	RECEIVED 2280
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service	
National Register of Historic Places Registration F	orm NOV 0 2 2013
This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See in <i>Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form.</i> If any item does not apply to the pr applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories a	ropart Apring documented, entite TOPAC BLAGE
1. Name of Property	
Historic name Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost	
Other names/site number N/A	
Name of related multiple property listing Historic and Architectural Resources in Knoxy (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple	
2. Location	
Street & Number: NE and NW corners of intersection of Sherwood	Dr. and Westland Ave.
City or town: Knoxville State: TN 37919	County: Knox
Not For Publication: N/A Vicinity: N/A	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amend I hereby certify that this <u>X</u> nomination <u>request</u> for determination of eligibi standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property <u>X</u> meets <u>does not meet the National Register</u> property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:	lity meets the documentation meets the procedural and professiona
Imational Imational Imational Imational Applicable National Register Criteria: Imational Imational Imational] C 🔲 D
Signature of certifying official/Title: DState Historic Preservation Officer, Tennessee Historical Commission	10[22/13 Date
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government	
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register of	criteria.
Signature of Commenting Official:	Date
Title: State of Federal	agency/bureau or Tribal Government

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Name of Property

Knox County, Tennessee County and State

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that this property is:

1/ entered in the National Register

____ determined eligible for the National Register

____ determined not eligible for the National Register

____ removed from the National Register

other (explain:) 0 Signature of the Keeper

5. Classification

Ownership of Property

(Check as many boxes as apply.)

Category of Property

(Check only one box.)

12,19.

Private		Building(s)	
Public – Local	X	District	
Public – State		Site	
Public – Federal		Structure	X
		Object	

Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
0	0	buildings
0	0	sites
3	0	structures
0	0	objects
3	0	Total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register 0

2

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Name of Property

Knox County, Tennessee County and State

6. Function or Use

Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions) INDUSTRY/PROCESSING/EXTRACTION/ Energy Facility

LANDSCAPE/ Other

7. Description

Architectural Classification

(Enter categories from instructions.) LATE 19TH AND 20TH CENTURY REVIVALS: Tudor Revival

Materials: (enter categories from instructions.) Principal exterior materials of the property:

STONE: Slate, East Tennessee Marble; METAL: Steel

Current Functions

LANDSCAPE/ Other

(Enter categories from instructions)

Narrative Description

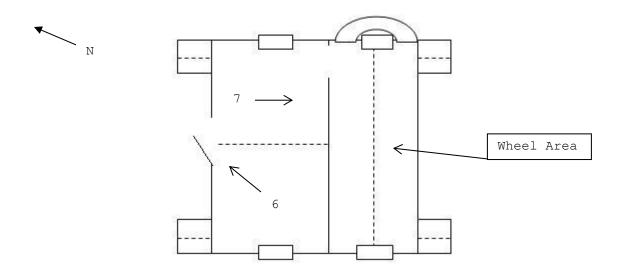
The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost (see Photo 1-3) are located on the east and west sides of Sherwood Drive respectively at its intersection with Westland Avenue. Together, these structures mark the eastern entrance to the Westmoreland Heights Subdivision on the west side of Knoxville (2010, pop. 180,761). Both are located within the City of Knoxville-owned right-of-way of Sherwood Drive. The Westmoreland Wheelhouse (See Photos 4-7) was built in 1923 in the Tudor Revival style. The Gatepost (See Photos 8 & 9) was built opposite the Wheelhouse in 1925, duplicating its style characteristics. Both the Wheelhouse and Gatepost were designed by Charles I. Barber, of the regionally significant architectural firm of Barber and McMurry, and were constructed using rough-faced East Tennessee marble laid in irregular courses and have slate roofs. They were built by R. A. Callaway with the Tennessee Mill & Mine Supply

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Company supplying the wheel and pump that was purchased from the Fitz Water Wheel Company of Hanover, Pennsylvania.¹

Wheelhouse (contributing)

Designed and constructed in 1923 in the Tudor Revival Style, the Westmoreland Wheelhouse is divided into two sections and the entire exterior is clad in rough-faced, irregular-coursed East Tennessee marble. The taller section is on the east side of the building and houses an overshoot water wheel. This taller section contains tall, slim, arched openings to allow enough depth and width for the wheel to turn. These arched openings are located on the northwest and southeast elevations of the building. Attached to the taller northeast section of the structure on its southwest elevation is a shorter ell that mimics a gatepost, also with a steeply pitched gable roof covered with slate. This shorter gatepost section provides access to the water wheel's mechanical system. Two flat arched windows are located on the northwest façade. Flanking the arched entry door of the wheelhouse are short stone buttresses with gabled slate roofs. Located on the southeast wall, just to the west of the arched water wheel opening, is a bronze marker identifying the building, the architect and the original owner. The marker also notes the on-going maintenance performed by the Westmoreland Heights Garden Club which has assumed responsibility for the landscaping and seasonal decoration of the Wheelhouse and Gatepost.



Floor Plan of the Wheelhouse (not to scale)

¹ Giesler, M.J. (1962). *History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel*. Unpublished; Fitz Water Wheel Company. "Fitz Steel Overshoot Water Wheels". Hanover: PA, December, 1928. Reprinted 1987, 2001 by the Society for the Preservation of Old Mills, p. 42.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Water Wheel (contributing)

The water wheel itself is a sixteen foot by 1.25 foot, vertical Fitz Overshoot metal water wheel which was powered by a Myers pump.² At the time of construction, the wheel provided direct drive to the pump mechanism and did not use electricity. An electric pump was installed in 1929 when Knoxville Power and Light brought electricity to the site. The wheel is still powered by water but the turning shaft no longer powers a pump. The wheel has metal buckets, spokes, side panels, and axle. The wheel is housed in the tall section of the wheelhouse on the northeast side of the structure. The water supply for the wheel comes from a branch off of Fourth Creek, sometimes referred to as Coventry Creek, that winds its way through the adjacent subdivisions in the area. The pipe leading form the water collection box to the wheelhouse is an eight-inch pipe and is currently still in use. Four-inch pipes were run from a water tower throughout the neighborhood to supply all the houses.

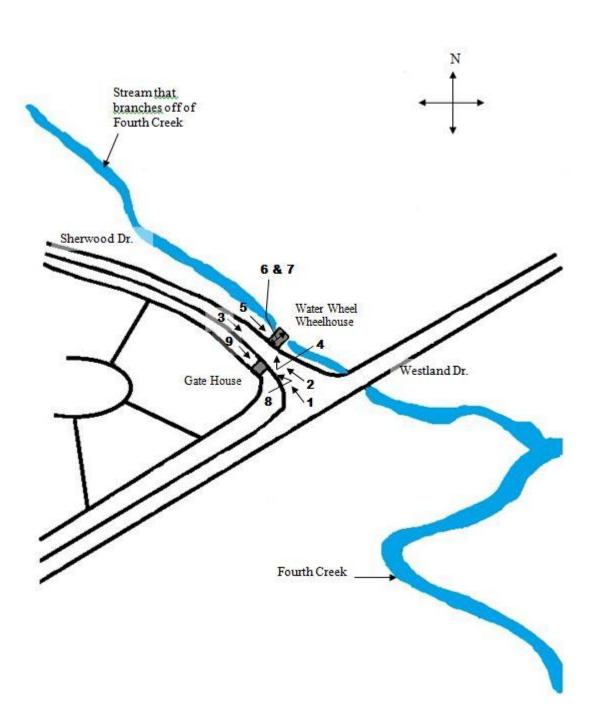
Gatepost (contributing)

On the southwest right of way of Sherwood Drive, directly across from the wheelhouse, is the gatepost which together marks the entrance to Westmoreland Heights Subdivision. The gatepost was designed in 1925 in a Tudor Revival Style, two years after the wheelhouse, when the subdivision was established on Sherwood Drive. Similar in construction to the wheelhouse, it uses rough-faced, irregular-coursed East Tennessee marble in its construction. The gatepost was also designed by Charles I. Barber of the architectural firm of Barber and McMurry and complements the wheelhouse. A stone wall approximately three feet in height leads from the southwest towards Sherwood Drive, and intersects with a slate-covered, gable roof stone buttress, which in turn intersects with a taller (approximately six feet) rectangular structure which is topped by a slate-covered, gable roof and flanked by square stone buttresses that mimic the other buttresses.

² Fitz Water Wheel Company. "Fitz Steel Overshoot Water Wheels", Bulletin No. 70, Hanover: PA, December, 1928. Reprinted 1987, 2001 by the Society for the Preservation of Old Mills, p. 42.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Site Plan and Photo Key (not to scale)



Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Name of Property

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)



A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.



B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.

X

С

Property embodies the distinctive characteristics

of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant

and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.

D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations N/A

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Property is:

A Owned by a religious institution or used for
religious purposes.

B removed from its original location.

C a birthplace or grave.

D a cemetery.

E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.

F a commemorative property.less than 50 years old or achievingG significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions.)

ENGINEERING

ARCHITECTURE

COMMUNITY PLANNING AND

DEVELOPMENT

Period of Significance

1923-1940

Significant Dates

1923; 1925; 1929; 1940

Significant Person

(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

BARBER, CHARLES I., Architect

CALLAWAY, R.A., Builder

Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Name of Property

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph

The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost are being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C for their excellent representation of the Tudor Revival architectural style and under Criterion C for their contribution to the development of the Westmoreland Heights Subdivision as the source of water and electricity prior to city services. The Westmoreland Wheelhouse (built in 1923) and the Gatepost (built in 1925) were designed by noted local architect Charles I. Barber of the firm Barber and McMurry. Prominent local landscape architect, Charles F. Lester provided the landscape design for the structures. The Water Wheel is a steel overshot wheel purchased by Edward T. Manning, President of the Tennessee Mill & Mine Supply Company from the Fitz Water Wheel Company of Hanover, Pennsylvania and installed by R.A. Calloway, an employee with the Tennessee Mill & Mine Supply Company. The use of East Tennessee marble is the most notable exterior architectural feature of these structures; other architectural materials worth mentioning are wood, slate, and iron. The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost retain a high degree of architectural integrity and are an excellent example of the Tudor Revival style in Knox County and meet the requirements of the National Register of Historic Places. The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost also meet the registration requirements in the Historic and Architectural Resources of Knoxville and Knox County, Tennessee Multiple Property Listing under the historic context of Suburban Growth and Development in Knoxville, 1861-1940.

Narrative Statement of Significance

The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost are one of the most visible and publicly recognized landmarks in West Knoxville. The land on which they are located was first settled in 1809 by Captain William Lyon; ownership of much of the land continued with his descendants until 1923, when the water wheel was built to generate power for four dwellings in the area, two of which were owned by Lyons' descendants. One of those descendants was John James Craig III, who was head of the Candoro Marble Company (NRHP-listed, Candoro Marble Works 7/22/2005) and who had a close association with Charles I. Barber, a partner in the Barber and McMurry architectural firm, and who is credited with the design of the Wheelhouse and Gatepost Barber's use of East Tennessee marble in the construction of the wheelhouse and gatepost was probably influenced by his association with Craig III. Another of the four owners was Craig's sister, the wife of Jay Donaldson, who lived in a house across Westland Drive, originally built as a summer house for the Craig family.

The water wheel had its beginnings around 1920, when Judge and Mrs. Daniel Clary Webb purchased sixty acres of farm and woodlands north of Ebenezer Road (now Westland Drive).³ Webb was a prominent Knoxville lawyer, as well as, the first Juvenile Court Judge in Knox County.⁴ During 1920 the Webb family moved into a house (destroyed by fire in 1935) on the property and started arranging for the construction of a road from their home to Ebenezer Road (now Westland Drive).⁵ During these early years, water for the Webb home was pumped from a small spring just east of the house that formed the headwaters of Coventry Creek.

³ Giesler, M.J. (1962). *History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel*. Unpublished.1

⁴ "Funeral set for today for D.C. Webb, Attorney." *The Knoxville Journal*, February 26, 1954, Obituaries.

⁵ Giesler, M.J. (1962). *History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel*. Unpublished.1

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost	Knox County, Tennessee
Name of Property	County and State

In early 1923, Edward T. Manning purchased a lot from Judge Webb and constructed a one-story Craftsman Style house which still stands at 6407 Orchard Road.⁶ Manning was one of the owners of the Tennessee Mill & Mine Supply Company and was concerned about the need for an adequate supply of water for the area homes. Manning was also aware of a larger spring located near the location of the present wheelhouse. Manning suggested using a water wheel to furnish electricity and water. Under his direction, Paul Kennedy of Sehorn and Kennedy, Engineers, surveyed the area in September 1923 to determine a location for a dam and a water wheel.⁷ Edward Manning is credited with the idea of installing, financing, and overseeing the installation of the wheelhouse and waterwheel.⁸

After the location for the dam and waterwheel was selected, Knoxville architect Charles I. Barber was hired to design the wheelhouse that would house the wheel and pump.⁹ The Tennessee Mill and Mining Supply Company purchased the Fitz steel overshoot[sic] water wheel and pump in 1923.¹⁰ R.A. Calloway, an employee with the Tennessee Mill and Mining Supply Company, installed the wheel and pump and also did the stone work for the wheelhouse.¹¹ This work was started in the fall of 1923 and completed in early 1924. ¹² Water was nowprovided to the Craig Home, Donaldson-Montgomery Home, the Manning Home, and the home of Judge Webb (which is no longer standing); its construction was part of the development proposal for an adjacent residential subdivision known as Westmoreland Heights.

The Westmoreland Heights Subdivision, located west and north of the water wheel, was developed by a 1923 corporation formed by Cecil Baker, John J. Craig, III, Jay Donaldson, Ernest Logan and Judge Daniel Clary Webb. Westmoreland Heights, Inc. purchased a tract of land in January 1923, located north of Ebenezer Road (now Westland Drive) and west of the now Sherwood Drive and Stone Mill Road intersection.¹³ From January until March 1925, landscape architect, Charles Lester designed the roads; engineers, Sehorn & Kennedy, surveyed and plotted the roads and lots; and O.N. Davis built the roads.¹⁴ Also during this time, with the entrance to the subdivision being located at the waterwheel, it was decided to build a gatepost of the same design across from the wheelhouse. The gatepost was designed by Charles I. Barber and built of the same materials as the wheelhouse in 1925.

Although the Westmoreland Water Wheel was one of the initial factors making the development of the subdivision feasible, it also carried within it the seeds that ended its role as a supplier, since its capacity was soon exceeded. On July 12, 1929, the residents of Westmoreland Heights signed an agreement with Knoxville Power and Light Company for the supply of electricity and an electric motor-driven pump was

⁶ Ibid. 1-2.

⁷ Ibid. 2.

⁸ "E.T. Manning, Store Head, is dead at 80," *The Knoxville News-Sentinel*, July 15, 1937, Obituaries.

⁹ Giesler, M.J. (1962). *History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel*. Unpublished.2

¹⁰ Giesler, M.J. (1962). *History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel*. Unpublished.2; Fitz Water Wheel Company. "Fitz Steel Overshoot Water Wheels", Bulletin No. 70, Hanover: PA, December, 1928. Reprinted 1987, 2001 by the Society for the Preservation of Old Mills, p. 42.

¹¹ Ibid.2.

¹² Ibid. 2.

¹³ Ibid. 2.

¹⁴ Ibid. 2.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost	Knox County, Tennessee
Name of Property	County and State

installed at the spring.¹⁵ The water system supplied water for houses until December 1940 when the Knoxville Water Department extended its water main lines from Lyons View Pike.¹⁶

The Westmoreland Water Wheel is a significant pre-TVA hydroelectric service in Knoxville. The water and electric service it provided contributed to the development of the prominent Westmoreland Heights neighborhood. After Westmoreland Heights Subdivision contracted with Knoxville Power and Light Company to supply electric power to the water pump, the water wheel lost its original engineering purpose. However, it has retained its role as a distinguishing landmark for the Westmoreland Heights neighborhood. The heavily landscaped water wheel forms part of the distinctive gateway into the neighborhood which also includes the marble gatepost flanking the roadway designed by Barber and was constructed at the time the Westmoreland Heights Subdivision was developed.

Charles I. Barber's firm of Barber and McMurry provided the design for the wheelhouse and gatepost. The wheelhouse and gatepost draw significance from their association with Charles I. Barber, who along with Benjamin F. McMurry, founded the architectural firm of the Barber and McMurry. Barber and McMurry are noted for their work in residential, collegiate and ecclesiastical buildings, particularly in Sequoyah Hills and Lyons Bend. Barber was the son of prominent Victorian era architect, George F. Barber. He attended public school in Knoxville, graduating in 1908 and in 1909 attended the University of Pennsylvania where he received a certificate in architecture. He then toured and studied in Europe, and in 1911, returned to Knoxville, where he formed the Barber and McMurry firm in 1915.

Also notable is the work of the landscape architect who is associated with designing the grounds of the wheelhouse, gatepost and Sherwood Drive's intersection with Westland Drive, of which some is still evident today (*see Figures 1-4*). Charles F. Lester was a native of Maxwell, Iowa and was born in 1889. He studied landscape design at the University of Michigan and at the University of London; after serving in the armed forces in World War I, he worked with E. S. Draper of Charlotte, North Carolina. He came to Knoxville in 1921 where he worked until his death in 1953.

Part of the water wheel's significance is its innovative use of natural resources on the site to provide water and electricity to an area outside the boundaries of city services. Unlike the grist mills that dotted Knox County and were erected as commercial ventures, the Westmoreland Water Wheel was intended to serve residential purposes. As Knoxville expanded westward and the automobile came into common use, large farms were subdivided to provide plots for suburbanization. With a lack of city services such as water, however, the rate of expansion was retarded; areas that could provide some of the expected urban services were more desirable. The ingenuity of the Westmoreland Heights development team provided for the demands of new suburbanites incorporating modern urban comforts into this originally country setting. Without this apparatus, development of Westmoreland Heights as an early 20th century suburb would not have been as feasible while the Wheelhouse and Gatepost also provided an attractive, eye-catching entrance to the subdivision.

¹⁵ Ibid. 3.

¹⁶ Ibid. 3.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost	Knox County, Tennessee
Name of Property	County and State

The Westmoreland Wheelhouse and Gatepost highlights the significance of the design of Charles I. Barber and his unique use of East Tennessee marble in its construction along with its function for supplying water to a residential subdivision. The water wheel is well known to many Knoxvillians, although its history is not always recognized. Its role in encouraging suburban development and attempting to provide urban services in a remote location are relatively unknown. Together, this grouping of structures is a significant statement about Knoxville's early twentieth century history and development.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

9. Major Bibliographic References

Bibliography

- Cary, Bart, *Conclusions and Research regarding the Westmoreland Water Wheel at Sherwood Drive and Westland Drive*. Unpublished. 2013. Located in the Westmoreland Heights Neighborhood File in the Newspaper Vertical Files of the Calvin M. McClung Historical Collection at the Knoxville County Public Library.
- "Charles F. Lester, Designer of Landmark Grounds, Dies." *The Knoxville News-Sentinel*, November 23, 1953, Obituaries.
- "Death Takes C.F. Lester Suddenly." The Knoxville Journal, November 23, 1953, Obituaries.
- "E.T. Manning dies at 80," The Knoxville Journal, July 15, 1937, Obituaries.
- "E.T. Manning, Store Head, is dead at 80". The Knoxville News-Sentinel, July 15, 1937, Obituaries.
- Fitz Water Wheel Company. "Fitz Steel Overshoot Water Wheels". Bulletin No. 70. Hanover, PA, December, 1928. Reprinted 1987, 2001 by the Society for the Preservation of Old Mills.

"Funeral set for today for D.C. Webb, Attorney." The Knoxville Journal, February 26, 1954, Obituaries.

- Giesler, M.J, History Westmoreland Heights Entrance-Water Wheel. Unpublished. 1962.
- "Graveside Rites Scheduled for Paul Kennedy," The Knoxville Journal, December 5, 1967, Obituaries.
- Jones, James B. "Pre-TVA Hydroelectric Development in Tennessee, 1901-1933", National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Nomination. 1989.
- "Westmoreland Heights' Water System, Only One of the kind, Observes its Twelfth Anniversary," *The Knoxville News-Sentinel*, March 1, 1936.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

nuliminary determination of individual listing (26		Primary location of additional data:
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)	X	State Historic Preservation Office
previously listed in the National Register		Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register		Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government	
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #		University
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	X	Other
recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey #	Nan	ne of repository: Knox Heritage

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property	2 acres USGS Quadrangle	Knoxville 147 NW
Latitude/Longitude Coor Datum if other than WGS8 (enter coordinates to 6 deci	4:	
1. Latitude: 35.922119	Longitude: -83.999219	Wheelhouse
2. Latitude: 35.922011	Longitude: -83.999303	Gatepost

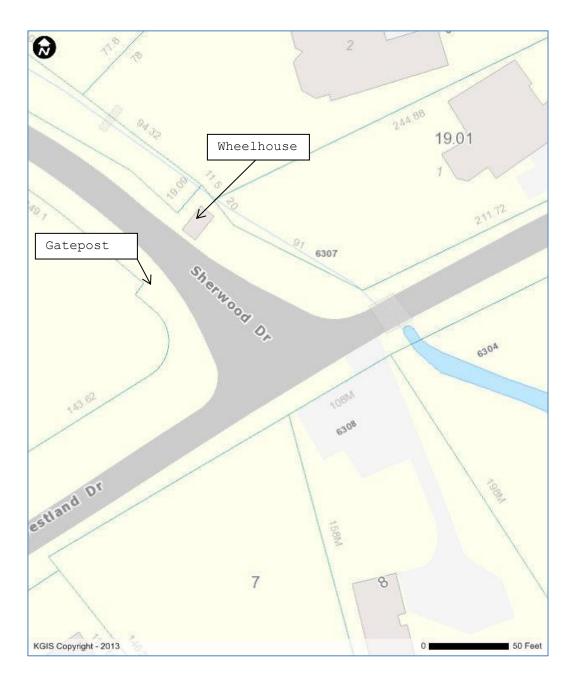
Verbal Boundary Description

Beginning at a point on the southwest side of the right-of-way of Sherwood Drive, then approximately 80-feet northwest to the eastern right-of-way of Sherwood Drive, then approximately 192-feet to the northwest right-of-way of Westland Drive at its intersection with Sherwood Drive, then west and southwest across Sherwood Drive approximately 325-feet to the northwest intersection of the Sherwood Drive and Westland Drive right-of-way, then northwest along the northwest side of the right-of-way of Sherwood Drive approximately 40-feet to the point of beginning, being approximately .2 acres contained within City of Knoxville-owned right-of-way.

Boundary Justification

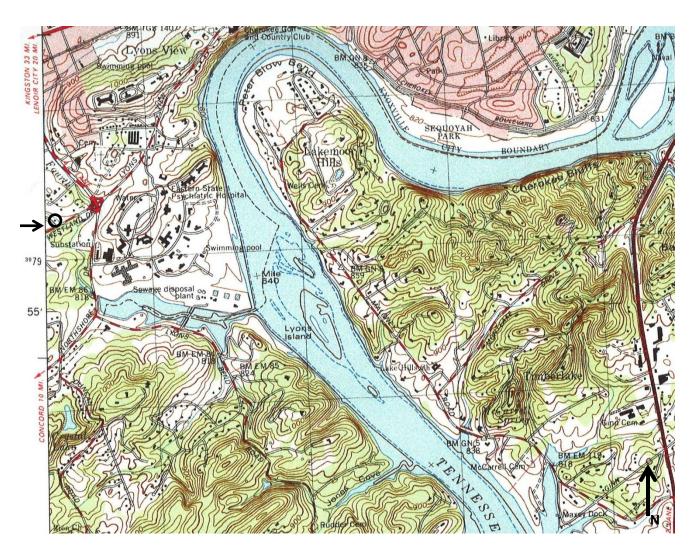
The boundaries included in this nomination encompass the structures, landscaping and physical area that are the subject of the nomination.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State



Property Tax Map – Westmoreland Wheelhouse and Gatepost Located within the City of Knoxville intersection right-of-way.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State



Knoxville USGS Quadrangle Map Location of the Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost circled in black. (scale is 1:24000)

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

11. Form Prepared By

Name	Ann K. Bennett & Hollie Beth Cook & Peggy Nickell (TN Historical Commission)		
Organization	Knox Heritage, Inc.		
Street & Number	P. O. Box 1242	Date	June 3, 2013
City or Town	Knoxville	Telephone	865/523-8008
E-mail hcook	c@knoxheritage.org	State	TN Zip Code 37901

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

- Maps: A USGS map or equivalent (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
- Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to map.
- **Photographs** (refer to Tennessee Historical Commission National Register *Photo Policy* for submittal of digital images and prints)
- Additional items: (additional supporting documentation including historic photographs, historic maps, etc. should be included on a Continuation Sheet following the photographic log and sketch maps)

of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.). Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

Photo Log

Name of Property: Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost City or Vicinity: Knoxville County: Knox State: Tennessee Photographer: Hollie Beth Cook Date Photographed: June 4, 2013

- 1 of 9. Overall view. Photographer facing northwest.
- 2 of 9. Overall view. Photographer facing northwest.
- 3 of 9. Overall view. Photographer facing southeast.

4 of 9. West and southwest elevations, Water Wheelhouse. Photographer facing northeast.

- 5 of 9. Northwest elevation of Water Wheelhouse. Photographer facing southeast.
- 6 of 9. Interior of the Water Wheelhouse. Photographer facing west.
- 7 of 9. Interior of the Water Wheelhouse. Photographer facing northeast.
- 8 of 9. Gatepost. Photographer facing northwest.
- 9 of 9. Gatepost. Photographer facing southeast.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State

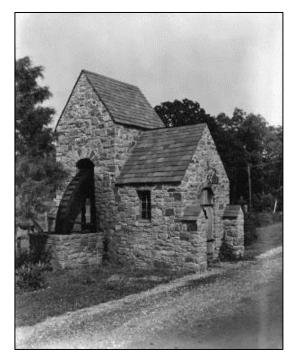


Figure 1: Westmoreland Water Wheel and Wheelhouse ca. 1925. Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.



Figure 2: Westmoreland Water Wheel, Wheelhouse, and Gatepost ca. 1925 Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost Name of Property Knox County, Tennessee County and State



Figure 3: Wheelhouse, Water Wheel and Gatepost ca. 1925. Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.

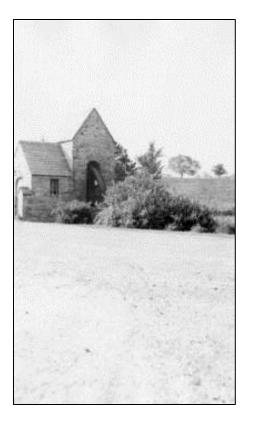


Figure 4: Wheelhouse and Wheel. Date unknown. Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Name of Property

Knox County, Tennessee County and State



Figure 5: Wheelhouse, Water Wheel and Gatepost ca. 1923 at construction. Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.

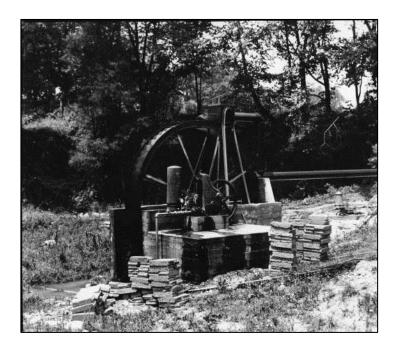
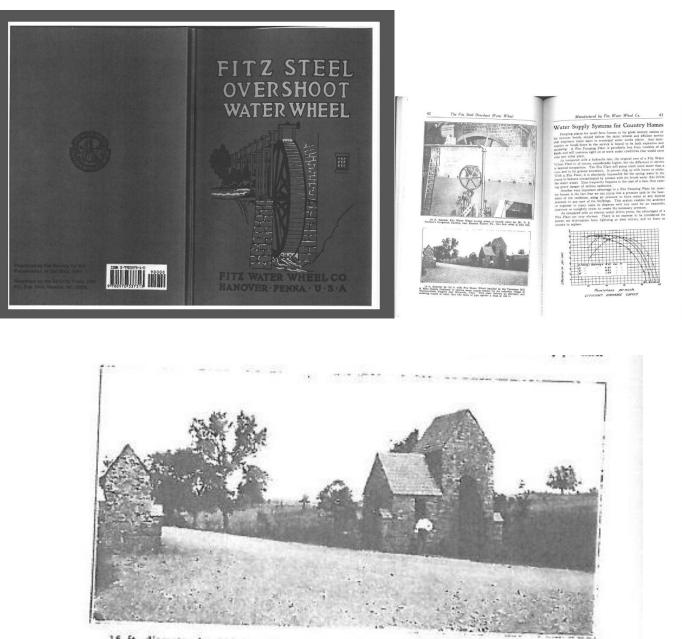


Figure 6: Wheelhouse, Water Wheel and Gatepost ca. 1923 at construction. Photo courtesy of Knox County Public Library: Calvin M. McClung Historical Digital Collection-Thompson Photographic Collection.

Westmoreland Water Wheel & Gatepost

Name of Property

Knox County, Tennessee County and State



16 ft. diameter by 11/4 ft. wide Fitz Water Wheel installed by the Tennessee Mill & Mine Supply Company to operate water supply system for the suburban village of Westmoreland Heights near Knoxville, Tenn. This plant delivers an abundant and unfailing supply of water thru two miles of pipe against a head of 180 ft.

Figure 7: Advertisement of the Fitz Water Wheel Company located in Hanover, Pennsylvania in the Fitz Steel Overshoot Water Wheel Promotional Pamphlet showing the Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost on page 40. The pamphlet is dated 1928 (reprints, 1987, 2001). (*Pamphlet courtesy of Lou Mogavero*)



















UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatepost NAME:

MULTIPLE Knowille and Knox County MPS NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: TENNESSEE, Knox

DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/13 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 11/25/13 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 12/10/13 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/18/13 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 13000949

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N COMMENT WAIVER: N

RETURN REJECT ACCEPT ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Entered in The National Register of Historic Piaces

RECOM./CRITERIA_____

REVIEWER_____DISCIPLINE_____

TELEPHONE _____ DATE _____

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.

CERTIFIED LOCAL GOVERNMENT NATIONAL REGISTER REVIEW

CLG:KnoxvillePROPERTY:Westmoreland Water Wheel and GatepostADDRESS:Intersection of Sherwood Drive and Westland Avenue, Knoxville,
Knox County, Tennessee 37996

HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMISSION EVALUATION

NAME OF COMMISSION: KNOX4116 HISTORIC ZONNE COMMISSION DATE OF MEETING: 9.19.23 HOW WAS THE PUBLIC NOTIFIED OF THE MEETING? KNOX NEWS & SEATTHEL-12 DAYS ANEAD ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER NOT ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER

REASONS FOR ELIGIBILITY OR NON-ELIGIBILITY:

OR NEMON C - WORK OF NOTED LOCAL ARCHITECT CHARLES I.BARBER. AND LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT CHARLES F LESTER AS EXAMPLES OF THE USE OF TERMESSEE MARBLE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS ERA OF OUTS TRUCTION AND THE TUDDE REVIVAL STYLE IN KNOWILL AND KNOK CONTY.

SIGNATURE: Van Geabere TITLE: Kay Graybeal, Certified Local Government

DATE: 9.19.2013

THC STAFF EVALUATION

ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER

REASONS FOR ELIGIBILITY OR NON-ELIGIBILITY:

The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatehouse are significant locally under Criterion C as the work of noted local architect Charles I. Barber and landscape architect, Charles F. Lester and as examples of the use of East Tennessee marble associated with this era of construction and the Tudor Revival style in Knoxville and Knox County. The water wheel is well known to many Knoxvillians, although its history is not always recognized, and its role in encouraging suburban development and attempting to provide urban services in a remote location are relatively unknown. Together, this grouping of structures is a significant statement about Knoxville's early twentieth century history and development.

SIGNATURE: Teggy Tuckell

TITLE: Historic Preservation Specialist-National Register Coordinator DATE: July 26, 2013

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM AND RETURN BEFORE: September 23, 2013

RETURN FORM TO:

1

PEGGY NICKELL TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION 2941 LEBANON ROAD NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442

CERTIFIED LOCAL GOVERNMENT NATIONAL REGISTER REVIEW

CLG:KnoxvillePROPERTY:Westmoreland Water Wheel and GatepostADDRESS:Intersection of Sherwood Drive and Westland Avenue, Knoxville,
Knox County, Tennessee 37996

CHIEF ELECTED OFFICIAL EVALUATION

NAME OF OFFICIAL: TITLE: ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER NOT ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER

REASONS FOR ELIGIBILITY OR NON-ELIGIBILITY:

SIGNATURE:

TITLE: Madeline Rogero, Mayor, City of Knoxville

THC STAFF EVALUATION

ELIGIBLE FOR THE NATIONAL REGISTER

REASONS FOR ELIGIBILITY OR NON-ELIGIBILITY:

The Westmoreland Water Wheel and Gatehouse are significant locally under Criterion C as the work of noted local architect Charles I. Barber and landscape architect, Charles F. Lester and as examples of the use of East Tennessee marble associated with this era of construction and the Tudor Revival style in Knoxville and Knox County. The water wheel is well known to many Knoxvillians, although its history is not always recognized, and its role in encouraging suburban development and attempting to provide urban services in a remote location are relatively unknown. Together, this grouping of structures is a significant statement about Knoxville's early twentieth century history and development.

DATE: 8/7/13

SIGNATURE: Peggy Muckell TITLE: Historic Preservation Specialist-National Register Coordinator DATE: July 26, 2013

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS FORM AND RETURN BEFORE: September 23, 2013

RETURN FORM TO:

PEGGY NICKELL TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION 2941 LEBANON ROAD NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442



TENNESSEE HISTORICAL COMMISSION STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE 2941 LEBANON ROAD NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0442 OFFICE: (615) 532-1550 E-mail: <u>Claudette.Stager@tn.gov</u> (615) 532-1550, ext. 105 www.tnhistoricalcommission.org

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NAT. RE	GISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

October 21, 2013

Carol Shull Keeper of the National Register National Park Service National Register Branch 1201 Eye Street NW 8th floor Washington, DC 20005

Dear Ms. Shull:

Enclosed please find the documentation to nominate the *Westmoreland Water Wheel* and *Gatepost* to the National Register of Historic Places.

If you have any questions or if more information is needed, contact Peggy Nickell at 615/532-1550, extension 128 or <u>Peggy.Nickell@tn.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

rota ha

Claudette Stager Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer

CS:pn

Enclosures(4)