United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property					Procedence in Walter transcription of the control o
nistoric name Jo	ones, Harry T				
other names/site number NE	EHBS # SW09-7	4			
2 Leastion					
2. Location street & number 136 N	North Columbi	a Avenue		n	a not for publication
city, town Seward	TOTAL COLUMNIA	a nvenue			a vicinity
	code NE	county	Seward	code 15	
3. Classification					
Ownership of Property	Category	of Property		Number of Reso	urces within Property
X private	$oxed{\mathbb{X}}$ build	ing(s)		Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	distri	ct		2	buildings
public-State	site				sites
public-Federal	struc	ture			structures
-	Objec	ot .			objects
				2	Total
Name of related multiple prope	erty listing:			Number of contr	ibuting resources previously
na	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				onal Register0
4. State/Federal Agency C	ertification				
State or Federal agency and but In my opinion, the property		a not meet th	e National Reg	ister criteria. See	Date continuation sheet.
Signature of commenting or oth	ner official				Date
State or Federal agency and bu	Iraai)				and the second s
Ciate of Federal agency and bu	ii oud			1.0.	
5. National Park Service C	ertification			entered in	-untet
, hereby, certify that this prope	erty is:			National Re	
entered in the National Reg See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the l Register. See continuation	National —	Lfil	are De	Jus	
determined not eligible for to National Register.					
removed from the National other, (explain:)	Register				
		——————————————————————————————————————	Signature of the	ne Keeper	Date of Action

Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)		
Domestic/Single Dwelling		
Domestic/Secondary Structure		
Materials (enter categories from instructions)		
foundation <u>stone</u>		
walls wood		
roof <u>shingle</u>		
other wood		

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Harry T. Jones House, located in Seward, the county seat of Seward County, is a large two-and-one-half story dwelling constructed in 1889-90. The house was designed by architect George A. Berlinghof, with John Hughes & Sons serving as the contractor. The Jones House is the best example of the Queen Anne style in Seward, both in terms of its Free Classic styling and its excellent state of preservation. A two-story rear addition (1918) and a one-story side addition (1950) were made to the house. The interior retains original features including the main staircase, woodwork trim, pocket doors, and fireplaces. The property also includes a c.1890 brick carriage barn, located northeast of the main dwelling. The prominent corner lot and the surrounding landscape features further enhance the property's setting.

The Harry T. Jones House is located in Seward (1989 population: 5,713), situated approximately 30 miles northwest of Lincoln, the state capitol. Mr. Jones, president of the Jones National Bank (SW09-174, Seward County Courthouse Square Historic District, listed NRHP), hired George A. Berlinghof, an architect then residing in Omaha, to design his house. Berlinghof chose the Queen Anne style, one of the most popular styles for residential architecture in the state at that time, and incorporated Free Classic detailing in the house design.

The large two-and-one-half story frame dwelling has a wood shingle hipped roof with lower cross gables and features asymmetrical porches on the first and second levels. The house incorporates brick nogging in the frame structural wall system. The local contractor used brick from the family house being demolished across the street. Most Queen Anne houses in the state are typically frame or frame with brick veneer construction.

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The main wrap-a-round porch displays classical support colonettes grouped together in units of two or three, a balustrade, spindlework, pediments with decorated tympanums, and a distinctive corner turret with a conical roof of patterned shingles. second story wrap-a-round porch exhibits similar detailing, including ornamental latticework. Fenestration consists of rectangular windows, for the most part, either single or grouped in units of two or three. A horizontal unit of four small square windows on the west (front) facade provides additional fenestration patterning. Surface ornamentation is abundant including patterned shingles, recessed panels, modillions, and elaborate motifs such as beading, garlands, and acanthus. Other notable features include the front bay window, and the double-door main entry with transom. A two-story addition was made to the rear facade in 1918. small one-story addition made on the northeast corner of the house in 1950 is considered non-contributing in this nomination.

The two-story brick carriage barn (c. 1890) is located northeast of the house and is used today as a garage. The house and carriage barn are located on a large landscaped corner lot with conifer and deciduous trees, privet hedges, and other plantings (see site plan) which enhance the property's setting. The property remains today an architectural landmark in the town and continues to serve as a family residence. Integrity for both the house and carriage barn is excellent.

8. Statement of Significance		8	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this p	roperty in		
Applicable National Register Criteria A B	C 🗆 D		
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	C D	□E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture	- -	Period of Significance 1889-1918	Significant Dates
	 	Cultural Affiliation na	
Significant Person n/a	_	Architect/Builder Berlinghof, George A John Hughes & Sons	
State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria of the Harry T. Jones How (Criterion C) as the best exastyle in Seward, both in the preservation. Substantial in	use i mple d erms n size	s architecturally of the Free Classic of its styling an and profuse in su	significant Queen Anne d state of rface orna-
mentation, the dwelling is full landscaped corner lot. The pe	irther eriod o	ennanced by its id of significance is d	lerived from

The Harry T. Jones House is architecturally significant for its distinctive design, its excellent state of preservation, and for its associations with a noted Lincoln architect. The grandiose dwelling, built for prominent local banker Harry T. Jones, is an excellent example of what is sometimes referred to as the "Banker's House" and clearly illustrates the prosperity and prestige afforded to a successful businessman like Mr. Jones.

the original construction date (1889-90) of the dwelling, through

significant later additions (1918).

Substantial in size and 100 years old this year, the house is in remarkably good repair. It has been in the same family ownership since it was built.

Designed in the Queen Anne style, the house is the best local example of the Free Classic adaptation of the style, and stands as a landmark, both visually and historically, in the town. Visually, the dwelling is impressive due to both its size and design. The house is located in a residential area on a large corner lot, and this, along with the surrounding landscape features, enhance its status as a prominent local architectural landmark. While other examples of the Queen Anne style were identified in the Nebraska

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	X See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Record Co.
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested previously listed in the National Register	X State historic preservation office Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	University Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	NSHS
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of propertyless than one acre	
Activities of property	
UTM References	_1
A $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 & 0 & 7 & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
CLI LIIII	
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The manual is described as the mast 200 feet	- F T 1 . D1 1 . O T
The property is described as the west 265 feet of the City of Seward, Seward County, Nebraska	
	•
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes that parcel of land that	has historically been associated with
the property, and which retains historic integr	rity. That parcel of the original
property east has been excluded because it has	been subdivided and now contains a
modern dwelling.	
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/titleJoni Gilkerson, Architectural Histori	
organization Nebraska State Historical Society street & number P.O. Box 82554	date <u>August, 1990</u> telephone <u>(402) 471-4767</u>
city or town Lincoln	state <u>Nebraska</u> zip code <u>68501</u>

9. Major Bibliographical References

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Historic Buildings Survey (NEHBS) in Seward (e.g. SW09-53, SW09-58), none attain the high degree of design and integrity of the Jones House. Only one other house in Seward, the Cattle-Hughes House (SW09-6, listed NRHP), is comparable to the Jones House in scale and setting. The large two-and-one-half story frame house, also constructed in the 1880s, is designed in the French Second Empire style, and occupies a large landscaped lot.

In Nebraska, the Queen Anne style enjoyed widespread popularity in residential architecture during the 1880s through 1900. Usually two to two-and-one-half stories, these houses asymmetrical facades and steeply pitched rooflines of irregular shape, and are characterized by a variety of surface ornamentation on walls, prominent towers or turrets, tall chimneys, and porches with gingerbread trim. Queen Anne houses, for the most part, are located in the central and eastern portions of the state. Jones House is probably one of the best examples of the style statewide. Other notable dwellings identified in the NEHBS include the Johnston-Muff House in Crete (SA01-12); the Andrew M. Hargis House in Grand Island (HL06-87); the Lake Bridenthal House in Wymore (GA15-3); the John Holman House in Humboldt (RH04-6); the J.D. McDonald House in Fremont (DD05:D-13); the Edgar Zabriskie House in Omaha (DD09:216-2); the George W. Smith House in Geneva (FM03-31) and the William Jennings Bryan Home in Lincoln (LC13:F6-1), all listed NRHP.

The Jones House was designed by George A. Berlinghof (1862-1944), a prominent Lincoln architect, then residing in Omaha. A native of Germany, Berlinghof graduated from the Polytechnic School of Darmstadt in 1879. He established residency in the city of Omaha in 1881, where he worked in the architectural firm of Mendelssohn, Fisher, and Lawrie for nine years. In 1898 he moved his practice to Beatrice and in 1905 relocated in Lincoln. He was selected as the architect for the State of Nebraska in 1907. In 1910 he formed a partnership with Ellery L. Davis, and during their association they designed many of Lincoln's schools and commercial buildings. Berlinghof also designed numerous governmental and public buildings throughout the state.

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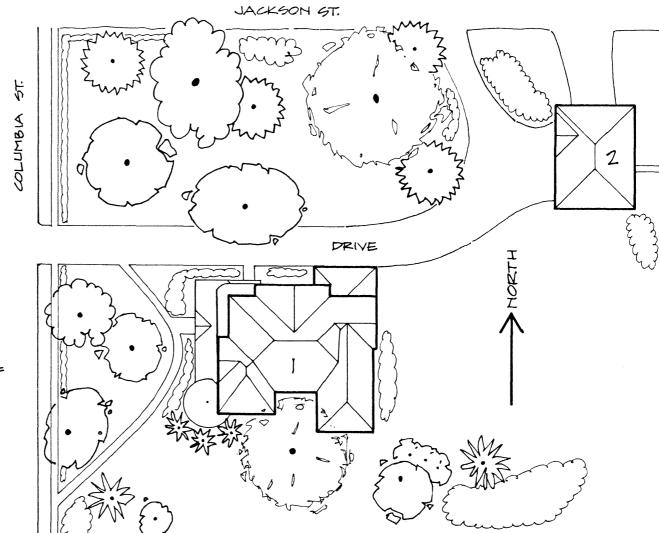
In Seward, Berlinghof designed the County Courthouse (SW09-93), the Thomas Building (SW09-181), and the J.F. Goehner Building (SW09-182), all in the Seward County Courthouse Square Historic District, listed NRHP. The Jones House is noteworthy because it represents the only known residence designed by Berlinghof in Seward, and one of only two known in the state. The other property is the A.O. Thomas House in Kearney (BF05-136, listed NRHP).

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- Berlinghof, George A., architect's file, on file, Nebraska State Historical Society, Lincoln, Nebraska.
- McAlester, Virginia & Lee, <u>A Field Guide To American Houses</u>, Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., New York, 1984.
- Wake, T.H., Jones Residence Nebraska Historic Buildings Survey Form, May 1989, on file, Nebraska State Historical Society, Lincoln, Nebraska.



HARRY T. JONES HOUSE (GW09-74) SEWARD, NEBRAGKA

SITE PLAN - NO SCALE

DRAWN BY DELL DARLING FROM FIELD HOTES BY BOB PLISCHEHDORF NOV. 1989

KEY 1. HOUSE 2. CAPRIAGE HOUSE