United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

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1. Nam	е			harani i		
historic	Water Street/Dar	den Road Bi	ridge			
and/or common	Darden Road Bridge					
2. Loca	ition					
street & number	Over St. Joseph	River at Da	arden Road	N	∕A_ not for pub	olication
city, town	South Bend	X v	icinity of	-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1		
state	Indiana co	de 018	county	St. Joseph	code	141
3. Clas	sification					
Category district building(s) _X structure site object	Ownership X public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Accessib	cupied in progress	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private religioum scientif transpo	residence IS lic
4. Own	er of Prope	erty				ular traff
name	St. Joseph Count	y Commissio	ners			
street & number	County-City Buil	ding				
city, town	South Bend	N/A v	icinity of	state	Indiana	46601
5. Loca	tion of Leg	jal Des	criptio	n		
courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc. St.	Joseph Cou	ıntv Engine	er's Office		
street & number		nty-City Bu				
city, town		th Bend		state	Indiana	
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Indiana H	istoric Sites tructures Invento			erty been determined e	ligible? y	es <u>X</u> no
date 1975-	1982			federal _X sta	ate county	local
depository for su	r vey records Indiana	Department	of Natura	1 Resources		
city, town	Indiana	polis		state	Indiana	

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent good _X_ fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered _X altered	original site X moved date <u>July 24, 1906</u>

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Darden Road Bridge is located in Clay Township in the northeast sector of St. Joseph County. The bridge crosses the St. Joseph River near Healthwin Hospital, a county health care facility. The Darden Road Bridge was originally built in 1885 at Water Street (now LaSalle Street) in downtown South Bend, Indiana. In 1906 the bridge was removed from the Water Street location and floated downriver to its present location four miles north of town. In its first location the bridge consisted only of two spans, each 129 feet long. Two 35 foot approach spans had to be added to the bridge when the truss was moved to its present location.

The Darden Road Bridge is a double span, Pratt through truss (Photos 1, 2 and 3). The total length of the bridge is 328 feet (including two 129 foot spans and two 35 foot approach spans), and it has a 20 foot wide roadway deck. The truss measures 24 feet from the lower to the upper chord. The pin-connected, malleable iron bridge is supported by three concrete piers and two abutments. The through truss structure is basically level across the river, but because the river bank is higher on the east side of the river, the roadbed of the bridge slopes down from east to west. The truss has few embellishments; the most decorative feature is the structural lattice pattern of the portal bracing on three of the four pairs of endposts (Photo 5). The portal bracing is missing for the easternmost pair of endposts (Photo 2). The bracing of the vertical posts of the truss forms a zig-zag pattern (Photo 7). Evidence of the nameplates that once extended up from the portal struts can be seen on the inside end of each span (Historic Photos 13 and 14). The girders of the substructure extend south beyond the roadway deck to provide support for an eight foot wide sidewalk (Photo 8). The wooden sidewalk deck is almost all gone. However, the simple iron bar, balustraded handrail (Photo 2) is extant except for a portion on the western approach span. The sidewalk has been barricaded from pedestrian traffic for several years. Modern aluminum highway barriers have been added to each side of the bridge (Photo 4); however, one section is missing on the northern side of the bridge.

It appears that the re-erected through truss bridge served the county for several years with no problems. However, in 1939 the bridge was closed due to a perceptible sag when it was loaded. The bridge reopened in 1940 with only a few minor problems. In 1952 the bridge was once again closed to traffic due to its poor condition, and repairs were reported to be unfeasible. However, light vehicles were allowed to cross the bridge at their own risk. In 1957 a new wood deck was laid on the bridge and a year later it was covered with asphalt. This deck was eventually replaced by a corrugated metal and asphalt deck. In 1968 the load limit of the bridge was reduced to three tons and by 1970 the bridge was closed to all vehicular traffic.

Since the closing of the bridge to traffic in 1970 it has received no maintenance. This lack of maintenance over the last 14 years, combined with the minimal maintenance program of previous years, has taken its toll on the bridge. The bridge has remained standing because it was the superstructure for gas and sewer lines crossing the river. The gas line was placed under the river in 1983, but the bridge still carries the sewer line.

In general, the overall condition of the original bridge spans is fair, while the two new approach spans are deteriorating. The original bridge superstructure appears to be in good contiion with minor rusting. There are no apparent problems with any of the major truss members, and the majority of top lateral bracing tie rods are still in place, but are sagging (Photo 5).

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1799 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community plans conservation economics education engineering		re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater X transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1885	Builder/Architect	Chicago Bridge and Iron	Company.
01-1	1		P. E. Lane, Contractor	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Darden Road Bridge is significant in the areas of engineering and transportation and to the development of Clay and German Townships. According to the HAER Indiana Bridge Survey (draft), it is the only iron through truss bridge remaining in St. Joseph County, and for 99 years it has served as an important transriver link for both the City of South Bend and St. Joseph County.

The Darden Road Bridge was the first bridge to be built within the city limits with funds from the County Commissioners. It is the oldest extant bridge in Indiana manufactured by the Chicago Bridge and Iron Company, and is one of only four extant bridges in the state by the company. The bridge is an excellent example of the prefabricated through truss bridges that were once prevalent around the nation.

In its 99 years of existence the bridge has had a variety of names. Originally built as the Water Street Bridge in 1885, it was later renamed the LaSalle Street Bridge after the street name was changed. After the bridge was moved downriver in 1906 to its present location, the common name for the bridge was the Four Mile Bridge, a name that referred to its location four miles north of the city. In the 1930s the bridge became known by the road it served, and was called the Darden Road Bridge. In an attempt to end confusion on the bridge's name, the County Commissioners voted in 1940 to officially name the bridge Healthwin, due to the bridge's proximity to Healthwin Hospital. Although the name was officially changed to Healthwin Bridge and the title was used for several years, the common name of Darden Road Bridge has prevailed.

In October, 1884, the east span of an iron suspension bridge crossing the St. Joseph River at Water Street collapsed into the river. In a special meeting of the Common Council of South Bend it was decided that the mayor should telegraph P. E. Lane of the Chicago Bridge and Iron Company, 177 West LaSalle Street, Chicago, to come to South Bend at once to assess the damage. Lane had recently completed two iron truss bridges over the east race for the city. On October 27, 1884, the Common Council held a secret session to open bids by P. E. Lane and R. W.Curtis for replacing the fallen span. As a result of the meeting, P. E. Lane was hired to build a "trussel bridge immediately."

The <u>South Bend Tribune</u> reported that the spans of the Water Street bridge arrived on April 6 and 7, 1885, from Cleveland and that on April 13 the iron work of the west span was done and flooring was being laid. The bridge was completed on April 28, 1885.

In 1906 the residents of the City of South Bend petitioned the County Commissioners to replace the LaSalle Street Bridge (formerly Water Street Bridge). The Commissioners conceded to the citizens' demand, stating that the bridge was out of date and required too much maintenance to remain on LaSalle Street. In September, 1906, the Marsh Bridge Company of Des Moines, Iowa, won the contract to replace the old metal through truss bridge with a modern concrete Melan arch bridge. At the same time, the Commissioners voted to re-erect the truss at Mosquito Glen, an area four miles north of town, to replace a decaying wooden bridge. The removal of the iron truss bridge was supervised by W. A. Hey, the contractor

9. Major Bibliographical References

Please see continuation sheet

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state N/A		code	county			code
state	,	code	county			code
11. For	m Prepare	d By				
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name/title	Elizabeth A. St Historic Preser		mmiccion			
organization	of South Bend a			date	October 2	29, 1984
street & number	County-City Bui	ilding		telephone	219/284-9	9798
city or town	South Bend			state	Indiana	46601
12. Sta	te Historic	Pres	ervation	Offi	cer Ce	rtification
The evaluated sign	nificance of this proper	ty within the	state is:			
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Keeper of the	National Register		0.0 (100 kg 12 kg) 12 (100 kg 12 kg) 12 (100 kg)			
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The substructure of the original bridge is in fair condition; the girders and the stringers show few, if any, signs of deterioration. However, several of the tie rods that form the lateral bracing and the sway bracing are missing or in poor condition. All the substructure tie rods appear to be sagging (Photo 9).

The substructures of the two, 35-foot approach spans are deteriorating. The steel girders and I-beams of the newer approach spans both show signs of corrosion, the I-beams to such a degree that there are gaping holes and collapsed beams (Photo 10). The deterioriation of the western approach span is further advanced than that of the eastern approach span, probably as a result of being at a lower level and subjected to more water and salt run-off.

The three concrete piers that support the bridge all show signs of scouring by the river and have some minor cracks, but appear to be in good condition (Photo 3). The two abutments are in various stages of disrepair. The abutment on the western bank is in worse condition than the eastern abutment. Much of the problem of the western bank abutment appears to stem from a storm sewer having washed out the retaining wall, causing a severe erosion problem. The eastern abutment has some erosion at the south retaining wall, but it is in relatively good condition.

Overall, the Darden Road Bridge has remained in fair condition in spite of the poor maintenance the bridge has received in the last 40 years. Currently, the bridge roadway, the sidewalk deck, the sidewalk handrail, and several tie rods need to be repaired or replaced. Major structural work, possibly total replacement, is needed on both approachment spans to secure the bridge for the pedestrian traffic that has continued since closing of the bridge to vehicular traffic.

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for the Marsh Bridge Company. In April, 1907, the Commissioners awarded a contract to C. L. Copp, a local contractor, to re-erect the bridge at a cost of \$10,784. The bridge's re-erection was completed on October 1, 1907.

The Darden Road Bridge has always served as an important transportation link for the residents of South Bend and St. Joseph County. The bridge was the third bridge to be built across the St. Joseph River at Water Street, the site of the city's first ferry crossing. Water (now LaSalle) Street was and still is a major thoroughfare in South Bend. Early petitions emphasized the importance of the river crossing at Water Street. First, in January, 1885, a petition with 105 signatures (the population of South Bend was approximately 15,000 in 1885) was presented to the Common Council, requesting immediate rebuilding of the Water Street Bridge; in 1906 residents again petitioned the County Commissioners, this time to replace the outdated bridge on LaSalle (Water) Street with a wider and more modern bridge.

In 1908 the bridge, then known as Four Mile Bridge, provided an important transriver link in northern St. Joseph County. The Four Mile Bridge was the only bridge to cross the St. Joseph River between Angela Boulevard in South Bend and the Bertrand Bridge in Bertrand, Michigan, a distance of approximately eight miles. This river crossing in northern St. Joseph County greatly aided in the development and growth of Clay and German Townships in the early 20th century by providing residents of the area with a convenient crossing. The Darden Road Bridge remained the only river crossing in northern St. Joseph County until 1960, when the Auten Road Bridge was built one mile north. In 1970 the bridge was closed to vehicular traffic after the opening of the Cleveland Road Bridge, one-half mile south, but the bridge has remained a vital pedestrian crossing since its closing.

In 1978 the Darden Road Bridge was declared a County Landmark by the Historic Preservation Commission and the County Commissioners, because of its importance to St. Joseph County as an example of a late 19th century iron truss bridge, and for the major role it had in South Bend and St. Joseph County's early transportation history.

Item Number 9

Howard, Timothy Eugene. <u>History of St. Joseph County, Indiana</u>. Chicago: Lewis Publishing Company, 1907.

Hugus, Warren, Richard Manso and Walter Stumpf. "Integrated Design Project/Darden Road Bridge Study." Unpublished Student Paper, Notre Dame University, 1979.

St. Joseph County Commissioner's Minutes. Books 19 and 20, 1906-1907.

South Bend Common Council Records. Books 7 and 8, 1884-1885.

South Bend Public Library Clipping File. "Rivers—St. Joseph—Bridges." Various years, 1924-1974.

South Bend Tribune. Various issues, 1884-1978.