Survey No. T-527

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

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Magi	No.	

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DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

#### CHESAPEAKE BAY SKIPJACK FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

1. Na	ame (	indicate pre	ferred name)			
historic	CLAUDE W.	SOMERS				
and/or com	mon skipj	ack				
2. Lo	ocation					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
street & nu	mber 01d F	erry Termina	1, Washington St.	•	n <u>/</u> .	a not for publication
city, town	Claiborne		$\frac{n/a}{a}$ vicinity of	congressi	onal district	First
state	Maryland	024	county	Talbot	041	
3. CI	assifica	ation				
Category district buildin structu site object	ig(s) <u>X</u> priva ure <u>both</u> Public A <u>in pr</u> bein	ic ite	Status	ente	culture Imercial cational ertainment ernment Istrial	<pre> museum  park  private residence  religious  scientific  transportation  other:</pre>
4. 0	wner of	Proper	<b>ty</b> (give names a	nd mailing	g addresse	s of <u>all</u> owners)
name	Captain Bol	b Lambert				
street & nur	mber			te	elephone no	<b></b> :
city, town	Claiborne		state	and zip o	ode Mary	yland
5. Lo	ocation	of Lega	al Description	on		
courthouse	, registry of dee	ds, etc. r	ı/a			liber
street & nui	mber					folio
city, town	•				state	
6. Re	epreser	ntation	in Existing	Histori	cal Surv	eys
title	Survey of Su	rviving Trad	itional Chesapeake	Bay Craft		
date	1983-1	984		fede	eral <u>X</u> stat	e county local
depository	for survey recor	ds Marylan	d Historical Trust,	, 21 State	Circle	
city, town	Annapol	is			state	Maryland 21401

## 7. Description

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Condition   excellent deteriorated   good ruins   fair unexposed	Check one unaitered altered	<b>Check one</b> <u>n/a</u> original site moved date of move	n/a
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is a 42 1/2' long two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. She was built by crossplanked construction methods in typical Bay fashion. Built in 1911 in Youngs Creek, Virginia, she has a beam of 14', a depth of 3', and a net register tonnage of 6 tons. She carries a typical skipjack rig--a jib-headed mainsail laced to the boom and carried on wooden mast hoops, and a single large jib with a club on its foot. The vessel is painted white and the wood hull is sheathed with metal at the waterline.

In shape, the CLAUDE W. SOMERS has a sharp, raking clipper-like longhead bow with a squared bowsprit and a square, transom stern. The transom stern is shallow, with a pronounced rake. The rudder is carried outboard on pintles mounted on the transom and skeg. [The transom was due for repairs in late 1983, which may have resulted in a change in size or appearance.]

The vessel is flush-decked. From the stern forward the deck structures include: a box over the steering gear, on which the wheel is mounted; a tall cabin, with no windows but a slide; a small deck hatch; a tall box built over the winders; and a low main hatch on the foredeck. The vessel is fitted out for oystering with rotlers amidships on the rails; winders; dredges; and pipe davits over the stern from which is suspended the motorized pushboat. The pushboat has a 350horsepower Chevrolet engine. A fuel drum is carried on the skipjack's afterdeck and is connected to the pushboat's engine.

The raking mast is set up with double shrouds, forestay, and jibstay. A topping lift leads to the end of the boom, which is jawed to the mast. Other standing rigging includes a chain bobstay and chain bowsprit shrouds. Both mainsail and jib have lazyjacks for easier furling.

The sole decoration on the vessel is a white-painted sphere at the masthead. At the time of survey the trailboards had been removed.

## 8. Significance

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Period prehi 1400- 1500- 1600- 1700- 1800- 1900-	storic	-	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	iandscape architectu iaw iiterature iiterature military music mt philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific	dates	1911	Builder/Architect	Unknown	an 1948 an 1979 an 1979 an 1999
check:	and/ Applica		A _B _C _D	_EFG local	none

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the  $3\mathbf{5}$  surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this century, today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890's as a cheaper-toconstruct alternative to the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The type was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned Bay crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a-deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result--with its unframed, hard chine, cross-planked, v-bottomproved inexpensive to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide beams and low freeboard lending stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp-headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

The Maryland oyster season begins November 1 and ends March 15. Skipjacks must dredge under sail on all days except Mondays and Tuesdays, when they are allowed to use their motorized pushboat for dredging. The pushboat, normally carried on davits at the stern, is lowered into the water and literally "pushes" the skipjack along from behind, the nose of the pushboat resting against a "jig" on the stern of the skipjack. The pushboat can also legally be used to get the skipjack to and from the oyster beds each day. Each skipjack's crew is made up of the captain, who is often also the owner, and five crew members

CLAUDE W. SOMERS is also significant as being one of the older skipjacks still dredging in the Chesapeake fleet. She was built in 1911 in Young's Creek, Virginia following traditional Bay-area design and construction methods. She joined the oyster fleet in the heyday of skipjack building, before World War I, and has dredged ever since, currently working out of Tilghman Island. CLAUDE W. SOMERS is remembered as having been involved in the worst fishing disaster in recent Chesapeake history. In March, 1977, six men including the owner and skipper, Thompson Wallace of Chance, Maryland, were drowned when the SOMERS went over in a 70-knot squall near Hooper Strait Lighthouse. Five of the men lost were related to one another. The boat was subsequently sold and now oysters out of Tilghman. CLAUDE W. SOMERS is one of the 21 surviving working skipjacks to have been built previous to 1912, although, like the other members of the fleet, she has been much repaired over the years in good Chesapeake Bay tradition.

#### 9. Major Bibliographical References

See Thematic Group nomination cover form, Continuation Sheets No. 8-13.

10. Geographic	al Data			an an ann an 1997. 1998 - Charles All
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Item 2. Historic I List all states and counties for p	ooundaries are	coterminous	with th	he hull.
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<b>11. Form Prepar</b>	ed By			
name/title Anne Witty/ M	1. E. Hayward			

city or town	Baltimore	state Maryland 21201
street & num	ber 201 West Monument Street	telephone (301) 685-3750
organization	Maryland Historical Society	date May, 1984
	Radcliffe Maritime Museum	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House 21 State Circle Ann?~~lis, Maryland 21401 (30. 269-2438