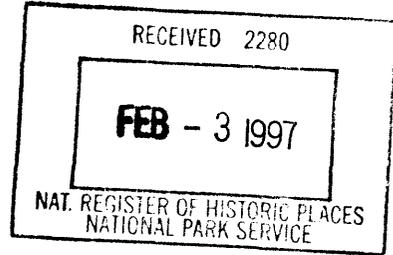
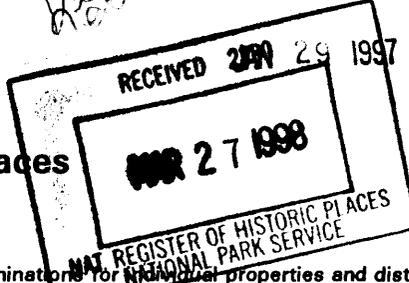


United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Fuhrman, Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) , Farm

other names/site number Greenley, Thomas R. and Beth L. (Fillmore), Farm

2. Location

street & number 1780 - 185th Street N/A not for publication

city or town Independence vicinity

state Iowa code IA county Buchanan code 019 zip code 50644

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide locally. (see continuation sheet for additional comments).

Patricia Blankinship, DSHPO 1-29-97
Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State Historical Society of Iowa
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Signature of certifying official/Title Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

- entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet.
- determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet.
- determined not eligible for the National Register.
- removed from the National Register.
- other, (explain): _____

Signature of the Keeper Sandra McClelland Date of Action 5/1/98

Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm
Name of Property

Buchanan Co., Iowa
County and State

5. Classification

Ownership of Property

(Check as many boxes as apply)

- private
- public-local
- public-State
- public-Federal

Category of Property

(Check only one box)

- building(s)
- district
- site
- structure
- object

Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	buildings
<u>2</u>		sites
	<u>1</u>	structures
		objects
<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	Total

Name of related multiple property listing

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

N/A

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

0

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

AGRICULTURAL/animal facility

DOMESTIC/single dwelling

AGRICULTURAL/storage

Current Functions

(Enter categories from instructions)

AGRICULTURAL/animal facility

DOMESTIC/single dwelling

AGRICULTURAL/storage

7. Description

Architectural Classification

(Enter categories from instructions)

LATE 19th & 20th CENTURY REVIVALS/

Classical Revivals

LATE VICTORIAN/Queen Anne

Materials

(Enter categories from instructions)

foundation concrete

walls wood

roof asphalt

other stone/granite

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm
Name of Property

Buchanan Co., Iowa
County and State

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # _____
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # _____

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE

Period of Significance

1901 - 1925

Significant Dates

1901 - 1925

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

Radford Company

Harrington, Frank

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other

Name of repository:

Collection of the Owners

Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm
Name of Property

Buchanan Co., Iowa
County and State

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property 5 acres

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1 [1]5 [5]8[8]0[0]5 [4]7[0]7[0]7[0]
Zone Easting Northing

2 []
Zone Easting Northing

3 []

4 []

[] See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Mark A. White

organization Buchanan Co. Historic Preservation Commission date 1 July 1996

street & number 400 - 1st Str. W. telephone 319-334-2595

city or town Independence state Iowa zip code 50644

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the complete form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name Thomas R. and Beth L. Greenley

street & number 1780 - 185th Street telephone 319-334-3638

city or town Independence state Iowa zip code 50644

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Travelling approximately one mile north and one mile west of the corporate limits of Independence, Iowa, one enters the Fuhrman Farmstead by turning south off of 185th Street in Washington Township of Buchanan County, Iowa. The residence (contributing element) is on the west. The machine shed (noncontributing element) is straight ahead. The barn (contributing element) is south of the machine shed and the silo (noncontributing element) rises just southwest of the barn. The corncrib (contributing element) and ruins of a stable (contributing element) and hog house (contributing element) are east of the machine shed.

The current residence on the property was built in 1906 and replaced the original frame house which was located where the machine shed now sits. The Queen Anne Revival, balloon frame building sits on a foundation of irregularly laid granite field rock. The foundation stones were probably gathered from the surrounding fields and the other building materials were shipped in from a lumber company in Dubuque, Iowa. Frank Harrington, a local contractor, and his crew lived on site in a chicken house (now demolished) during construction. Plans for the home were purchased from the Radford Co. in Oshkosh, Wisconsin. The Radford Co. was founded by three brothers in the 1870's and dealt in all types of milled lumber and window sashes. The company is still in business today and markets doors and windows. Copies of the plans were used by the current owners during the recent restoration of the home.

The 2 1/2 story house is an expanded and embellished American square house. The basic design is modified with shallow bay windows on three faces of the building and a rectangular extension at the rear. The typical pyramidal roof is augmented with large gable-like dormers. The walls are covered with clapboard siding but the area within the dormer faces is sheathed with fish scale shingles. The porches, front door, and irregularly spaced cornice brackets have typical Queen Anne applied decoration.

The front, or north, face of the residence features a one story porch that covers the complete width of the house. The porch roof is supported by simple paired columns which rest on paneled bases. A handrail with turned balusters connects the bases. All of the windows are double-hung except the central window of the shallow bay on the first floor. This window is of a single sheet of glass with a decorative leaded art glass panel at the top. The large gable has a Palladian window with an arched double-hung central section flanked by square windows. These flanking windows were originally filled with small leaded diamond shaped panes. During the restoration, this effect was simulated by mounting a lattice behind the glass of the new window.

The east face of the residence is much the same as the front. There is another shallow two-story bay window and Palladian window in the attic. A small cutaway porch is located in the southeast corner of the house. This porch is supported by single columns without bases and a handrail with turned balusters connects the columns.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 2

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

The south face of the house is quite simple. There are few windows. The gable/dormer expands to span the complete width of the wall. Covered with fish scale shingles, it features a pair of double-hung windows. At ground level there is a modern one-story shed on a cement block foundation attached on the west side of this wall. This shed contains a mud room which provides access to the kitchen and the basement. The west face of the house is a match to the east face without the cutaway porch. The windows are irregularly placed to light the landings of the stairways in the house.

One enters the house through the front door into an entry hall in the northwest corner of the first floor. An open L-shaped stairway leads to the second floor. The prominent newel posts are connected by a molded handrail supported by turned balusters. To the east, through double doors, is the parlor. An open colonnade separates the parlor from the sitting room which lies to the south. The plans for the house indicate fireplaces in both the parlor and the sitting room, but these were omitted when the house was built. West of the sitting room, through pocket doors, is the dining room. The dining room has a built-in china cupboard in the south wall. A doorway leads south to the kitchen, pantry/utility room, and the enclosed back stairs.

Upstairs there are four bedrooms with built-in closets in the main block of the house. A fireplace in the northeast bedroom was also omitted during construction. A hallway leads to the south where there is a full bathroom, enclosed stairs up to the attic and down to the kitchen, and a fifth bedroom. This fifth bedroom sits above the cutaway porch at the rear of the house and at the top of the back stairs. The bedroom was for the hired man who helped on the farm. The attic is floored and used for storage.

The machine shed is a modern metal sided building and is a noncontributing element of this nomination.

The corncrib was built in the mid 1920's and measures 40' by 28' with the long axis running north and south. There are bins used for corn storage and drying on either side of a drive that runs the length of the building. This drive can be closed with sliding doors at either end. A simple gable end roof of corrugated tin covers all of these elements. The original surfaces of the long faces of the building have been covered with metal siding. On the two short ends, the original board siding is still visible.

The ruins of two buildings, a hog house and a stable, are sited to the south of the corncrib. The hog house was a board sided, frame structure. Its long axis runs perpendicular to the corncrib and is of 1920's construction. The stable was a timber frame building and even though most of the walls have fallen away, much of the building's inner support structure still stands. This building is believed to date from the original development of the farmstead in 1865.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 3

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

The multipurpose barn was built in 1901 and measures 60' by 120'. The upper planes of the typical gambrel roof have a steeper pitch than normal. This creates a higher roof with more volume for storage in the hay mow. A lean-to shed, measuring 24' by 120', runs along the north face of the timber framed building. The roof of this shed extends from the lower edge of the gambrel roof. Modern asphalt shingles cover all of the roof surfaces. Two metal ventilators and three lightning rods with decorative glass balls are spaced along the top ridge of the roof.

The north face of the barn is covered with horizontal board siding and has irregularly spaced tall narrow windows with multiple lights. All of the other faces are covered with vertical board and batten siding. The east face has several doors of varied dimensions at ground level which provide access to the different areas of the interior. The hay mow is lit by four small four pane windows. The south face has more doors at ground level and also several hatches at the lower level of the hay mow. There is a row of six small four pane windows located at the top of the ground level wall. The west face also has doors at ground level and hatches above, which are located to allow access for a variety of purposes. Three small four pane windows light the hay mow. Two large hatches are at the top of the wall. These are hinged at the bottom and when opened, reveal two hay tracks which are used to fill the hay mow. At the south edge of this side there is a small one storey lean-to shed which housed the machinery for the dairy operation. A square four pane window lights the shed.

The interior of the long lean-to is completely open. The roof is supported by peeled tree trunks which sit on concrete bases. These poles are spaced twelve feet apart on center and run in a line thirteen feet from the interior wall. There is a feed bunk along the complete length of the interior wall. This allows equipment to drive through the lean-to while filling the feed bunk. Holes in the wall above the feed bunk would allow the animals housed in the barn access to the feed. The space between the poles and the exterior wall could be used for storage.

The interior of the main building is supported by squared log posts and beams. Most of the framing members retain some bark covering. The posts are set every 12 feet in a grid pattern and rest on concrete footings. Beginning near the east end of the building, there is a feed bunk which runs 84 feet along the midline of the first floor. This bunk is open into the upper level of the barn. Most of the north half of the barn is open. The south half is divided into several areas used for animal housing. There are horse stalls, bins for feed storage, and stanchions used in the dairy operation. One enters the hay mow by climbing a ladder which runs up the interior wall in the lean-to and stepping through an opening in that interior wall. The entire upper level of the barn is one open space which is divided in half by the framing of the first floor feed bunk which extends up to the peak of the roof. This would allow hay to be delivered to the animals on the first floor no matter how full the hay mow was. There is a hay track, which was used to fill the hay mow, on each side of the

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Section number 7 Page 4

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

feed bunk.

There is a concrete floored animal pen which extends from the south side of the barn. At the west edge of this area is a 50' tall open topped silo. The silo is made of concrete panels which are secured with metal rods running around its circumference. The silo was put up in the 1950's and, therefore, is a noncontributing element of the farmstead.

The Fuhrman Farm offers a good representation of how farming developed over time in Buchanan County. The site plan on Continuation Sheet 15 illustrates the general placement of the buildings. Floor plans of the residence, barn, and corn crib follow on Continuation Sheets 12 and 13. A diagram of a middle bent of the barn is on Continuation Sheet 14.

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Section number 8 Page 5

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

The Fuhrman Farm is locally important under Criterion C as a collection of work related buildings that illustrate the changes in the farming business in this area. Individually, they are like many other buildings across the state, but the fact that they still exist as a group combined with the condition of each of the buildings is valuable. The residence on the Fuhrman Farm exhibits the influence of the Classical Revival and Queen Anne styles. Three generations of the Fuhrman family were involved with the operation before it passed out of the family. The present owners are working to maintain the buildings and have restored the exterior of the residence to its original condition.

Mathias C. Fuhrman was born on December 31, 1862, in Crown Point, Indiana. His parents, Martin and Anna Fuhrman, were German immigrants. When Mathias was three years old, the family moved to a farm located west of Otterville, Iowa, where he passed the remainder of his youth. Mr. Fuhrman worked for the Illinois Central Railroad for four years and then moved to South Dakota and supported himself by working on a ranch. In 1891 he returned to Buchanan County and lived in the Independence area. He married Eva Bertell Crowell (born on December 10, 1871, east of Littleton, Iowa, in Buchanan County) on October 25, 1893, and they moved onto the farm which concerns this nomination. On March 2, 1897, they purchased the 40 acres for \$6560.00 from Daniel and Elura Bantz. Daniel Bantz had originally improved the farm. The farmstead is indicated on the map of Buchanan County printed in the 1875 *Andreas Illustrated Atlas of Iowa*. The only building which is believed to remain from this time period is the stable that is in ruins.

Family history states that M.C. Fuhrman was an innovative farmer. The multi-purpose barn built on the farm in 1901 is an example of this attitude. With specific areas for different animals, a large area for equipment and food storage, and machinery for the delivery of that food, such a structure was a necessity for the smooth operation of the farm. Being "first" was also important to Mr. Fuhrman. The Fuhrman's were the first to own a one row corn picker, a threshing machine, a tractor, and a Studebaker automobile. In addition to working the farm, Mr. Fuhrman served on the school board. The farming operation was very successful and at the time of his death in 1940, Fuhrman owned many hundreds of acres.

The present residence was built in 1906. It's significant that the barn was built first and then, five years later, the family home was upgraded. After the Fuhrmans moved into their new home, the old house was put to new uses. All manner of objects, including loose grain, were stored in the building. When the present owner and his family moved to the farm, the building was used as a garage. The modern pole building/machine shed was built on the site of the original residence when it was finally torn down. Electrical power was installed in 1939.

Eva and M.C. Fuhrman were the parents of three children, but only one son, Fayne Fairburn

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Section number 8 Page 6

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Fuhrman, grew to adulthood. The first born, a son, died as an infant and the last child, a daughter, died at age twenty. In addition to her children and the usual duties of a farm wife, Eva Fuhrman was an amateur photographer. The closet under the front staircase in the new house was her dark room.

Fayne F. Fuhrman was born on the family farm on December 10, 1896. He attended the country schools and then graduated from Gates Business College in Waterloo, Iowa. He lived with relatives during the week and traveled by train between the school and his home on the farm each weekend. On August 25, 1926, he and Thelma Ruth Gray were married at the Little Brown Church in Nashua, Iowa. They set up their household at a farmstead just west of his parents. One can assume the Fuhrmans continued farming together.

Ruth Fuhrman was a Certified Practical Nurse. She took her necessary courses through the mail and then completed two weeks of practical training in Chicago. She helped the residents of the surrounding farms with common ailments and also served as a midwife.

Mathias C. Fuhrman died near his home on May 19, 1940. He was 77 years old. The obituary published in the May 23rd issue of the Bulletin Journal Newspaper in Independence states that he was "an honest, hard working man, and will be greatly missed in the home, and leaves a place that never can be filled." His body was taken to the Heege Funeral Home in Independence for preparation and then returned to the family home. His funeral was held at the Otterville Church and he was buried in the Otterville Cemetery, located less than a mile from his home. His widow, Eva, moved into an apartment above a store at 110 East Main Street in Independence, Iowa, and Ruth and Fayne F. Fuhrman and their family moved into the residence his parents had built. Eva B. Fuhrman died in her home on April 14, 1956. Funeral Services were held at the Swanson Funeral Home in Independence and she was buried next to her husband in Otterville Cemetery.

Ruth and Fayne F. Fuhrman were the parents of four children, Fayne Gray Fuhrman (born July 21, 1927), Patricia Ann Fuhrman (born May 7, 1931), Agnes Leah Fuhrman (born August 25, 1932), and Peggy Louise Fuhrman (born August 28, 1937). Their stay on the home farm was a short one. Ruth had become tired of living in the country and with money saved from her household allowance, she purchased the William Closson house located in the southwest section of Independence. As soon as the house in town was remodeled, she moved the family to town. The move to town made it easier for the children to attend high school and Mrs. Fuhrman hoped her husband, whose health was deteriorating, would end his farming activities. The hired man and his family lived on the farm after the Fuhrman's moved to town.

Fayne F. continued farming (never the less) and worked with his son, Fayne G., on a crop

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Section number 8 Page 7

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

share basis. In June of 1948, Fayne G. Fuhrman married Helen Aitchison and they moved into the residence on the farm. It was also in 1948 that they purchased the farm from the elder Fuhrman's. Fayne F. then operated a feed store in Independence until 1957 when he and Ruth retired and moved to Russellville, Arkansas. In 1968, they moved to Ft. Myers, Florida. Fayne F. Fuhrman died on October 4, 1984, in Ft. Myers at the age of 87. His body was returned to Independence for a funeral at the White Funeral Home and burial in Mt. Hope Cemetery. Ruth Fuhrman continues to maintain her residence in Ft. Myers.

Helen and Fayne G. Fuhrman lived on the farm several times over the years. When they lived elsewhere, the farm was rented to a series of tenants. In 1972, Thomas R. Greenley (born - 1940) and Shari A. Frye Greenley (born - 1940) and their family became the last of the tenant residents. They purchased the farm from the Fuhrman's in 1974. Changes in the property during this period mainly involved the land of the farm. Drainage tile was installed and rolling land south of the barn was leveled to provide more tillable acreage. The original residence was torn down and the metal machine shed built in its place.

Shari Greenley was the daughter of Warner W. and Doris E. Peck Frye and had been raised on another farm in Buchanan County. She was busy with raising the family's children, farm chores, and helping the neighbors. She also was a member of the Ladies Musical Society and the First United Methodist Church, both in Independence. She taught Church School, sang in the Church Choir, played in the Bell Choir, and did mission work with the United Methodist Women. She died in Rochester, Minnesota, in 1989 following a long battle with cancer. Her funeral was held at the First United Methodist Church before burial in Mt. Hope Cemetery.

In 1991, Tom R. Greenley and Beth L. Fillmore were married. Over the years, the residence on the farm had been changed. The front porch had been removed and slate siding covered the original clapboards. Other general maintenance was also needed. During the summer of 1992, the house was restored with the aid of copies of the original plans supplied by the Fuhrman Family. Maintenance and repair of the other farm buildings continues at this time.

Daniel Bantz, who created the farm out of the prairie, needed a house for his family and a stable for the horses with which he worked his subsistence operation. Improvements in communication and transportation meant better access to markets and the next generation of owners (the Fuhrman's) was able to greatly increase the profitability of the farm. Increased investment in machinery as it was developed allowed for an increase in the size of the farm, which also increased the profitability. Cattle also became an important part of the business and the "modern" barn, specially designed to house different kinds of animals and their food (hay), was built. After the business had been improved, it was time to take care of the family and so, the larger and more stylish residence was built. Breeding pigs required

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 8

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

facilities for confining the sows and drying and storing their food (corn) and so more buildings were added to the farm. The condition of the buildings indicates the changing economics of farming. As each new phase of the business began, the buildings were either adapted to new uses or abandoned. Those that were no longer useful did not merit the resources to continue their maintenance. During the most recent phase, grain farming has become most important. Therefore, the original house, which had been used for storage after the new house was built, was finally torn down and its space used for a modern machine shed. The stable was abandoned long ago. The corn crib and hog house are now used for storage. The barn was last used to house pigs that were raised for market. The hay mow has been empty for many years.

The buildings can also illustrate the lives of M.C. and Eva Fuhrman. They began farming during a period of growth and technical innovation. The profit the farm generated made it possible for them to expand and diversify the operation and they were proud of their success. The barn and the house, which would have taken the most resources to build, are a notch above what might be considered normal. At the same time, they would not be considered extravagant. The barn is large and useful, but it was framed with unfinished beams and posts. Squared and finished materials would have cost more and could have been considered unnecessary. The house is mainly a four-square house and similar examples line the gravel roads of the state. However, this house was built from plans and the basic four-square design was expanded and embellished with milled lumber in the Queen Anne style. The fireplaces illustrated in the plans which were eliminated during construction could also have been considered an unneeded extravagance.

The process continues into the present. The buildings are used as they are needed. There is one new variable in the equation. Now, an interest in and an appreciation for things "historical" in nature by the present owner also provides motivation for the maintenance of the buildings.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9 Page 9

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

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**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section number 10 Page 10

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Verbal Boundary Description:

The West Half of the North Half of the Northwest quarter of the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section 17, Township 89, Range 9, of Buchanan County, Iowa.

Boundary Justification:

This 5 acre parcel is the smallest section of the original farm which contains all of the buildings.

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National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number Photographs Page 11

The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

The following information is common to all photographs:

Photographer - Mark A. White

Date - July 1, 1996

Negatives in the possession of the photographer

1. The north facade of the house - camera facing south
2. The east facade of the house - camera facing west
3. The south facade of the house - camera facing north
4. The west facade of the house - camera facing east
5. Staircase in the entry hall - camera facing south
6. Parlor showing columns and art glass window - camera facing north
7. Built-in china cupboard in dining room - camera facing southwest
8. North side of barn - camera facing southwest
9. East side of barn - camera facing southwest
10. South side of barn - camera facing north
11. West side of barn - camera facing northeast
12. West side of corncrib - camera facing east
13. North and East sides of hog house - camera facing southwest
14. Interior of hog house - camera facing northwest
15. Stable - camera facing east
16. North side of machine shed - camera facing south
17. Silo - camera facing south

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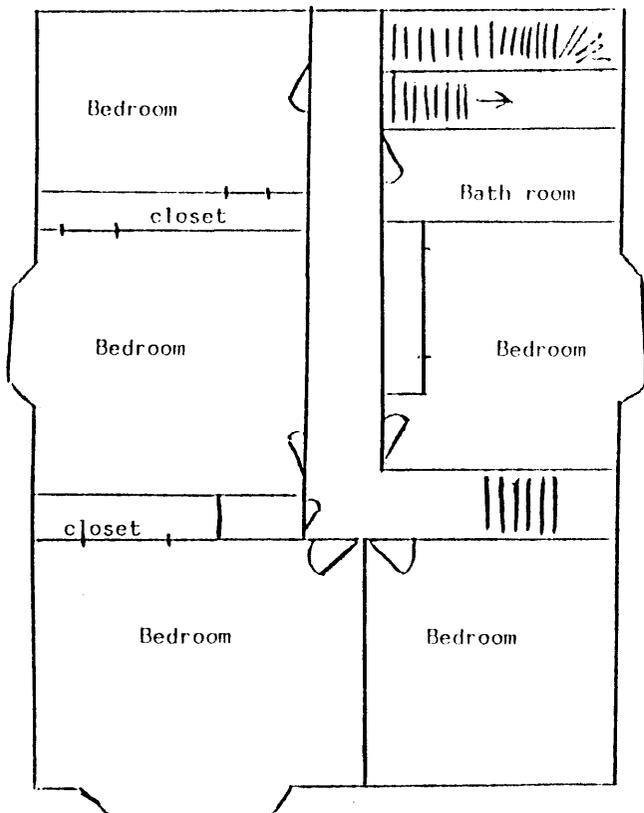
National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section number Floorplan Page 12

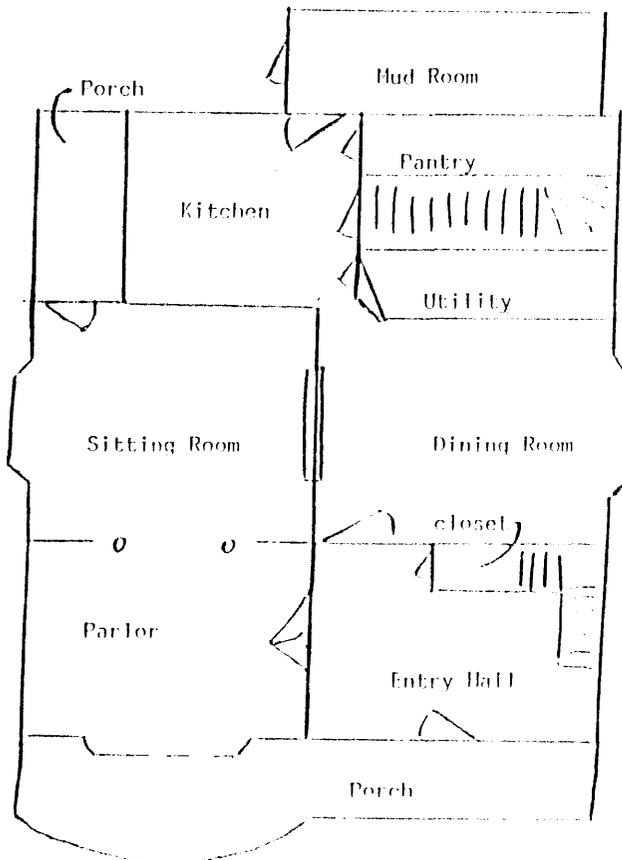
The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Residence:

2nd Floor



1st Floor



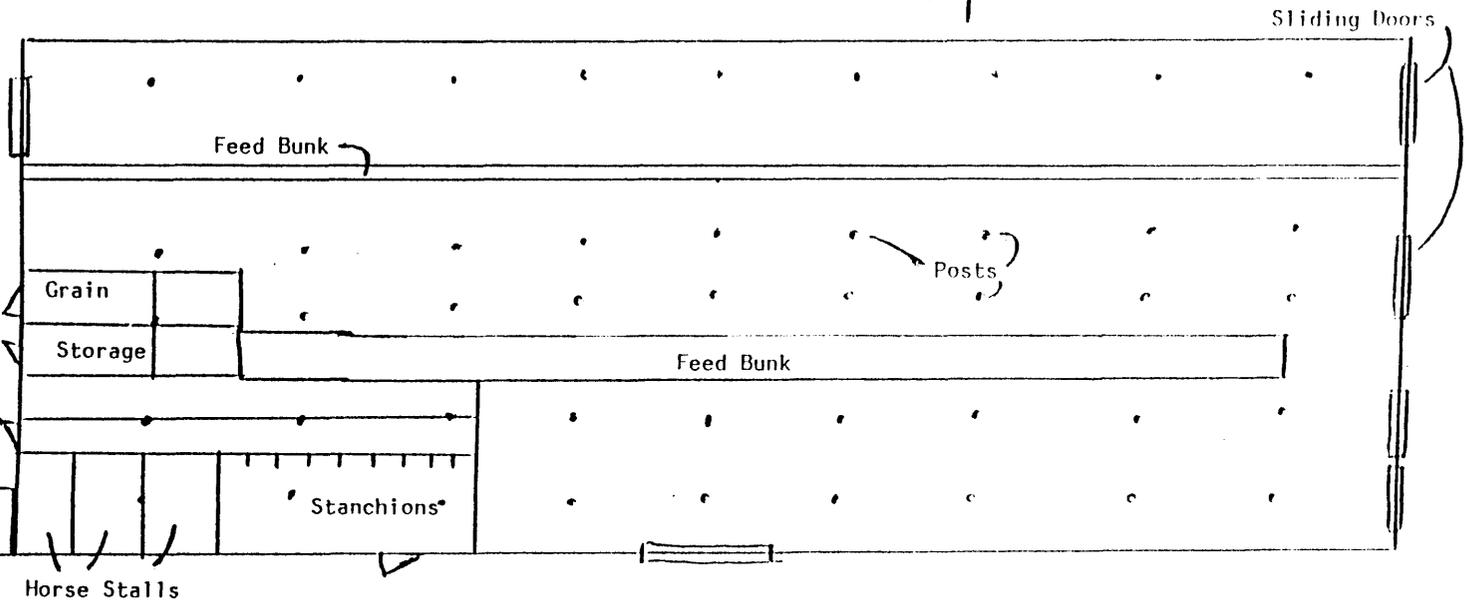
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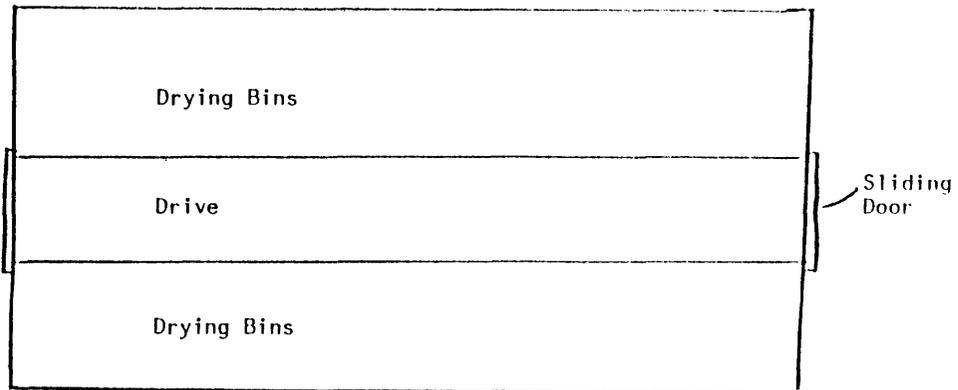
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The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Barn:



Corncrib:



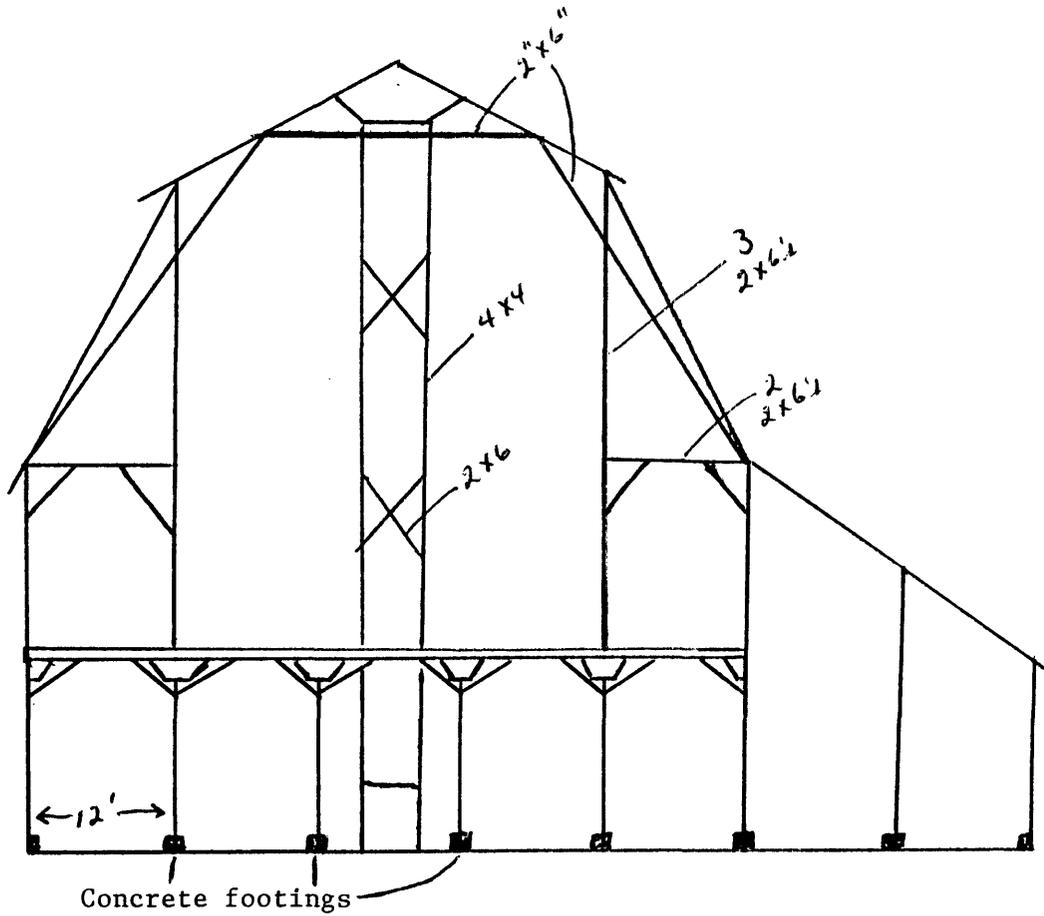
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The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

Middle Bent Sketch of Barn



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The Mathias C. and Eva B. (Crowell) Fuhrman Farm, Buchanan County, Iowa

