MAR 1 9 1990

NATIONAL

REGISTER

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for *Completing National Register Forms* (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(FORM 10-900a). Type all entries.					
1. Name of Property	······································	······································			
historic name Dixon-Dun	ican Block				
other names/site number					
		······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2. Location 232-					
	h Higgins Av			/a not for publication	
	II HIYYIIS AV	renue			
			······································	A	
state Montana	code 030	county Missoul		zip code 59802	
3. Classification					
Ownership of Property		ry of Property		ources within Property	
X_ private	X build		Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	distr	rict	<u> </u>	buildings	
public-State	site			sites	
public-Federal	struc	cture		structures	
	🗌 obje	ect		objects	
			1	Total	
Name of related multiple prope	erty listing:		Number of contr	ibuting resources previously	
Name of related multiple prope Historical Resources	in Missoula,	, 1864-1940		ional Register	
4. State/Federal Agency C	Certification	······			
National Register of Historic In my opinion, the property 	Places and mee meets doe meets MT	ts the procedural and p is not meet the Nationa	rofessional requirements s		
State or Federal agency and bu	ureau				
In my opinion, the property	meets doe	s not meet the Nationa	l Register criteria. 🗌 See	continuation sheet.	
Signature of commenting or other official				Date	
State or Federal agency and bu	Jreau				
5. National Park Service C	Certification			······	
I. agreby, certify that this prope			2 4/1		
entered in the National Reg	gister.	ason H	Beall	10/17/97	
determined eligible for the Register. See continuation	n sheet.	Patrick W.	Andrug	4/30/90	
determined not eligible for t			· WRAMA		
National Register.	ine				
removed from the National	-				

D

Bational Register

Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) Commercial, professional offices	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions Commercial	
7. Description		
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
	foundation <u>concrete</u>	
Vernacular Romanesque	walls brick	
	roof asphalt	
	other	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Dixon-Duncan Block is a two-story, vernacular Romanesque-style commercial building with a brick facade, round arched, upper level windows and three street level entryways. The top of the building consists of a brick parapet with three capped battlements over a projecting molded metal cornice. This building is located on the east side of Higgins Avenue, the main north-south arterial in the central business district, and is in the middle of the block adjacent to other historic commercial two-story buildings, some of which have been remodeled, especially on the first floor. Brick relief ornamentation runs along facade just below the cornice and consists of narrow, tapered dentilation joined at the bottom by a brick belt course. The front of the building consists of three unequal bays separated by brick and granite pilasters. Upstairs windows are arched with raised header crowns with header dentilation. A belt course runs horizontally at the base of the arches between the windows, which are wood frame, doublehung, one-over-one units. A bay to the north side of the facade has only one arched upstairs window and a single entry door at the street level that accesses the stairway to the upper floor.

A stone belt course with brick dentilation separates the street level from the second floor. The street level has three entryways: the narrow, flush, single entryway to the upper level stairs at the north end of the building that is framed by black carrera glass; the other two entryways are recessed with hardwood doors with 3/4 length glass panels and are flanked by commercial windows with narrow metal frames. The north recessed entryway has small, multi-pane glass transom banding above the storefront. The south recessed entryway has wood frame, fixed ribbon windows set in the transom area. Retractable canvas awnings are located just below the banding and above the storefront windows.

The rear of the building is painted, low-fire brick. The second floor has a centered wood frame door and flanking wood frame side lights and fixed transom light over the door, which is metal with vertically sliding metal panels. The windows flanking the door--two on each side-are two-pane, metal frame with concrete sills. Two wood-frame, sheetmetal-covered wood doors are located on the first floor. Wood frame, four-light transom windows are located above the doors. Two large,

X See continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1 Dixon-Duncan Block

wood-frame, double-hung, four-over-four windows with iron grate covering are located between the two first floor entry doors. A twostory steel fire escape with iron pipe railings is attached to the rear of the building.

The building has excellent integrity on the second floor and generally good integrity on the first floor, despite some remodeling of the three entryways. The northside storefront appears to retain the original multi-pane, leaded transom banding and the original metal frames of the street level windows. The carrera glass used to surround the street level entry to the stairway to the second floor was likely added during the historic period and, thus, adds to the architectural significance of the building. Its first floor integrity, despite some alterations, is among the best in Missoula. Overall, the building retains its basic integrity of design, materials, workmanship and historical associations.

8. Statement of Significance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this prop nationally	perty in relation to other properties:	
Applicable National Register Criteria X A B X C	D	· ·
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D E F G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Architecture Commerce	Period of Significance 1897-1940	Significant Dates
	Cultural Affiliation n/a	
Significant Person n/a	Architect/Builder Not known	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Dixon-Duncan Block is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under criteria A and C. It was constructed at the outset of Missoula's second post-1883 building boom and is clearly associated with the economic development and commercial expansion that made Missoula the leading commercial center in western Montana. It was commissioned by two of Missoula's leading professionals and businessmen, Joseph Dixon and Asa L. Duncan, attorneys. Dixon also was U. S. Senator during the time his office was located at this address. He moved to the Western Montana Bank building, at the southeast corner of Higgins and Broadway Avenues, when that building was constructed in 1911. (That building has lost its integrity of design and materials through extensive exterior remodeling.) Dixon is most closely associated with his residence at 312 East Pine Street.

The Dixon-Duncan Block building is an excellent example of a vernacular adaptation of commercial Queen Anne architecture and possesses excellent integrity of design, materials and workmanship, despite some first-floor remodeling. Distinguishing architectural design features include the Romanesque arched windows, the unique ornamental brick banding below the cornice, capped battlements, and stone belt courses. It is one of the best remaining examples of vernacular Queen Anne architecture in Missoula.

This building was constructed in 1897 when the property was owned by Joseph M. Dixon and Asa L. Duncan, attorneys and leading businessmen of late nineteeth century and early twentieth century Missoula. Dixon also was U. S. Senator (1906-1913) and Governor of Montana (1921-1925). Subsequent owners included G. F. Peterson, Peterson Realty Company (1925), and Thomas Duncan and Ralph Arnold, trustees (1944). The Sanborn maps indicate that this building originally was known as the Dixon-Duncan Block, with addresses running from 216 and 220 North Higgins at least between 1902 and 1912. A rear addition was United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number <u>8</u> Page <u>1</u> Dixon-Duncan Block

constructed between 1912 and 1921. By 1921, the addresses had changed to 232-240 North Higgins. The Polk City Directories indicate that Asa Duncan and Joseph Dixon's offices were located in the Dixon-Duncan Block, and show their address as 220 North Higgins. The Polk City Directories show a drug store located at 216 North Higgins on the building's first floor, which was presumably Peterson Drug Store, still located there in 1979. Others with office space on the second floor included Herbert T. Wilkinson, realtor, and early twentieth century mayor of Missoula. Other businesses located in this building included the Buster Brown Shoe Store (1925), Milton Kelley's Department Store (1932), and the Ogg Shoe Store (1936).

s. major bibliographical References	•
McDonald, James, and Gary Williams, <u>Missoula H</u> Porky Press, 1980.	istorical Resource Survey. Missoula:
Missoulian, August 4, 1897.	
	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested	Primary location of additional data:
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property <u>less than one acre</u>	
UTM References A 1_2 2 7_1 9_0 ; 5_1 9_5 0_4_0 Zone Easting Northing	B J Zone Easting Northing
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
·	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
C.P. Higgins Addition, Block B, S 42' of Lots	7-10.
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes the city lots upon whic	ch the historic building was erected.
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title <u>William A. Babcock</u> , Jr., Missoula His organization <u>City</u> of Missoula	
street & number 201 West Spruce St.	date <u>August 1989</u> telephone <u>406/721-4700</u> ext 250
city or town Missoula	state Montanazip code 59802

G Major Bibliographical Refe



Enclosed please find a notarized approval for listing on the National Register signed by the owner of the Dixon-Duncan Block, Missoula, MT. The previous owner had objected to listing (see attached correspondence of 5-18-1990). Because the new owner wishes that the property be listed, the State Historic Preservation Officer requests that listing take place as a contributing property in the **Historic Resources in Missoula**, **Montana**, **1864-1940** MRD.

Thank you.

Sincerely

Paul M. Putz State Historic Preservation Officer