/R6 - 2250

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

. Name of Property					
Historic name Swanson Home					
O# 151/A					
. Location					
street & number 30572 483rd Aven	ue			no	ot for publication
city or town Alcester					cinity x
State South Dakota code	SD county	Union c	ode 127		51023
3. State/Federal Agency Certificati					
nomination _x request for determine National Register of Historic Places a opinion, the property _x _ meets significant nationally statewide Significant of certifying official/little SD SHPO State or Federal agency and bureau	ond meets the procedural addes not meet the National exploration (See continue	and professional require al Register criteria. I rec ntinuation sheet for add -09-2006	ements set forth commend that the itional comment	in 36 CFR Part nis property be c s.)	60. In my onsidered
In my opinion, the property meet additional comments.)  Signature of certifying official/Title	S does not meet the t		a. ( See con	tinuation sheet f	or
State or Federal agency and bureau				····	
I. National Park Service Certificat	ion	/	************	***************************************	
, hereby, certify that this property is:  entered in the National Register See continuation sheet determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet determined not eligible for the National Register removed from the National Register.		Signature of the Keepe	Beall		e of Action 31:06
other (explain:)	***************************************			·	

Swanson House		Union County, South Dakota Page 2 of 4	
5. Classification			
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) x private	Category of Property (Check only one box x building(s)	Number of Resources within Prope (Do not incl. previously listed resources in Contributing Non-Contributing	
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
	object	·	objects
		1	Total
Name of related multiple property lis (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a m		Number of contributing resources pre- listed in the National Register	viously
6. Functions or Use			
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	
Domestic Single	e Dwelling	Domestic Single Dwelling	
7. Description			
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)	
Prairie		foundation Concrete	
		walls Wood frame	
		man IAI a J	
		roof Wood	
		other	

Narrative Description
(Describe the historic and current condition of the property.)

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET

Swanson House	Union County, South Dakota	Page 3 of 4			
Statement of Significance					
pplicable National Register Criteria	Areas of Significance				
Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the		(Enter categories from instructions)			
roperty or National Register listing.)	Architecture				
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns	· .				
of our history.					
B Property is associated with the lives of persons					
significant in our past.					
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics					
of a type, period, or method of construction or	Period of Significance				
represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant	1911				
and distinguishable entity whose components lack	*/**				
individual distinction.					
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,					
information important in prehistory or history.					
Criteria Considerations	Significant Dates				
Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	1911				
Property is:					
Topolty 13.					
A owed by a religious institution or used for					
religious purposes.	Significant Person				
B removed from its original location.	(Complete if Criterion B is mar	ked above)			
		,			
C a birthplace or grave.					
	Cultural Affiliation				
D a cemetery.					
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.					
F a commemorative property.	Architect/Duilder				
G less than 50 years old or achieving significance	Architect/Builder				
G less than 50 years old or achieving significance within the past 50 years.	Swan John Swanson				
mumi dio pasi oo years.					
Narrative Statement of Significance					
(Explain the significance of the property.) SEE CONTINUAT	ION SHEET				
9. Major Bibliographical References					
Bibliography					
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form.)	SEE CONTINUATION SHEET	•			
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of addit	ional data:			
preliminary determination of individual listing	x State Historic Preservation Office				
(36 CFR 67) has been requested	Other State agency				
previously listed in the National Register	Federal agency				
previously determined eligible by the National	Local government				
Register	University				
designated a National Historic Landmark	Other				
# recorded by Historic American Engineering	Name of repository:				

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0. Geographical	Data							
Acreage of Proper	tv Less t	than one acre						
.o. ougo or tropic				······································				
UTM References Place additional UTM	A References on	a continuation sheet.)						
Zone East	ing	Northing	3	Zone	Easting		Northing	<u> </u>
14 700	•	4758848		20116	Lasuing	•	Horamig	
2			4					
Zone East	ting	Northing		Zone	Easting		Northing	
Verbal Boundary I (Describe the boundar Boundary Justific	ies of the property	_	continuat					
(Explain why the bound		ed.) See o	continuat	ion sh	eet. 	<u> </u>		
name/title Mike			******	····				······
					data	Fohmowy 10	2006	-
organization SDS				<del></del>	date	February 10		
street & number	900 Governors	3 Drive		1	telephone	605-773-6	056	
city or town	Pierre		***************************************	state	SD	zip code	57501	
Additional Docum	nentation				······································			
Submit the following it	ems with the comp	oleted form:			•			
Continuation She	ets							
Maps A USGS n	nap (7.5 or 15 m	ninute series) indicati	ing the pro	nertv's l	ocation			
	• •	·	•	. •				
A Sketch	map for historic	districts and propert	lies having	large a	creage or r	iumerous res	ources.	
Photographs								
Represent	ative black and	white photograph:	s of the pro	operty.				
Additional items (Check with the SHPC	O or FPO for any a	dditional items.)						
Property Owner	(Complete this ite	m at the request of the S	SHPO or FP	O.)				
name Roger at	nd Caren Sonich	ısen						
street & number	30572 483rd A	venue		teleph	one <u>60</u> 5	5-547-2120		
city or town Hav	warden		state	IA		zip code	51023	

NPS Form 10-900a (Rev. 8-86)

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# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet - Swa

SWANSON HOUSE
UNION COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA

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#### **Architectural Description**

The Swanson House is a farmhouse located in Union County, seven miles southeast of Alcester. The Prairie Style house was built in 1911.

The façade faces north. The house has wood shingles, cedar wood clapboard siding, a central chimney and a concrete block foundation.

The façade (north elevation) has an open hip-roof porch on the first floor that extends the length of the house and is supported by three round columns. A three step cement staircase located nearer the east end leads to the porch. The porch is supported by concrete blocks on the corners and the space between the porch floor and the ground on the outer sides of the porch is enclosed with a cross-hatched trellis. From left to right on the first floor of this elevation there is a smaller four pane fixed window, the wooden main entrance door with a one pane window in the upper half and a cottage window nearer the west end. On the second floor are two evenly spaced one over one double hung windows. A hip-roof dormer with two small one over one double hung windows exists in the attic portion of the roof.

The east elevation features a hip roof centered three foot wide side bay that extends vertically the height of the house and constitutes almost half of the space on this elevation. On the south end of this elevation is an enclosed porch. From left to right on the first floor there is a two over two double hung window. A metal door leads into the north end of the porch. A four step cement staircase and landing covered with outdoor carpet and equipped with metal handrails leads to the door. Next is a combination of three sliding windows just south of the side bay. On the side bay is a centered metal entrance door and located above the door are a pair of one over one windows that follow the interior stair. On the north side of the side bay is a one over one double hung window. Beneath this window, in the foundation, is a small side by side one pane sliding basement window. The second story features a one over one double hung window on the north and south end.

On the south elevation first floor, from left to right, there is a two pane casement window nearer the top of this floor. Next to the window is the enclosed porch that juts out some eight feet and covers ¾ of this floor on the southeast side. A two over two double hung window is located on the west side of the porch nearer the south end. The south side of the porch features two fixed multi-paned picture windows. On the second floor, from left to right, on the porch roof is a deck surrounded with a wooden railing on the three open sides. In the middle of the second floor and on the west end of the deck is a metal door with a two pane window leading to the house. To the right of the door is a small one pane fixed window and nearer the east end is a one over one double hung window. A hipped roof dormer similar to the one on the north elevation is located in the attic level on the roof of this elevation.

From left to right on the first floor of the west elevation there is a one over one double hung window and a hipped roof bay window on the south end. The bay window has two one over one double hung windows on the north and south sides. The west side of the bay includes a cottage window with leaded glass. Along the foundation are two small side by side one pane sliding windows nearer the north end and a fixed small two pane window beneath the bay. On the second floor there are two one over one double hung windows nearer the north and south ends. A hipped roof dormer similar to the ones on the north and south elevations exists on the roof in the attic section.

A special feature for the majority of the interior of the house is the 3 ½ inch hemlock wood flooring. All of the original ponderosa pine woodwork and staircase, with the exception of the kitchen area that was remodeled in the early 1950's remains in

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SWANSON HOUSE
UNION COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA

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the house. Except for the bathroom upstairs, all of the lathe and plaster ceilings and walls are still in place. Off of the basement on the east side is a root cellar that is used yet today. The cellar's walls and ceiling are made of chicken wire mesh and plaster.

#### Statement of Significance

The Swanson House is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C as it is a fine example of a Prairie Style house constructed during the early 20<sup>th</sup> century in South Dakota. The style is defined by a low pitched roof, usually hipped, with widely overhanging eaves, two stories, with one story wings or porches.<sup>1</sup>

Alcester, South Dakota is located in Union County in the very southeastern part of the state. The territory that Union County occupies today was inhabited by Sioux Indians prior to 1859. A treaty between the Federal Government and the Yankton Sioux moved them to the reservation further west toward the Missouri River. Immediately following this move, white immigration in the area began.<sup>2</sup>

The early settlers concentrated in the area around Elk Point and Sioux Point at the junction of the Missouri Rivers. Gradually settlers moved northward and it was in the late 1860"s and early 1870's that the homesteaders came into the vicinity of what became Alcester.<sup>3</sup>

Union County was first created and organized as Cole County in honor of a territorial legislator, Austin Cole in 1862. January 7, 1864, the legislature rearranged the boundaries of Cole and Lincoln counties and the name Cole was changed to Union. This name was probably chosen because of the strong sentiment existing at the time of the Civil War.<sup>4</sup>

Swan John Swanson traveled the high seas aboard a Swedish Windjammer for twelve years prior to coming to the United States. It is believed that Mr. Swanson served as the chief navigator for the ocean going vessel. In the very early 1900's Swan John decided to immigrate to the United States where many of his relatives from Sweden had gone. He selected Odebolt Iowa, where other Swedish relatives lived, as his first settling point in this country. In Odebolt he spent the most part of a year learning English as well as the American system of finance and farming. While in Odebolt he was encouraged to move north west by another relative with a surname of Olson who had settled in South Dakota as a homesteader. Swan John moved to Union County near Alcester where he purchased a farm from the Townsends which was just east of his relative Olson. For the first several years Swan John lived in a sod and tarpaper home that he built initially approximately ¼ mile north of the existing Swanson House. Mr. Swanson was in the United States for 4 years before he decided to go back to Sweden and get his girlfriend Matilda and bring her back to South Dakota. Along with Swan John and Matilda they brought three other Swedish women who joined their men folk in Iowa, Minnesota and South Dakota.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Virginia and Lee McAlester, A Field Guide to American Houses, (Alfred Knopf, Inc., New York, 1984) p. 438

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Edward Elliot Collins, A History of Union County, South Dakota to 1880, (Department of History, University of South Dakota, 1937)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Alcester Centennial Committee, Centennial, Alcester, South Dakota, 1979 p. 8

<sup>4</sup> Ibid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Roger and Caren Sonichsen, Personal Correspondence, 2006

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UNION COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA

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The Swanson House exhibits some of the characteristics of the Prairie Style architecture with the low pitched hipped roof, the wide overhanging eaves, two stories and a one story width wide front porch. The addition on the back end of the house is compatible and doesn't affect the integrity of the house The Swanson House is eligible under Criterion C as a good example of Prairie Style architecture in early 20<sup>th</sup> century South Dakota.

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SWANSON HOUSE
UNION COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA

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#### **Bibliography**

Stephen Rogers and Linda B. Schwan, Architectural History of South Dakota South Dakota Historic Preservation Office. Pierre, SD 2000

Edward Elliot Collins, A History of Union County, South Dakota to 1880. Department of History, University of South Dakota. Vermillion, SD 1937

Alcester Centennial Committee, Centennial, Alcester, South Dakota.

Alcester, South Dakota 1979

Roger and Caren Sonichsen, Personal Correspondence.

Hawarden, IA 2006

#### **Verbal Boundary Description**

The boundary is an imaginary line encompassing the house. It begins at a point five feet northwest of the northwest corner and runs east to a point five feet northeast of the northeast corner. It then runs south to a point five feet southeast corner. It then runs west to a point five feet southwest of the southwest corner. It then runs north to the original starting point.

#### **Verbal Boundary Justification**

The boundary includes only the house. No other buildings on the farmstead retain historical integrity or are within the period of significance.