Form 10-300 (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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DATE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM (Type all entries - complete applicable sections)		-	York FOR NPS US ENTRY NUMBER	E ONLY	DATE		
		}-	NOV 2. F	1974	DATE		
NAME				<u>-</u>	2		
COMMON:					ATTITES.	·	
	on House	1	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u>/ </u>	
AND/OR HISTORIC:	(V	/ 477 -	·		A. P. RECEIVED	1337	
LOCATION UID	Jail,(Yorkv	LLIE.	lalli)	Ţ	SEP 2 6 1	3.20 3.00	
STREET AND NUMBER:		<u>. 116-35-1189</u>				1/4	<u></u>
3 Sol	uth Congres	s Stre	et.		NATIONAL.	[]	
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STATE			1		·**/	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
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South Caroli CLASSIFICATION	na		045	York.			091
CATEGORY	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	ACCES	SIBL F
(Check One)		OWNE	RSHIP		STATUS	TO THE	
District X Building	☐ Public	Publi	c Acquisition:		X Occupied	Yes:	
Site Structure	X Private		☐ In Process		Unoccupied	☐X Restr	
Object	☐ Both		Being Consid	lered	Preservation work		stricted
					in progress	□ No	
PRESENT USE (Check One or M	More as Appropriate	e)					
Agricultural G	overnment	☐ Park	:		Transportation	Comme	ints
Commercial In	dustrial	X Priv	ate Residence		Other (Specify)		
☐ Educational ☐ Mi	ilitary	Reli	gious			-	
Entertainment M	useum	☐ Scie	ntific				
OWNER OF PROPERTY					34		\$
OWNER'S NAME:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_					
STREET AND NUMBER:	al Church H	ome fo	or Childrer	١			
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CITY OR TOWN:	ountain Str	eer	S	STATE:		С	ODE
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COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF							
	<u>unty Courth</u>	ouse			·		
STREET AND NUMBER:	1 1 • 1						l
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REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS						aci
TITLE OF SURVEY:							
	ry of Histor		aces in So	uth_Ca			
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DESCRIPTION			1398	505 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
			(Chec	k One)		
CONDITION	Excellent 💢 Go	od 🗌 Foir	Dete	eriorated	Ruins	Unexposed
CONDITION	interior (Chec	k One)			(Ch	eck One)
	X Altered	Unaltered			Moved	📝 Original Site

Exterior: Built in 1828, the jail at Yorkville (now York, S.C.) served York District for twenty-five years, until 1853, when it was sold at public auction and converted into a private residence. The three story building of Flemish bond brick has symmetrically arranged windows and doorway. Door has a semi-circular fanlight and brick arch. Surmounted by flat brick arches, the eight 9/9 light windows of the facade have limestone sills. Four corbeled cap interior chimneys protrude from gabled roof.

The concern for symmetry is evident on the side of the building where false window recesses surmounted by flat arches correspond to window open-

ings.

Rear facade has been altered by additions of a brick room on first floor, a screened porch on the second floor, and a small window on the third floor.

<u>Interior</u> has been altered during use as a private residence. There are now vacant offices on each side of the entrance hall and private apartments on the upper floors. Each room has a corner fireplace.

<u>Surroundings:</u> Located across from the York County Courthouse, the old jail faces York's main street, Congress Street. Flanking the jail is a vacant brick building on the left and, on the right, a driveway lies between the former jail and another house.



ERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	☐ 16th Century	☐ 18th Century	20th Century
☐ 1-5th Century	☐ 17th Century	[19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known) 1828		
REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	■ Education	Political	Urban Planning
☐ Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic	☐ Industry	losophy	
☐ Agriculture	Invention	Science	
(X) Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
☐ Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	X Militory	Theater	
☐ Canservation	Music	Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Attributed to Robert Mills and characteristic of his style, the Yorkville jail was built in 1828 while Mills was living in South Carolina and may have been one of his designs. The three story building with its fine proportions and detailed brick work is an exceptional example of small town prison architecture. It was used by Federal troops to imprison members of the Ku Klux Klan during the Reconstruction period.

Architecture: The jail at Yorkville was built in 1828 by Thomas B. Hoover who signed a contract to "execute all the stone masons, brick masons, black-smiths and carpenters work also painting, glazing, plastering, and all other work required to be done at the gaol now to be built in Yorkville..." After twenty-three years of use the Commissioners petitioned to sell the jail and to build a new one farther from the town's center. In 1853 William A. Latta purchased the property for the sum of \$9710 and gave it to his daughter, Annie Latta Wilson. Converted into a residence, the building was known as the Wilson House.

The design of the brick jail built by Hoover cannot be definitely attributed to Robert Mills but several factors support the hypothesis that Mills may have designed the jail at Yorkville. A native South Carolinian, Mills returned to the state in 1819 for a ten year period. From 1820-1823 he served as Commissioner of Public Works and was frequently referred to as State Architect amd Engineer. In the Charleston COURIER (February 28,1822) an advertisement signed Robert Mills, Acting Commissioner of Public Works, appeared inviting proposals for the erection of courthouses at Kingstree, Newberry, Greenville and Yorkville and jails at Union, Spartanburg, Lancaster, and Yorkville. Many of these public buildings can be attributed to Mills although he often failed to sign his plans.

In February, 1824 Mills was removed from his position on the Board of Public Works because the state was on the verge of bankruptcy; he remained in South Carolina until 1830, however, working on various public and private projects.

Although the interior of the Yorkville jail was altered to serve as a residence in 1853, the exterior exhibits several features which are characteristic of Mills' work. An advocate of the use of brick in York district, he wrote that "...there is excellent clay for making brick for building and equal to any in the state, both for durability and beauty. The walls of the new courthouse (designed by Mills and destroyed in 1913) are built of this material, and show the quality of the brick." Also characteristic of Mills'style are details of the building such as brick arches, semi-circular fan-

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

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#8. SIGNIFICANCE Wilson House York County

light, matching false window recesses, and an overall concern for proportion

and symmetry.

Built during a period when most prison facades were fortress-like, designed to deter outsiders from crime as well as to retain the prisoners, the well-proportioned brick building is an exceptional example of simplicity and dignity in a mid-19th Century prison.

Political and Military: The brick building was again used as a jail during Reconstruction when Federal troops, stationed in York County for 16 years, imprisoned Ku Klux Klan members. The area was a stronghold of Klan activity and Dr. Rufus Bratton of York County provided the basis for the main character of The Clansman by Thomas Dixon. During these years the old jail at York held many Klan members and was referred to locally as the "United States Hotel."



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Wilson House York County

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