OMB No. 1024-0018

1577

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(Form 10-900a). Type all entries.			
1. Name of Property			
historic name			
other names/site number Central I	uka Historic District		
2. Location			
street & number along parts of	E Front, W Front, Fulton, &		
city, town Tuka		n/a	
state Mississippi code M	s county Tishomingo	code	141 zip code 38852
3. Classification	······································		
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Reso	ources within Property
x private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	X district	29	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object		objects
		29	4 Total
Name of related multiple property listing	2:	Number of cont	ributing resources previously
Historic Resources of Iuka	-		ional Register0
4. State/Federal Agency Certificat	tion		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	e National Historic Preservation Act of 1		
	nination of eligibility meets the document		
	and meets the procedural and profession		
	does not meet the National Registe	ər criteria. 🛄 See	
	wl		SEPT. 13, 1991
Signature of certifying official Deputy State Historic P.	reservation Officer		Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
In my opinion, the property meets	s 🗌 does not meet the National Registe	er criteria. 🛄 See	continuation sheet.
	-	·····	
Signature of commenting or other official			Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	·····	<u></u>	
5. National Park Service Certificat	tion		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:		······································	
entered in the National Register.	$()$ \cdot \wedge \cdot		1 1
See continuation sheet.	Vature Andre	^	a
determined eligible for the National		A	<u></u>
Register. See continuation sheet.			• /
	·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
determined not eligible for the			
National Register.			
removed from the National Register.			
other, (explain:)	a data a seconda de la construcción		
·····			

6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)	
COMMERCE/TRADE: business	COMMERCE/TRADE: business	
department store	department store	
speciality store	speciality_store	
financial institution	financial institution	
7. Description		
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
	foundation <u>brick</u> concrete	
OTHER: Late Victorian Commercial vernacular	walls brick	
Early 20th Cent. Commercial vernacular		
	roof(not visible)	
	other	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Central Iuka Historic District encompasses the historic commercial center of Iuka. It is a roughly rectangular area two and a half blocks in length and two blocks in width, consisting mostly of two rows of small-scale late nineteenth and early twentieth century commercial buildings arranged in an L-shaped configuration, facing an open area that once contained the railroad depot. Several other commercial buildings are located immediately behind those that face the open area. The district is bounded on the south by the Southern Railroad tracks, on the west by Pearl Street, on the north by Eastport Street, and on the east by the rear lot line of the row of buildings that face Fulton Street. A non-historic church that faces north toward Eastport Street at the northwest corner of the district has been excluded from the nominated area.

The district contains 33 buildings, 29 of which date from the period of significance, 1896 to 1940, and 4 of which are non-historic. Of the contributing buildings, 3 were reportedly built by 1900, when a newspaper report said that there were three brick buildings facing the railroad, but several others appear to have been built very soon after that date. Most of the contributing buildings were built before 1925 and appear on both the 1925 Sanborn map (the only one made for Iuka) and a 1925 panoramic photograph. (These constitute the major records of the historic appearance of the district during its prime.)

The buildings constructed before about 1920 are generally two-story, rectangular brick commercial buildings with shallow roofs hidden by parapets. The most architecturally distinctive buildings are the two turn-of the-century commercial buildings at the southern end of the Fulton Street row. These are the J. C. Jourdan Store (#1) at 129-131 Fulton Street, built about 1896, and the W. W. Harris Store (#2) at 127 Fulton Street. Another distinctive early building, located at 100 West Front Street (#22), features prominent cast iron piers. Buildings dating after about 1920 are generally one story in height but of similar traditional commercial character. The only buildings that do not conform to these types are a former service station at 101 South Main (#31), and two noncontributing buildings -- a wood snack bar at 108 West Front Street (#26) and a garage (#32) associated with the service station. The other two noncontributing building are both one-story commercial buildings (#29 and #33) built after 1940.

The Southern Railroad Depot, which formerly stood at the southern edge of the district area, was a one-story hip-roofed brick building with wide eaves supported by long curved brackets. It was built in 1907, replacing an earlier depot. Although it was the most important artifact of Iuka's history as a railroad town, it was demolished by the Southern Railway Company about 1985. The site is now vacant. (Because there is nothing left at the site, it is not listed in the district inventory.)

X See continuation sheet

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INVENTORY OF BUILDINGS

The buildings of the Iuka Central Historic District are listed here in the following order: along the east side of Fulton Street from south to north, to the west side of Fulton Street, along Front Street from east to west, and lastly three buildings on Main Street (see map of district). The buildings are rated as contributing or noncontributing according to the following criteria:

- C Contributing buildings are those that retain their physical character from the district's period of significance (1896-1940) and add to its sense of place, time, and historical association with the commercial development of Iuka.
- N Noncontributing buildings either postdate the period of significance of the district or have been so greatly altered that they do not convey a sense of place, time, and historical association. There are no intrusive buildings in the district.

Fulton Street

- C 1. 129-131 Fulton. Built ca 1896. Very significant two-story, rectangular brick building with a turn-of the century commercial vernacular character showing Romanesque influences. Has basement doors opening toward railroad on south and alley on east. Upper façade has 6 segmentally-arched 1-over-1 double-hung windows surmounted by corbelled brick decorative arches. Above these are 6 ventilation ports with metal grilles and 2 tiers of segmental brick decorative arches. The storefront retains its original iron piers but the rest of the storefront is a recent replacement. Built by prominent local merchant and civic leader J. C. Jourdan to house his mercantile business.
- C 2. 127 Fulton. Built ca 1900. Very significant two-story brick building of commercial vernacular design with vaguely Gothic influences. Has basement door opening to alley on rear (east). Upper front façade has three slender 2-over-2 windows with elaborate corbeled brick hood moldings, above which are three grille-covered ventilation ports and a richly-detailed corbeled parapet. The storefront has been infilled with aluminum and plate glass in recent years. This building housed the W. W. Harris Store about 1900.
- C 3. 125 Fulton. Built ca 1900. Two-story brick building of commercial vernacular design. Upper façade has three slender windows with new sash in recessed panels under a decorative brick parapet. Storefront has original iron piers but has been unsympathetically filled in with brick with inappropriate door and windows in recent years. Around 1900 this was the T. L. Brown Store.

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- C 4. 123 Fulton. Built ca 1900-1915. Two-story brick commercial vernacular building very similar to 125 Fulton and similarly altered.
- C 5. 119-121 Fulton. Built ca 1910. Double-width two-story brick vernacular commercial building. Upper façade has six segmentally-arched windows (of which five are 1-over-1 and one is a mismatched 9-over-9 replacement) sat within recessed panels, above which are six small ventilation ports also set within recessed panels. Parapet has denticulated cornice. The two aluminum and plate glass storefronts are non-historic. Non-historic metal canopy across front. The area directly above the storefront and canopy is obscured by a signage panel that extends across the façades of 119-121, 117, and 117-B.
- C 6. 117 Fulton. Built ca 1910. Two-story brick vernacular commercial building. Upper façade is asymmetrical, with one slender 1-over-1 window on the far right and three wider 1-over-1 windows across the remainder of the façade, all set within recessed panels with denticulated upper edges arranged in shallow undulating curves. The parapet has denticulated cornice. Aluminum and plate glass storefront is non-historic. Non-historic metal canopy across front with a large signage panel above it. Interior retains intact pressed metal ceiling and original floor.
- C 7. 117-B Fulton. Built ca 1910. One-story brick vernacular commercial building. Upper façade has ventilation ports set within three recessed panels. Parapet has corbeled cornice. Aluminum and plate glass storefront is non-historic. Non-historic metal canopy across front with a large signage panel above it. Interior retains intact pressed metal ceiling and original floor.
- C 8. 111 Fulton. Built ca 1925. Double-width one-story brick commercial building, the southern (right-hand) part of which is slightly wider than the northern part. Two non-historic aluminum and plate glass storefronts. Simple upper façade has four small vents set in a plain brick wall ornamented only by brick stringcourses and a rowlock course.
- C 9. 107 Fulton. Built ca 1924. Narrower double-width one-story brick commercial building. Façade articulated by brick piers. Simple upper façade has four vents within two recessed panels. The storefronts have been unsympathetically filled in with brick with inappropriate door and windows in recent years. The 1925 Sanborn map shows an automobile repair shop in this building.

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- C 10. 105 Fulton. Built ca 1924. One-story brick commercial building similar in character to 107 Fulton, and similarly altered by the unsympathetic infilling of the storefront with brick and inappropriate door and windows. Upper façade has two vents set in large recessed panels. The 1925 Sanborn map shows this building being used for automobile sales.
- C 11. 103 Fulton. Presumed to have been built ca 1925. A marginally contributing one-story brick commercial building whose façade has been obscured in recent years by metal siding. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 12. 101 Fulton. Built ca 1930. One-story brick commercial building with two narrow storefronts. Upper façade is simple brick parapet with a denticulated course and two vents. Two non-historic aluminum and plate glass storefronts.
- C 13. 102(?) Fulton. ca 1930. One-story brick commercial building; may have originally had two storefronts but storefront configuration has been altered in recent years. Unadorned brick upper façade. Building now has a wood and metal canopy, supported by wood posts, that was added in the 1980s, and that links it to the bank building next door at the NW corner Front Street and Fulton. This building does not appear on the 1925 Sanborn map. It was formerly used as a theater, but now houses offices for the Iuka Guaranty Bank.

Front Street

C 14. Iuka Guaranty Bank Building, about 125 East Front St. Built ca 1912. Twostory brick commercial building with chamfered SE corner. Has been covered with stucco and has undergone other alterations, including the replacement of all windows with tinted, single-pane windows with anodized aluminum casings, the construction of a wood and metal canopy on both street façades, and the addition of a pent roof above the second-story windows on both street façades. Despite its extensive alterations, the building still retains its historic massing and proportions, and enough of its original design that it is recognizable as a historic element of the district.

> Originally built as the Iuka Guaranty Bank building. The 1925 Sanborn map shows a bank occupying the SE corner part of the first story, and the Post Office occupying one of the Fulton Street bays.

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- C 15. 123 East Front St. Built ca 1910. Two-story brick commercial building, the façade of which may have been reworked in recent years, for its detailing is not consistent with other early twentieth-century buildings in the area. Upper façade has four unevenly-spaced windows capped with rowlock bricks. The windows are now filled with modern single panes. Above these are four ventilation ports and a single band of dentilation. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 16. 121 East Front St. Built ca 1925 (?) Short two-story brick commercial building. Upper façade has two 1-over-1 double-hung windows with segmental tops in an unadorned stretcher-bond wall that is capped by a corbeled cornice. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 17. 119 East Front St. Built ca 1905-15. Another short two-story brick commercial building, equal in height to 121 E. Front next door. This building has three 1-over-1 double-hung windows with segmental tops in an unadorned common-bond wall that is capped by a denticulated, corbeled cornice. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 18. 115-117 East Front St. Built ca 1920. One-story brick commercial building with two narrow storefronts. Upper façade is simple brick parapet articulated by pilasters, with a corbeled cornice and two vents. Two non-historic aluminum and plate glass storefronts.
- C 19. 109 East Front St. Built ca 1920. Two-story brick commercial building. Upper façade has three 1-over-1 double-hung windows surmounted by an unadorned parapet with corbeled cornice. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 20. 107 East Front St. Built between 1900 and 1915. Two-story brick commercial building. Upper façade has three 1-over-1 double-hung windows above which is a corbeled belt and two vents. The parapet is decorated with an elaborate corbeled cornice. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic.
- C 21. 105 East Front St. Built ca 1907. Double-width two-story brick vernacular commercial building. Upper façade has six flat-topped 1-over-1 windows surmounted by a corbeled band and a pressed metal cornice (the only one that survives in the district). The two aluminum and plate glass storefronts are non-historic.

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C 22. 100 West Front St. Built ca 1896. Very significant two-story brick building of commercial vernacular design with vaguely Gothic influences. Upper front façade has three slender 4-over-4 windows with elaborate corbeled brick hood moldings, above which are three grille-covered ventilation ports and a richlydetailed corbeled parapet. The storefront retains its four cast iron piers and bracketed iron lintel beam, but the spaces between the piers have been infilled with an inappropriate door and windows in recent years.

In 1898 the Cumberland Telephone Exchange was located on the second story.

- C 23. 102 West Front St. Built or given new façade between 1930 and 1940 (?). Onestory brick commercial building with simple, unadorned upper façade. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are non-historic. A one-story brick commercial building stood on this site in 1925, housing a drugstore.
- C 24. 104 West Front St. Built or given new façade ca 1930. One-story brick commercial building. Upper façade consists of a panel recessed between plain brick pilaster strips and bordered across the top by a projecting band of brick. The aluminum and plate glass storefront and metal canopy are nonhistoric.

The 1925 Sanborn map shows an automobile repair shop at in what appears to be this same building.

- C 25. 106 West Front St. Built or given brick veneer ca 1930. Two-story brick or brick veneer commercial building. Brickwork is tied into that of 104 W. Front next door. (The 1925 Sanborn map shows a two-story wooden building at this location, so the façade must date after 1925.) Upper façade has two 3-over-1 windows capped by odd triangular pediments of yellow brick laid flush with the walls. Above these are two recessed panels detailed like one on 104 W. Front. The storefront consists of a double-leaf door set back between plate glass windows over brick bulkheads.
- N 26. 108 West Front St. Built in 1950s(?). Tiny, one-story wooden building housing a snack bar. Non-historic.
- C 27. 112 West Front St. Built before 1925 but later given new façade. One-story brick commercial building with unadorned upper façade similar to that of 102 W. Front St. Storefront has original configuration of center door recesses between plate glass windows over brick bulkheads, but door and aluminum trim are recent, as is the metal canopy. Interior retains an early pressed metal ceiling.

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C 28. 120 West Front St. Built ca 1905-10. One-story brick commercial building. Upper façade has three recessed panels. Storefront has remodeled in recent years.

The 1925 Sanborn map shows a garage in this building.

N 29. 122 West Front St. Built as City Hall in 1954. Non-historic one-story brick commercial building with recessed center door spaced between two windows filled with glass block.

South Main Street

- C 30. 106-122 South Main. Rebuilt or repaired following a 1938 fire; similar building shown on this site on 1925 Sanborn map. A block of four one-story brick commercial units articulated by plain brick pilasters. Unadorned upper façades between the pilasters. All four storefronts have been reworked in recent years. A non-historic shingled, wood canopy supported by wood posts extends across entire front.
- C 31. 101 South Main St. Built ca 1930. Small, one-story brick veneer former service station with hipped roof. Square office has center door with two-light transom, flanked by 6-over-1 double-hung windows. In front of office is a porte-cochere extending to an "island" that formerly had gas pumps. The roof over the porte-cochere is carried by plain brick piers. The building is surrounded by concrete paving.
- N 32. Adjacent to 101 South Main. Built ca 1950. Non-historic two-bay garage. Noncontributing.
- N 33. 105(?) South Main St. Built ca 1950. Non-historic one-story brick-veneered wood-frame commercial building, housing a restaurant. Noncontributing.

	perty in relation to other properties:	
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ВСС	D D E G G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Commerce		Significant Dates
	Cultural Affiliation	
	Architect/Builder unknown	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
]nationally [A B C C A B C C	A B C D A B C D E A B C D E A B C D E A B C D E A B C D A B C D B Cultural Affiliation n/a Architect/Builder

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

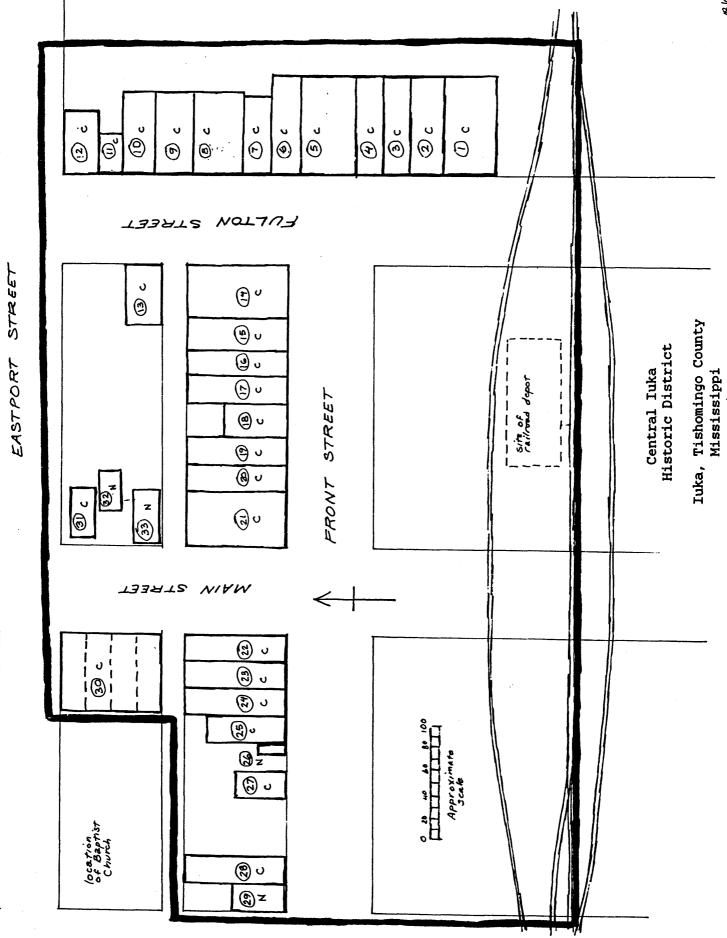
The Central Iuka Historic District is locally significant as the late nineteenthand early twentieth-century commercial area of Iuka, representing its prosperity as a railroad town from the turn of the century through the 1920s, and its continuity as a commercial center through the 1930s. The significance of the district and its context are addressed in the cover documentation for the Historic Resources of Iuka, under the title "Iuka as a Railroad Town and Spa, 1870-1925."

The period of significance extends roughly 45 years, from 1896, when the oldest surviving buildings were erected in the aftermath of a disastrous fire that destroyed most of the commercial area, to 1940, the end of the decade of the 1930s. Although the time span of the context in the cover documentation ends in 1925, the ending date of the period of significance has been extended to 1940 to recognize the continuity of commercial activity and commercial construction in the district through the 1930s. Buildings constructed in the district in the 1930s are architecturally consistent with those built in the 1920s.

The district has unfortunately lost its most important railroad-related building, the 1907 depot, which was demolished about 1985, but despite this loss the district retains most of the physical character it possessed in the 1920s. There has, however, been some loss of architectural character, especially on the storefronts; for this reason the district is more important as a testament to the commercial history of Iuka than for the architecture of the buildings per se.

Although much of Iuka's commercial activity has moved out to the peripheral highways in recent years, the Central Iuka Historic District remains the central business district of the city.

See bibliography for Historic Resources of Iu	ka cover document.
This nomination as written is a revision of a Starkville, Mississippi.	n earlier text prepared by Joan Embree of
	·
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	Primary location of additional data:
previously listed in the National Register	X State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	·
Acreage of propertyApproximately 8 acres	
	в 1,6 3 9,1 2,6,0 3,8 5,2 6,0,0
A 1 16 3 9 1 0 1 0 3 8 5 2 6 6 0 Zone Easting Northing	B 1 6 3 9 1 2 6 0 3 8 5 2 6 0 0 Zone Easting Northing
$C [1_16] [3 9_11 2_13_10] [3_18 5_12] [4_6 0]$	D [1,6] [3 [9,1] [0,0,0] [3,8 [5,2 [5,1,0]
	See continuation sheet
	·
Verbal Boundary Description The boundary ex	xtends from the Southern Railway tracks
northward on Pearl Street to the alley north of	-
the rear property line of the building at 106-1	
line to Eastport Street, eastward on Eastport S	Street to the alley east of Fulton
Street, southward along this alley to The South	ern Railway tracks, and westward along
the railroad to Pearl Street.	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
This boundary inclu	des the buildings that constitute the
historic commercial center of Iuka, but exclud	
from the district at its northwest corner.	
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/titleRichard J. Cawthon. Chief Architectu	ral Historian
manorine <u>Richard</u> J. Lawring, Linter Architectu	revised August 1991



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