EE INSTRUCTIONS

DATA SHEET PHOOF 7131

Form 10-300 (Rev. 6-72) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE	HVV   113/	
	Colorado	
COUN	ΓΥ:	
_	Jefferson	
	FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY	DATE	

(Type all entries	s - complete appli	cable sections)	<del> </del>	
NAME				FEB 1 3 1975
COMMON:				
Rooney Ranch				
AND/OR HISTORIC:				
LOCATION	7-7-1			
STREET AND NUMBER: 5			-1	
Junction-at R	ooney Road,	Alameda Par	CKWAY	
,			The state of the s	
Golden Wir/		CODE COUN	TV:	CODE
Colorado		CODE	Jefferson	059
CLASSIFICATION			) ETTEL POIL	
CATEGORY	T			ACCESSIBLE
(Check One)	0	WNERSHIP	STATUS	TO THE PUBLIC
☐ District ☒ Building	Public I	Public Acquisition:	OX1 . Oi!	Yes:
Site Structure	IX Private	In Process	Occupied	Restricted
	Both	☐ Being Consid	Unoccupied Preservation wa	Unrestricted
Object			in progress	No ⊠ No
PRESENT USE (Check One or )				
		Park	Transportation	Comments
	_	Private Residence	Other (Specify)	113
	ilitary	Religious	- 10 Dr	<b>*</b>
Entertainment M	useum	Scientific	<del></del>	CFIVEN
OWNER OF PROPERTY			O 007	101/ 101
OWNER'S NAME:			Na	6 1974
Alexander Room	ney		Joe ARTIC	WA. 6 8
STREET AND NUMBER:			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	WAL COLOR D
Rooney Road			TATE:	No.
		3	Colorado 191	16 / /F Q
Golden LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC	CIPTION		Colorado	08 5
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF				G (
Jefferson Cour		11180		e H
STREET AND NUMBER:	rey court in	use		H :
1700 Arapahoe				ļ iš
CITY OR TOWN:		S	TATE	CODE
Golden			Colorado	08 8
		1	0.2.2	
REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	TING SURVEYS			
TITLE OF SURVEY:				Į,
State Inventor	Э			
DATE OF SURVEY: 1973	3	☐ Federal 🔀	State County	The section of the se
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RE	•			2000
State Historic	cal Society			۾ جو <u>۾ جو ا</u>
	<del></del>			1975
STREET AND NUMBER:				12 1
200 14th Avenu	ıe		· .	Φι
	ıe	ļs-	TATE:	CODE
200 14th Avenu	ıe	s	TATE: Colorado	

7. DESCRIPTION						
·				(Check One)		
CONDITION	☐ Excellent	<b>X</b> Good	☐ Fair	Deteriorated	Ruins	Unexposed
CONDITION		(Check O	ne)		(Che	eck One)
	☐ Alte	red	🔀 Unaltered		☐ Moved	Original Site
DESCRIBE THE DE	SECENT AND OR	ICINIAL (if ko	own) Duvere A	LABBEABANCE		

With the exception of the addition of insulation, electricity, plumbing, and a partition in the downstairs bedroom, the appearance is the same as when the building was constructed in 1865. It is a two-story house with a gable roof. It is constructed of native sand stone and native limestone. The walls are 18 inches thick. The house is approximately 36' x 24'. The stones were laid up with lime burned in a kiln on the ranch, mixed with sand from the creek bottom on the ranch. The adjacent spring house, approximately 10' x 12', has the same appearance as the house and was constructed at the same time. It houses a spring which kept dairy products at 51°.

The property is mostly meadow in a valley between a hogback range on the west and Green Mountain on the east. There is a creek that ran the length of Rooney Gulch, a natural mineral spring, clay pits, lime deposits, and coal deposits.

The original buildings were constructed by Alexander Rooney who was a stone mason. He had come west in 1859 and had worked first as a stone mason in Central City, helping to construct the Masonic Lodge. Buildings constructed on the ranch in the subsequent years have been built by other members of the Rooney family, the latest being outbuildings such as a barn and a stable, which were constructed by the present Alexander Rooney in the same way used to construct the original ranch house in 1865. The stone mason's trade was passed down in the family.



GNIFICANCE			
PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	☐ 18th Century	20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	X 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known) 1865		
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropria	te)	
Abor iginal	☐ Education	☐ Political	Urban Planning
□ Prehistoric	☐ Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
	☐ Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
☐ Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	☐ Military	Theater	
Conservation	☐ Music	Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

There are two areas of major historical significance:

- 1. The original ranch house and spring house still are in use as a residence and spring house. This is the oldest stone building in Jefferson County still in use. The residents of the house are the great-grandson, and his family, of the original resident, Alexander Rooney. The area is still being ranched and farmed.
- 2. The valley formed by the two mountain ridges is an area lending itself to prehistoric archaeological research, as well as to an archaeological repository of Ute artifacts. It is relatively untouched, since a large protion of the original ranch has remained in the Rooney family through the years and has been unavailable to the public.

Alexander Rooney originally came west in 1859, as stated in a love letter written to his wife, "to seek his fortune." For three years he did a variety of tasks, ranging from utilizing his skills as a stone mason, to driving lumber and other supplies to the mining camps between Denver and South Park, to operating a "dary farm." The high altitude caused him great discomfort, so he searched for winter pasture for his cattle. He found his heart's desire in the fall of 1861, and brought his wife, Emeline, and other members of his family west to the valley area between the mountain and the plains, from their home in Anamosa, Iowa. In subsequent years he acquired 4480 acres of land in a variety of ways, ranging through homesteading 160 acres for all qualified members of the family, purchasing adjacent military patents, acquiring land given to the State of New York for a land grant college, purchasing acreage from the Union Pacific, and cash purchases from other adjacent homesteaders. The ranch covered an area that was probably the largest ranching area for cattle and horses in Jefferson County...from the hogback on the west to the Platte River on the east, from Bear Creek on the south to Table Mountain near Golden on the north. He put up hay and grass from his ranch, did enough vegetable farming for his family,

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Homestead Patents in the U.S. Bureau of Land management in Denver. Abstract book from the Landon Abstract Company. File of letters from Alexander Rooney to Emeline Littlefield from 1859-1861 in Colorado Historical Society. Crain, Mary Helen. Circle of Pioneers. Also 2 newspaper articles in Canyon Courier.

Interviews: Jefferson County Historical Society, 3/74 & 4/74. Crew, Verne. Gold and Grass. unpublished mss.

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STATE:			CODE	1	COUNTY:	18	REGIST			COL
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tional 89-665 in the evalua forth b	designated State Liais Historic Preservation ), I hereby nominate th National Register and ted according to the co- y the National Park Se of significance of this ational  State	Act of 1966 (Publis property for incertify that it has iteria and procedurice. The recommend	ic Law clusion s been ures set		Nationa:	Registe  Office of	Archeology	rtees	Lu	
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Form 10-300a (July 1969)

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	
Colorado	
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FOR NPS USE ONLY	Y
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(Number all entries) #8

Other famous visitors included Buffalo Bill Cody and Teddy Roosevelt. Buffalo Bill Cody and Otis Rooney were old friends and once had been partners in a venture running the first Hereford cattle in Wyoming. He often visited the ranch and on one occasion tried to persuade Otis to allow his daughter Edna Belle, who was a champion bareback rider, to join his Wild West Show. When Cody's show closed many of its tents found their way to the Rooney ranch where they were used to cover haystacks. Theodore Roosevelt came to Colorado in 1908 to hunt elk. Otis outfitted him with a Studebaker farm wagon for the expedition. Later Roosevelt visited the ranch and gave the wagon and utensils in it to the Rooney's.

Alexander and Emeline Rooney had six children, five of whom were born in the ranch house. Otis Rooney was one of these children. His three children (Morris, Ruth, and Alex) were also born there, and Alexander Rooney's four sons were born there. Alexander Rooney presently owns the ranch and his son Otis lives in the original stone ranch house.

The Panic of 1893 forced the Rooney's to give up a large part of their ranch and lands, however they still retain the core ranch house area and 1380 acres.

Coal was discovered on the property in 1872 and a large mine operated on the ranch lands under various managements until 1933. Exposed coal seams still supply the Rooney's with coal for the stone house.

Some of the earliest silent cowboy movies were also shot on the ranch property.

Dinosaur footprints were discovered on the property on a site near the present Alameda Parkway, which cuts through the ranch and is frequently visited by school children from Jefferson County, as is the ranch house. Dinosaur bones have been found in the surrounding clay pits, and members of the family have collected quantities of Indian artifacts from the property.



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OPT NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL **INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM** REGISTER

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COUNTY Jefferson FOR NPS USE ONLY ENTRY NUMBER DATE FEB 1 3 1975

Colorado

STATE

(Continuation Sheet)

but primarily raised cattle and horses. He chose to raise a special breed of cattle, and first introduced Galloway cattle imported from Scotland to the West. He drove them to his ranch in a cattle drive from Missouri. They resembled buffalo because of their hugh shoulders, powerful necks, and long wavy hair. Stockmen made heavy coats from their hide. Rooney also bred Morgan horses for the United States' Calvary and the British Army. The Rooney family raised Galloway cattle on the ranch until 1971.

There were several illustrious visitors to the ranch area. Colorow, chief of the Ute Indian tride that roamed the area, became acquainted with Alexander Rooney as Rooney was first in the process of building his barns and corrals from cedars that grew on the hogback. The Utes, though transitory, would make annual pilgrimages to the area chosen by Rooney for his ranch for two reasons. There was a tree on the slope behind the ranch house that Colorow called his "Inspiration Tree." The whites came to refer to it as his "Council Tree," however, because it was Colorow's custom to assemble his council under the tree when he came out of the mountains each year. Utes also came annually to a mineral spring that formed a pond near the ranch buildings (and still exists). They felt that it was necessary to their good health to smear themselves with the blue mud from the pond, sit in the sun until it dried and cracked, peel it off, and continue their travels with pure The Utes, although nor normally in the habit of making friends with the whites, came to respect Rooney because of his fair dealings with them. A few stayed to help him build his corrals, many caught wild horses for him to break for his trade with U.S. and British cavalries. The Utes found him to be a man of his word, and consequently treated his family and his home with respect. Colorow paid social calls on the family, even offering to marry one of Rooney's daughters.

A large battle took place between the Utes and the Arapahoes on the hogback west of the ranch and on the ranch, and though Rooney feared the destruction or damage of his wooden outbuildings and his haystacks, the Indians all carefully avoided the civilized portions of the ranch. The tribe camped yearly in the meadows surrounding the ranch, however, and generations of Rooney boys grew up with Ute Indians as campanions. Today the Red Rock Lions' Club annually reenacts the life of Chief Colorow in a ceremony under the "Inspiration Tree."