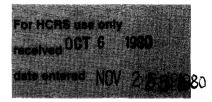
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Park City Community Church

and/or common

and/or common						
2. Loca	ation					
street & number	402 Park Avenu	æ			not for public	ation
city, town	Park City	vi	cinity of	congressional district	01	
state	Utah c	ode 049	county	Summit	code	043
3. Clas	sification					
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Accessibl	upied n progress estricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private re _X religious scientific transporta other:	
4. Own	er of Prop	erty				
name	Rocky Mountain Co	onference of	the Unite	ed Methodist Church		
street & number	2200 South Unive	ersity Blvd.				
city, town	Denver	Denver vicinity of		state	, Colorado	
5. Loca	ation of Le	gal Des	cripti	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Si	ummit County	Courthous	se - Recorder's Off	ice	
street & number	50 North Main	Street				
city, town	Coalville			state	Utah 84017	

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title	Utah Historic Site	has this property been determined elegible? yes				
date	1978		federal	Xstate	e county	/ local
depo	ository for survey records	Utah State Historical Socie	ty			
city,	town	Salt Lake City		state	Utah	

7. Description

Condition

o o nanion		
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered
good	ruins	X_altered
X_fair	unexposed	
1		

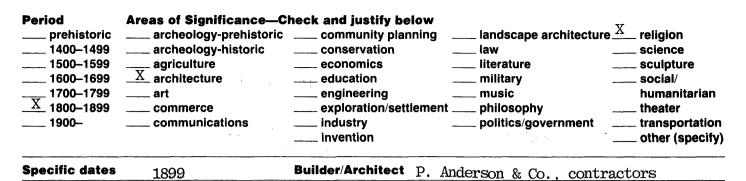
Check one <u>X</u> original site moved date ____

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Check one

The Park City Community Church exhibits a rectangular plan, with gable roof and the pointed doors and windows of the Gothic style. Constructed in brick, the one story structure has Queen Anne lancet windows, with the bellfry located to the south side of the building, topped by a steeply pitched, bell cast pyramid roof. The engaged corner bell tower, with rectangular openings now closed in at the top, contains a pointed arched entry topped with stained glass. A narrower entry exists to the north, also topped by decorative glasswork. The interior consists of one large room, a small entry, pastor's office and stairwell. This structure was rebuilt after the 1898 fire with only portions of the original foundation incorporated into the rebuilt building.

8. Significance



Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Park City Community Church built in 1899, is locally significant as the remnant of the Congregationalist and Methodist efforts in the important Utah mining community of Park City, and in representing the perserverance and growth of the congregationalists after the great fire of 1898 which leveled much of the city. The Gothic style brick edifice also reflects the use of this style in religious institutions, built in a more permanent material. The building still serves a religious function and attests to its congregation's effort to preserve and maintain a Protestant tradition in Park City.

The history of the Park City Community Church is the story of two churches in Park City, Congregational and Methodist, and the perserverance of their members to preserve and maintain a Protestant congregation and building.

The present church building represents the remnant of the Congregationalist's early arrival in the mining camp, which numbered 300 inhabitants, where they established a Sunday School in 1879, an incorporated church in 1881, and a brick edifice in 1886.

The land was secured by the First Congregational Church of Park City in July 1883. A \$2199.21 mortgage was taken out from the American Congregational Union of New York in 1884 (paid 11-9-98) and \$180.93 Machanic's Lien to Geo. C. Kidda taken in 1885 for the construction of a sanctuary.

Prior to the fire which destroyed a large portion of Park City on June 19, 1898, the Congregational Church was actively involved in proselytizing among the miners of Park City. This sect had been active in other parts of Utah and was the first to establish regular Protestant services. When fire raged through the town, destroying this structure along with over two hundred others the members were faced with rebuilding and with financing a new church.

In 1899, a \$2100.00 Trust deed was granted to the Congregational Church Building Society, with another for \$21 00.00 and a third for \$504.00 released in 1919.

Services were held in the Lincoln School but in September 1898 the minister and Trustees stated to Park Ciy Mayor Deming their intentions to rebuild, and to use the walls left standing after the fire. In October, plans for the Gothic style edifice were complete and the bids put up for contracting and it was not until June 1, 1899 that P. Anderson & Co. began construction. Timbers arrived in July and apparently the church completed in the fall.

9. Major Bibliographical References

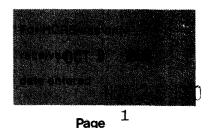
Clyde Wayne Hansen, "A History of the Development of Non-Mormon Denominational Schools in Utah" (M.S. thesis, University of Utah, 1953).

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street &	number P.O. Box	x 1936		telephone ⁶⁴⁹	-9881
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Continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Along with the development of the Congregational Church, was a parallel growth in Methodism. In 1883 a mission was initiated, followed in 1884 by the
building of a wood church structure a block from the Congregational Church. A
publication reported "The most successful church in any mining town, and one
of the most successful Methodist Chruches in Utah, was at Park City. Work was
started in 1884 and by 1889 Methodists in this booming silver town boasted a
church worth \$2000 and a Sunday School with 300 members - largest in the
territory. By 1891 the church at Park City had become entirely
self-supporting. This was the first Methodist Church in Utah to achieve this
coveted goal."

Item number

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Following the fire of June 19, 1898, the Methodists rebuilt immediately on the same site, for about \$3000 and dedicated the building January 8, 1899. Members gathered together in May of 1902 to build a parsonage.

Financial problems apparently plagued the Congregational Church with the Congregational New West Educational Commission coming to its aid in 1892. For both churches there was the conflict arising from political rather than theological differences with the Mormons. Cooperation between non-Mormon churches was necessary for success.

In an interdenominational effort to coordinate the activities of different Protestant churches, a Home Missions Council was formed in 1915. Agreeing not to establish a church in a community where a Protestant church was functioning and to transfer memberships, they were able to survive. The two Park City churches exemplified this cooperation by joining congreations on April 11, 1919 in the Congregational Church building but coming under Methodist Church government. (In Provo the reverse took place with the Methodists coming under Congregational government). The name of the new church became Park City Community Church with many denominations attending, making this a truly ecumenical church.

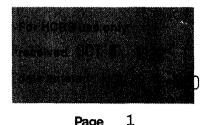
Improvements have been made to the building over the years, including a new furnace, sewer, powder room, kitchen plastering, painting and partial rewiring. A deck was added last year but no structural changes have been made.

Continuous operation of this church since it was built has provided the community with religious and educational facilities (it houses a nursery school on weekdays), a place for fellowship, weddings, baptisms and funerals. It contemplates many more years of community services.

Continuation sheet

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The Park Record, July 30, 1898, p.3; September 10, 1898, p.3; October 8, 1898 p.3; November 12, 1898, p.3; June 3, 1899, p.3; July 8, 1899, p.3.

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"The First Century of the Methodist Church in Utah," Highlights of the First Fifty Years by Kent Powell of the Utah State Historical Society with the aid of Dr. Robert Runnells and Dr. Charles S. Peterson.

Thirteenth Annual Report of the Congregational New West Education Commission (Chicago, 1893).

Henry Martin Merkel, History of Methodism in Utah (Colorado Springs, 1938).

Sanborn Maps, Park City, Utah 1889, 1900, 1907

Summit County Records

Excerpts from research prepared by Philip F. Notarianni, Utah State Historical Society, August 1978.