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| 1 NAME | | | | | |
| HISTORIC | Sage Inn | | | | |
| AND/OR COMMON | | | | | |
| 2 LOCATION | | | | | |
| STREET & NUMBER | Northwest corner, | S W 57th St | | 1glas Road | |
| CITY, TOWN | Dover | VICINITY OF | CO | NGRESSIONAL DISTR Iartha Keys | ICT |
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| NAME Mrs. | . Eva Bowker | | | | |
| STREET & NUMBER | Route 7 | | | <u> </u> | |
| CITY, TOWN | Dover | | | STATE Ka | insas 66420 |
| LOCATION | OF LEGAL DESCR | | | | |
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| STREET & NUMBER | Shawnee County | v Courthouse | | | |
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7 DESCRIPTION

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DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Sage Inn is a two-story stone building situated northwest of the intersection at the crossroads settlement of Dover. According to some accounts, it may have been built in two stages, the original in 1878 and the south wing in 1882, or other accounts seem to indicate the entire building was erected at the same time. If built at different times, the two portions have been well integrated through the use of the same building materials and techniques, giving the building a unified appearance.

The house has eight rooms and was built in a T-shaped plan. The exterior details have been rather roughly finished. Stones have been laid in a random ashlar pattern and the corners have been crudely quoined.

The main facade, which faces east has a veranda which extends along the front of the south wing. There are two gables with dormer windows over the veranda, which is supported by four wood columns. Two entrances to the building are located on the first floor under the veranda and centered under the former windows. Three single windows with dressed stone lintels and sills have been placed on the wall spaces between the doors. The north wing projects forward from the veranda, and there is an entrance on the south side of this wing from the veranda. On the east a window has been placed next to the entrance and two windows on the second story align with these openings.

The site drops steeply to the west along the north facade which has two windows level with the first story. Three windows along the basement level are possible because of the drop-off.

The north wing also projects out on the western facade and has two openings on each floor including the basement. The south wing has two gables with dormer windows like on its east facade. Below these windows is an enclosed wood porch with five windows. This porch, which is supported on wood columns appears to be a later addition. An oblique wooden staircase leads down from this porch to the ground. There are two windows and a door on the basement floor.

A bay window probably an addition, has been centered on the south facade. This window is the most finely detailed part of the exterior. The piers between the windows, the sills, lintels, base and entablature, which even has dentils, have been made of dressed stone. A window on the second story has been centered above the bay.

The roof, which is basically an intersecting saddleback, has been covered with asphalt shingles. There are small dentil-like corbels on the cornice of the entire building.

In exterior appearance the Sage Inn has probably changed very little. Besides those few changes mentioned above, several basement windows have been boarded up.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

| PERIOD | AR | EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH | IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW | |
|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| PREHISTORIC | ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC | COMMUNITY PLANNING | LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE | RELIGION |
| 1400-1499 | ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC | CONSERVATION | LAW | SCIENCE |
| 1500-1599 | AGRICULTURE | ECONOMICS | LITERATURE | SCULPTURE |
| 1600-1699 | ARCHITECTURE | EDUCATION | MILITARY | SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN |
| 1700-1799 | ART | ENGINEERING | MUSIC | THEATER |
| <u></u> | XCOMMERCE | EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT | PHILOSOPHY | TRANSPORTATION |
| 1900- | COMMUNICATIONS | INDUSTRY | POLITICS/GOVERNMENT | X OTHER (SPECIFY) |
| | | INVENTION | | Western Settlement |
| | | | | |

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Sage Inn at Dover was built for Alfred Sage probably around 1878 and was for many years the area's hostelry.

Alfred Sage was born near Dover, England, in 1833 and came to the United States to Syracuse, New York, in 1850. He moved to Iowa in 1855 and then to the Dover area, where he settled July 18, 1856. (Dover is located in southwestern Shawnee county about 15 miles from the present city limits of Topeka.) Alfred and his brother John were the first settlers in the Dover area. There were five Sage brothers and two sisters who eventually settled at Dover. Alfred Sage saw brief service during the Civil War, participating in the efforts to repel Sterling Price's raiders in 1864.

The stone building known as the Sage Inn was originally built as a residence, probably in 1878, at a cost of \$1,300. And according to some accounts, the south wing was added to the building around 1882. The identity of the stonemason or builder is not known, but if it wasn't Alfred Sage, possibly it was one of his brothers, Mark, who was a skilled stonemason.

Although he principally engaged in farming, Sage was in the mercantile business in Dover at two different times. A gazetteer also identified him as a butcher in 1878, and for more than 20 years he ran the only hotel in Dover. The hotel was used chiefly by travelers passing to and from Topeka. He had three stints as the postmaster in Dover: 1871-1873, 1884-1893, and from 1897 until his death in 1905. According to one tradition he named the town Dover after his home in England; however, another pioneer family in the area claimed they had named it after their home, Dover, New Hampshire.

Alfred Sage was an important man to the small trading center of Dover. He was a successful farmer, businessman and public figure as well as a pioneer settler.

The Sage Inn is used as a residence and has been the home of the present owner for 56 years. This landmark building is significant for its link to the pioneer settlers of the Dover area, a tangible reminder of the heritage of Dover and Shawnee county. It is a good example of the vernacular stone construction employed by early Kansas settlers.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Sage Inn

CONTINUATION SHEET

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PAGE

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