NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



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OMB No. 10024-0018

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

<u>1. N</u>	Name of Property						
histo	oric name Gilliece B	ridge	* *************************************				_
othe	r names/site number						
	ocation						
<u> </u>	Cocation						
stree	et & number <u>Cattle Creek</u> ro	ad over Upp	er Iowa River		🗆	not for pu	ublication
city	or town 3.2 miles	west of Bluf	ffton			vicinity	
state	Iowa code IA	county _	Winneshiek	code	191	zip code	52131
3. 5	State/Federal Agency Certification						
	As the designated authority under the Nation request for determination of eligibility me of Historic Places and meets the procedura property meets does not meet the nationally statewide locally. Signature of certifying official/Title STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property meets does comments.) Signature of certifying official/Title	ets the documental and professional National Register of See continuation in the Continuation of the Conti	ation standards for register I requirements set forth in criteria. I recommend that sheet for additional comme	ing properties i 36 CFR Part 6 this property be nts.)	n the Natio 60. In my considere U-)- Date	onal Register opinion, the ed significant	
	State or Federal agency and bureau						
I he	Park Service Certification The property is: The property is: The property is:		Edson /	1. Be		5.15	5.9%
	☐ See continuation sheet						
	determined eligible for the National F \square See continuation sheet	Register			<u>-</u>		
	determined not eligible for the Nation	nal Register				·	
	removed from the National Register						
	other, (explain):						

5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) Category of Property (Check only one box)		Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count)			
□ private■ public-local□ public-State□ public-Federal	 □ building(s) □ district □ site ■ structure □ object 	Contributing 0 0 1 0	Noncontributin 0 0 0 0 0 0	buildings sites structures objects	
Name of related multiple pr (Enter 'N/A' if property is not part or	operty listing f a multiple property listing)	Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register			
Highway Bridges of Ic	0				
6. Function or Use	<u> </u>				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)				
TRANSPORTATION/ro	TRANSPORTATION/road-related				
7. December					
7. Description Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories fr	om instructions)	<u> </u>	
other: Bowstring thro	ugh arch-truss	foundation Stone			
		walls			
		roof			
	other Wrought iron				

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

Located 3.2 miles west of Bluffton, the Gilliece Bridge spans the Upper Iowa River in a rural Winneshiek County setting that has changed little since the structure's period of significance. A description of the structure follows:

span number: 1 construction date: 1873-74 span length: 130.0' construction cost: \$6969.47 total length: 151.0' current condition: fair none

superstructure: wrought iron, 14-panel, Bowstring through arch-truss, with a steel stringer approach

span at the north end

substructure: stone abutments partially faced with concrete at the south end

floor/decking: timber deck over steel stringers

other features: arch rib: 4 hexagonals, 2 channels, and a continuous plate; lower chord: rectangular

bars riveted at 3 locations along length of span; vertical: 4 angles with lacing, or 4 angles with bolts; diagonal: round rods with threaded ends; lateral bracing: round rod with threaded ends (joined in middle by ring) - top, round rod with threaded ends -

bottom; strut: 4 angles with lacing; floor beam: I-beam, U-bolted to vertical

Other than maintenance-related repairs, the bridge remains essentially unaltered as it continues to carry vehicular traffic. The Gilliece Bridge today retains a high degree of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association.

Previous documentation on file (NPS): | preliminary determination of individual listing (36 | CFR 67) has been requested | other State agency | previously listed in the National Register | previously determined eligible by the National Register | University | designated a National Historic Landmark | recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey | recorded by Historic American Engineering | Record | Primary location of additional data: | State Historic Preservation Office | other State agency | Federal agency | Local government | University | other | name of repository:

Gilliece	Bridge
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Winneshiek County; Iowa

10. Geographic	al Data		
Acreage of Prop	erty less than one acre		
UTM References			
1 15 5842 zone easting	90 4807205 2	zone easting	northing
centered on the	Description ries of the property) I property is a rectangular-shaped parce E UTM point(s) listed above. Included w substructure, approach spans and floor s	ithin this re	
The nominated proach spans a	ndaries were selected) I structure includes the bridge's superstraind the property on which they rest. These erty that has been historically associated	e boundarie	es encompass, but do not exceed
name/title	Michelle Crow-Dolby and Clayton Frase	r	
organization	Fraserdesign	date	31 August 1994
street & number	1269 Cleveland Avenue	telephone	303-669-7969
city or town	Loveland	state	Colorado zip code 80537
Additional Docur	mentation		
Submit the following i	items with the completed form:		
Continuation Sho	eets		
A Sketch Photographs	map (7½ or 15 minute series) indicating the prop map for historic districts and properties having tative black and white photographs of the prop	large acreag	
Additional items (Check with the SHPC	or FPO for any additional items)		
Property Owner			
(Complete this item at	t the request of SHPO or FPO)		
name/title	Winneshiek County		
street & number	201 West Main Street	telephone	319-382-2951
city or town	Decorah	state	Iowa zip code 52101

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 8 Page 1 Gilliece Bridge Winneshiek County; Iowa

Known locally as the Gilliece Bridge, this Bowstring through arch spans the Upper Iowa River in Bluffton Township in northwestern Winneshiek County. The wrought-iron truss is supported by a stone substructure and is approached on the north end by a steel stringer. The bridge dates to 1874, but it traces its history some two years earlier. After decades of building short-span timber and stone bridges, Winneshiek County began contracting for all-iron superstructures in 1872. The county built the Daubersmith Bridge that year and the Fort Atkinson Bridge in 1873. Construction of a third span, the Gilliece Bridge, in Bluffton Township was begun late in 1873. Local stonemason Thomas Dwyer built the massive masonry abutments, which, according to county bridge commissioner George Winship, were "by far the best job of masonry in the county, so noted by all who have seen it." The abutments and 95-foot wingwalls consumed almost 212 cords of limestone and 17,898 feet of timber and plank. Ironically, Dwyer stood to lose money on the project if the commissioners had not decided to pay the stonemason an extra \$215.00 for his work because, they reasoned, it was "not fair that the many should benefit at the expense of one poor man." As it had for the preceding two spans, the county purchased a bowstring arch-truss from the Wrought Iron Bridge Company of Canton, Ohio. Completed in 1874, the Gilliece Bridge cost \$6969.47.

In its extensive dealings with the Wrought Iron Bridge Company, Winneshiek County was simply following a regional trend. As this county and hundreds of others in the Midwest contracted with the Ohio-based bridge company in the 1870s, Wrought Iron quickly became one of the largest fabricators in America. In addition, its president, David Hammond, distinguished himself as one of the country's most prolific bridge innovators. The counties and municipalities of Iowa were among WIBCo's best customers. The period of extensive rural road and bridge construction in the state during the 1870s coincided with the firm's ascendence in the industry, combining to create a booming market for WIBCo's regional sales representatives. Winneshiek County's almost exclusive relationship with WIBCo was atypical, but the Ohio giant was extremely active in the region at this time. By 185 WIBCo had installed 21,600 feet of bridges in Iowa: almost equaling the total output of WIBCo across America in its first nine years of business. Only New York, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois had purchased more structures from Hammond. That year WIBCo's bridges could be found in 41 of the state's 99 counties. Although these were distributed in all areas of Iowa except the northwest corner, WIBCo's strength clearly lay in the eastern part of the state.

Winneshiek County continued to deal almost exclusively with WIBCo throughout the remainder of the 1870s, erecting several more bowstrings at rural crossings of the Turkey and Upper Iowa rivers. All but two of these have since been removed. (A third bowstring - the Freeport Bridge - has been moved from its abutments and now is located in a small park in Decorah.) The Gilliece Bridge is historically significant for its association with early county transportation. It is technologically important as a well-preserved example of what was once a mainstay structural type in Iowa - the wrought iron bowstring arch-truss.

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National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section Number 9 Page 2 Gilliece Bridge Winneshiek County; Iowa

Iowa Department of Transportation, Structure Inventory and Appraisal: Structure No. 348800.

Winneshiek County Supervisors' Record, Book B: page 140 (7 April 1873), page 193 (10 January 1874), page 207 (10 January 1874), located at the Winneshiek County Courthouse, Decorah IA.

W.E. Alexander, History of Winneshiek and Allamakee Counties, Iowa (Sioux City, IA: Western Publishing Company, 1875).

W.J. Sparks, History of Winneshiek County with Biographical Sketches of its Eminent Men (Decorah, IA, 1877).

Historic American Engineering Record, "Freeport and Lower Plymouth Rock Bridges," prepared by Clayton B. Fraser of Fraserdesign for Winneshiek County, January 1986, Decorah IA.

James Hippen, ed., "Preliminary Report on 'Historic' Bridges in Winneshiek County, Iowa," unpublished paper, January 1971.

Field inspection by Clayton Fraser, 10 October 1990.