United States Department of the Interior National Park Service 924

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets if needed (NPS Form 10-900a).

1. Name of Property				
historic name Ochlocknee Missionary Baptis	st Church and Cemetery			
other names/site number N/A				
2. Location				
street & number 521 U. S. Highway 319 South				not for publication
city or town Beachton			x	vicinity
	county Grady code	131 z	ip code	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification				
As the designated authority under the Nationa  I hereby certify that this <u>x</u> nomination for registering properties in the National Regis requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.  In my opinion, the property <u>x</u> meets do not be considered significant at the following level	request for determination of eligible ter of Historic Places and meets to be not meet the National Registr	ility meets the procedur	al and p	orofessional
national statewidex_ld	NAME OF THE PARTY			
02.1. 1100	9-23-10			
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date			
Historic Preservation Division –				
Georgia Department of Natural Resources State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government	_			
In my opinion, the property meets does not mee	t the National Register criteria.			
Signature of commenting official	Date			
Title	State or Federal agency/burea	ı or Tribal Gove	ernment	
4. National Park Service Certification				
I hereby certify that this property is:  entered in the National Register	determined elig	ble for the Nati	onal Reg	ister
determined not eligible for the National Register	removed from the	e National Reg	gister	
other (explain:)	eall 11	17.1	Ó	
pignature of the Keeper	Date	JI ACTION		

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(Expires 5/31/2012)

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery			Grady Coun	
Name of Property			County and Sta	ate
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply.)	Category of Property (Check only one box.)		ources within Propusly listed resources	
		Contributing	Noncontributing	g
x private	x building(s)	1	1	buildings
public - Local	district	0	0	district
public - State	site	1	0	site
public - Federal	structure	0	1	structure
	object	0	0	object
		2	2	Total
Name of related multiple pro (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of	operty listing a multiple property listing)	Number of conti	ributing resource ional Register	es previously
Name of related multiple pro (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of N/A	operty listing a multiple property listing)			es previously
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(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of  N/A  6. Function or Use  Historic Functions	operty listing a multiple property listing)		N/A	es previously
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N/A  6. Function or Use  Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions.)  RELIGION: religious facility	pperty listing a multiple property listing)	Current Functio (Enter categories from RELIGION: religion	N/A  N/A  ns n instructions.)  ous facility	es previously

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Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery	Grady County, Georgia
Name of Property	County and State
7. Description	
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions.)	Materials (Enter categories from instructions.)
LATE 19 <sup>TH</sup> AND 20 <sup>TH</sup> CENTURY REVIVALS:	
Colonial Revival	foundation: CONCRETE
	walls: WOOD: Weatherboard
	roof: METAL
	other: N/A

#### Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance of the property. Explain contributing and noncontributing resources if necessary. Begin with a summary paragraph that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, setting, size, and significant features.)

#### **Summary Paragraph**

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery is located in rural Grady County, about 12 miles southwest of Thomasville. The 1.9-acre lot is reached by a private driveway from U. S. Highway 319, and is surrounded by pine forest. The church, built in 1918, is a frame building approximately 75 feet long and 22 feet wide. The simple rectangular sanctuary is clad in weatherboard and covered with a front-gabled roof with seamed metal roofing material. A short steeple has a four-sided flared spire. The exterior of the church has excellent integrity and has had very little alteration since the historic period. The interior has experienced some changes, such as new wall paneling and a lowered ceiling in the main worship space. In 1970 a separate building housing a kitchen and fellowship hall was constructed near the side rear. The small cemetery to the south of the church was begun in the 1930s, but graves were not marked with lasting monuments until the 1960s.

#### **Narrative Description**

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery is located in southwest Georgia between the city of Thomasville (the county seat of Thomas County) and the small, unincorporated town of Beachton in Grady County. This area is characterized by flat, low-lying land covered in pine forests with some hardwood trees. Grady County's population is relatively sparse (23,659 in 2000). The economic base includes the growing of a variety of food crops, as well as forest products. Several streams keep the county well-irrigated. The church and its 1.9-acre lot are set back from the main highway. A small private driveway connects the isolated tract to Highway 319. The lot is relatively open, with the church on the north end and the cemetery on the south end (photograph 27).

The church faces west toward U. S. Highway 319. The wood-framed 1918 sanctuary is the one contributing building in this nomination (photographs 1-7). While it has no formal academic style, there are elements of the Colonial Revival style in the form. It has a front-facing gable over a central door, which is flanked by a sash window on each side (photograph 12). The exterior retains its wood weatherboard siding. The steeple on the roof and the vestibule beneath it were added to the front of the building in the late 1940s.

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Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery

Name of Property

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County and State

The front main entrance and a south side handicapped entrance are both covered with bracketed overhangs (photograph 2). The front is reached by three stairs leading to a small stoop. The entry has a double wood-paneled door. The south side, near the front, was modified in 2003 with a concrete ramp with metal railings that leads to a side door. Three windows on the south side and four on the north side of the sanctuary are also rectangular sashes. These windows (installed in 1981) all have opaque panes in a one-over-one configuration (photographs 7 and 11). The east (rear) of the building has a lower-roofed extension with two doors flanking a large central window (photograph 10).

The main roof has a moderately steep pitch, and is covered in seamed metal (photographs 1-6). Part of an old chimney is visible at the rear of the church roof (photograph 7). The small steeple sits on the ridgeline of the roof at the front of the building. It has a square base topped by a cornice that separates a slightly smaller center section. This section, which would enclose the bell, has square ventilation panels with wooden slats on each side. The steeple is crowned by a steeply pitched four-sided spire with slightly belcast eaves. A small finial caps the top of the spire. According to some members of the congregation, before the 1940s there may have been two bell towers on the church instead of the steeple, but this has not been documented.

All exterior trim and moldings are very simple. There is a cornice articulating the face of the gable. The only ornamentation is a large cross in the gable. The foundation is faced in masonry block, which obscures the main foundation materials (photograph 7). Small shrubs are planted around portions of the foundation.

The interior of the sanctuary is reached by a small vestibule that dates from the late 1940s (photograph 18). To the north of the vestibule is a small classroom (photograph 17), and to the south is a room that serves as the handicapped entrance. The sanctuary was altered in the early 1970s with the addition of wall paneling and suspended acoustical ceiling tiles (photographs 13-16). These were placed over the old beadboard walls and ceiling, which appear to remain intact underneath, according to recent examinations. There is a small three-sided apse with a raised pulpit and choir area in front of the pews (photograph 14). This is flanked by side doors leading to a small study for the pastor and a utility room. Behind the choir area is a large, tri-partite, multi-colored, diamond-paned window. The room was once heated by a wood-burning "pot-belly" stove. The church later installed gas heaters and then upgraded to a central furnace and air-conditioning system.

The kitchen and fellowship hall are in a separate concrete block building that was constructed in 1970 (photographs 8, 9, 10, 23, 24, and 26). The building is noncontributing because it was constructed after the period of significance. It is just a few feet from the southeast corner of the main church building. The two buildings are connected by a covered breezeway (photographs 23 and 25). A simple freestanding concrete baptismal pool was constructed behind the church in the 1980s (photographs 19-21). It is a noncontributing structure.

The cemetery is a contributing site that relates to the history of the church (photographs 27-29). A paved path (photograph 8) dating from 1994 leads from the church to an opening in the metal fence that surrounds the cemetery. Not all of the graves are marked, and most of the 16 monuments date to the 1960s or later. However, according to church members, burials have taken place here since the 1930s. There are a few older unmarked slabs, and some depressions that seem to indicate additional burials. Several marked graves of church pioneers are aligned in rows facing east. Many are members of the Hadley family. While it has no distinctive funerary art or design, the small cemetery is directly associated with the historic church.

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church

within the past 50 years.

and Cemetery

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Grady County, Georgia

#### Name of Property County and State 8. Statement of Significance **Applicable National Register Criteria** Areas of Significance (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property (Enter categories from instructions.) for National Register listing.) **ARCHITECTURE** Property is associated with events that have made a ETHNIC HERITAGE: Black significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. В Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high Period of Significance artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack 1918-1960 individual distinction. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. Significant Dates 1918 - construction of church c.1947 - addition of steeple and vestibule Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Significant Person Property is: (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.) N/A Owned by a religious institution or used for religious X purposes. **Cultural Affiliation** removed from its original location. N/A a birthplace or grave. a cemetery. Architect/Builder a reconstructed building, object, or structure. Unknown a commemorative property. less than 50 years old or achieving significance

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locknee Missionary Baptist Church Cemetery	Grady County, Georgia
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#### Period of significance (justification)

The period of significance for the Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery begins in 1918, the construction date of the church building, and ends in 1960, the end of the historic period. The period of significance includes the congregation's continuing service in the religious, educational, social, and cultural life of southeastern Grady County's African-American community.

#### Criteria Considerations (explanation, if necessary)

The church is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under <u>Criteria Consideration A</u> as a religious property primarily for the architectural significance of the church building and for its historical association with the African-American community in southeastern Grady County since the early 20<sup>th</sup> century.

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance and applicable criteria.)

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church is significant in the area of architecture for its simple form and design, not only typical of rural African-American churches, but of other rural Missionary Baptist churches as well. Many are small and rectangular with little ornamentation. In the case of Ochlocknee, the steeple was placed on the church c.1947 after being donated by philanthropist "Pansy" Ireland Poe, owner of Pebble Hill Plantation. According to church members, a local African-American building contractor added the vestibule and assembled the donated steeple at the same time. The Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery are significant in the area of black ethnic heritage because they served the local African-American community as an important social institution and a focus for family, civic, and charitable activity. The church was founded in 1848 on the corner of U.S. Highway 319 and Mercy Seat Road. After the building burned in 1918, the congregation moved to the present location and built a new sanctuary on land sold to the church for \$25.00 by Lula Reid Hadley, known as the first "mother" of the church. During the 20th century, many members worked and went to school at nearby Pebble Hill Plantation in Thomas County. Pebble Hill is one of several large former antebellum tracts that were redeveloped into seasonal estates by northern investors who managed them for recreation (such as horse riding and hunting), agriculture, and wildlife conservation. Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery are significant at the local level for their association with the history of Grady and Thomas counties.

#### Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance.)

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church is significant in the area of <u>architecture</u> as a good example of rural African-American church architecture in Georgia in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century. Most rural churches founded and built by blacks in the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries were plain, one-room, frame buildings, rectangular in shape with gable roofs. They had little or no architectural detailing or ornamentation. Entrances were usually centered on the front façade. Many African-American churches had a rectangular wooden steeple, a central tower mounted on the roof, or a tower at one or both front corners. These were sometimes later additions, as is the case with the steeple on the Ochlocknee church. Side or rear wings for Sunday school or fellowship halls were also often added after the original construction date. Interiors were usually finished with simple paneling or plaster. Grady County has several examples of these small African-American churches, including Ebenezer AME Church near Whigham, which was listed in the National Register in 2008. Ochlocknee has retained the most important architectural features that convey its significance, including its rectangular form, front-gable roof, simple steeple, weatherboard siding, and plain moldings. The vestibule and steeple that were added in the 1940s reflect the way the architecture evolved as the congregation grew.

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Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church is also significant in the area of <u>black ethnic heritage</u> because, in addition to its role as a religious institution, it served the African-American community as an important social institution. It was typical for black churches in Georgia and throughout the South to serve as a center for social and charitable organizations, as well as political and civic activities. In *Historic Black Resources: A Handbook for the Identification, Documentation, and Evaluation of Historic African-American Resources in Georgia*, Carole Merritt identifies the church as the center of community life in African-American communities. Ochlocknee dates its founding to 1848, though the early details are obscure. The Missionary Baptist Church had its origins in the early 1800s, and distinguished itself by a strong emphasis on evangelism and a belief in full immersion baptism. According to oral history, the black Ochlocknee members (who were still enslaved) separated from their white parent church before the Civil War in order to worship with their own traditions. During and after slavery, several denominations in the South formed black associations. Ochlocknee was part of the Florida Baptist Association.

Following emancipation, most African Americans in Georgia withdrew from white congregations to form their own churches. Churches were often the first buildings constructed, even before the former slaves established new dwellings. Sometimes white churches or families granted land, but often African Americans worked cooperatively to buy land and build a church. Many extant black churches in Georgia date from the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries when the congregations were large and wealthy enough to finance the building of major structures. Sometimes the buildings replaced smaller and simpler ones built earlier. In the case of Ochlocknee, the present 1918 building replaced a church that burned about two miles away. The new sanctuary was constructed on land donated by an early church member, and represents a good example of a church that used its own resources to continue its role in the local African-American community.

The cemetery associated with Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church is a significant historic site for the church community. It was common for rural black churches in Georgia to have an adjoining or nearby cemetery where burials could take place and members could be commemorated. Several of the most influential and revered members of Ochlocknee, such as Lula Reid Hadley and her family, were interred at the cemetery. The cemetery's significance relates to its use by the church since the 1930s as an important place of collective identity.

#### Developmental history/additional historic context information (if appropriate)

Grady County was formed in 1905 from portions of Decatur and Thomas counties, and Cairo became the county seat. Seminole Indians once held the land now encompassed by Grady County. When white settlers arrived around the 1820s, they made their living in agriculture, mostly in subsistence farming. The first railroad arrived in the 1860s, and a second line came through Grady County in 1908. While yeoman farmers worked most of the farmland, the area is also known for a few large antebellum plantations that managed to broaden or alter their economic base after the Civil War. These include the Dickey-Birdsong Plantation (listed in the National Register in 1995), which became a wildlife preserve and conservation area in 1938. Another is Susina Plantation (listed in the National Register in 1970), which served as a quail-hunting plantation after 1887. Many of these places, such as Pebble Hill Plantation near Ochlocknee, had Northern owners and investors who employed local African Americans, and sometimes even provided schools and medical care for their families.

The first building for Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church was once located 2.3 miles away at the corner of Trinity Road (now Mercy Seat Road) and U.S. Highway 319, on the outskirts of Pebble Hill Plantation. After a fire destroyed the church in 1918, the congregation moved to its present location. According to oral history,

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the 1918 church building was constructed by the men of the congregation. Lula Reid Hadley, known as the first mother of the church, sold one acre of land to the church for 25 dollars. "Mother Lula" was born in 1874 and died in 1969. Her parents died when she was very young, and she only completed school to the second grade. She married her husband Richard when she was 15 years old and he was 65. She was the second wife of Richard Hadley, Sr., who had fathered 21 children with his previous wife. Ms. Hadley's many talents included playing the violin, piano, accordion, and harmonica. She was also known for cooking and quilting. Her seven children and their descendents included some of the key members of the congregation and the local community. Lula Reid Hadley is buried in the Ochlocknee Cemetery.

For many years, baptisms were held at the Ochlocknee Pond near the church's former location. This site was shared by several churches that practiced full-immersion baptism. Ochlocknee also has a tradition of participating in a cooperative fellowship with the nearby Mercy Seat Christian Church (established 1919 at its present location) and Piney Grove Missionary Baptist Church (organized 1885), both small African-American congregations. Trinity C.M.E. Church, organized in 1883, is also nearby. Ochlocknee is within a few miles of Evergreen Congregational Church and School, which was established in 1903 and listed in the National Register in 2002. Evergreen was the first pastorate of Andrew Young, a leader of the Civil Rights Movement, United Nations ambassador, and two-term mayor of Atlanta. It is another example of a church that played a central role in the lives of blacks living in Beachton. It acted as a community hall and provided a school for African-American children.

Historically, most Ochlocknee members have lived one to two miles from the church, and in proximity to one of the nearby plantations – Sinkola, Melrose, or Pebble Hill. The area that includes Thomas and Grady counties in Georgia and Leon and Jefferson counties in Florida has a number of these large estates that once belonged to Southern families, but were acquired by Northern owners after the Civil War. Pebble Hill Plantation had a close relationship with Ochlocknee through the years. It began as a plantation in the 1820s and grew to include 3,000 acres of land. In 1896, when Thomasville was enjoying popularity as a major winter resort, Howard Melville Hanna of Cleveland, Ohio, bought Pebble Hill. It remained with his descendents for several generations, and was used for multiple purposes, including raising dairy herds, conserving wildlife, and maintaining facilities for horses and associated sporting events. Pebble Hill operated a school for the children of black farm workers, and many of Ochlocknee's members were educated there. It also provided some medical care for workers through the Visiting Nurse Association.

In 1936 Pansy Ireland inherited Pebble Hill Plantation. She was an accomplished horsewoman and philanthropist, who was very involved with her community. In 1947 Pansy (Ireland) Poe donated the steeple for Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church. According to long-time church members, she had wanted the gift to remain anonymous. Many believe that the steeple originated from another church, but the source cannot be documented. After the materials were delivered, Ms. Poe then gave \$400 to construct the steeple. Forrest Monroe, an African-American building contractor from nearby Thomasville, did the carpentry work. Records seem to indicate that the vestibule beneath the steeple was constructed at the same time.

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church was at its peak in the 1950s with nearly 90 members. Today the membership is about half that number. It is now a member of the Thomasville Missionary Baptist Association, an auxiliary of the Southbound Union that includes seven churches.

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Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery	Grady County, Georgia
Name of Property	County and State
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in prepari	ing this form.)
Brunton, Yvonne Miller. <i>Grady County, Georgia: Some</i> Danielsville, Ga.: Heritage Papers, 1981.	of Its History, Folk Architecture, and Families, 2d. ed.
Hadley, Richard L. "Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Chu 19, 2009. On file at the Georgia Historic Present Atlanta.	urch History." Unpublished narrative. Updated March vation Division, Department of Natural Resources,
Merritt, Carole. Historic Black Resources: A Handbook Historic African-American Properties in Georgia. Preservation Section, 1984.	for the Identification, Documentation, and Evaluation of Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Historic
Moffson, Steven. "Evergreen Congregational Church at Registration Form, September 1, 2002. On file a Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta.	하는 것이 없는 사람들이 있는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는 것이었다면 없는 것이 없는 것이었다면 없는데
Thomas, Kenneth H., Jr. "Pebble Hill Plantation." National December 18, 1989. On file at the Georgia History Resources, Atlanta.	onal Register of Historic Places Registration Form, oric Preservation Division, Department of Natural
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 has been requested)previously listed in the National Registerpreviously determined eligible by the National Registerdesignated a National Historic Landmark	Primary location of additional data:  x State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # recorded by Historic American Landscape Survey #	Other Name of repository:
Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned): N/A	

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Oshlaskasa Mississas			(Expires 5/31/2012)	
	ry Baptist Church		Grady County, Georgia  County and State	
and Cemetery Name of Property	4			
10. Geographical Da	nta			
Acreage of Property  (Do not include previously li				
UTM References				
Place additional UTM refer	rences on a continuation sheet.)			
	g UTM reference is in Nort	h American Datur	n 1927, in order	to be consistent with the
submitted USGS top	pographic map.)			
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Submit the following items with the completed form:

- Maps: A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
  - A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- **Continuation Sheets**
- Additional items: (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

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Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery

Name of Property

Grady County, Georgia

County and State

#### Photographs:

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map.

Name of Property: Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery

City or Vicinity: Beachton (vicinity)

County: Grady State: Georgia

Photographer: James R. Lockhart Date Photographed: August 2009

#### Description of Photograph(s) and number:

- 1 of 29. West (front) and south side of church sanctuary. Photographer facing northeast.
- 2 of 29. West (front) and south side of sanctuary. Photographer facing northeast.
- 3 of 29. West (front) and south side of sanctuary. Photographer facing east/northeast.
- 4 of 29. West (front) and south side of sanctuary. Photographer facing east/northeast.
- 5 of 29. North side and west (front) of sanctuary. Photographer facing southeast.
- 6 of 29. North side and west (front) of sanctuary. Photographer facing southeast.
- 7 of 29. South side of sanctuary. Photographer facing north.
- 8 of 29. South side of sanctuary and fellowship hall/kitchen. Photographer facing north.
- 9 of 29. Rear (east side) of sanctuary and fellowship hall/kitchen. Photographer facing northwest.
- 10 of 29. Rear (east) and north side of sanctuary and fellowship hall/kitchen. Photographer facing southwest.
- 11 of 29. Front window of sanctuary. Photographer facing east.
- 12 of 29. West (front) side of sanctuary. Photographer facing east.
- 13 of 29. Interior of sanctuary. Photographer facing east.
- 14 of 29. Pulpit and choir area of sanctuary. Photographer facing east.
- 15 of 29. North wall and window of sanctuary. Photographer facing north.
- 16 of 29. Interior of sanctuary, looking toward front door. Photographer facing west.
- 17 of 29. Looking into small classroom. Photographer facing north.
- 18 of 29. Looking into sanctuary from vestibule. Photographer facing east/southeast.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service / National Register of Historic Places Registration Form
NPS Form 10-900

OMB No. 1024-0018

(Expires 5/31/2012)

Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery	Grady County, Georgia
Name of Property	County and State

- 19 of 29. Concrete baptismal pool behind church. Photographer facing northeast.
- 20 of 29. Concrete baptismal pool. Photographer facing southeast.
- 21 of 29. Concrete baptismal pool. Photographer facing south.
- 22 of 29. Looking toward eastern boundary of property (former location of outdoor toilets). Photographer facing east.
- 23 of 29. South side of sanctuary and passageway to fellowship hall/kitchen. Photographer facing east.
- 24 of 29. Handicapped ramp and south side of sanctuary. Photographer facing east/northeast.
- 25 of 29. Breezeway between fellowship hall/kitchen and sanctuary. Photographer facing southeast.
- 26 of 29. Interior of fellowship hall/kitchen. Photographer facing north/northeast.
- 27 of 29. Looking toward church from cemetery. Photographer facing north.
- 28 of 29. Grave markers in cemetery. Photographer facing northwest.
- 29 of 29. Grave markers in cemetery. Photographer facing west.

Property Owner:	
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)	
name Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Churc	ch
street & number 521 U. S. Highway 319 South	telephone
city or town Beachton	state GA zip code 31792

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

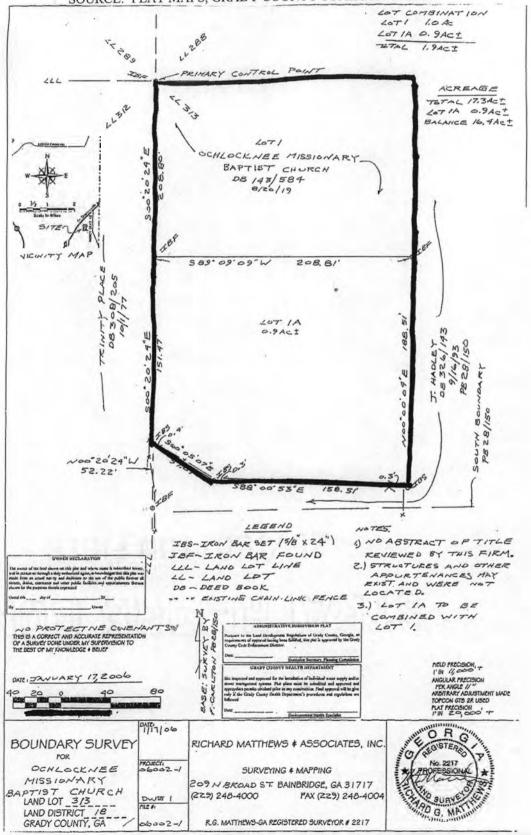
OCHLOCKNEE MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH AND CEMETERY, GRADY COUNTY, GEORGIA NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY MAP

NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY: •

NORTH:

SCALE: 14 = 80 1

SOURCE: PLAT MAPS, GRADY COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT



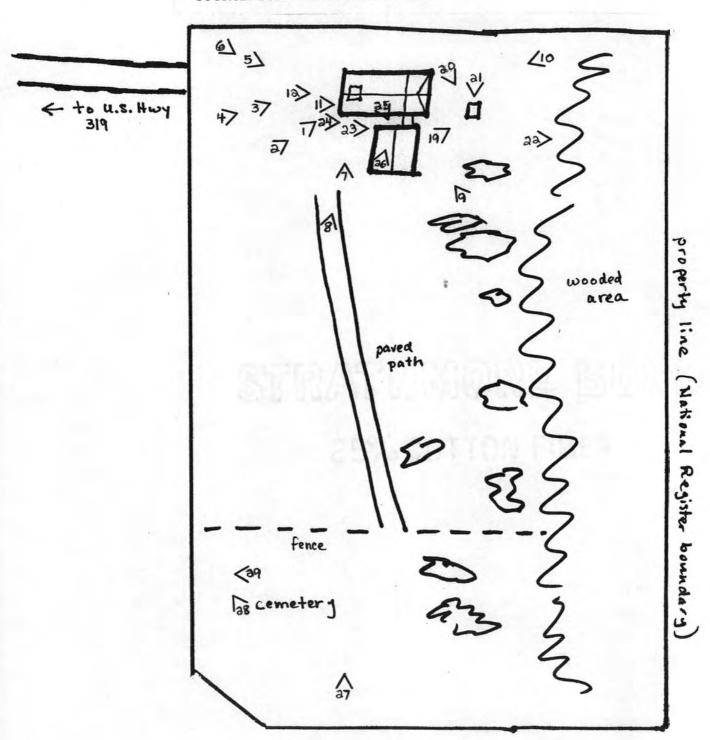
OCHLOCKNEE MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH AND CEMETERY, GRADY COUNTY, GEORGIA SKETCH SITE MAP/PHOTOGRAPH KEY

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

NORTH:

PHOTOGRAPH NUMBER AND DIRECTION OF VIEW: #>

SOURCE: DRAWN BY DENISE MESSICK



GRADY COUNTY, GEORGIA FLOOR PLAN/PHOTOGRAPH KEY SCALE: NOT TO SCALE NORTH: PHOTOGRAPH NUMBER AND DIRECTION OF VIEW: #> SOURCE: BASED ON DRAWING BY RICHARD L. HADLEY UTILITY CHOIR AREA PASTOR'S RM. STUDY 15'X16' TO KITCHEN & **PULPIT** FELLOWSHIP HALL WINDOWS SANCTUARY 59'X22' **<15** 75 FT. I LONG 22 FT. WIDE 44 FT 13 8'X8' 8'X8' CLASSROOM <17 181 HANDICAP ENTRANCE EXIT DOOR TO HANDICAP **EXIT DOORS** RAMP

OCHLOCKNEE MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH AND CEMETERY,

FRONT OF CHURCH

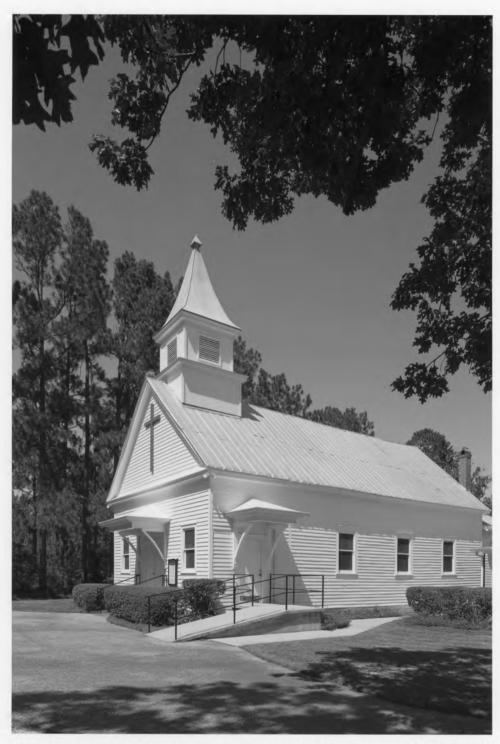
# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION	
PROPERTY Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Con NAME:	emetery
MULTIPLE NAME:	
STATE & COUNTY: GEORGIA, Grady	
DATE RECEIVED: 10/04/10 DATE OF PENDING LIST DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:	ST: 10/29/10 11/18/10
REFERENCE NUMBER: 10000924	
REASONS FOR REVIEW:	
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN SOTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNA REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL:	50 YEARS: N APPROVED: N N
COMMENT WAIVER: N	
ACCEPTRETURNREJECT	
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:	
Entered in The National Register of Historic Places	
RECOM./CRITERIA	
REVIEWER DISCIPLINE	
TELEPHONE DATE	-
DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached S	SLR Y/N
If a nomination is returned to the nominating authorit nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS	



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 1 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 2 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 3 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 4 of 29



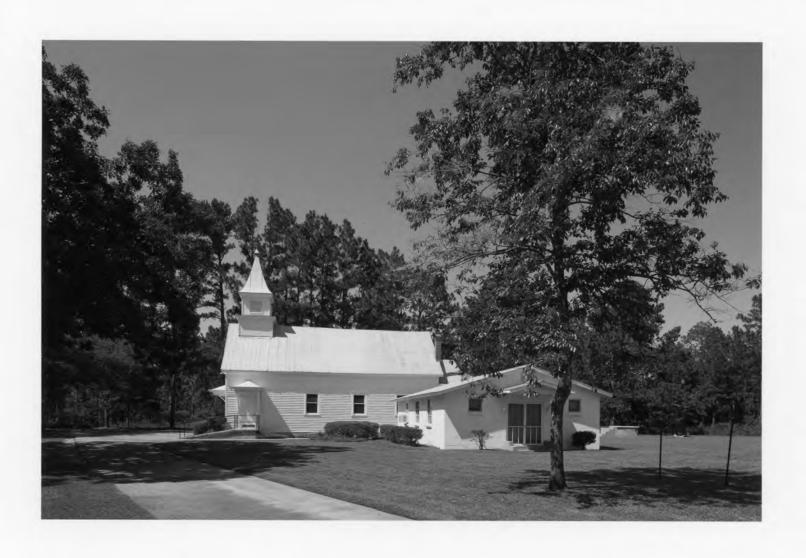
Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 5 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 6 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 7 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 8 of 29



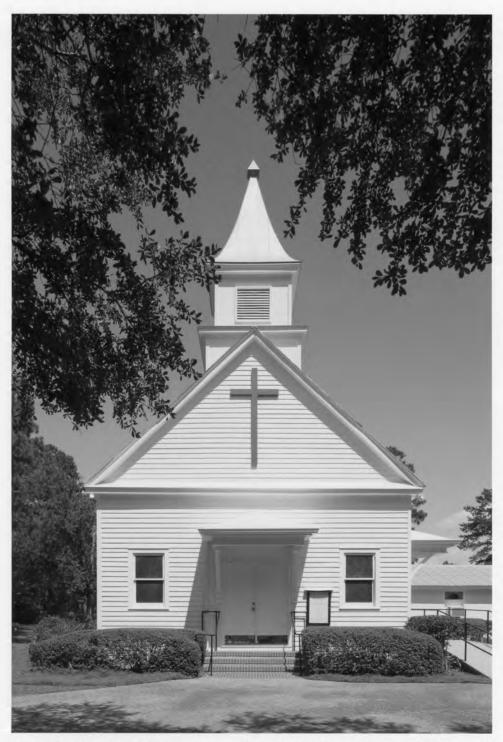
Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 9 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 10 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 11 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 12 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 13 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 14 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 15 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 16 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 17 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 18 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 19 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 20 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 21 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 22 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 23 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 24 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 25 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 26 of 29



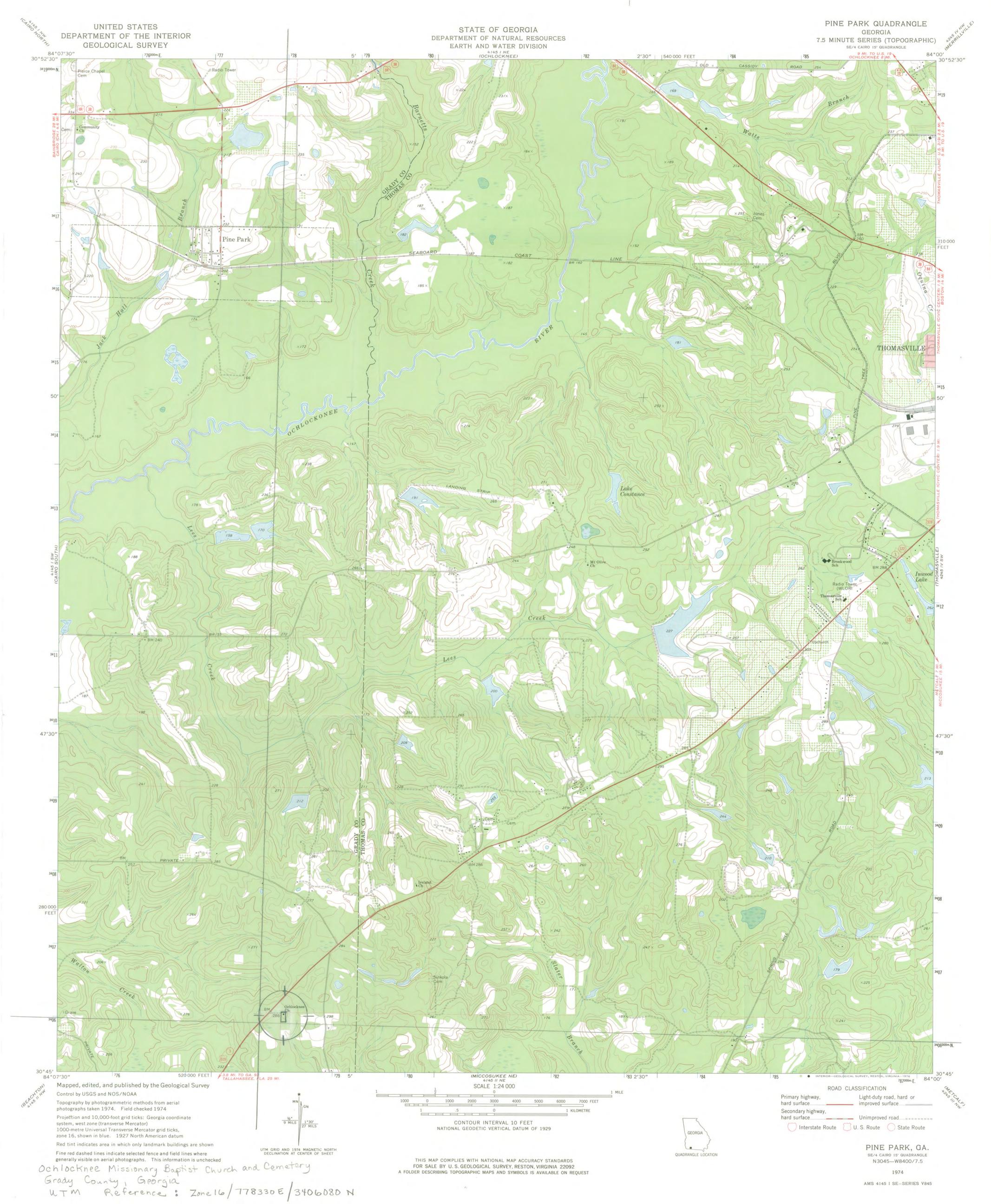
Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 27 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 28 of 29



Ochlocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery Grady County, Georgia Photograph 29 of 29





CHRIS CLARK COMMISSIONER DR. DAVID CRASS DIVISION DIRECTOR

September 28, 2010

J. Paul Loether National Park Service National Register of Historic Places 1201 "I" (Eye) Street, N.W. 8th floor Washington, D.C. 20005



Dear Mr. Loether:

Please find enclosed the following nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for your consideration:

Ocklocknee Missionary Baptist Church and Cemetery, Grady County, Georgia

Sincerely,

Gretchen Brock

National Register & Survey Program Manager

Historic Preservation Division

Enclosure