NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90)

United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service		d
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM	MXnonal Section RY	The state of the s
1. Name of Property	NAMES OF TAXABLE	- I The state of t
historic name <u>Mt. Zion Baptist Church</u>		
other names/site number <u>N/A</u>		
 2. Location ====================================		
street & number <u>514 West North Street</u> city or town <u>Canton</u> state <u>Mississippi</u> code <u>MS</u> county	not f vic Madison code089 z	or publication <u>N/A</u> nity <u>N/A</u> ip code <u>39406</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	:=====================================
As the designated authority under the National Historic thisx nomination request for determination registering properties in the National Register of Historequirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opini National Register Criteria. I recommend that this propex_ locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments of certifying official Signature of certifying official State or Federal agency and bureau does reference the property meets does reference continuation sheet for additional comments does reference continuation sheet for additional comments	of eligibility meets the documentation of eligibility meets the proceduration, the property <u>x</u> meets of erty be considered significant on all comments.) FEB. 25, 2000 Date	on standards for I and professional does not meet the nationally statewide
Signature of commenting or other official	Date	_
State or Federal agency and bureau		
4. National Park Service Certification	<u> </u>	
I hereby certify that this property is: [V] entered in the National Register [] See continuation sheet. [] determined eligible for the National Register [] See continuation sheet. [] determined not eligible for the National Register [] removed from the National Register [] other (explain):	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action Date of Action
	iza Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action

1024-0018

USDI/NPS Regis	stration Form
Property Name	Mt. Zion Baptist Church
County and State	Madison County, Mississippi

Page #2

5. Classification	:		######################################
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply.) [X] private [] public-local [] public-state [] public-Federal	Category of Property (Check only one box.) [X] building(s) [] district [] site [] structure [] object		ources within Property eviously listed resources in the count.) Noncontributing buildings sites structures objects Total
Name of related multiple prop (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of		Number of con listed in the Na	tributing resources previously tional Register
N/A		0	
6. Function or Use			************************
Current Functions (Enter cate Cat: RELIGION Current Functions (Enter cate Cat: RELIGION	Sub: religious facili		
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (E	nstructions)		

USDI/NPS Registration Form Property NameMt. Zion Baptist Church	
County and State Madison County, Mississippi	Page #3

8. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more book X A Property is associated with events that have made a B Property is associated with the lives of persons signif	exes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing) significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. Ficant in our past. In a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work resents a significant and distinguishable entity whose
Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.) X A owned by a religious institution or used for religious B removed from its original location. C a birthplace or a grave. D a cemetery. E a reconstructed building, object, or structure. F a commemorative property. G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance we	
Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) ETHNIC HERITAGE/African-American ARCHITECTURE	
Period of Significance <u>1929-1950</u>	
Significant Dates	
Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)N/A	
Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Architect/Builder Spencer, Raymond H.	
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain significance of the p	roperty on one or more continuation sheets.)
======================================	
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form o	on one or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS) N/A preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested. previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Primary location of additional data: N/A [X] State Historic Preservation Office [] Other state agency [] Federal agency [] Local government [] University [] Other Name of repository

USDI/NPS Registration Form				
Property Name Mt. Zion Baptist Church County and State Madison County, Mississippi			Pa	ige #4
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10. Geographical Data ===================================	:=====================================	ا کر دران اس کی کار اس کا اس کی دران اس کی دران اس کا اس کا دران اس کا اس کا اس کا اس کا دران اس کا دران اس ک اس کار دران اس کار اس کار دران اس کار		الرب المال الم المال المال ال
Acreage of Property <u>less than 1 acre</u>				
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)				
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See continuation sheet.				
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a	continuation	n sheet.)		
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a conti	inuation she	et.)		
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title	,			
organization Mansell & Company, Consultants		date	July 12, 199	9
street & number4 Windsor Drive				
city or townTuscaloosa				
======================================	:222222			
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Submit the following items with the completed form:				
Continuation Sheets				
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage		ous resource	es.	
Photographs Representative black and white photographs of the property.				
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items))			
Property Owner				
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)	rated thin and this still into man only		:	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
name Mt. Zion Baptist Church Attn: Jewel Williams				
street & number 514 West North Street		telephone(2	205) 859-9278	3

state <u>MS</u> zip code <u>39046</u>

city or town _____ Canton

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section	7	Page	_1_	Name of Property: _	Mt. Zion Baptist Church
				County and State:	Madison County, Mississippi
=======	=====	=====			

Mt. Zion Baptist Church Narrative Description

Constructed in 1929, Mt. Zion Baptist Church is one of the most monumental and intact historic resources associated with Canton's African-American community. Designed by Raymond H. Spencer, the building is a locally significant example of the Neo-Classical Revival style and clearly reflects the renewed popularity of that style for public, governmental and religious buildings throughout the 20th century.

Basically, rectangular in shape, the two story, red-brick veneered church faces south and rests on a poured concrete foundation. The main building has a front-facing broken-gable, or spraddle, roof. Centrally located, however, is a projecting, pedimented pavilion that dominates the front façade. Six Doric pilasters support the triangular pediment. Two pilasters are grouped at each end of the pavilion while the remaining two are placed one either side of three arched, stained-glass windows. Single small rectangular windows are located between the paired and single pilasters. The triple arched windows are set into surrounds with decorative brick stringcourses that imitate radiating voissoirs embellished with concrete keystones. These arched stringcourses rise from a horizontal brick stringcourse resting on the concrete foundation. Flanking each side of the projecting pavilion are identical pedimented entrance porches with full entablatures supported by Doric-capped brick piers resting on low brick balustrades. Multi-light transoms rest above the double-leaf entrances. Windows are 1/1 double hung sash with multi-pane stained glass.

The east and west facades are identical and feature seven bays. Projecting pavilions are found at the mid-point of each elevation. Containing double-leaf entrances at the base, the pavilions were designed to accommodate staircases, as well as restroom facilities. The windows on the first floor that open into the sanctuary are 1/1 double-hung-sash with multi-pane stained glass. The remaining windows are 2/2 double-hung-sash. The northern elevation originally consisted of a three bay façade flanked by projecting end pavilions. The central three-bays consist of paired 2/2 double-hung-sash windows while those in the pavilions are single, 2/2 double-hung-sash.

The floorplan of Mt. Zion church provided for several interesting features. The side walls (east, west, and north) of the large 36' x 38' sanctuary are constructed of folding doors which can be opened to provide more space. The north wall of the sanctuary opens into the 28' x 36' Sunday school auditorium. The pulpit and choir loft are located along the south wall in the projecting pavilion. The pulpit and choir loft are flanked on each side by choir rooms. Offices, classrooms, bathrooms, stairhalls, and a women's lounge are placed along the lateral walls of the building. A balcony and classrooms are located on the second floor. The interior of Mt. Zion features plastered walls and beaded-board ceiling and wainscoting. The light fixtures, hanging basket-shaped chandeliers, are original. Of particular interest is the concrete baptismal font located behind the pulpit that was installed during construction.

In 1980, the congregation erected a one-story, rectangular kitchen and dining facility at the rear of the church and connected the buildings with an enclosed breezeway. Although the new building obscures the rear elevation from the street, the subsequent addition does not compromise the integrity of the structure. Overall, the Mt. Zion Baptist Church retains a high degree of integrity in regard to design, craftsmanship, materials, feeling, association, and sense of place. Mt. Zion Baptist Church remains the one of the most monumental and intact historic resources associated with Canton's African-American community.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

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	County and State: Madison County, Mississippi

Mt. Zion Baptist Church Statements of Significance

Criterion A: Ethnic Heritage/African-American

Organized in 1865, Mt. Zion Baptist Church is eligible for listing in the National Register or Historic Places under Criterion A — Ethnic Heritage/African-American as one of the oldest African-American churches in the City of Canton, as well as Madison County, Mississippi. Prior to the Civil War, most of Canton's African-Americans were slaves who were permitted to worship in the all white congregations of the city's churches. After the Civil War, the former slaves that had attended the First Baptist Church, desired to establish their own congregation. With the encouragement and assistance of the white congregation of First Baptist Church, the local freedmen formed the Mt. Zion Baptist Church. In 1870, the congregation erected their first house of worship on a two acre site on the plantation of Jane and R. B. Johnson. By the 1920's, Mt. Zion had outgrown this structure and in 1929, they erected the imposing Neo-Classical building that serves the congregation today. In the 1960s, Mt. Zion served as the center for the local civil rights struggle and became known in the African-American community as the "Church of Refuge." Today, Mt. Zion Baptist Church is one of the most monumental and intact historic resources associated with Canton's African-American community.

Criterion C: Architecture

Constructed in 1929, Mt. Zion Baptist Church is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C – Architecture as a locally significant example of the Neo-Classical Revival style. Designed by Mississippi architect, Raymond H. Spencer, the imposing two-storied brick church is well preserved and carefully maintained. Boasting an imposing façade with six Doric pilasters supporting a pediment, rounded arched stained-glass windows, and twin porticoes, the church has not been altered. It retains a high degree of integrity in regard to design, craftsmanship, materials, feeling, association and sense of place.

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				County and State:	Madison County, Mississippi

Historical Narrative Mt. Zion Baptist Church

The population of Madison County, Mississippi has been predominantly African-American since 1840. Prior to 1865, some members of the African-American population, most of whom had arrived in the county as slaves, were permitted to attend worship services, to be baptized and married in area churches, and to join established white religious congregations. Records indicate that even in the county's earliest days, slaves were a part of the church communities. Old Madison Presbyterian Church and both the First Presbyterian and First Baptist Churches of Canton also admitted African-American slaves to their membership. For example, in 1850, First Baptist Church listed a total membership of 34 whites and 100 slaves. After the Civil War, African-Americans naturally desired to establish their own congregations and erect their own houses of worship. In 1865, the former slave congregation of the First Baptist Church, with encouragement and financial assistance from the white members, organized the Mt. Zion Baptist Church. Rev. T. J. Drane, pastor of the white Baptist Church, served as Mt. Zion's minister, receiving for his services a monthly salary of one dollar. In 1870, Jane and R. B. Johnson donated two acres of land on the northern boundary of their plantation to the Mt. Zion Church Association and the congregation subsequently constructed a wooden frame church. 1

In addition to serving as pastor, Rev. Drane, assisted by a white woman, Lillian Highgate, also ran a day school; Rev. Drane received an additional \$1.50 per month to run the school. Rev. Drane served Mt. Zion for seven years until Rev. Jordan Williams replaced him as pastor. Since the churches were often the center of activity in the black community, newspapers frequently carried announcements concerning Mt. Zion's activities. Those notices contained items such as, "Several recent converts to the colored Baptist Church of this city were baptized at the railroad culvert, north of town, on Sunday afternoon last," or "Rev. Jordan Williams, pastor of the colored Baptist Church, immersed ten converts last Sunday night."2

By the 1920s, the congregation of Mt. Zion had outgrown its small frame building and in the late 1920s, under the leadership of Rev. A. D. Purnell, they began to raise money for a larger and more substantial building. Appropriately located on Freedman Hill, the lot for the new Mt. Zion Church on West North Street was purchased from a man named Jackson Warren. Rev. Purnell approached Mr. S. M. Riddick, vice-president of the Madison County Bank and asked the banker to serve as custodian of the church's building funds. Purnell also asked Riddick to direct the building of the church and to issue bonds to underwrite construction costs. Riddick and the Madison County Bank issued \$14,000 in bonds and the congregation of Mt. Zion erected the present brick building at a cost of \$35,000. The members of the Mt. Zion Baptist Church moved into the building on the fourth Sunday of February, 1930.3

Raymond H. Spencer was the architect for Mt. Zion Church. Little is known of the architectural career of Spencer. In 1916, he is listed in the Jackson city directory occupying an office in the Millsaps building. The cornerstone of the YMCA building (1914) on the campus of Mississippi State University, names the firm of Payne, Overstreet, & Spencer as architects, indicating that at some point in his career, Spencer was in practice with Noah Webster Overstreet, one of Mississippi's more notable and prolific architects. The firm of Spencer & Abbott designed the First Baptist Church of Clarksdale in 1919 and while there is no concrete evidence linking Raymond H. Spencer as the partner of this firm, it is highly probable that he was one of the architects of the building. In 1922, Spencer designed the First Methodist Church of Canton. S. M. Riddick was a member of First Methodist and

¹ Carol Lynn Mead, The Land Between Two Rivers: Madison County, Mississippi, (Canton, Mississipi, 1987) pp. 170-185.

² Ibid.

³ Phil Mulen, "How a White Banker Built a Negro Church," Madison County Herald, n.d., n.p.

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he recommended Spencer as an architect for the Mt. Zion project. As with the other religious buildings attributed to Spencer, Mt. Zion Church was designed in the Neo-Classical style.4

With a new sanctuary and Sunday school rooms, Mt. Zion continued to serve the Canton African-American community. It would be in the summer of 1964, however, that Mt. Zion was the location of one of the pivotal moments in the state's civil rights struggle. In her autobiography, *Coming of Age in Mississippi*, Anne Moody notes that Mt. Zion was the "the biggest Negro church in Canton" and the center for the local marches and demonstrations. On Friday, May 29, 1964, on the lawn of Mt. Zion Church, local police beat McKinley Hamilton, a young African-American. The six hundred members of Mt. Zion poured onto the lawn and witnessed the near death beating of the young man. That afternoon, eighty church members marched on the Madison County Jail in one of the first protest marches in Canton. Mt. Zion Baptist Church became known as the "Church of Refuge" and all subsequent marches began at the front steps of the building. In 1968, 1200 schoolchildren marched from Mt. Zion to the steps of the Madison County Courthouse, expressing outrage and grief at the assassination of the Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr. 5

Today, the Mt. Zion Baptist Church continues to serve the African-American community of Canton, Mississippi. The congregation is one of the oldest African-American religious groups in the county and the church building is one of the most monumental and intact historic resources associated with Canton's African-American community. The church clearly reflects the importance of the congregation in the social and religious life of the African-American community during its period of significance, 1929-1950.

⁴ Richard Cawthon, Mississippi Department of Archives and History, interview, Jackson, Mississippi, July 12, 1999.

⁵ Anne Moody, Coming of Age in Mississippi, pp. 272-341.

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Bibliography

Cawthon, Richard. Interview, Jackson, Mississippi. July 12, 1999.

Mead, Carol Lynn. The Land Between Two Rivers: Madison County, Mississipi. (Canton, Mississippi:1987).

Moody, Anne. Coming of Age in Mississippi. (New York: Dial Publishing, 1968).

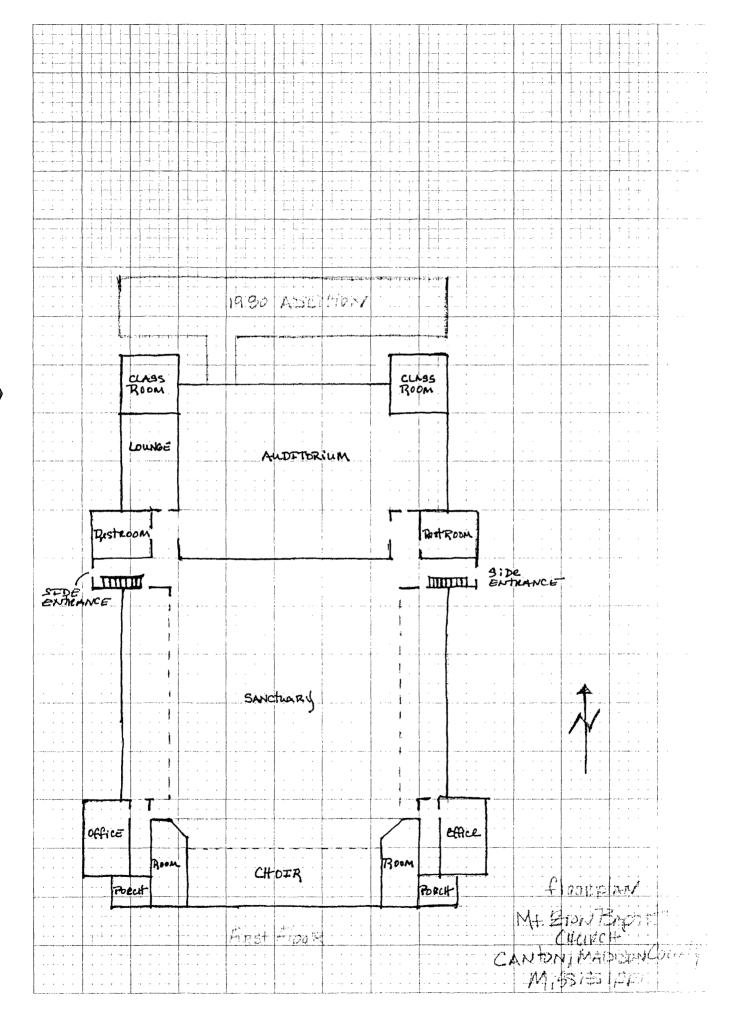
Mulen, Phil. "How a White Banker Built A Negro Church." Madison County Herald. (Canton, Mississippi: n.d.).

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundaries of the Mt. Zion Baptist Church are delineated on the accompanying tax map.

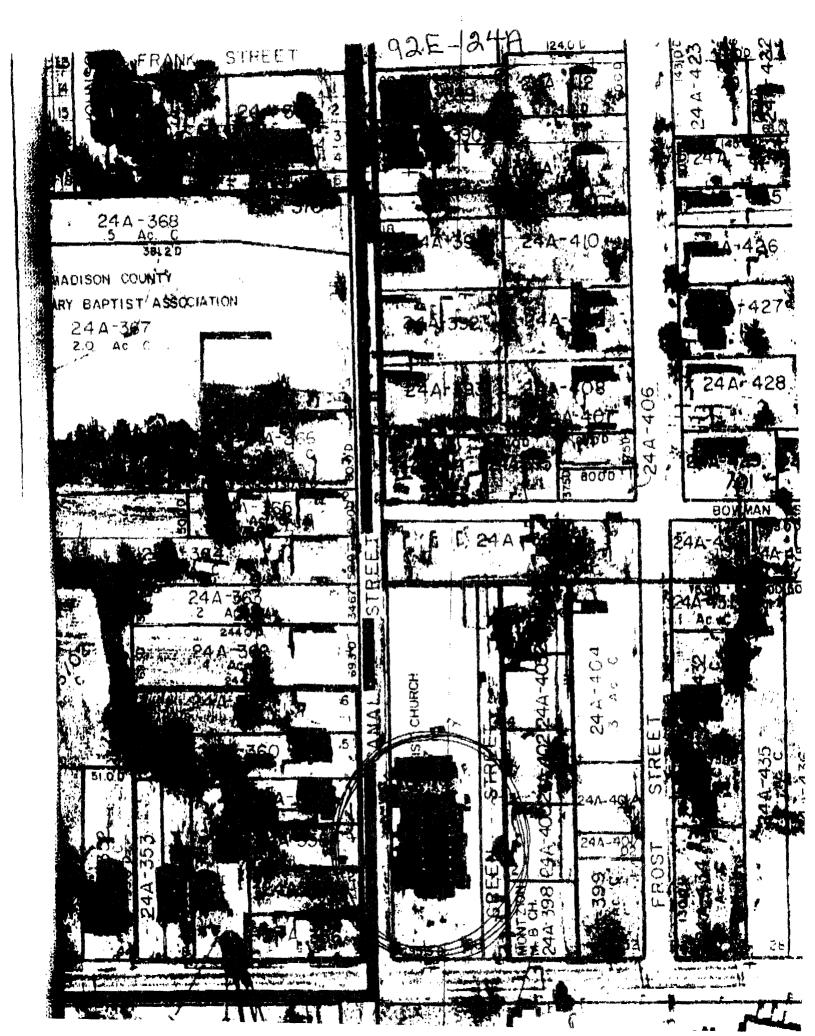
Boundary Justification

The boundaries were drawn to include the Mt. Zion Baptist Church, Canton, Madison County, Mississippi.





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Section photographs Page 6

Name of Property: Mt. Zion Baptist Church

County and State:

Madison County, Mississippi

The information contained in items #1-5 is the same for all photographs.

- 1. Mt. Zion Baptist Church
- 2. Madison County, Mississippi
- 3. Jeff Mansell, photographer
- 4. June, 1999
- 5. Originals on file, Mississippi Department of Archives and History
- 6. Façade, camera facing north
- 7. Photograph #1 of 14
- 6. Southeast corner, camera facing northwest
- 7. Photograph #2 of 14
- Southwest corner, camera facing northeast 6.
- Photograph #3 of 14
- 6. Facade, window detail, camera facing north
- 7. Photograph #4 of 14
- 6. Façade, detail of southwest entrance, camera facing north
- 7. Photograph #5 of 14
- 6. Northwest corner, camera facing southeast
- Photograph #6 of 14
- Rear façade over new building, camera facing north
- 7. Photograph #7 of 14
- Northeast corner, camera facing west/southwest
- 7. Photograph #8 of 14
- Interior, view of pulpit and choir loft, camera facing south
- 7. Photograph #9 of 14
- Interior, view of balcony, camera facing northwest
- Photograph #10 of 14 7.
- 6. Interior, view of balcony and stained-glass windows, camera facing east
- 7. Photograph #11 of 14
- 6. Interior, view of sanctuary, camera facing west
- 7. Photograph #12 of 14
- 6. Interior, view of wooden screen over sanctuary door
- 7. Photograph #13 of 14
- 6. Interior, view of beaded board ceiling, camera facing south
- 7. Photograph #14 of 14