in 1931. The fieldstone monument is approximately seven feet tall and is resting on a base that is approximately 11 feet wide. There is a bronze plaque on one side that reads "Col. Benjamin Hawkins; 1754-1816; erected by John Houston and the Jeffersonia Hawkins Chapters D.A.R." The Sons of the American Revolution recently placed a marble gravemarker on top of the base, and a nonhistoric wood display board near the site provides visitors with biographical information about Colonel Hawkins.

---

### Narrative Description

**NOTE: The following was written by Dr. Keith Hébert, Assistant Professor of History, Director for the Center for Public History, University of West Georgia, "Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite," *Historic Property Information Form*, September 16, 2009. On file at the Historic Preservation Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia.**

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite is located in a rural area southwest of Roberta in Crawford County, approximately five miles from Knoxville, the county seat. The grave is located on a small knoll on the eastern bluff above the Flint River and is accessed from Benjamin Hawkins Road off of Georgia Highway 128 (photographs 1-6). A chain-link fence surrounds the small, grassy lot and there is a large oak tree next to the grave. Colonel Hawkins died in 1816 and was buried at the site.

The John Houston and the Jeffersonia Hawkins chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution (D.A.R.) placed a large monument atop the grave in 1931 (photograph 2). The monument is made out of fieldstones. The monument is typical of many commemorative monuments that were erected nationwide by organizations and government agencies such as the D.A.R. and the Works Progress Administration during the 1930s. In the same year, a granite monument to Hawkins was erected in downtown Roberta (Roberta Historic District listed in the National Register May 19, 1989). Both commemorations were part of a larger renewed interest in important people and places associated with the history of Colonial America and the American Revolution.

The fieldstone monument is approximately seven feet tall and is resting on a base that is approximately 11 feet wide. There is a bronze plaque on one side that reads "Col. Benjamin Hawkins; 1754-1816; erected by John Houston and the Jeffersonia Hawkins Chapters D.A.R." (photograph 2). The Sons of the American Revolution recently placed a marble gravemarker on top of the base (photograph 3).

The grave is located on less than one acre and is surrounded by a chain-link fence. The Boy Scouts of America recently installed a wood display board near the site providing visitors with biographical information about Colonel Hawkins (photograph 4). The area surrounding the gravesite is rural (photograph 5 and 6). There are a few modern houses located along the Benjamin Hawkins Road, which is located off of Georgia Highway 128.

The gravesite is located within the much larger historic area of the Creek Agency. Scholars are unsure about the Creek Agency's exact boundaries, but the land where the gravesite is located was part of the Creek Agency lands. An extensive archaeological investigation of the Creek Agency lands has not been done and the exact location of Colonel Benjamin Hawkins' plantation is unknown.

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

**8. Statement of Significance**

**Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

**Areas of Significance**

(Enter categories from instructions.)

Politics/Government  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Period of Significance**

1816, 1931  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Significant Dates**

1816  
\_\_\_\_\_  
1931  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Significant Person**

(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin (1754-1816)  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Cultural Affiliation**

N/A  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Architect/Builder**

N/A  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Criteria Considerations**

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A Owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years.

**Period of Significance (justification)**

The period of significance is 1816, the year that Colonel Benjamin Hawkins died and was buried on the property, once part of the Creek Agency Reserve. This is the only known extant place directly associated with Hawkins. The period of significance also includes 1931 for the historic fieldstone grave marker placed on the site by the Daughters of the American Revolution.



Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

**Criteria Considerations (explanation, if necessary)**

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite meets National Register Criteria Consideration C as the last surviving known historic resource directly associated with a person of outstanding importance to Georgia history. Appointed to the post of Principal Temporary Agent for Indian Affairs South of the Ohio River by President George Washington in 1796 and serving until his death in 1816, Hawkins served as the principal diplomat and point of contact between the U.S. government and Creek Nation. In 1803, Hawkins settled in present-day Crawford County on 8,004 acres of land, known as the Creek Agency Reserve, on both sides of the Flint River. The exact location of Hawkins' plantation within the reserve is unknown at this time. The boundaries of the reserve are also unknown at this time. Without extensive professional archaeological research and investigation to determine the location of Hawkins' plantation, his gravesite within the reserve is the only known place directly associated with his career.

**Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph** (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance and applicable criteria.)

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite meets National Register Criterion B and Criteria Consideration C at the state level of significance in the area of politics/government as the only known extant historic resource in Georgia directly associated with Hawkins' influential diplomatic career. As a federally appointed Indian Agent, Hawkins played an influential role in shaping the relationship between the United States government and the Creek Nation during the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Washington chose Hawkins for his reputation as a fair and just negotiator with the Cherokee and Creek Indians. Hawkins served during a period of cultural and economic hardship among the Creeks and other Southeastern tribes caused by a sharp decline in the deerskin trade. Hawkins was instrumental in the development and implementation of the federal government's "plan for civilization" for Native Americans. Despite Hawkins' diplomacy and a plan that promoted Native American assimilation, the Creeks and Cherokees were later aggressively removed from the state by white settlement pressure.

Benjamin Hawkins was President George Washington's official Indian Agent for the Southeast from 1796 to 1816. Hawkins was born August 15, 1754, in present-day Warren County, North Carolina. The outbreak of the American Revolution ended Hawkins studies at the College of New Jersey (later Princeton University). Hawkins was recruited by George Washington to join the general's staff as a French translator. After the war, Hawkins held several state political offices in North Carolina, represented Congress during negotiations between the federal government and the Creek and Cherokee tribes, and served in the U.S. Senate (1789-1795). In 1796, in recognition of Hawkins' diplomatic skill, President George Washington appointed him to serve as the "Principal Temporary Agent for Indian Affairs South of the Ohio River." In 1803, Hawkins settled in present-day Crawford County on 8,004 acres of land, known as the Creek Agency Reserve, on both sides of the Flint River. The exact location of Hawkins' homestead within the reserve is unknown. As part of a plan to "civilize" and assimilate Southeastern tribes, Moravian missionaries and skilled white craftsmen arrived at the agency in 1807 to teach weaving, spinning, and farming to local Creeks. The agency also served as the focal point for contact between whites and the Creeks, who routinely visited the agency to seek Hawkins' assistance. Hawkins held the position of Indian Agent from 1796 until his death in 1816.

**Narrative Statement of Significance** (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

**NOTE: The following was written by Dr. Keith Hébert, Assistant Professor of History, Director for the Center for Public History, University of West Georgia, "Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite," *Historic Property Information Form*, September 16, 2009. On file at the Historic Preservation Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia.**

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite meets National Register Criterion B and Criteria Consideration C at the state level of significance in the area of politics/government because it is the only known historic resource directly associated with the life of Colonel Benjamin Hawkins (1754-1816) and his influential diplomatic career. The gravesite is the last surviving known resource directly associated with a person of outstanding importance to Georgia history.

Benjamin Hawkins was born on August 15, 1754, in present-day Warren County, North Carolina. Hawkins studied French at the College of New Jersey (later Princeton University). The outbreak of the American Revolution ended Hawkins'

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

studies. General George Washington recruited Hawkins to join his staff to work as a translator. After the war, Hawkins held several state political offices in North Carolina and represented the state in the United States Senate (1789-1795). Prior to entering the Senate, Hawkins had previously represented Congress during several negotiations between the federal government and the Creek and Cherokee nations. Hawkins continued to foster positive relationships with those tribes during his Senate career. In 1796, in recognition for Hawkins' diplomatic skill, President George Washington appointed Hawkins to serve as the "Principal Temporary Agent for Indian Affairs South of the Ohio River." Hawkins held this position from 1796 until his death in 1816.

Colonel Benjamin Hawkins assumed his post as the principal U.S. agent to the Southeastern Indian Nations during a period of economic, social, and cultural upheaval among the Creek and Cherokee. The decline of the deerskin trade threatened the Creek and Cherokee economy—an economy that had become increasingly dependent upon trade with white merchants and settlers. Southeastern tribes were under pressure from state and federal governments and white settlers to abandon their lands to facilitate American expansion. Hawkins, who was sympathetic to the plight of the Native Americans, received permission from President Thomas Jefferson to implement a plan to "civilize" the tribes. Hawkins' plan for civilization included advising Native Americans to adopt European agricultural practices that would increase the level of economic trade between Native people and white Americans. The plan also encouraged Native Americans to resettle into towns and villages to encourage trade and to open up more of their lands to prospective white settlers. The plan for civilization also invited Christian missionaries to proselytize among the Native Americans. Hawkins and other American leaders believed that if Native Americans were to ever integrate into American society, they would first have to adopt Christianity. The plan for civilization's ultimate goal was to create a self-sufficient population of Christian-worshipping, English speaking, Native Americans that could integrate into American society. All plans for integration involved Native Americans surrendering large tracts of land to whites.

Benjamin Hawkins settled in modern-day Crawford County, Georgia, during the spring of 1803. Initially, Hawkins' Creek Agency Reserve comprised 8,005 acres. The tract of land was rectangular with its long axis running from northeast to the southwest. The Flint River ran through the center of the reserve. The east side of the reserve is now located in Crawford County. The west side of the reserve is now located in Taylor County. The site of Colonel Benjamin Hawkins' grave is located within the boundaries of the Creek Agency Reserve in 1803. The agency was the home of Benjamin Hawkins. It was not a fort or a trading post. The reserve was used to attract skilled white craftsmen into the area to demonstrate their crafts to the neighboring Creek people. In 1807, Moravian missionaries and craftsmen arrived at the Creek Agency. These missionaries instructed the Creek in the art of weaving and in the production of looms and spinning wheels. Hawkins also operated a sizeable plantation on the property. The plantation produced cash crops and served as a demonstration farm for the Creek. The agency served as the focal point for contact between whites and Creeks. Creeks routinely visited the agency to seek Hawkins' assistance. Hawkins also used the agency as a base of operations during his numerous trips into Creek territory.

Because he was the highest-ranking federal officer in Indian Territory, Hawkins often served as diplomat and general problem solver. There were the obvious diplomatic negotiations, such as talks and trading arrangements. But Hawkins also intervened in numerous minor conflicts and disputes, and both Creeks and Americans often sought Hawkins' counsel and presence as a mediator. In all cases, both large and small, Hawkins took painstaking care to collect and carefully assess the evidence. He also oversaw most military affairs, and Fort Hawkins, located in present-day Bibb County near Macon, was named after him.

By 1813, the Creeks were transitioning from commercial hunters to commercial farmers, ranchers, entrepreneurs, and landholders. But, with increasing pressure to sell land to the United States, the Creek Confederacy soon divided over the issues of land sales, the plan for civilization, and whether to negotiate the never-ending American demands for land or to defy them. In 1813, these tensions erupted into a violent Creek civil war. This was the Red Stick (or Creek) War of 1813-1814, named after the rebels who became known as the Red Sticks. The Red Sticks vehemently opposed Hawkins' plan for civilization and were hostile toward efforts to assimilate with white society. After a group of Red Sticks attacked Fort Mims, Alabama, the federal government intervened and a combined force of Cherokees, Creeks, and Americans led by General Andrew Jackson defeated the Red Sticks and razed most of the towns in Creek territory.

Hawkins was disheartened, dispirited, and deeply depressed. He tendered his resignation on February 15, 1815, but in August before he could resign, Andrew Jackson forced the Creek Confederacy to sign the Treaty of Fort Jackson, which took lands from both allies and opponents, cutting away two-thirds of the Creek territory. Hawkins reported later that he was "struck forcibly" by the unfairness of the treaty, as were the Creeks. A year later, on June 6, 1816, Hawkins died at

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

the Creek Agency Reserve. Colonel Benjamin Hawkins was buried on a bluff in the Creek Agency Reserve overlooking the Flint River. The appearance of the original grave marker is unknown.

The agency's operations outlived Hawkins. The agency remained open until 1825, despite Hawkins' death in 1816. Ex-governor of Georgia David Mitchell held the post as Indian Agent between 1816 and 1821. Mitchell's tenure was marked by numerous scandals and he was widely disliked by the Creeks. Between 1821 and 1825, Colonel John Crowell took over as Indian Agent. He operated out of a post near Fort Mitchell, Alabama. The Creek Agency in Crawford County during Crowell's tenure was primarily used as a trading post.

In 1826, the federal government transferred ownership of the Creek Agency Reserve to the state of Georgia and the land became part of Crawford County. Two years later, the land was surveyed and divided into lots. A settlement known as Francisville developed at the site of the now vanished Creek Agency during the 1930s. Throughout the remainder of the 19<sup>th</sup> century until the late 20<sup>th</sup> century, most of the land associated with the Creek Agency was occupied by small farms.

In 1931, the Daughters of the American Revolution erected a grave marker made of fieldstones atop Hawkins' gravesite. The marker was part of a renewed nationwide interest in the history of the American Revolution and Colonial American life in general. Recently, the Sons of the American Revolution placed a small granite marker atop of the 1931 Daughters of the American Revolution monument. Since Hawkins' death in 1816, the gravesite and surrounding area have been reserved as the final resting place of one of the Early Republic's most influential leaders.

---

**Developmental history/additional historic context information** (if appropriate)

N/A

---

**9. Major Bibliographical References**

**Bibliography** (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)

Ethridge, Robbie. *Creek Country: The Creek Indians and Their World*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press, 2003.

Hawkins, Benjamin. *The Collected Works of Benjamin Hawkins, 1796-1810*. Edited by Thomas Foster. Tuscaloosa: University of Alabama Press, 2003.

\_\_\_\_\_. *The Letters, Journals, and Writings of Benjamin Hawkins*. 2 vols. Edited by C.L. Grant. Savannah: Beehive Press, 1980.

Hébert, Dr. Keith. "Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite," *Historic Property Information Form*, September 16, 2009. On file at the Historic Preservation Division, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia.

Henri, Florette. *The Southeastern Indians and Benjamin Hawkins, 1796-1816*. Norman, OK: University of Oklahoma Press, 1986.

Pound, Merritt Bloodworth. *Benjamin Hawkins, Indian Agent*. Athens, GA: University of Georgia Press, 1951.



Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

**Previous documentation on file (NPS):**

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_
- recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey # \_\_\_\_\_

**Primary location of additional data:**

- State Historic Preservation Office
  - Other State agency
  - Federal agency
  - Local government
  - University
  - Other
- Name of repository: \_\_\_\_\_

Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): N/A

**10. Geographical Data**

**Acreage of Property** Less than one acre.  
(Do not include previously listed resource acreage.)

**UTM References**

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1	<u>16</u> Zone	<u>772338</u> Easting	<u>3618079</u> Northing	3	<u>        </u> Zone	<u>        </u> Easting	<u>        </u> Northing
2	<u>        </u> Zone	<u>        </u> Easting	<u>        </u> Northing	4	<u>        </u> Zone	<u>        </u> Easting	<u>        </u> Northing

**Verbal Boundary Description** (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The National Register boundary is indicated on the attached plat map drawn to scale with a heavy, black line.

**Boundary Justification** (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

The proposed boundary is the current legal boundary and is the gravesite and grave marker directly associated with Colonel Benjamin Hawkins.

**11. Form Prepared By**

name/title Gretchen Brock/National Register & Survey Program Manager  
organization Historic Preservation Division, GA Dept. of Natural Resources date July 8, 2011  
street & number 254 Washington Street, Ground Level telephone (404) 656-2840  
city or town Atlanta state GA zip code 30334  
e-mail Gretchen.brock@dnr.state.ga.us



Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

name/title Dr. Keith S. Hébert/Assistant Professor of History. Director of the Center for Public History  
organization University of West Georgia date July 8, 2011  
street & number History Department, TLC Building telephone (678) 839-6508  
city or town Carrollton state GA zip code 30118  
e-mail khebert@westga.edu

---

### Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

- **Maps:** A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.  
A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- **Continuation Sheets**
- **Additional items:** (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

---

### Photographs:

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map.

Name of Property: Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite

City or Vicinity: Roberta vicinity

County: Crawford State: Georgia

Photographer: Charlie Miller, Historic Preservation Division, Georgia Dept. of Natural Resources

Date Photographed: May 2010

Description of Photograph(s) and number:

- 1 of 6: View of gravesite; photographer facing east.
- 2 of 6: View of gravesite and 1931 grave marker and plaque; photographer facing east.
- 3 of 6: Detail of nonhistoric marble grave marker; photographer facing west.
- 4 of 6: Overview of gravesite from driveway; photographer facing southwest.
- 5 of 6: Overview of gravesite from road; photographer facing southwest.
- 6 of 6: Road leading to gravesite; photographer facing southwest.

Hawkins, Colonel Benjamin, Gravesite  
Name of Property

Crawford County, GA  
County and State

**Property Owner:**

(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)

name Crawford County Board of Commissioners  
street & number PO Box 1059 telephone \_\_\_\_\_  
city or town Roberta state GA zip code 31078

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management, U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

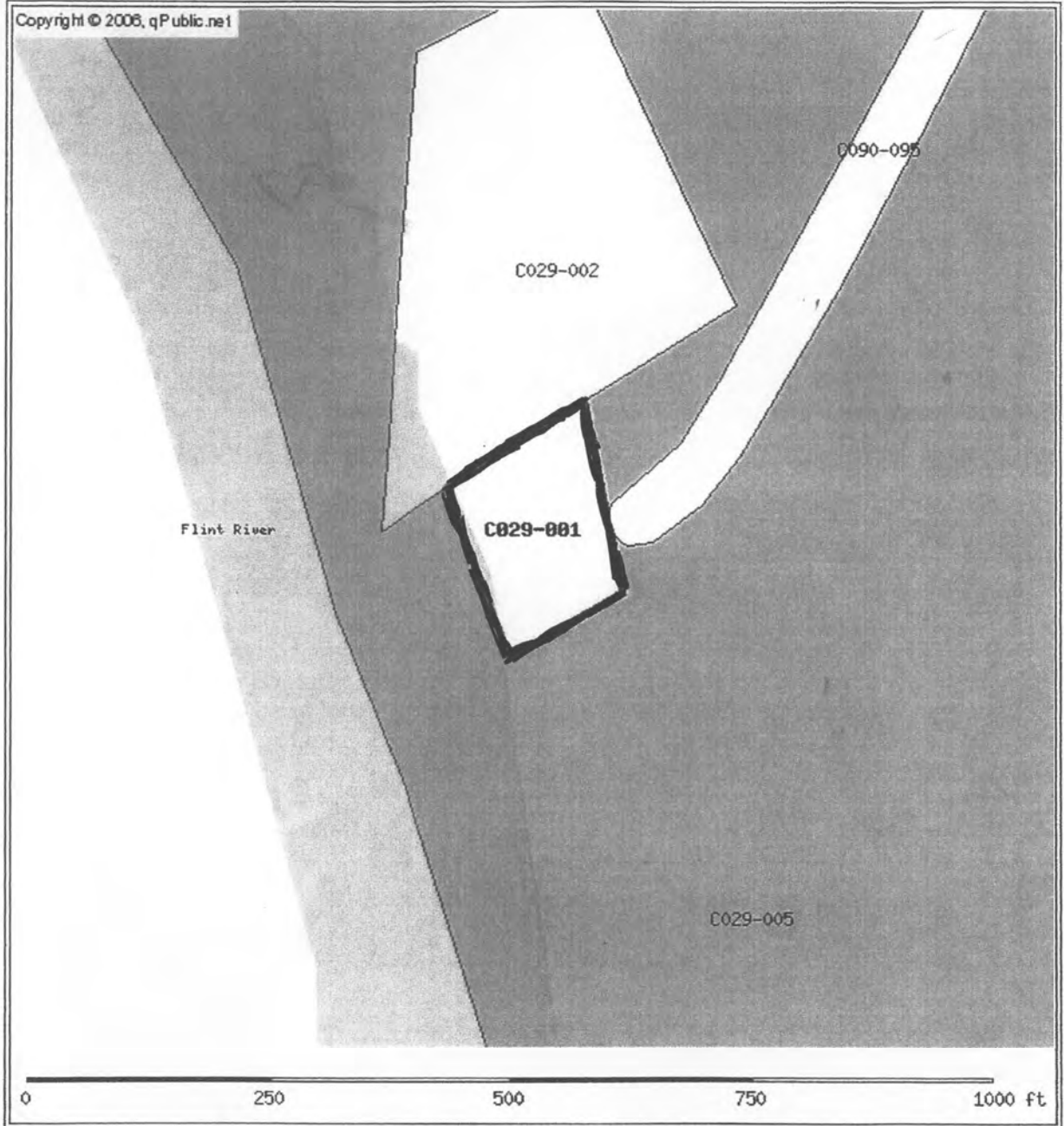
**COLONEL BENJAMIN HAWKINS' GRAVESITE  
CRAWFORD COUNTY, GEORGIA  
NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY**

NORTH: ↑

BOUNDARY: ■

SCALE: 1" = 250'

SOURCE: CRAWFORD COUNTY TAX ASSESSOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Hawkins, Col. Benjamin, Gravesite

MULTIPLE NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: GEORGIA, Crawford

DATE RECEIVED: 9/30/11      DATE OF PENDING LIST: 10/26/11  
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 11/10/11      DATE OF 45TH DAY: 11/15/11  
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 11000790

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N    DATA PROBLEM: N    LANDSCAPE: N    LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N  
OTHER:  PDIL: N    PERIOD: N    PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N  
REQUEST: N    SAMPLE: N    SLR DRAFT: N    NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

ACCEPT     RETURN     REJECT    11/10/11 DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

*Significant for Benjamin Hawkins  
Last surviving known historic resource.  
Hawkins served as Indian Agent for the SE  
from 1796-1816.*

RECOM./CRITERIA B

REVIEWER Lisa Delina

DISCIPLINE Historic

TELEPHONE \_\_\_\_\_

DATE 11/10/11

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.





**Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite  
Crawford County, Georgia  
Photograph 1 of 6**



Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite  
Crawford County, Georgia  
Photograph 2 of 6



Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite

Crawford County, Georgia

Photograph 3 of 6



**Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite**  
**Crawford County, Georgia**  
**Photograph 4 of 6**



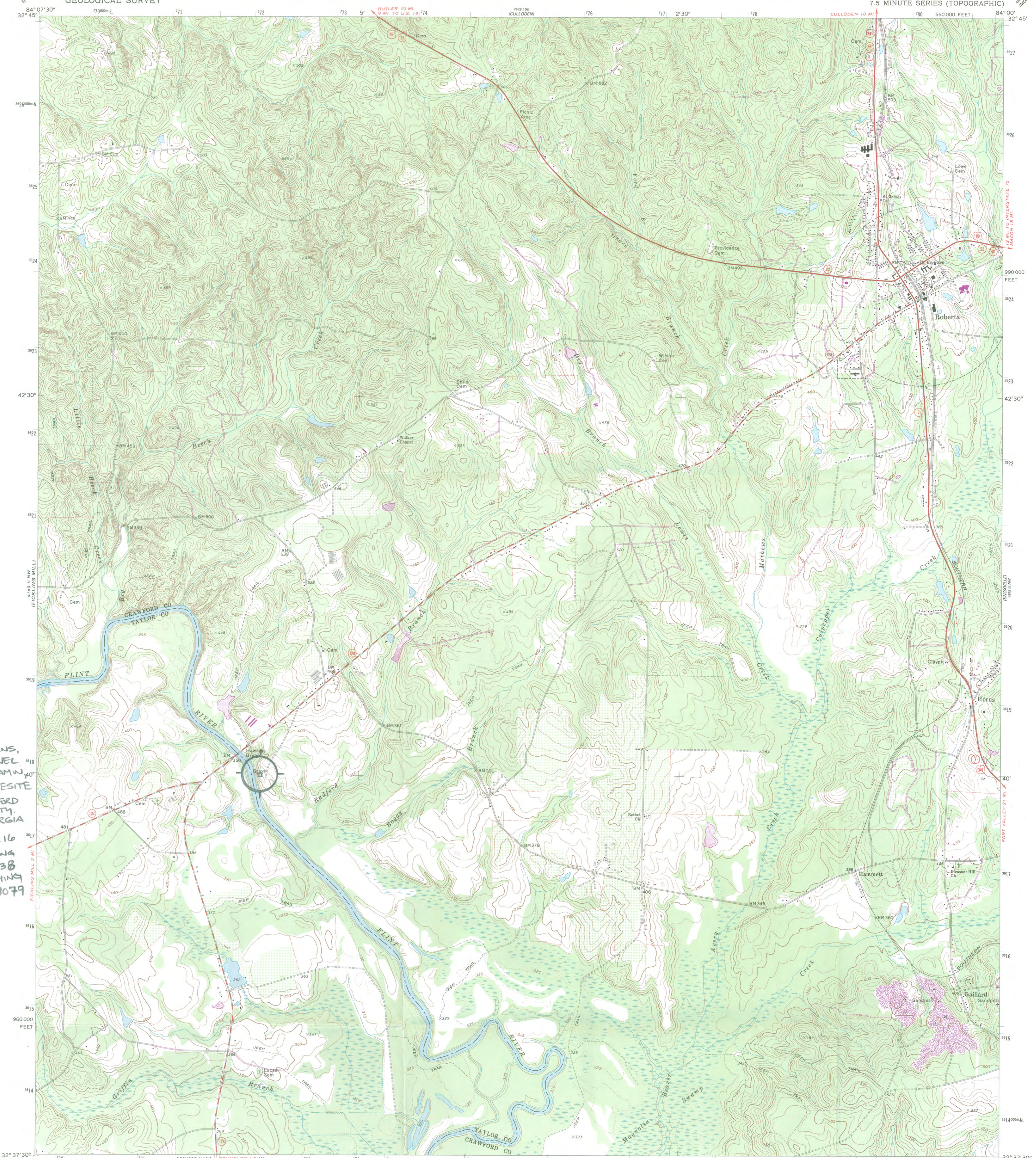


**Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite**  
**Crawford County, Georgia**  
**Photograph 5 of 6**



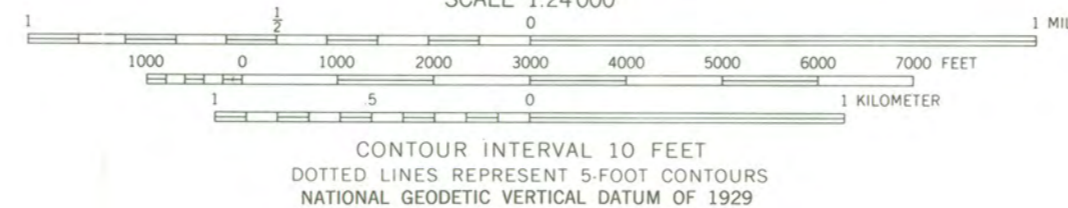
Hawkins, Colonial Benjamin, Gravesite  
Crawford County, Georgia  
Photograph 6 of 6





HAWKINS,  
COLONEL  
BENJAMIN  
GRAVESITE  
CRAWFORD COUNTY,  
GEORGIA  
ZONE 16  
EASTING  
772338  
NORTHING  
3618079

Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey  
Control by USGS, NOS/NOAA, and Georgia Geodetic Survey  
Topography by photogrammetric methods from aerial  
photographs taken 1968. Field checked 1971  
Projection and 10,000-foot grid ticks: Georgia coordinate  
system, west zone (transverse Mercator)  
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,  
zone 16, shown in blue  
1927 North American Datum  
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983,  
move the projection lines 13 meters south and  
9 meters west as shown by dashed corner ticks  
Fine red dashed lines indicate selected fence and field lines where  
generally visible on aerial photographs. This information is unchecked  
Revisions shown in purple compiled by the Geological Survey  
in cooperation with State of Georgia agencies from aerial photographs  
taken 1981 and other sources. This information not field checked  
Map edited 1985



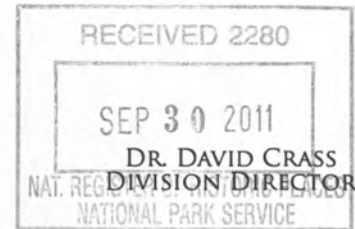
ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Primary highway, hard surface	Light-duty road, hard or improved surface
Secondary highway, hard surface	Unimproved road
Interstate Route	U. S. Route
	State Route

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS  
FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092  
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

ROBERTA, GA.  
32084-F1-TF-024  
1971  
PHOTOREVISED 1985  
DMA 4149 II NE-SERIES V845





MARK WILLIAMS  
COMMISSIONER

September 26, 2011

J. Paul Loether  
National Park Service  
National Register of Historic Places  
1201 "I" (Eye) Street, N.W. 8th floor  
Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Mr. Loether:

Please find enclosed the following nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for your consideration:

**Colonel Benjamin Hawkins Gravesite (Crawford Co.)**

Sincerely,



Gretchen Brock  
National Register & Survey Program Manager