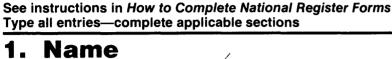
**United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service** 

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



	ies—complete applicab	10 000110110		
<u>1. Nai</u>	me			
historic	Caldicott (pa	eferred); Essex Farm	<u> </u>	
and/or commo	Vessey House			
2. Loc	ation			
street & numb		SW hthwest of U,S, 13 on	Rehobeth Road	n/a not for publication
city, town	Rehobeth Vic	. <u>X</u> vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	Maryland o	code 24 county	Somerset	<b>code</b> 039
3. Cla	ssification			
Category  districtX building(s structure site object	Ownership public s)X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered _X not applicab	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use  X agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientIflc transportation other:
4. Ow	ner of Prop	erty		
name	William G. an	d Nancy M. Vessey		
street & number	er Route 1, box	214A		
city, town	Westover	$\frac{n/a}{a}$ vicinity of	state	Maryland 21871
5. Loc	ation of Le	gal Descripti	on	
courthouse, re	gistry of deeds, etc.	Somerset County Cou	rthouse	
street & number	er	Somerset Avenue		-
city, town		Princess Anne	state	Maryland 21853
6. Rep	oresentatio	n in Existing	Surveys	
	and Historical Trus rical Sites Invento		operty been determined el	legible? yes $ frac{ ext{X}}{ ext{L}}$ no
date 1967			federal <u>X</u> sta	te county loca
depository for	survey records Mary	land Historical Trus	t, 21 State Circle	

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Condition  X excellent	deteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one  X original s	ita		
good	ruins	X altered	moved	date _	 	
fair	unexposed					

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

#### DESCRIPTION SUMMARY

Caldicott is a large frame dwelling constructed between 1784 and 1798 near Rehobeth, Somerset County, Maryland, for the locally prominent lawyer and farmer, Littleton Dennis. The house stands two stories above a raised basement of Flemish-bond brick; the exterior is sheathed with beaded weatherboards; asphalt shingles cover the gable roof. Both the principal (north) and rear (south) facades are symmetrical, five bays wide, with a fanlighted entrance with ninepanel door in the central bay of the first story and a Palladian window above. The remaining bays hold 12/12 sash; the gable ends have 9/9 sash on the first and second stories with 6/6 windows lighting the attic. Most windows retain their original surrounds and sash. Corbeled brick interior chimneys rise from both gable peaks. A modillioned cornice defines the eaves. A one-bay, twentiethcentury entrance porch shelters the front door, while a shed porch extends across the eastern three bays of the rear. A lower, gable-roofed, one-bay addition was attached to the east end c. 1930-1940. The interior exhibits a four-room plan unusual in a house of this date in the region; it is more typical of somewhat earlier (mid-18th century) buildings. Interior decorative detailing remains essentially intact, and includes a dogleg stair with turned posts and balusters and scroll-cut step ends; raised-paneled wainscoting, hearth walls, and doors; mantels; and molded cornices, chair rails, and baseboards. Also on the property are several outbuildings of early to mid 20th century date.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Caldicott, also known as the Vessey Eouse (S-72) is located 3.9 miles southwest of U.S. Route 13 on the south side of Maryland Route 667 near Rehobeth, Maryland. A farm lane bordered by orchards and fields leads to the complex of buildings standing within fifty yards of the Pocomoke River.

Facing north, the late 18th century two-story, five bay, four-room-plan frame house rests on a raised Flemish bond basement and is covered by an asphalt shingle gable roof over wood shingles. Matching corbelled brick chimneys rise from each gable end. Attached to the east end is a two story frame addition, c. 1930-1940, which will be removed in preparation for a larger two story wing.

The exterior of the main house is uniformly sheathed with beaded weather-boards. A modillioned cornice stretches across front and back, while the gabled ends are finished with molded barge boards. A scrolled pattern board terminates both the cornices and barge boards. Window sash alternate from 12/12 in front and back to 9/9 on the first and second floors of the gable ends to 6/6 sash which light the attic. Most windows have survived with ovolo molded backband surrounds and early sash. A few twisted iron shutter hooks also remain in position to indicate earlier shutters. The north and south sides are distinguished by centrally placed doors with arched fanlights and nine panel doors. The front door is covered by an early 20th-century stoop, while the back door opens onto a shed porch. Above each porch roof is a well detailed and proportioned Palladian window with arched central sash. A curiosity about each window is a small black cross which interrupts the arched header moldings.

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		_X_ law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	between 1784-1798	Builder/Architect	Littleton Dennis, Jr.	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Applicable Criteria: B, C

#### SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY

Caldicott derives significance from its architecture: having survived with over ninety per cent of its original exterior and interior fabric, it possesses a degree of integrity which distinguishes it among the Federal-period houses of Somerset County. In addition, it represents an unusually late realization of a floor plan more commonly associated with mid-18th-century houses in Tidewater Maryland; this late use of an earlier plan, as well as the overall design, closely links Caldicott with Beverly in neighboring Worcester County, the boyhood home of its documented builder, Littleton Dennis, Jr. The association with Dennis, a locally prominent lawyer, judge, and farmer, adds to the significance of the property.

#### HISTORY AND SUPPORT

"Essex Farm," first known as "Caldicott" in Dividing Creek Hundred, belonged to Colonel William Stevens, who received a 500-acre patent on February 4, 1665. Stevens actually lived on a neighboring parcel called "Rehobeth."

By 1783 the "Caldicott" tract had been divided into three parcels and owned by William White, Thomas Buff and Susannah Dennis, widow of Littleton Dennis (1728-1774) of Worcester County. $^2$ 

Susannah Dennis' son, Littleton Dennis, Jr. (1765-1833) inherited the Somerset County property in December 1784 and constructed the house between this date and 1798, when he was assessed for:

Situate on a landing of Pokomoke River in Somerset County 1 dwelling house 40 by 34 feet two story high with 8 windows 5 by 2 and 9 windows 2 by 5 feet and 10 windows 4 ft. by 2 feet and 4(?) by 2 ft with brick cellar house built of wood also 1 kitchen 19 by 18 and 1 milk house 9 by 9 and 1 meat house 12 by 12 all wood. Valued at \$1000.3

In addition, he was assessed for another tract and farm buildings, as well as a total of forty slaves.<sup>4</sup> In plan form, and detailing, the Vessey House bears close similarities to Dennis' boyhood home, Beverly, constructed in 1773 in neighboring Worcester County.

Along with practicing law in Princess Anne and in adjacent Virginia, Littleton Dennis served as County Judge from 1801-1806. He also found time to manage an expanded farm which totaled close to 5,000 acres at his death in 1833.

See Continuation Sheet #4.

10. Ge	ographical Data		
Acreage of nomir Quadrangle name UMT References	nated property 12.3 acres		Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
Zone Eastin  C 1 8 4 4 4  E	2 8 12 10 4 12 1 11 6 17 10	B 1 8 Zone D 1 8 F H	4 4 13 0 10 10 4 12 1 11 6 19 10 Northing  4 4 12 8 15 10 4 12 1 11 8 15 10
	y description and justification		
See Contir	nuation Sheet #2.		
List all states a	and counties for properties over	rlapping state or c	ounty boundaries
state n/a	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. For	m Prepared By		
name/title	Paul Touart		
organization	Somerset County Historic	cal Trust d	date September 6, 1983
street & number	Rt. 3, Box 331 (c/o H.F.	. Yerges) t	elephone 301-651-0788
city or town	Princess Anne	s	Maryland 21853
12. Sta	te Historic Pres	ervation	Officer Certification
The evaluated sig	nificance of this property within the	state is:	
665), I hereby non		the National Register	oric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– r and certify that it has been evaluated vation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Pres	servation Officer signature	Mith	10-31-83
title	STATE HISTORIC PRESERVAT	rion officer	date -
For HCRS use of the National Interest of the	tify that this property is included in	the National Registe	date []]]]
Attest:		And the second s	date
Chief of Registra	ition		

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Continuation sheet

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

The east and west gable ends are largely alike aside from the soon to be removed east end addition. In its place, a larger wing will be built which repeats the position and size of the first east end wing. (The scar of the roof-line is clearly seen.) A separate gabled entrance provides access to the cellar.

The front door opens into a rectangular entrance hall that contains a dogleg stair. Rising in the southwest corner, the open-string stair consists of a molded handrail supported by turned posts and balusters. The handrail terminates in a small circle at its base. The stringer is decorated with ornamental scrollwork, while the soffit is panelled. There is a four-panel door with HL hinges under the stair which opens to the cellar. Raised six-panel doors open into the adjacent rooms as well as a narrow closet on the west wall. As in the other rooms, the walls have been trimmed with raised panel wainscoting and cornice moldings.

Directly behind the stair hall is the parlor or living room, the largest room in the house. The west wall is dominated by a projecting chimney breast with raised panel over-mantel and richly detailed mantel. The mantel design consists of a plain shelf with a stepped cornice over plain frieze blocks. A narrow guilloche molding stretches across below the frieze. The entire chimney breast is framed by narrow pilasters. Raised panels cover each side of the chimney pile and encircle the room in wainscoting. A molded cornice stretches around this room, and it is enriched with a fret molding.

The southeast room was converted into a kitchen and awaits remodeling with the planned addition. A corner fireplace was covered over with kitchen cabinets and will be exposed.

The dining room occupies the northeast corner and is treated in much the same manner as the living room. A projecting chimney is fully paneled, but in this case the fireplace is highlighted by a molded surround and plain shelf. The cornice was similar to that in the living room, but the fret molding has been scraped off.

The second floor is divided by a center hall with two rooms to each side. One of the most dramatic interior features is this second floor hall since it is lighted at either end by a Palladian window. The south end window is partially obscured by a 20th-century bathroom. Also located in the hall is a straight flight of stairs to the attic. Each of the original rooms is treated with a beaded baseboard, molded chair rail and cornice. The northeast and southwest rooms have blocked fireplaces with molded surrounds. The hearth in the northeast room is flanked by closets. The other two rooms were not fitted with open fireplaces and were probably heated with iron stoves or left unheated.

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#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

The attic stair is detailed in the same manner as the main flight and opens into one large space. The common rafter roof is braced by half-dovetailed lap collar beams which are fastened with wrought nails. The mortise and tenon joint at the peak is pinned.

Rising through the floor at each end is a massive brick chimney pile with a supportive brick arch that separates front and rear flues. A small portion of the attic has been partitioned in the northeast corner.

The basement is divided into three rooms, two with dirt floors and one paved with brick. Three arched chimney supports were built with an opening in each soffit for enhanced air circulation; a feature not normally found. The exterior walls are pierced by large window openings and an exterior cellar entrance.

Standing east of the farmhouse is a cluster of early to mid 20th-century outbuildings. The closest structures to the house include two rusticated block storage buildings and an iron framed water tower. Further east is a gambrel roofed barn and various shed.

Directly east of the house is a large orchard and to the south the  ${\tt Pocomoke}$  River.

#### BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Beginning at the mouth of a small run just east of Essex Farm buildings and heading due north for 900 feet to a point in a farm lane, then in a westerly direction 600 feet to a point in a field north of the entrance lane, then in a southerly direction for 900 feet to a point on the bank of the Pocomoke River, thence running due east for another 600 feet along the bank of the Pocomoke to the place of beginning, containing 12.3 acres more or less.

#### BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

The 12.3 acres included in this nomination border the Pocomoke River and will insure protection of the water frontage. The acreage covers the immediate area around the house and early 20th-century farm buildings.

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#### HISTORY AND SUPPORT (Continued)

Littleton Dennis's son, Littleton Upshur Dennis (1804-1833), inherited the property, but soon afterwards he died at the age of twenty-nine. The property then passed to his two young children, Elizabeth and George, since their mother had died the previous year. After their parents' death, the children were raised at Beverly by their uncle and guardian, John Upshur Dennis.

Finally, in 1867 George's daughter, Elizabeth Murray Rush, lost the property in a Circuit Court case in which William L. Brittingham was appointed trustee to sell the land, <sup>6</sup> thus ending almost two centuries of ownership by the Dennis family.

Through the following sixty years, the property changed hands more than a dozen times before Alice Vessey bought it in 1931.<sup>7</sup> Since that transfer, the Vesseys have established an extensive orchard known throughout the county.

#### **FOOTNOTES**

- $^{
  m l}$ Patents, Liber 9 Folio 219, February 4, 1665. Hall of Records.
- 2
  1783 Tax Assessment Dividing Creek Hundred in District #4.
  Somerset County
- <sup>3</sup>1798 Federal Assessment Dividing Creek Hundred, Somerset County Particular list of Dwelling Houses, Littleton Dennis.
- 41798 Federal Tax Assessment Dividing Creek Hundred. Somerset County Slave Schedule, Littleton Dennis.
- Wills, Liber JP #4 Folio 215, Probated March 25, 1833. Last Will and Testament of Littleton Upshur Dennis.
- <sup>6</sup>Circuit Court Records, January 15, 1868.
- <sup>7</sup>Somerset County Deeds JMT #102/Folio 72, December 11, 1931.

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#### MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

1798 Federal Assessment, Microfilm, Somerset County Library.
Dividing Creek Hundred, Littleton Dennis.

1783 Tax Assessment, Dividing Creek Hundred. Somerset County, Hall of Records.

Somerset County Circuit Court, Register of Deeds, Somerset County Courthouse.

Somerset County Land Records, see specific reference in footnotes.

Somerset County Wills, Register of Wills, Somerset County Courthouse.

Torence, Clayton. Old Somerset on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Baltimore Maryland: Regional Publishing Company, 1966.

