Survey No. S-242

Magi No.

MM 18 77

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE _yes _x no

CHESAPEAKE BAY SKIPJACK FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

			·	
1. Nam	e (indicate p	referred name)		
historic	HOMAS W. CLYDE			
and/or common	skipjack			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	LOWER THOROF	'ARE		n/a not for publication
city, town	lenona	vicinity of	congressional district	FIRST
state Mar	yland 024	county	Somerset	039
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered _x_ not_applicable	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious transportation other:
	er of Prope	(give names a	nd mailing addresso	
city, town	Wenona	state	and zip code / 1	Maryland 21870
~,`-,-,	ation of Leg	al Description	on	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. n/a	1		liber
street & number				folio
city, town			state	
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surv	veys
title Su	rvey of Surviving	Traditional Chesapea	ke Bay Craft	
date 19	983-1984		federalX sta	ite county local
depository for su	Marylan	d Historical Trust,		
	Annapolis,	***************************************	state	Maryland 21401
* *	A 4-5	The state of the s	······································	

7. Description

Survey No.

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Condition

___ excellent
X good

____ fair

__ deteriorated __ ruins

_ unexposed

Check one
unaltered
altered

Check one n/a original site

__ moved date of move

n/a

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is a 54.4' long, two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. Built in 1911 in Oriole, Maryland for the oyster fishery, she continues active as a sailing dredgeboat. The vessel has a beam of 18.2', a depth of 5.3', and a net register tonnage of 21. She carries a typical skipjack rig of jib-headed mainsail and large boom. She has a longhead bow with headrails and a square, transom stern. Her wooden hull is painted the traditional white.

THOMAS W. CLYDE has a straight, slightly raking stem with a longhead. Headrails—wooden braces—extend from the end of the longhead back to the hull. Her square stern is boxy. The vessel shows typical Bay—area cross—planked construction methods. Her rudder is carried outboard on the transom with a chock for the pushboat located to one side. There are guards amidships to protect the hull from the bumping of the dredges, and metal ice sheathing at the waterline.

The single mast is set up with double shrouds and turnbuckles, as well as a forestay, jibstay, and topping lift. There are lazyjacks on the sails for easier furling. The mainsail is laced to the boom and carried on wood hoops at the mast; the boom is jawed to the mast. A large jib, with a club along its foot, is rigged out to the bowsprit, which is long and octagonal, painted white with brightwork toward the end and a white tip. The bowsprit is rigged with double chain bobstays and chain bowsprit shrouds. There are headrails from the end of the longhead back to the hull. In addition to the sail rig, the vessel carries a motorized pushboat suspended from davits over the stern.

The skipjack is flush-decked, eith a wheelbox at the after rail, a tall babin trunk, and a box over the winder engine. Decks are surrounded with a pinrail forward and a higher pinrail aft, but open with dredge rollers amidships. Dredging gear is carried in season.

The white-painted hull is decorated with a tan-trimmed pinrail. Trailboards mounted on the longhead have the vessel's name in gold with vines and leaves, along with an eagle/shield/arrows motif in red, white, and blue, all on a dark green background. Nameboards on the hull have the name THOMAS W. CLYDE in gold on a dark ground.

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C ——archeology-prehistoric ——agriculture ——architecture ——art ——X commerce ——communications	 community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement 	landscape architecture religion law science literature sculpture military social/ music humanitarian philosophy theater politics/government transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1911	Builder/Architect	Unknown
an	cable Criteria: X A ad/or cable Exception:	BxCD ABCDI	E _F _G _x none
Level	of Significance: X	_nationalstate _	local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this centure today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890s as a cheaper-to-constral constraint of the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The type was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result-with its unframed, hard chine, cross-planked, V-bottom--proved inexpensive

to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide beams and low free board lening stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp-headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

The Maryland oyster season begins November 1 and ends March 15. Skipjacks must dredge under sail on all days except Mondays and Tuesdays, when they are allowed to use their motorized pushbot for dredging. The pushboat, normally carried on davits at the stern, is lowered into the water and literally "pushes" the skipjack along from behind, the nose of the pushboat resting against a "jig" on the stern of the skipjack. The pushboat can also legally be used to get the skipjack to and from the oyster beds each day. Each skipjacks' crew is made up of the captain, who is often also the owner, and five crew members.

THOMAS W. CLYDE is of interest as being one of the older skipjacks still dredging in the Chesapeake fleet. She was built in 1911 in Oriole, Md. following traditional Bay-area design and construction methods. She has worked in the oyster-dredging fleet since her building and is presently based at Deal Island. The vessel is one of the 21 surviving working skipjacks to have been built previous to 1912, although, like the other members of the fleet, she has been much repaired over the years in true Chesapeake fashion.

See Thematic Group nomination cover form, Continuation Sheets No. 8-13.

10. Geograph	ical Data			e de la companya de l
Quadrangle name	less than one a land, MD	Suprice of the Control	Quadrang	le scale _1:24000
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C		□		
Verbal boundary description This working ver Item 2. Histor:	sel is usually	docked at to e cotermino	he locatio us with th	n indicated in e hull.
List all states and counties		_	ity boundaries	
state n/a	code	county		code
state	code	county		code
11. Form Prep	ared By			
name/title Anne Witty	/ M. E. Hayward			
	Maritime Museum			
organization Maryland F	istorical Societ	y date	May, 198	4
street & number 201 West	Monument Street	telep	hone (301)	685-3750
city or town Baltimore		state	Maryland	21201

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annaralis, Maryland 21401

(30. 269-2438