United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

For HCRS	use or	ijγ		
received	FEB	Ļ	S	1980

date entered

2.000	. Name		gan Sasa		
historic Gardi	îner Historic Distr	ict			
and/or common					
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	Water Street		r	not for publication	
city, town	Gardiner	vicinity of	congressional district Fin	rst	
state	Maine coo	le 23 county	Kennebec 20424 (mgz)	code 011	
3. Clas	sification				
Category X district building(s) structure site object	Ownership _x_ public _x_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status _x_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted _x_ yes: unrestricted	x_ educational entertainmentx_ government industrial	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation	
4. Own	er of Prope	rty			
name	Various		ఇక్కు చేసితోనే క	; #\$	
street & number	Lir.		. *#\ ³		
city; town		vicinity of	state		
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descripti	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Kenne	ebec County Registr	v of Deeds		
street & number					
city, town	Augus	sta,	state	Maine	
6. Repi	esentation	in Existing	Surveys		
title		has this pr	operty been determined elegibl	e? yes n	
date			federal state _	county loca	
depository for su	rvey records				
city, town			state		

7. Description

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Gardiner Historic District lies along both sides of Water Street and is comprised of 47 architecturally significant primarily commercial buildings dating mostly from the 19th century. While a number of the buildings have suffered from cosmetic facade remodelling, the basic fabric remains underneath in most cases and a move toward rehabilitation is well underway. All major styles of the period are represented and for the most part the scale, proportion and materials of construction of the buildings are compatible. Typical of a once thriving river port, the structures on one side of the street back up either on the Kennebec River or its tributary, Cobbosseecontee Stream. Five structures in the district are considered to be non-contributing intrusions.

Buildings contributing to the character of the district:

- Map #1. Heald's Diner, 1946
 3 Bridge Street
 Worcester Coach Company, Builder
 Art Deco, 1 story, metal
 - 2. Maxcy, Billings, Sawyer, and Libby Block, 1860 335-347 Water Street Transitional Greek Revival-Italianate, 2 stories, brick with stone trim
 - 3. Clay Block, by 1855, facade remodelled c.1887 327 Water Street Queen Anne, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
 - 4. Lincoln and Maxcy Block, 1859
 319 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 4 stories, brick with stone trim
 - 8. Gardiner Block, c.1854
 297 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
 - 9. Oakland National Bank, 1881 289 Water Street Italianate, 2 stories, brick with wood and stone trim, Mansard roof removed
 - 10. Block, c.1876 287 Water Street Mansard, 3 stories, brick with wooden trim
 - 11. Gardiner Block, c.1854 (later known as the Barker Block and labeled as such on the facade)

283 Water Street Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim

12. Hopkins Block, c.1854
275 Water Street
Greek Revival, 4 stories, brick with stone trim, Mansard roof added

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED FEB 2 9 1980

DATE ENTERED

MAY

3 1980

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

- 14. Block, c.1839-1842
 263 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 4 stories, first three stories brick with stone trim, frame fourth story added, Italianate guoins on right side added c.1853.
- 15. Johnson Block, 1852 259 Water Street Greek Revival, facade remodelled in 1954, 3 stories, brick
- 16. Block, c.1850 251 Water Street Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 17. Block, c.1892
 247 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, frame with brick trim on first story and asphalt siding on second and third stories
- 18. Block, 1882
 243 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, frame with wooden sheathing on first story and asphalt siding on second and third stories
- 19. Block, c.1880
 237 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, frame with clapboarding on first story and asphalt siding on second and third stories
- 20. Block, c.1880
 235 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, brick with clapboarding on first story and stone trim on second and third stories
- 21. Block, c.1831-32 233 Water Street Greek Revival with Italianate cornice added c.1860, 2 stories, brick
- 22. Block, c.1875
 225 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, brick with decorative cast iron lintels on the second and third stories
- 23. Gammon Block, c.1828
 219 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE O	NLY	en Maria Car En en esta de la car	 11.	}} k ×
RECEIVED COM				
PEB	2 9 E3() 		
DATE ENTERED		MF	1-1	i.

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

3

- 24. Row, c.1842 207, 213 & 215 Water Street Greek Revival. 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 25. Richards Block, 1853
 203 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 26. Block, c.1895 193 Water Street Romanesque Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 27. Wood Block, 1896 189 Water Street Romanesque Revival, 3 stories, brick with wood, stone, and terra cotta trim
- 28. Patten Block, 1896
 185 Water Street
 Edwin E. Lewis, Architect
 Romanesque Revival, 4 stories, brick with stone and terra cotta trim
- 29. Lowell and Moore Block, by 1855 179 Water Street Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 30. Masonic Block, 1940 175 Water Street 3 Stories, brick
- 31. Row, c.1830-45 155, 159, 163, and 167 Water Street Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone and metal trim
- 32. Cobbossee National Bank, 1866
 Transitional Greek Revival-Italianate, 2 stories, brick with stone trim
- 33. Gardiner Public Library, 1881
 152 Water Street
 Henry Richards, Architect
 Queen Anne, 2 stories, brick with stone trim
- 34. Gardiner Bank, 1813, remodelled 1859
 162 Water Street
 Mansard, 3 stories, brick with wood and metal trim, fine cast iron detailing surrounds first story doorways and first and second story windows of facade

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

FEB 2 9 1980

DATE ENTERED

11/1

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

7

4

- 35. Sawyer and Foy Block, 1891 174 Water Street Queen Anne, 3 stories, brick with stone and metal trim
- 37. National Bank of Gardiner, c.1910
 192 Water Street
 Colonial Revival, 2 stories, brick with wood, stone, and metal trim
- 38. Davis Block, c.1840
 218, 220 and 222 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 39. Block, c.1830 226 and 228 Water Street Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 40. Block, c.1830
 230 and 232 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 41. Block, c.1840
 236 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 42. Block, c.1860 242-244 Water Street Italianate, 2 stories, brick with wooden trim
- 43. Gardiner Water District, 1937
 246 Water Street
 Stanley S. Merrill, Architect
 Colonial Revival, 2 stories, brick with cast stone trim
- 44. Milliken Block, 1876
 252-266 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, brick with decorative cast iron lintels on the second and third stories
- 45. Johnson Hall, 1864 280 Water Street Italianate, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 46. Foster Block, 1856
 294-298 Water Street
 Peleg S. Robinson, Architect
 Mansard, 4 stories, brick with wood, stone, and metal trim, originally three stories with Italianate cornice, Mansard fourth story added later in the 19th century.

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED FEB 2 9 1980

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

7 PAGE 5

- 47. Block, by 1855
 300 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim, Mansard fourth story added to the block later in the 19th century
- 48. Block, by 1855
 304 Water Street
 Greek Revival, 3 stories, brick with stone trim
- 49. Block, c.1870
 306 Water Street
 Italianate, 3 stories, frame with clapboarded exterior
- 50. Block, c.1910
 312 Water Street
 Colonial Revival, 1 story, frame with shingled exterior, originally a two story Italianate building
- 51. Block, c.1870 316 and 318 Water Street Italianate, 3 stories, frame with clapboarded exterior
- 52. U. S. Post Office, 1917
 340 Water Street
 James A. Wetmore, Architect
 Neo-Classical Revival, 2 stories, stone with metal trim

Nonconforming intrusions detracting from the integrity of the district:

- 5. New England Furniture, mid 20th century 317 Water Street Contemporary, 2 stories, wood and brick with metal trim
- Gardiner Area Federal Credit Union, mid 20th century 311 Water Street Colonial Revival, 3 stories, frame with clapboarded exterior
- 7. Mattson's Home Decorating Center, mid 20th century 305 Water Street Contemporary, 1 story, brick with wooden trim
- 13. Johnson and Lawrence Block, 1853
 269 Water Street
 Greek Revival with Italianate cornice and two Gothic Revival dormers, facade remodelled in 1954, 3 stories, brick

Form No. 10-300a (Hev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

ACES

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED FEB 2 9 1980

DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

7 PAGE

6

36. Gardiner Savings Institution, 1954
190 Water Street
Alonzo Harriman Associates, architects
Contemporary, 2 stories, stone with metal trim

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	andscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	 Builder/Architect		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Within one mile of its confluence from the west with the Kennebec River, Cobbossee Stream descends 126 feet to the high tide level of the river. This stretch includes eight natural waterfalls. This topographical accident exerted an enormous influence on the development of the City of Gardiner.

Originally part of the Town of Pittston and known as Cobbossee Plantation, virtually all of the land comprising present day Gardiner was early acquired by Dr. Sylvester Gardiner, a wealthy minister and land speculator from Boston. In the late 1750's Dr. Gardiner became resident agent of the Plymouth Proprietors and established himself in the area. He erected a saw-mill on Cobbossee Stream and began settlement. In 1803 his grandson, Robert Hallowell Gardiner inherited the property and the following year the Plantation was set off from Pittston and incorporated as the Town of Gardiner. The population of the community was then 650.

R. H. Gardiner, who built the great stone Tudor Revival mansion "Oaklands" (N.R. 7/27/73), devoted his not inconsiderable talents to the development of the town and, aided by its natural endowments, it grew rapidly and prospered. In 1850 Gardiner was chartered as a city and had become the most important river port on the Kennebec.

Varney's <u>Gazetteer of the State of Maine</u> cites Gardiner as having a population of 4,440 in 1880 and describes the industrial development along the Cobbossee Stream. There were then six large stone dams which provided power for a variety of enterprises: 5 saw-mills, sash, blind and door factories, cabinet, water wheel, and fancy woodwork factories; 2 corn and grain mills, 2 machine shops, 3 millwright shops; a woolen factory, washing machine factory, carriage spring factury, axe factory, and 3 large paper mills. The total annual production was estimated at over \$2,000.000.00. By the turn of the century a large shoe manufacturing industry had also developed.

It is against this thriving, burgeoning economic background that Gardiner's business district along Water Street developed. Intits heighday, ships and barges in large numbers were tied up to the docks and piers at the rear of Water Street warehouses and shops on the stream and river side. The railroad put through along the river in the 1860's added further stimulus to the city's economy.

By the end of the century the prosperity of the city was firmly established and the development of cultural interests and taste had begun as reflected by Gardiner Public Library (33), a handsome structure designed by Henry Richards, a Boston trained Gardiner resident. The impressive Patten Block (28) was executed in the Romanesque Revival Style by Edwin E. Lewis, also of Gardiner, who designed many of the early buildings at the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers at Togus, Maine.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Hanson, J. W., History of Gardiner, Pittston and West Gardiner. Gardiner, 1852.

Varney, George J., A Gazetteer of the State of Maine. Boston, 1882.

10. Geographical Data	M NOT VERIFIED				
Acreage of nominated property 7 Quadrangle name Gardiner	Quadrangle scale 1:62500				
UMT References					
A 1 9 4 3 8 1 10 10 4 8 9 17 5 4 10 Zone Easting Northing	B 1 9 4 3 8 6 5 0 4 8 9 7 4 7 0 Zone Easting Northing				
C 1 19 4 3 18 7 12 10 4 18 9 17 3 13 10	D 1 19 4 3 18 6 10 10 4 18 9 17 2 18 10				
E 1 19 4 3 18 2 17 10 4 18 9 17 4 10 10	F 1 9 4 3 8 0 7 0 4 8 9 7 4 3 0				
G	H				
Verbal boundary description and justification	.£110 (J				
(see attached sheet)	ቦ ወደችታ ነ				
List all states and counties for properties overlappin	g state or county boundaries				
state code co	ounty code				
state code co	ounty code				
11. Form Prepared By					
Thomas A Posed Historian/Fouls	C Chattlemath In Discotor				
name/title Frank A. Beard, Historian/Earle	G. Shettleworth, Jr., Director				
organization Maine Historic Preservation Comm	ission date January, 1980				
street & number 242 State Street	telephone 207/289-2133				
city or town Augusta,	state Maine				
12. State Historic Preserv	ation Officer Certification				
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is	::				
national statelo	cal				
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89–665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.					
State Historic Preservation Officer signature Cale & April Lew Tolk					
title 5. H. P. O.	date 2/28/80				
For HCRS use only					
I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register date 6/6/85					
Keeper of the National Register	0/6/80				
Attest: Patrick Amlino	date 4/24/29				
Chief of Registration	1/1/1/				

Form No. 10-300a (Hev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED FEB 2 9 1980

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

8

2

Although Gardiner no longer ranks as an important industrial center, and commerce on the river has ended, Water Street remains, largely in tact, as a reminder of the city when it was queen of the river. Buildings representing virtually every stage of development stand as chronological signposts along the community's remarkable historical road.

Form No. 10-300a (Hev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED FEB 2 9 1980

2

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

Beginning at the south end of the bridge across Cobbossee Stream on the east side of Brunswick Avenue, the district boundary runs east along the rear property lines of the buildings on the north side of Water Street, crossing Church Street and continuing to the east corner of the Cobbossee National Bank (32) property where it turns southwesterly following the southerly line of this property to Water Street. The boundary continues across Water Street and follows the southerly property line of the Gardiner Public Library to its southwesterly corner where it turns westerly and follows the rear property line of the buildings on the south side of Water Street to Chapel Street. Crossing Chapel Street the boundary runs along the north side of Mechanic Street to Brunswick Avenue whose east side it follows northerly to the point of beginning.

This boundary includes the entire $19\underline{th}$ century commercial area. To the west lie nondescript remains of former industrial sites while the area to the south and southeast is residential. Maine Avenue running north and Church Street to the east are now largely mid-20th century commercial streets.

