56-2436

NPS Form 10-900	
United States Department of the Interior	
National Park Service	
National Register of Historic Places Registration Form	



#### 1. Name of Property

Historic Name: Roosevelt Hotel Other name/site number: Rainbow Hotel Name of related multiple property listing: NA

## 2. Location

Street & number: 50 N Chadbourne StCity or town: San AngeloState: TexasNot for publication: <a>Vicinity: <a>Vicinity: <a></a>

County: Tom Green

Date

## 3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this (Image: nomination Image: request for determination of eligibility) meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property (Image: meets Image: the National Register criteria.

I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following levels of significance: □ national □ statewide ☑ local

Applicable National Register Criteria: ZA DB CD D

3/25/18 State Historic Preservation Officer Signature of certifying official / Title

Texas Historical Commission State or Federal agency / bureau or Pribal Government

Signature of commenting or other official

State or Federal agency / bureau or Tribal Government

## 4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:		
entered in the National Register		
determined eligible for the National Register		
determined not eligible for the National Register.		
removed from the National Register other, explain:		
CONT	5/14/2018	
Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action	
A		

### 5. Classification

#### Category of Property

X	Private
	Public - Local
	Public - State
	Public - Federal

## **Category of Property**

Х	building(s)
	district
	site
	structure
	object

#### Number of Resources within Property

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1	0	buildings
0	0	sites
0	0	structures
0	0	objects
1	0	total

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register: 0

## 6. Function or Use

Historic Functions: DOMESTIC / Hotel; COMMERCE/TRADE / restaurant, specialty store

Current Functions: Vacant

#### 7. Description

Architectural Classification: LATE 19<sup>TH</sup> AND 20<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY REVIVALS / Mission / Spanish Colonial Revival

Principal Exterior Materials: Concrete, Brick

**Narrative Description** (see continuation sheets 6-7)

#### 8. Statement of Significance

### Applicable National Register Criteria: A

Criteria Considerations: NA

Areas of Significance: Commerce

Period of Significance: 1929-1968

Significant Dates: 1929, 1933

Significant Person (only if criterion b is marked): NA

Cultural Affiliation (only if criterion d is marked): NA

Architect/Builder: Becker, John G.

Narrative Statement of Significance (see continuation sheets 8-11)

#### 9. Major Bibliographic References

#### **Bibliography** (see continuation sheet 12)

#### Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- x preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
- \_ previously listed in the National Register
- \_ previously determined eligible by the National Register
- \_ designated a National Historic Landmark
- \_ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- \_ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

### Primary location of additional data:

- <u>x</u> State historic preservation office (*Texas Historical Commission*, Austin)
- Other state agency
- \_ Federal agency
- \_ Local government
- \_ University
- \_ Other -- Specify Repository:

### Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): NA

#### 10. Geographical Data

#### Acreage of Property: 0.295

#### Coordinates

Latitude/Longitude Coordinates

Datum if other than WGS84: NA

1. Latitude: 31.465411°N Longitude: -100.437567°W

**Verbal Boundary Description:** Lot: 8 & 9, Blk: 43, Subd: SAN ANGELO ADDITION, S&E W 10' OF LOT 8 & 20'X140' OF THE SOUTH PART OF MILES AC LOT OF 6 & 7. Roosevelt Hotel is located in downtown San Angelo, two blocks north of Beauregard Avenue (US Highway 67), the main east-west thoroughfare. The building is situated on the northeast corner of N Chadbourne and W College.

**Boundary Justification:** The boundary includes the property historically associated with the Roosevelt Hotel.

#### 11. Form Prepared By

Name/title: Haley Wilcox Organization: Ogee LLC Street & number: 2506 Little John Ln City or Town: Austin State: TX Zip Code: 78704 Email: haley@ogeepreservation.com Telephone: 469.751.7424 Date: 7/28/2017

#### Additional Documentation

Maps (see continuation sheets 13-14)

Additional items (see continuation sheets 15-21)

Photographs (see continuation sheets 5, 22-29)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places REGISTRATION FORM NPS Form 10-900 OMB No. 1024-0018

Roosevelt Hotel, San Angelo, Tom Green County, Texas

#### **Photo Log**

Roosevelt Hotel, San Angelo, Texas Photographer: Ellis Mumford-Russell Date: January 2017

- Photo 1: West elevation, looking east
- Photo 2: West and south elevations, looking northeast
- Photo 3: South elevation, looking north
- Photo 4: East elevation, looking west
- Photo 5: North and east elevations, looking southwest
- Photo 6: North elevation with ghost sign, looking southeast
- Photo 7: West elevation, storefront, looking east
- Photo 8: West elevation, storefront, looking east
- Photo 9: Masonry detail, west elevation, looking east
- Photo 10: Interior storefront entrance, looking west
- Photo 11: First floor, detail of terrazzo flooring
- Photo 12: Central stair, first floor, view southwest
- Photo 13: Elevator, second floor, looking south
- Photo 14: Interior, second floor, looking southeast
- Photo 15: East stair, third floor, looking southwest
- Photo 16: Window detail, second floor, looking northwest

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

**Estimated Burden Statement**: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

## **Narrative Description**

Built in 1929 as the Rainbow Hotel and re-branded and renovated in 1933 as the Roosevelt Hotel, the property is a three-story commercial building with Mission Revival detailing located at 50 N. Chadbourne Street at the northeast corner of N. Chadbourne Street and E. College Avenue in downtown San Angelo, Texas. It was designed by John G. Becker and has a rectangular footprint that transitions into a U-shaped building at the second floor. The building's west and south elevations are clad in buff brick with restrained cast concrete features, while the north and east elevations are clad in red brick and devoid of ornament. The building saw alterations in the 1950s, including storefront changes. Decades of vacancy lead to significant deterioration to the interior of the building. However, original terrazzo flooring at the first floor, two historic stairs, and the historic elevator remain. The hotel retains significant integrity on the exterior, though the interior lacks many historic finishes or features.

## Location and Setting

The Roosevelt Hotel sits on a corner lot in the northern section of downtown San Angelo. The building faces west toward Chadbourne Street, which is San Angelo's main north-south downtown corridor. The building is the tallest of its surroundings on Chadbourne Street, which mostly consists of early 20<sup>th</sup> century one- and two-story commercial buildings. To the east of the building is parking lot infill and a modern hospital complex. The historic San Angelo City Hall is two blocks to the west.

The commercial building is of steel frame construction with buff brick-clad exterior walls with decorative concrete masonry and hollow clay tile back up at the west and south elevations. The east and north elevations are utilitarian and feature red brick cladding. The foundation is a concrete slab, with a partial basement at the rear of the building to house mechanical systems. The original neon sign remains on the building's flat roof.

### Primary (West) Elevation

The primary (west) elevation features a Mission-style shaped parapet with concrete coping at the center of the elevation, adorned with some decorative metalwork, scallop shell medallions, and a centered flagpole. Above the first floor is a concrete band of patterned molding. Four entrances pierce the primary (west) elevation. All but one of these entrances is recessed. The northern two entrances and southernmost entry provided access to the businesses that historically occupied the ground floor of the hotel. These entrances originally contained multi-light, wood-frame doors and storefront display windows. Many of the original doors and windows remain. Ceramic tile knee walls and surrounds, which were added in the 1950s, are present at the recessed entrances. Panels cover the original transoms, which feature frosted glass. A metal awning similar to the one on the south elevation once adorned the primary entrance but was removed.

### Secondary (South) Elevation

The south elevation is clad in buff brick and continues the concrete band of patterned molding above the first floor from the west elevation. It is otherwise unadorned. Several doors pierce the south elevation including two recessed entries, the primary entrance, and six single doors. The recessed entries match those seen on the west elevation (including the presence of 1950s ceramic tile) and provided access to the retail businesses that historically occupied the ground floor of the hotel. The primary entrance on the south elevation retains its original metal awning. It accesses the main circulation hall and lobby of the ground floor. The single doors provide service entries to the ground floor and have been variously infilled or modified over time. The mechanical penthouse rises above the roof of the hotel along this elevation.

#### North and East Elevations

The east and north elevation are utilitarian, clad in red brick, and are devoid of ornamentation aside from the remnants of a painted sign on the north elevation. While some were removed or replaced over time, the existing windows are a combination of original six-over-six double-hung wood windows, which lit the hotel rooms and hallways, and original two-over-two double-hung wood windows, which lit the hotel bathrooms.

#### Interior

Interior partitions, including those of the original sixty-four guest rooms have been removed, so the interior of the hotel is presently wide open with only remnants of the locations of original partitions. The ground floor featured several commercial spaces and the lobby. An L-shaped hall, connecting the primary entrances on the west and south elevations, originally served as the primary circulation hall and lobby. The registration desk was located at the intersection of these two halls with the elevator and stair, both of which are extant, across from it. The remainder of the ground floor consisted of several open commercial spaces that once contained a cafe, barbershop, beauty shop, and the Roosevelt Drug Co. A double-loaded, U-shaped corridor lined with small hotel rooms originally organized the upper floors, though all partitions were removed.

Existing finishes on the interior include plaster walls and ceilings, concrete floors, and terrazzo floors in the former lobby area. Access to the upper stories in the building is provided by the elevator shaft centered on the south wall, and a metal staircase in the northeast corner.

#### Alterations

The hotel underwent renovations when it was rebranded as the Roosevelt in 1933, which included the addition of several bathrooms and changes to the first-floor retail areas. The building saw additional alterations in the 1950s, including storefront modifications in the lobby. During the 1970s the property functioned as a low budget hotel, resulting in minimal maintenance leading to deterioration. It closed in 1994 and has been vacant since. The interior was gutted and abated in 2010.

### Integrity

The Roosevelt Hotel retains sufficient historic integrity to qualify for individual listing on the National Register of Historic Places. The building remains in the same location and the setting is largely intact. The intact exterior design features, including the original Mission Revival detailing and 1950s ceramic tile surroundings at the storefronts added within the building's period of significance, convey its use as hotel. While the interior has been altered, plans of the lobby and corridors on the upper floors are evident. The building fell into disrepair in the 1970s and suffered severe deterioration of partition walls throughout, which were subsequently removed. To some extent, these changes diminish integrity of design and materials. Some plaster perimeter walls are extant, as are original circulation stairs, elevator, and elevator shaft. On the first floor, terrazzo flooring marking the hotel lobby, corridor, and retail spaces is present and in excellent condition. Therefore, the cumulative effect of alterations over time is not damaging to the building's integrity of location, setting, feeling, workmanship, design, and materials.

### **Statement of Significance**

The Roosevelt Hotel in San Angelo, Tom Green County, Texas, is a three-story commercial building of steel frame fireproof construction with brick-clad exterior walls and hollow clay tile back up. The exterior is characterized by Mission Revival-influenced detailing largely concentrated on the primary (west) elevation. Originally built in 1929 as the Rainbow Hotel, the property was constructed to meet the growing needs of accommodation for those traveling to San Angelo for oil-related business and tourism. Following major renovations, the property became known as the Roosevelt Hotel in 1933. The Roosevelt Hotel is locally significant under Criterion A in the area of Commerce for its role in the commercial development of downtown San Angelo during the oil boom of the 1920s, and the subsequent Great Depression and recovery. Over the years, the modest hotel provided efficient lodging for tourists and oil professionals and hosted commercial storefront tenants. The period of significance spans from 1929, the year of completion, to 1968, in accordance with National Register guidelines.

## History of the Building

Prior to construction, the site contained two single-family dwellings which were torn down prior to make room for the hotel, according to Sanborn maps. Construction of the hotel began in 1928 and it opened in April of 1929. The lot was purchased for \$23,000 and the construction cost was \$100,000. In 1933, the hotel underwent a \$20,000 refurbishment and reopened as the Roosevelt Hotel, named for President Franklin Roosevelt. The hotel suffered during the 1930s, and in 1940, the Great Southern Life Insurance Company purchased the building, who continued to operate the hotel but made no improvements. It was sold again in 1949 to Patrick B. Mooney, who chose to focus on hosting multiple businesses in the retail spaces on the first floor. The hotel's success continued to fluctuate through the 20th century, finally closing in 1994. It has remained vacant since closing.<sup>1</sup>

Throughout the years, tenants such as Nance Sewing Aid Company, Bullock's Electric Co., Hobaugh's Barber Shop, Williams Radio Shop, Roosevelt Beauty Shop, Rainbow Hotel Coffee Shop, the Roosevelt Drug Store, and the National Cash Register Co occupied the commercial spaces on the first floor.<sup>2</sup>

## History of San Angelo<sup>3</sup>

San Angelo began as a frontier town with the establishment of nearby Fort Concho in 1867. The early days of San Angelo were characterized by typical frontier town activities such as prostitution and gambling. Shortly after the establishment of the fort, Bartholomew J. DeWitt purchased 320 acres of land across the river from the Fort and established a trading post called San Angela (later changed to San Angelo by the Post Office). DeWitt also divided up his land into lots and put them up for sale. Warehouses were constructed for storing buffalo hides, after which a need for banking facilities arose. A few settlers began building homes on the acreage subdivided by DeWitt.<sup>4</sup>

San Angelo's early growth was fueled by an ample supply of water from the Concho River giving rise to cattle and sheep ranching and agriculture. The wool trade quickly became a major asset to San Angelo, with numerous warehouses, exchanges, and supply shops constructed in the town. The town became the Tom Green County seat after a flood destroyed the county courthouse in Ben Ficklin, resulting in a further growth, as Ben Ficklin residents relocated there. Commercial and residential development in San Angelo also increased, reflecting its new role as County Seat.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> David Dewer, "From Rainbow to Roosevelt: Hotel Survived Decades, Series of Change in City," San Angelo Standard-Times, January 18, 2009. Accessed at http://archive.gosanangelo.com/news/columnists/from-rainbow-to-roosevelt-ep-442219589-357818281.html <sup>2</sup> Worley's City Directories, San Angelo, TX. 1939-1965.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Largely adapted from Tom Green County: Chronicles of our Heritage, Vol. 1, Tom Green County Historical Preservation League, Inc. Abilene, TX: H.V. Chapman & Sons, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tom Green County: Chronicles of our Heritage, 38.

The arrival of the Santa Fe railroad in 1888 and the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railroad in 1909 furthered the town's growth and established it as a shipping center. The railroad depots were constructed on opposite ends of Chadbourne Street, transforming the street into an important social and economic axis, later becoming a major commercial corridor. The early decades of the 20<sup>th</sup> century saw steady economic growth in San Angelo, with improved transportation, expanded wool and sheep markets, and the growth of retail and wholesale distribution networks. This growth took the form of an expanded commercial downtown, with larger, more substantial buildings constructed between 1900 and 1915. Early landmarks included the First National Bank, the San Angelo National Bank Building, and numerous smaller commercial buildings. Utilities such as water, power, and telephone continued to expand to accommodate the city's growth. This prolific period of growth came to an end at the beginning of the First World War, after which San Angelo suffered a decline in population and economic depression.

The arrival of the automobile, however, resulted in a swift rebound for the city, which enabled oil field exploration and development, and the spread of support and service industries. The discovery of oil in the nearby Permian Basin resulted in a massive population increase of 150% (from 10,050 to 25,308) between 1920 and 1930.<sup>5</sup> San Angelo became a center for oil field services and supply houses, headquarters for oil exploration companies, and a gathering place for petroleum professionals. New construction boomed in this period to accommodate San Angelo's massive growth.

The 1930s were not as prosperous as the previous decade. During the Great Depression, falling oil prices and a troubled agricultural economy, combined with a gripping drought, took a toll on San Angelo. Economic vitality returned with rising oil prices and the opening of the Goodfellow Field in 1940, a training facility for pilots entering the military in anticipation of World War II. During the war, over 10,000 pilots graduated from the facility. As a result of the establishment of Goodfellow Field (which reopened in 1947 as Goodfellow Air Force Base), the population in San Angelo doubled between 1940 and 1950, reaching 52,000. It reached 73,000 by 1980.<sup>6</sup> Today, San Angelo has a population of over 100,000 and is home to Angelo State University, Texas A&M University Research and Extension Center and Goodfellow Air Force Base, and retains a strong oil and agricultural economy.

## **Criterion A: Commerce**

Roosevelt Hotel is significant at the local level under Criterion A for Commerce, for its role in San Angelo's surge of development following the initial oil boom of the 1920s. The building opened in 1929 and functioned as a small and modest hotel, with ground-floor retail, for over forty years. Its construction is a reflection of San Angelo's growing prosperity fueled by the oil industry, and the increased number of hotels constructed to meet the needs of a larger number of out-of-town guests. The Roosevelt Hotel, unlike the larger, more elaborate hotels that preceded it, was marketed to travelers needing an economical option. Despite being a modest hotel, however, it was equipped with modern amenities and fire safety through fireproof construction. It continued to provide modest accommodation into the 1970s.

### The Rise of Hotel Construction in the 1920s

The establishment of the Santa Rita Oil Well located 85 miles west of San Angelo in 1923, which first tapped the oilrich Permian Basin, resulted in a surge of development in oil-related services in the town. Offices for oilmen, distribution headquarters, and, naturally, hotels for traveling oil professionals were in high demand in San Angelo. Prior to the discovery of oil, the hotel industry in San Angelo consisted of small, inexpensive establishments serving ranchers and trappers, most of which were destroyed by fires and floods.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, San Angelo, 1950.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, San Angelo, 1980.

The first of the oil-boom hotels was the Naylor Hotel, built in 1925 on the site of the burned Landon Hotel. The sixstory hotel contained 126 rooms. The Roberts Hotel, constructed in 1927, followed, and advertised itself as the most modern in the area, complete with air conditioning and 20 private bathrooms. The Cactus Hotel, built by Conrad Hilton in 1928, contained 235 rooms and a ballroom for events, and was touted as the most glamorous hotel in San Angelo. The same year, ground broke for the city's first two fireproof hotels: the St. Angelus Hotel (demolished, 1967) and the Rainbow Hotel (present-day Roosevelt Hotel). By 1930, city directories listed twelve hotels in San Angelo, including the Rainbow. The number decreased to seven by 1939.<sup>7</sup>

### **Rainbow Hotel / Roosevelt Hotel**

The Rainbow Hotel, designed by local architect John G. Becker and managed by P.W. Fly and T.E. Smith, opened in April of 1929. It was built by land speculators A.S. Willick and H.H. Ray for \$100,000. Over 2,000 visitors attended the opening reception, and were given tours of rooms. Guests were entertained by an orchestra and dancing in the lobby, and the reception was broadcast over the local radio. The rooms were described as "unusually large" with "furnishings above the ordinary."<sup>8</sup> A coffee shop and drugstore were located on the first floor.

Shortly after opening, the hotel underwent renovations in 1933. The widow of A.S. Willick, along with H.H. Ray, spent \$20,000 to renovate the hotel in honor of recently elected President Roosevelt (hence the new name), and redecorated and refurnished the hotel from top to bottom. An article covering the reopening of the hotel described the fireproof building as one of five fireproof hotels in San Angelo at that time. It was also described as having the latest Simmons furniture in the sixty-four guest rooms, noting all but nine contained bathrooms. In attempt to promote the hotel, Robert Ellis, former oil man and new hotel manager, described the linens and blankets as comparing "favorably with the Baker Hotel in Dallas or with any other high-class hotel in any city in Texas," which were purchased at a very reasonable rate due to the Great Depression.<sup>9</sup> The article also described the "splendid" coffee shop and drugstore and barber shop on the first floor. The owners expressed hope that the hotel would accommodate an influx of people coming to San Angelo after the Depression, stating the city "has a real future."<sup>10</sup> Rooms rented for \$1 per day without a bath, or \$1.50-\$2.00 with a bath. In contrast to hotels around the city that were marketed particularly to oil professionals (such as the lavish Cactus Hotel, which included a ballroom and grand architecture), the Roosevelt was marketed as a modest hotel to a broad audience. In reality, it offered "a place to sleep and eat" to tourists who visit San Angelo "every winter not only to enjoy [the] climate but the exceptional recreational features" in the city. While business travelers were included in the targeted audience for advertising, the Roosevelt was not specifically marketed toward traveling oilmen like the other hotels.11

The hotel was well-situated to attract tourist clientele. The hotel had a strategic position along North Chadbourne Street, which functioned as a major thoroughfare in and out of town and as the city's densest commercial corridor. The north section of the street specifically saw a number of important developments in the late 1920s, signaling San Angelo's expansion and prosperity after the discovery of oil in the Santa Rita No. 1 well. A Coca Cola plant and ice cream plant were the first major developments on the northern section of North Chadbourne. Upon completion of the Roosevelt, it was heralded as "one of the most important developments of the year for North Chadbourne Street."<sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Tom Green County: Chronicles of our Heritage, 58.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> "2000 Visitors at Opening of Rainbow Hotel." San Angelo Morning Times, April 2, 1929, 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> "Roosevelt Hotel, Pledged to 'New Deal', Opens Tuesday." San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> "Roosevelt Hotel, Pledged to 'New Deal', Opens Tuesday." San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> "Roosevelt Hotel, Pledged to 'New Deal', Opens Tuesday." San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> "New Hotel Is Important to N. Chadbourne." San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933

Business remained steady through the mid-twentieth century. The 1946 and 1950 City Directories for San Angelo list the Roosevelt Hotel as an air conditioned, fireproof "pleasant place to spend your weekends" with free parking and "special permanent guest rates."<sup>13</sup>

The property would go on to function under various owners, undergoing several renovations, until it ceased operation as a hotel in the 1970s. After nearly being demolished in 2010, Downtown San Angelo, Inc. purchased the hotel from Shannon Medical Center and worked for several years to find a buyer. After one failed attempt, a new development partnership, Fireside, LLC, acquired the building in 2016 with plans for a rehabilitation tax credit project.<sup>14</sup>

## John G. Becker, Architect<sup>15</sup>

Born in 1892 in Renault, Illinois, John G. Becker attended Washington University in St. Louis and earned an architecture degree from the University of Colorado. Upon graduation, Becker worked for G. Merethid Music in Denver, and for Guy A. Carlander in Amarillo in 1927, after which he set up his own practice in San Angelo, at the height of the post oil-boom development surge. Becker designed several ecclesiastical, scholastic, institutional, and municipal buildings around San Angelo and west Texas, such as the San Angelo Municipal Swimming Pool (1930, NRHP 1988), Emmanuel Episcopal Church (1929, NRHP 1988), the Lake View School building, San Angelo High School, and the Tom Green County Library (located in San Angelo). Becker worked well into the mid-20th century, designing school buildings, municipal buildings, retail and hotel buildings, and private residences in cities throughout west Texas.

## Conclusion

The Roosevelt Hotel is nominated to the National Register of Historic Places at the local level of significance under Criterion A for Commerce, as an early modest hotel constructed in response to the rise in tourism and economic activity during the 1920s oil boom in San Angelo. Built in 1929 as the Rainbow Hotel, it was rebranded as the Roosevelt Hotel in 1933 after President Franklin Delano Roosevelt. While smaller than the elaborate Naylor, Roberts, or Cactus Hotels constructed in the same period, the sixty-four room Roosevelt Hotel certainly had a higher capacity and more modern amenities than area tourist courts. Between its build date in 1929 and 1968, the hotel provided efficient accommodations for oil professionals and tourists alike. The period of significance adheres to the 50-year cutoff.

http://sanangelolive.com/news/business/2016-11-1//ode-san-angelos-old-roosevelt-hotel-p.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Worley's San Angelo City Directories, 1946, 1950.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Joe Hyde, "An Ode to San Angelo's Old Roosevelt Hotel, Part II," *San Angelo Live*, accessed October 25, 2017, http://sanangelolive.com/news/business/2016-11-17/ode-san-angelos-old-roosevelt-hotel-part-ii.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> John G. Becker file, American Institute of Architects Archives.

### **Bibliography**

"2000 Visitors at Opening of Rainbow Hotel." San Angelo Morning Times, April 2, 1929, 4

Dewer, David. "From Rainbow to Roosevelt: Hotel Survived Decades, Series of Change in City." *San Angelo Standard-Times*. January 18, 2009. Accessed at http://archive.gosanangelo.com/news/columnists/from-rainbow-to-roosevelt-ep-442219589-357818281.htm

Hyde, Joe. "An Ode to San Angelo's Old Roosevelt Hotel, Part II." *San Angelo Live*. Accessed October 25, 2017 http://sanangelolive.com/news/business/2016-11-17/ode-san-angelos-old-roosevelt-hotel-part-ii.

"New Hotel Is Important to N. Chadbourne." San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933.

"Roosevelt Hotel, Pledged to 'New Deal,' Opens Tuesday," San Angelo Standard-Times, June 25, 1933.

San Angelo City Directories, 1929-1965

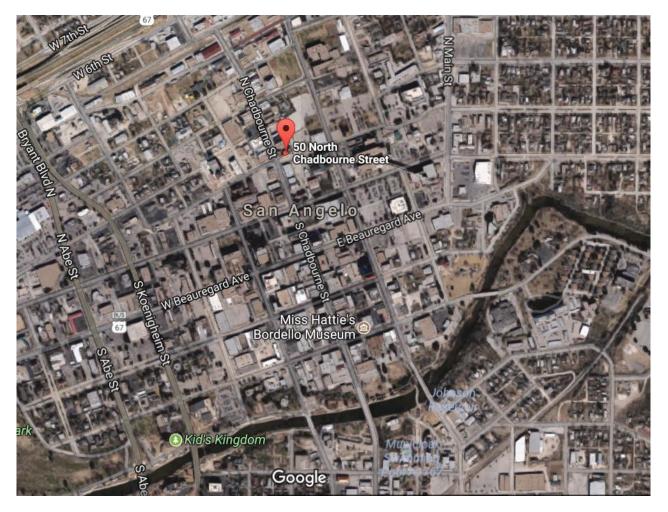
Tom Green County Historical Preservation League, Inc. Tom Green County: Chronicles of Our Heritage, Vol. 1. Abilene: H.V. Chapman & Sons, 2003.

U.S. Census Bureau, San Angelo, TX. 1920-1980.

Map 1: Tom Green County, Texas



Map 2: Google Maps, Accessed October 24, 2017.



# Map 3: Google Earth, Accessed March 26, 2018



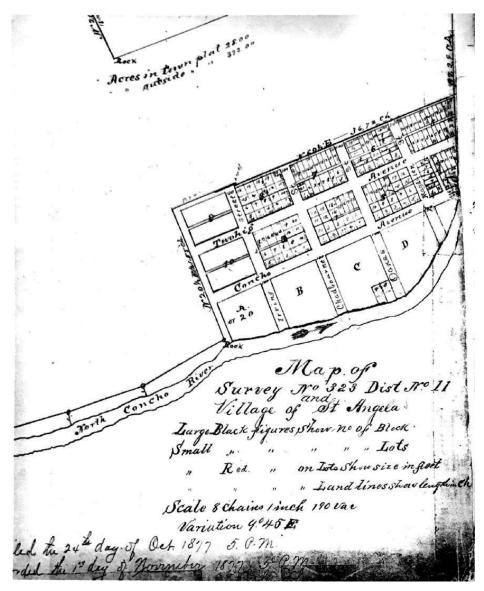
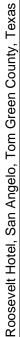
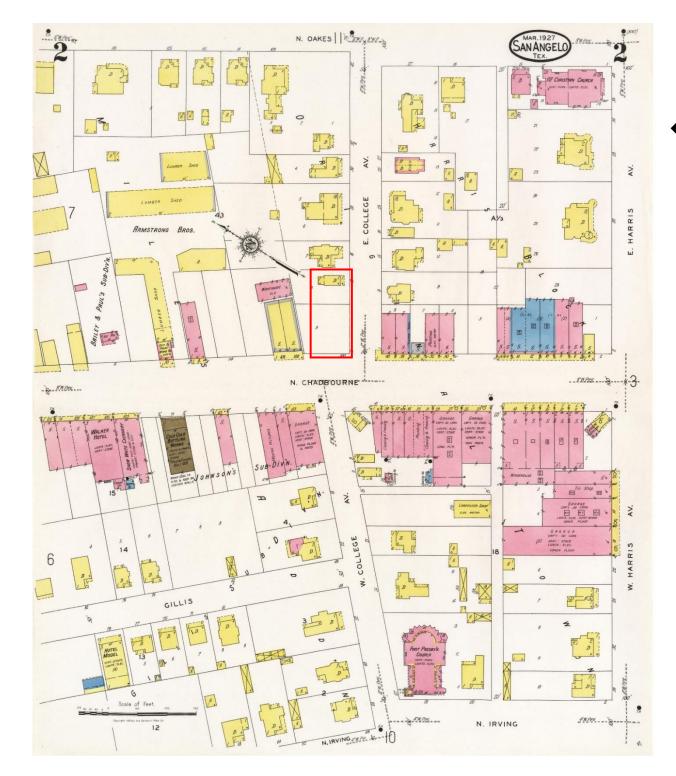


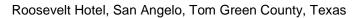
Figure 1: 1877 Map of San Angelo

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 $\mathbf{Z}$ Figure 2: 1927 Sanborn Map, location prior to construction of 1929 Rainbow Hotel outlined in red.



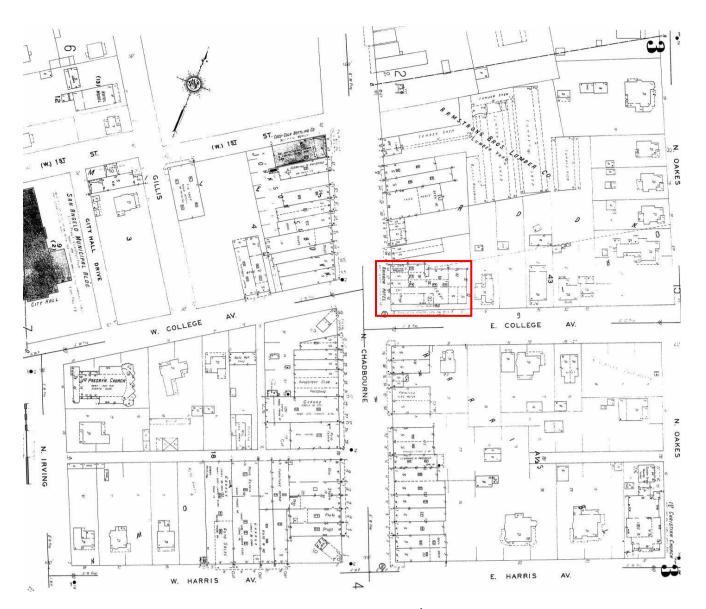


Figure 3: 1931 Sanborn Map showing property as Rainbow Hotel. N 🕇

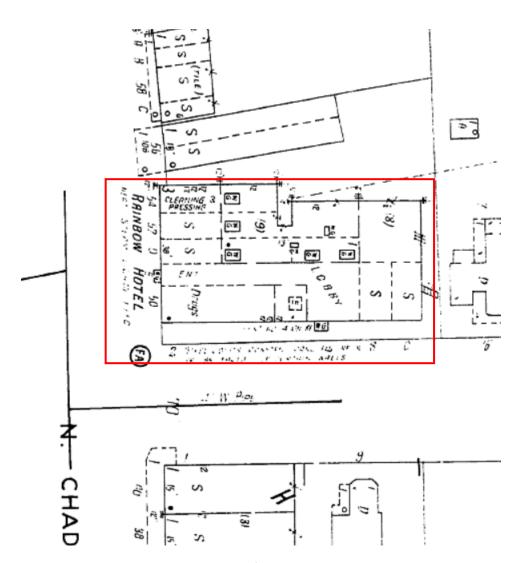
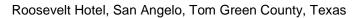


Figure 4: 1931 Sanborn Map showing Rainbow Hotel. N 🕇



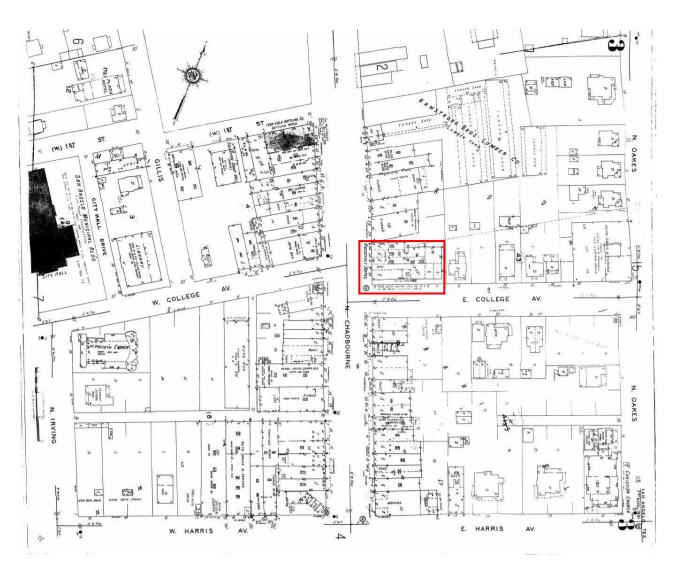


Figure 5: 1949 Sanborn Map showing Roosevelt Hotel. N 1

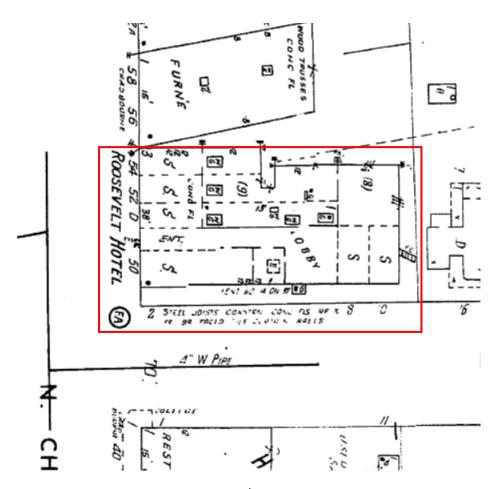


Figure 6: 1949 Sanborn Map showing Roosevelt Hotel. N 1



Figure 7: Rainbow Hotel, looking northeast, Historic Photo - Undated



Figure 8: Roosevelt Hotel, looking northeast, Historic Photo - Undated



Photo 1: West elevation, looking east



Photo 2: West and south elevations, looking northeast



Photo 3: South elevation, looking north



Photo 4: East elevation, looking west



Photo 5: North and east elevations, looking southwest



Photo 6: North elevation with ghost sign, looking southeast



Photo 7: West elevation, storefront, looking east



Photo 8: West elevation, storefront, looking east



Photo 9: Masonry detail, west elevation, looking east



Photo 10: Interior storefront entrance, looking west



Photo 11: First floor, detail of terrazzo flooring



Photo 12: Central stair, first floor, view southwest



Photo 13: Elevator, second floor, looking south



Photo 14: Interior, second floor, looking southeast



Photo 15: East stair, third floor, looking southwest

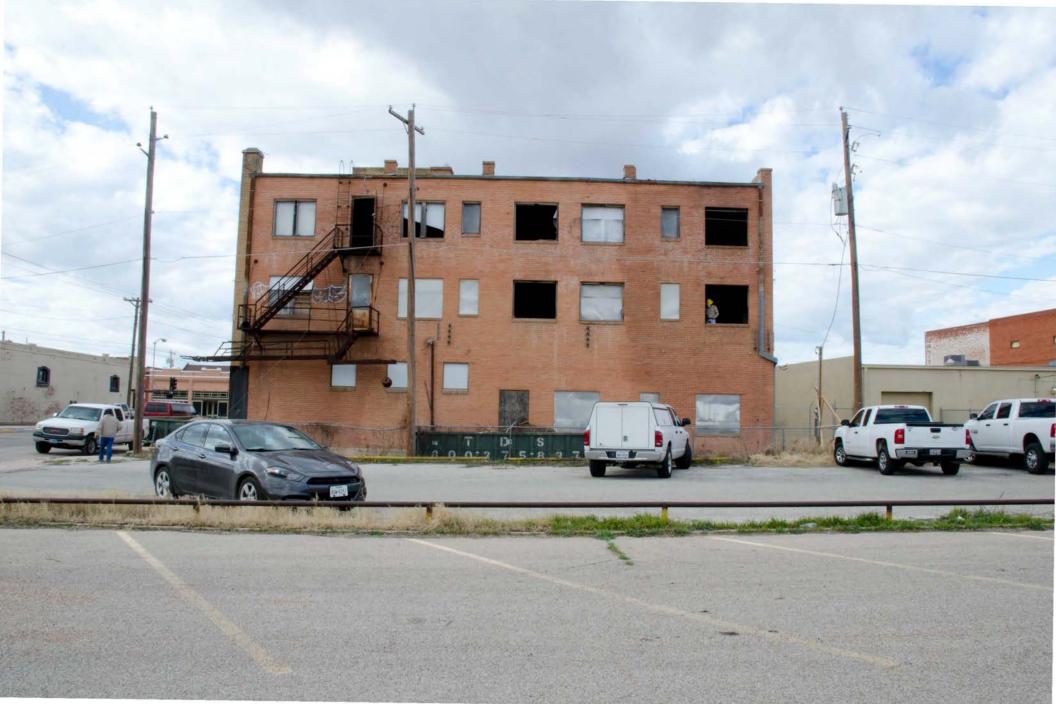


Photo 16: Window detail, second floor, looking northwest

































#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

Requested Action:	Nomination			
Property Name: Roosevelt Hotel				
Multiple Name:				
State & County:	TEXAS, Tom Green			
Date Rece 4/2/201			6th Day: D 2018	Pate of 45th Day: Date of Weekly List: 5/17/2018
Reference number:	SG100002436			
Nominator:	State			
Reason For Review				
Appea	L I	X PDIL		Text/Data Issue
SHPO	Request	Landscape		Photo
Waive	•	National		Map/Boundary
Resub	mission	Mobile Reso	ırce	Period
Other		TCP		Less than 50 years
		_ CLG		
X Accept	Return	Reject	5/14/2	2018 Date
Abstract/Summary Comments:	Commerce. Built in 19 center of commerce du to traveling businessm the newly established	929, the three-story, uring San Angelo's e een as well as the ind highway networks.	Mission Revearly twentie creasing nur The building	al Register Criterion A in the area of vival styled building served as a major th century oil boom, providing lodging mber of tourist visiting the area along retains minimal integrity as a result of ffectively convey's it historic
Recommendation/ Criteria	Accept National Regis	ter Criterion A		
Reviewer Paul Lu	usignan		Discipline	Historian
Telephone (202)3	54-2229		Date	5/14/2018
DOCUMENTATION	: see attached com	ments : No see a	attached SLF	R : No

If a nomination is returned to the nomination authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the National Park Service.

**TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION** 

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AT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

- TO: Paul Lusignan National Register of Historic Places Mail Stop 7228 . 1849 C St, NW Washington, D.C. 20240
- From: Mark Wolfe, SHPO Texas Historical Commission

RE: Roosevelt Hotel, San Angelo, Tom Green County, Texas

DATE: March 29, 2018

The following materials are submitted:

	Original National Register of Historic Places form on disk.
х	The enclosed disk contains the true and correct copy of the National Register of Historic Places nomination of the Roosevelt Hotel, San Angelo, Tom Green County, Texas
	Resubmitted nomination.
х	Original NRHP signature page signed by the Texas SHPO.
	Multiple Property Documentation form on disk.
	Resubmitted form.
	Original MPDF signature page signed by the Texas SHPO.
х	CD with TIFF photograph files, KMZ files, and nomination PDF
	Correspondence.

## COMMENTS:

- \_\_\_\_ SHPO requests substantive review (cover letter from SHPO attached)
- \_\_\_\_ The enclosed owner objections (do\_\_) (do not\_\_) constitute a majority of property owners
- \_\_\_ Other: