1. SITE I.D. NO		AER ORY	U.S. Department of the Interior National Park Service Washington, DC 20240						
<sup>2</sup> NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE San Luis Bridge; State Bridge Bridge over Culebra Creek CDH: CSSMME-0.1-S159	CS01	5. ORIGINAL USE roadway bridge	7 CLASSIFICATION BT&A: ARCH: REINFORCE	CONCRETE	7	5	9	5	9. RATING  local 10. date  1911
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO) County Road SMME over Culebra Cree SW¼ S26, T34N, R72W	k	6. PRESENT USE roadway bridge	8. UTM ZONE EASTING 1 3 4 6 1 8 0		6 2	4	0		11. REGION
4. CITY/VICINITY COUNTY San Luis Costil	la	state Colorado	SCALE 1:24 1:62.5 OTHER	QUAI		San	Lu	is	
12. OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS  Costilla County  Costil	la County (	Courthouse 354 Ma	ain Street San Luis Colo	orado 81152					7
13. DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCT IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.  Segmental reinforced concrete ope			R ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND						

span number: span length:

57'0"

62'6" overall length: roadway width: 14'1" flr./decking: 5" thick monolithic concrete slab

substructure: concrete retaining bulkheads

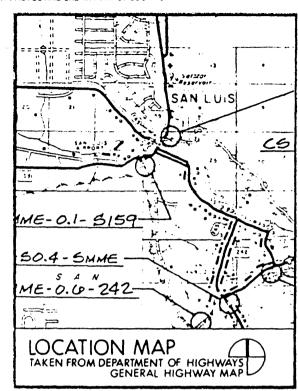
quardrails : steel pipe

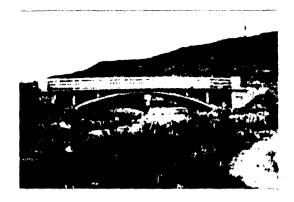
With an appropriation of \$2000 by the State Legislature, the State Engineer designed this reinforced concrete arch over Culebra Creek on the west edge of San Luis in 1910. Competitive bids were solicited and received in August: four bridge contractors submitted proposals: Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron Company of Leavenworth, Kansas, Midland Bridge Company of Kansas City, Missouri, Cuno Engineering and Construction Company and the M.F. Levy Construction Company of Denver. Low bidder at \$4700, Levy was awarded the construction contract, and the county made up the difference in appropriation. High water in the creek delayed excavation for the abutments until late February 1911, but the work progressed quickly thereafter, and the bridge was completed in May. The San Luis Bridge featured a single 57' open spandrel primary arch upon which bear six concrete columns supporting the floor slab. Once on State Highway 15, the bridge has since been relegated to county road status. There it remains in unaltered condition.

· control con alternative in the first the second control cont										
14 CONDITION	EXCELLENT	GOOD	FAIR	DETERIORATED	HUINS	15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)	YES	□ NO	UNKNOWN	

16. SIGNIFICANCE AREA OF SIGNIFICANCE: Engineering

The San Luis Bridge is technologically significant as the best-preserved early example in Colorado of a relatively little-used bridge type in the Rocky Mountains - the open-spandrel concrete arch. Although one other open arch in the state is older (the Bannock Street Bridge in Denver (DE24); 1908), it has been modified extensively, compromising its integrity. Historically, the San Luis Bridge is notable as a regionally important crossing & one of the few State Bridges remaining in Colorado.





18 LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT?	☐YES	NO	NAME								
19 PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY YES, LIM	<u></u>	YES, UNLIMI JUNKNOWN	TED	20. EXISTING SURVEYS	□ NR □ COUN	NHL [ IV ]LOCA	HABS	□HAER-1 OTHER	HAER	NPS	STATE

21 REFERENCES -HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER

Structure Inventory and Appraisal: CSSMME-0.1-S159. Colorado Department of Highways, Denver Colorado.

15th Biennial Report of the State Engineer, Colorado: 1909-1910. Denver Colorado: Smith-Brooks Printing Company, 1911, pages 144-45.

16th Biennial Report of the State Engineer, Colorado: 1911-1912. Denver Colorado: Smith-Brooks Printing Company, 1913, page 108.