Form KHC1985-2

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#### KENTUCKY HISTORIC RESOURCES Individual Inventory Form

SEP 2 0 1988

2045

Resource # LA-L-10 Lawrence County

1.	• Name of Resource: Big Sandy Milling Company					
2.	the second s					
3.	. Other Names: Louisa Supply Company,					
Lo	ouisa Flour & F	eed Co., Lo	uisa Milli	ng Compa	inv	
4.		e (Bui	lding)	Object		
	Historic Site	Stru	cture	Other		
5.						
	Pike Street b	etween the	Railroad	Tracks a	nd	
	Lock Avenue	in Louisa,	Ky.			
6.						
1	Lawrence & I	Darlene Vir	ison	[	P ]	
7.	Owner's Addres Post Office H	30x 848				
	Louisa, Kentucky 41230					
8.	Evaluation:		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	]	N ]	
9.	Recognition &	Date:				
	Nat.Landmark	c	Local La	ndmark		
	Nat.Register		HABS/HA	AER		
	Highway Marker KY Inventory					
KY Landmark Certificate						
10.	N.R.Status & I	Date:				
11. N.R.Group:						
	District Name: []					
	Mult.Resource Area: Hist.Res.of Louisa [ ]					
Thematic Name: []						
12.	Historical The	ne:		_	-	
		Industry		]	10A]	
	Secondary: Architecture [ 030]			030]		
	Other:			]	]	
13.	Statement of S	ionificance	•			

#### 13. Statement of Significance:

The mill is significant under Criteria A & C. Under A, the mill is probably Louisa's oldest extant industrial and commercial establisment. The mill reinforced Louisa's regional status as a trade town, as it would bring area farmers here to trade their grain or to get it processed. Under Criterion (Continued)

# 14. History:

This mill has always been owned by Louisa's most prominent businessmen: in the 1980s by Captain Milton Freese, in 1900s by John C. Burns, in 1910s by J. P. Miller, in 1920s by John Moore and Pearl Kouns and, from 1929 until c. 1970 by the Wooten family.

Tradition dates this building to pre-Civil War. Initials and a date of 1840 were found on a door frame and may confirm this. According to another tradition which has not been confirmed, the mill was moved to the present location from a nearby

15. Source of historical information and/or contact person: Brenda Isaacs & Junior Thompson, 10/85 Deed Books - #77, p.371, #67, p.526, #64, p.326, #54, p.449, #28, p.210.

entor	y Form		awrence	County
16.	Date:			
	Original Bui	lding ?	1840	[ ]
	Addition	-	.1980	[ ]
17.	Style:			
	•	ntebellur	n Industria	1 [ 32 ]
		odern Ind		
18.	Architect/Buil	lder:		
	U	Inknown		
19.	No. of Stories	3+Bsmt	. & Attic	[3]
20.	Original Floor	Plan:		
		[/A		[ ]
<u>21.</u>	Single Pile	Double		(N.A.)
22.	(	Material:	Ori	ginal
	Gambrel		Not Ori	ginal
23.	Structural Ma			·
		lood		[ W ]
24.	Exterior Mate			
		lood		[ W ]
25.	Foundation Ma			נתז
		rick	None	[ B ]
26.	Major Alterati ?(Moved)/Reb		Other	
	(Additions)	unt	Other	
27.	Special Featur	000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
41.	•	ione		
28.	Outbuildings:		· - · - · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20.	•	one		[ 0 ]
29.	Original Funct			<u> </u>
	-	[j]]		[ 10A]
30.	Present Use:	<u></u>		
	N	lill		[ 10A]
31.	Condition:			
	E	xcellent		<u>[E]</u>
32.	Endangered:			Yes
				No X
33.	Attach Photos	:		
	Roll: Pho	oto Nos: 0-5	No. of	Slides:
	<b>v</b> .			
	TA	0A-12A		





37.	New Survey	Resurvey
36.	Date:	September 1985
35.	Organization	
34.	Prepared by:	Dorinda Kim M. Blackey

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Resource # LA-L-10

	UTM Point of Primary Building: Zone	Easting	Northing	39.	G.I.S. Mod.	<u> </u>
38.		59160	4219780	40.	Coordi.Accuracy	y [ ]
			<u> </u>			<u></u>
41.	UTM Points of Boundary (for N. R. eligible si	tes only):				
	A	D				
	B	E. F.				
	C					loce then
42.	. Total Acreage in Present Property: less than	43. Acrea	age included in	propose	d N.R. boundary:	one acre
44.	. Site Plan (and boundary description and justif	ication for	N.R. Sites:			
	PIKE ST	LOCXAVE	L ci K tv	ot 331 ial tax Y in Pl wo lots	Description: Lo as designated upo map of the City of at Book 1, page 4 are the entire pa sociated with the	on the offi- of Louisa, I. These Ircel histor

#### 45. Description and House Plan:

The post and beam construction is three stories high. It has a full basement of which only part of the original brick on the perimeter can be seen. There are irregularly placed wood columns in the basement which are of the same vintage as other columns upstairs. More recently, the basement has been poured with concrete. The building is clad with weatherboard primarily; the three-and-one-half story southwest elevation has been covered with raised-seam tin. Six over six sash windows are in three bays on the top two floors on the long sides of the building. The ends of the building also have three bays of windows. The main structural elements are posts and beams, ranging from 12" to 14" square. They are joined with an angled mortise and tenon joint. The walls are full 2 x 4 studs, approximately 18" on center and the corner posts are braced with 2 x 4s which, again, are joined with mortise and tenon joints.

The three-story portion houses an open elevator to carry the raw material to the top. It also contains the mill (an Allis-Chalmers Roller Mill). Powered by gas early in this century, the mill today is powered by electricity. There is another mill for cracking corn.

The one-story, gambrel-roof portion formerly was used for grain storage and now stores some bags of feed. The small addition in front of that is the office. The new, one-story wing stores bagged feed and is non-contributing.

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#### 13. Statement of Significance

C, the mill is a rare example of post and beam/mortise and tenon construction of such a large building for Eastern Kentucky.

#### 14. History

spot on the river. This makes sense since the 1840 etched date predates the railroad tracks (which are adjacent to the building and upon which it does depend) by some 40 years. This location is only approximately 200 yards from the river but for 1840, that is an unlikely location. The river bank would have had plenty of room to locate such a building making loading onto flatboats much easier.

Another unconfirmed tradition states that the mill was owned by a black man sometime in the 19th century. Although very few blacks lived in Eastern Kentucky then, Louisa's location on a major navigable waterway increased the likelihood that blacks may have gravitated to the town. It is also possible that operation of the mill by a black man has been embellished over the years to ownership. The mill was built for flour and corn processing. Sometime in this century, flour processing ceased, but corn meal was processed until around 1960.

## 45. Description & House Plan



