Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

<u>Frankfort</u>

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

MAY 22 1978

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Kentucky

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HISTORIC				
Woodlawn				
AND/OR COMMON				
Same				
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER	may have made	1 30 F		
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CITY, TOWN	suc o	· 'sq. 1	NOT FOR PUBLICATION  CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Maysville	<u>x_</u>	VICINITY OF	7	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Kentucky		021	Mason	161
CLASSIFICA	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	XPRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XPRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			,
NAME				υ'
Mrs. P. W.	. Comer			
STREET & NUMBER				
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CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Maysville		VICINITY OF	Kentucky	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
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REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ET	<sup>rc.</sup> Mason County Court	house		
STREET & NUMBER				
	Third Street			
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	Maysville.		Kentucky	
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TITLE				
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DATE DATE	istoric Sites in Kentuci	n.y		
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1971 DEPOSITORY FOR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	entucky Heritage Comm	ission		
CITY, TOWN	sindeny iteritage Comm	INDIVII	STATE	



X EXCELLENT

\_\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

#### CONDITION

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_UNEXPOSED

#### **CHECK ONE**

\_UNALTERED
X\_ALTERED

#### **CHECK ONE**

XORIGINAL SITE

MOVED DATE

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Woodlawn, located four miles south of Maysville on KY 11, was constructed ca. 1853. Facing northwest, the house is situated approximately 800 feet from the road on a 213 acre farm. The attractive setting, dotted with ginkgo trees, larches, horse chestnuts, walnut, and oak trees, makes it apparent that the site with its winding approach was carefully planned in an attempt to create the picturesque, rural setting so popular in midnineteenth century building and planning. Furthermore, the brick residence employs elements of both the Greek and Gothic Revival styles in a uniquely successful manner which serves to produce a pleasingly well-proportioned composition (see photo 1).

Laid in common bond, the dwelling consists of three basic units: a two and one-half story central section which is three bays wide, and two flanking one-story wings. The main block presents a gabled facade pierced by six-over-six pane, double-hung sash windows on the first and second stories, and by an equilateral arch window embodying switchline tracery in the gable peak. A graceful, bargeboard decorates the eaves. The one-story wings, which are recessed from the main facade, have flat roofs and parapets employing a similar bargeboard pattern. Each wing contains two, tall, slender chimneys set behind the parapets (see photo 2). Frame, semi-octagonal bay windows with paneled aprons and gabled roofs project from the facade of each wing. These projections are also adorned with matching bargeboards. A delicately executed wrought-iron porch with balustrade, the product of a local foundry, shields the first floor facade of the main block. The floor of the porch is laid in patterned sheets of cast iron.

The side walls originally enveloped a two story gallery on the rear of the main block, virtually incorporating the gallery into the body of the house. This has now been enclosed in frame; however, the supporting brick pier remains visible and two rows of windows pierce both levels of this portion so that traces of the gallery-like quality remain. Bargeboards on the rear of the house retain the delicacy of that found on the front and sides but embody a slightly different, scrolled design (see photo 3).

The position of the two chimneys of the central block creates an exceptional feature with regard to the arrangement of the fireplace flues serving the front rooms on the first and second floors. Fireplaces are located on both sides of the center bays of the main facade, yet the chimney serving them, situated along the ridgepole of the gable peak, is directly above these center windows. Thus, the position of the chimney lends balance to the overall composition and adds a sense of verticality to the structure. However, in order to accommodate this apparent desire for symmetry and height, two totally separate flues rise to the attic level where they meet above the arch window and merge into the central chimney, thus forming a structural pointed arch emulating the stylistic character of the Gothic Revival exterior.

(continued)

SPECIFIC DATES ca. 1853		BUILDER/ARCHITECT Christian Shultz			
		INVENTION			
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)	
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
1600-1699	<b>X</b> ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	XLANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW		

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Woodlawn's architectural significance rests in the ingenious and highly successful blending of various stylistic elements and unique features. The Greek Revival as well as the Gothic Revival were widely adopted and frequently modified in Kentucky building to suit individual tastes; however in this instance, the dwelling reflects definite creative planning resulting in a sophisticated synthesis of the major elements of both styles. Consequently, this mixture of components with their characteristic detailing creates a rare and noteworthy architectural phenomenon.

In addition, the landscape qualities evident at Woodlawn enhance its architectural features and serve to complete the picturesque setting so desirable in nineteenth century landscape architecture. A variety of mature trees, including ginkgoes, surrounds the house, appearing to be those planted at the time the house was built. A winding drive affords the visitor a full view of the residence as he approaches.

The Greek Revival character of the ca. 1853 structure is evident in the balance and symmetry of the overall composition as well as the interior treatment, while the vertical emphasis and picturesque qualities are reflections of the early Gothic Revival. In the central block alone, the Gothic elements of the gabled facade and steeply pitched roof, the flowing bargeboard, and traceried arch window are harmoniously combined with the smooth, restrained facade and Greek fenestration of the first and second levels. The side wings, vaguely reminiscent of Federal massing, have projecting bays blended with flat roofs and parapets, again adorned with the delicate bargeboard.

Other notable features are the two-story rear gallery, originally enclosed by the side walls of the main block and thereby creating a shared indoor/outdoor space; and the unusual arrangement of separate chimney flues in the main facade which meet in the attic to form a single, arched flue.

Woodlawn was built by Christian Shultz, a German immigrant who settled in Mason County early in the nineteenth century after completing an extensive tour of the United States in 1807-08. His observations of this trip are recorded in <u>Travels of an Inland Voyage</u>, published in 1810. In 1816, Christian Shultz married Charlotte Lee, daughter of Henry Lee, an early settler of Mason County.

(continued)

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Clift, Glenn G. <u>History of Maysville and Mason County</u>, Vol. I. Lexington, Kentucky: Transylvania Printing Co., Inc., 1936.

Mason County Deed Book

Iason County Kentucky, I	Deaths 1852–1859; 1904,	!' Register of	f Kentucky Historical Society, 63
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
organization Kentucky Heritage Con	architectural Historian nmission		DATE April 1978
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Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Woodlawn CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE

2

A recessed entrance shelters the front door, situated asymmetrically in the main facade much like a townhouse plan. High baseboards and bold pilasters with plain capitals, indicative of the Greek Revival, surround the wide four-panel door while elements of the Gothic Revival are evidenced by the pointed arch panels which flank the door and the repetition of the bargeboard above the entrance (see photo 4).

Original woodwork reveals the Greek Revival character of Woodlawn's interior. The four-panel doors are capped by simple cornice strips supported by sturdy pilasters. High baseboards exist throughout the major first floor rooms, and ceilings in the main block are fifteen feet high.

A forty-foot long entrance hall runs along the right side of the main block ending in a half-turn stairway with landings in the southeast corner of the hall. A square newel, scrolled stringers, and turned balusters highlight the stairs (see photo 5). To the left of the entrance hall are double parlors with cornice moldings and paneled door jambs. Floor to ceiling windows with interior, wooden blinds lighten the rooms. Separated by sliding doors, each of these rooms contains an elaborate, white marble, Italianate mantle, one in the east and west walls respectively (see photo 6).

The dining room, to the right of the entrance hall, is in the southern wing. A narrow cornice molding reiterating that found in the parlors surrounds the room; however, the cornice strips above the doors are absent, thereby de-emphasizing the lower ceilings in the wings. The bay window with paneled aprons beneath the openings breaks the smooth line of the front wall. A wooden, Victorian-style mantle shelters the fireplace.

The northern wing to the left of the parlors consists of two bedrooms and a bath. As they were originally service areas, the rear chambers in both wings present a less elaborate treatment of woodwork, revealing low baseboards and simple doorframes. Similar, informal treatment is given the upstairs bedrooms. Here, as downstairs, the mantles differ from the rest of the Greek Revival interior, being of cast-iron construction in the Italianate mode (see photo 7).

A modern frame garage has been tastefully added to the southeast wing by repeating the gabled arch of the bays in its roofline.

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Woodlawn
CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 2

Shultz resided in Maysville and is known to have operated a mill on the corner of Fish and Third Streets. In addition, he was active in the business affairs of the community, serving as one of the original commissioners of the Deposit Bank of Maysville and one of the founders of the Maysville Gas Company.

In 1850, Shultz's daughter Catherine married John B. Poyntz, son of William M. Poyntz. Woodlawn is believed to be one of three houses Shultz built for his daughters. Completed by 1853, the property was deeded from Christian Shultz to Catherine Shultz Poyntz on January 25, 1854.

The property changed hands several times in the late nineteenth century before finally coming into the possession of its present owners in 1900.

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Woodlawn
CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 9

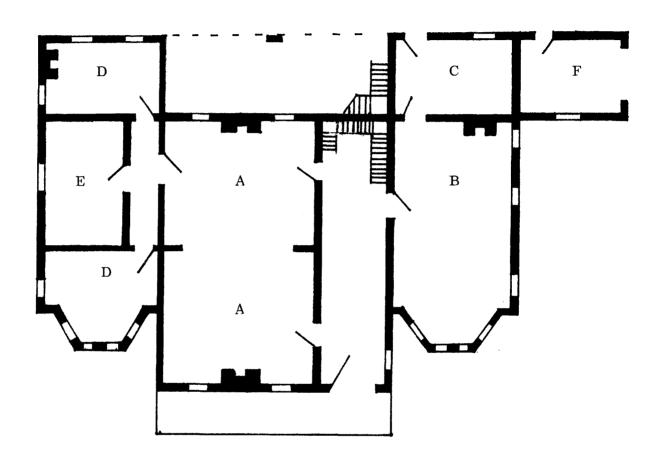
PAGE 2

(January 1965): 268-84.

Record of Marriages in Mason County.

## WOODLAWN CA. 1853

## MASON COUNTY, KENTUCKY



- A PARLORS
- B DINING ROOM
- C KITCHEN
- D CHAMBERS
- E BATH
- F GARAGE

Not to scale.

Woodlawn Mason County, Kentucky

Sketch Map 2 Sketch plan of first floor Charlotte Schneider March 15, 1978 Not to scale.

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