United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

# National Register of Historic Places <br> Inventory-Nomination Form 

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries-complete applicable sections

## 1. Name

historic
Swinney, Thomas W., House
and/or common The Swinney Homestead

## 2. Location

| street \& number | 1424 West Jefferson Street |  |  | not for publication |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| city, town | Fort Wayne |  | nicinity of | congressional district | 4th |  |  |
| state | Indiana | code | 018 | county | Allen | code | 003 |

## 3. Classification

| Category $\qquad$ district building(s) $\qquad$ structure site $\qquad$ object | Ownership $\qquad$ X public $\qquad$ private $\qquad$ both <br> Public Acquisition $\qquad$ in process $\qquad$ being considered | Status <br> X occupied $\qquad$ unoccupied $\qquad$ work in progress Accessible $X$ yes: restricted $\qquad$ yes: unrestricted $\qquad$ no | Present Use <br> agriculture <br> -commercial <br> - educational <br> _entertainment <br> - government <br> industrial <br> military | museum $\qquad$ park $\qquad$ private residence $\qquad$ religious $\qquad$ scientific $\qquad$ transportation $\qquad$ other: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## 4. Owner of Property

name
City of Fort Wayne
street \& number City-County Building, 1 Main Street
city, town Fort Wayne __ vicinity of state Indiana

## 5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Allen County Court House
street \& number
Main Street at Calhoun Street
city, town Fort Wayne state Indiana

## 6. Representation in Existing Surveys



| depository for survey records | Library of Congress |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| city, town Washington | state $\quad$ District of Columbia |  |



## in

The Swinney House isfavisually prominent location, on a knoll at the foot of Jefferson Street just before the street turns to the south. Originally a one and one half story structure, the house was later changed by the addition of the Victorian detailing then in vogue. In 1885, a new wing was added to the south side, with a two story square bay tucked into the corner between the addition and the main house.

As it stands today, the house is a two and one-half story painted brick structure with a limestone foundation and lintels. The house has five bays across the main, or east, facade, with the entrance in the center bay. The Eastlake porch has a flat roof, with a gable over the entrance. It is supported by four bracketed posts across the front, with two engaged posts against the house. A spindled balustrade surrounds the deck.

The double doors of the main entrance have a single light each, and there is a glass transom. Additional entrances are located in an enclosed porch on the west side of the wing, and in the two-story square bay on the east side of the wing. The latter has a hood on brackets.

A11 windows are one-over-one, doublehung sash. First-story lintels are plain and flat, whereas second-story lintels are segmentally arched, with incised scrollwork. Above the second story windows, a slightly projecting soldier course of brick forms a decorative band. Directly above this, under the eaves and in the gable ends, is vertical wood siding, the ends of the boards cut to form a zig-zag pattern. The eaves are supported by paired Eastlake-style brackets.

The roof is basically gabled, except that it is hipped on the added wing. There are two gabled dormers with three windows. each, one on the center front and one on the center rear.
Inside the house, the basement contains the original cooking fireplace, the root cellar, ard remants of the wine cellar and the slate floor. On the main level, the poplar floor and the walnut and poplar woodwork are still in place, although a wall has been removed from between the dining room and parlor. The woodwork on the first floor is plain, but door frames on the second floor are fluted and scrolled.

The stairways that are in the building are not original. The main stairway, from the first to the second floor, is of walnut, and was constructed during the 1885 remodeling. A second stairway from the second floor to the attic came from another house, and was installed when this house was taken over by the Historical Society.

There are nine fireplaces in the house, all original, but none are presently operable. The two in the dining room and parlor have plain, wide boards. and panels, with slightly protruding mantels. The fireplaces in the library and sitting room are of oak and marble, very ornate, late Victorian. The fireplace in the parlor of the south wing, is of black cast iron. The two Victorian fireplaces upstairs are simpler, of walnut and marble.
Hardware in the house is original, including three gas light fixtures. Some of the original inside shutters are in use.

|  | od prehistoric |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 1400-1499 |
|  | 1500-1599 |
|  | 1600-1699 |
|  | 1700-1799 |
| X | 1800-1899 |
|  | 1900- |

Specific dates



## Builder/Architect

## Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Swinney House is architecturally significant because it is one of the oldest homes remaining in the Fort Wayne area. Built in 1844-1845, the house was later modified by the addition of one wing, another floor, a front porch, and trim, giving it a stylish Victorian appearance. Historically, it is important because its builder and long-time owner, Thomas W. Swinney, was a prominent Fort Wayne businessman who, beginning from humble origins, rose to become one of the city's most important business leaders, and who gave the land for Swinney Park to the city.

Thomas W. Swinney was a pioneer settler of early Allen County. Born in Piketown, Ohio, in 1803, he emigrated to Indiana sometime between 1818 and 1822. In 1823, he settled in Fort Wayne and one year later married Lucy Taber, daughter of a federal official with extensive landholdings acquired before the local land office had opened. During the ensuing years, Swinney was highly successful in farming, livestock breeding, construction, and land speculation. He erected Swinney Block on East Main Street, opposite the courthouse, one of the earliest three-story buildings in the city. In 1830, Indiana Governor Ray appointed him to the staff of the state militia. A social and political reward as much as military position, the much-coveted appointment conferred the title "Colonel" on the young man. He also served as treasurer of Allen County in 1834 and 1837.

Swinney's residences changed with his fortunes. About 1826, he built a log house outside the old fort, about seventy-five feet from the river. His family, including five daughters, lived in the cabin until 1845. Evidence suggests that the Swinney's entertained often while living in their original home, Of the recorded events held on the estate, perhaps the most notable was the gathering that celebrated the opening of the Wabash and Erie Canal on July 4, 1843. It was the coming of the canal that established Fort Wayne as a major trade center and provided easier access for settlers traveling west.

In about 1844-1845, Swinney had the original portion of the present house constructed on his property. This consisted of a one and one-half story building built of native limestone and brick. In 1885, the structure was enlarged and other changes made by Swinney's daughters. The roof was raised to create a two and one-half story structure; a new east wing, front porch, and wood detailing gave the house a Victorian appearance. A beautiful walnut staircase of the period replace the original stairs.

In the 1860's, the major portion of Swinney's land was leased to the Agricultural society for a fairground. The leasehold on the fairgrounds was vacated in 1889, and arrangements were immediately made by the newly created Park Board to renew it upon the same terms, and proceed to the development of the tract as a park in accordance with the will of Thomas Swinney. Swinney provided in his will that when his direct line of issue should be extinct, the entire tract should pass to the city of Fort Wayne, for use as a playground of the people. It was the first gift of land for public park purposes that was ever made in Fort Wayne.

Swinney died in January, 1895. Possession of the house and park passed to Fort Wayne in 1922, when his last daughter died. Until recently the Allen County-Fort Wayne Historical Society used the building as a museum. It is now used by the 01d Fort Settlers for their education program in folk crafts.

## 9. Wajor Bibliographical References

Taylor; S.R. \& Potterf,Rex M. The Swinney Homestead. Bullet in of the Allen County-Fort Wayne Hist.Soc.,Dec. 1931.
Reihel, Daniel Changing Faces of the Swinney Homestead. Bulletin of the Allen County-Fort Wayne Historical Society, February 1964.
*SEE CONTINUATION SHEFI*.

## 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property Less than one acre Quadrangle name Fort Wayne West, Indiana

## UMT Reterences



Verbal boundary description and justification
The boundary line runs parallel to and twenty feet from the westernmost northernmost, and easternmost walls of the house, and" six feet from the southernmost wall.

## List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

| state | $\cdot$ | code | county | code |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| state | $\cdot$ |  |  |  |

## 11. Form Prepared By

| name/titie | Raon Meitz, Betty McDermott, Lois Snouffer, Helen Robinson |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| organization | $01 d$ Fort Settlers Society, Inc. | date |  |
| street \& number | 3333 River Forest Drive | telephone | 219/483-4176, |
| city or town | Fort Wayne | state $\quad$ Indiana 46805,. |  |

## 12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaiuated significance of this property within the state is:


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Continuation sheet


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Ernest, Gary G. Graceful Plutocracy, The Swinney Family in Fort Wayne. Special
Publication, Allen County-Fort Wayne Historical Society, 1977.

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