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## **United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

### RECEIVED

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NOV 8 1988

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guidelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(Form 10-900a). Type all entires.			
1. Name of Property			
historic name Frisco Depot			
other names/site number Fayettev	ille Depot		
•			
2. Location			
street & number 550 West Dickso	on Street		not for publication
city, town Fayetteville			vicinity
	O5 county Washington	code 143	zip code 72701
3. Classification			
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resou	rces within Property
X private	X building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
pasiio i odorai	object		objects
		1	Total
Name of related multiple property listing		Alumbar of contrib	
Name of related multiple property listing $\mathrm{N/A}$	J.		outing resources previously
11/11		listed in the Natio	nal Register <u>N/A</u>
4. State/Federal Agency Certifica	tion		
In monitor the property meet Signature of certifying official Arkansas Historic Preser State or Federal agency and bureau	s does not meet the National Reg	jister criteria. See c	ontinuation sheet.  1/-2-88  Date
5. National Park Service Certifica	tion		
I, hereby, certify that this property is:			
entered in the National Register.  See continuation sheet.  determined eligible for the National Register.  See continuation sheet.  determined not eligible for the National Register.	Alone Byen	Fintered in th Wational Negli	12/8/88
removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)			
	Signature of t	he Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use		
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)	
Transportation: rail-related	Vacant/not in use	
22 AUG AV.		
7. Description		
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)	
	foundation <u>concrete</u>	
Mission/Spanish Colonial Revival	walls <u>brick</u>	
	stucco	
	roof <u>ceramic tile</u>	
	other	

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

### SUMMARY

The Frisco Line Station, built in 1897, and remodeled in 1925, is located on Fayetteville's Dickson Street. This area serves as a link between the University of Arkansas to the west and the central business district to the east, and as such was the center of traffic in the pre-automobile era. The building is simple in plan but unusual in style, as it is one of the only Mission Revival/Pueblo Revival-style buildings in the area.

### ELABORATION

The Fayetteville Depot is a long, one-story rectangular building in the Mission Revival/Pueblo Revival style. In plan, there is a hierarchy of function along a north-south axis parallel with the railroad line. At the south end is a portecochere (covered porch), giving access to the passenger area. The north end of the building is the freight zone. The west side of the building lies along the actual railroad line and represents the embarkation zone.

The building is of stuccoed brick. Upper portions of the exterior are painted a neutral tan with a wainscot of exposed brick from the brick paving surface to a height of 3'6". Above the brick are simple, unadorned flat surfaces, with the exception of ornamental projecting roof beams, or "vigas", and a single row of soldiered brick above each of the double-hung, wood sash windows.

The roof over the passenger area is a red, Spanish-tiled gable roof with mission-style, finial-topped campanille gable ends. Roofs of the porte-cochere and freight areas are flat, surfaced with tar and gravel built-up roofing.

On the west facade, the conical-roofed ticket office "tower" of the original station has been replaced by a tiled roof dormer and facade which echoes the north and south gable ends.

The interior of the passenger area features the waiting room for whites at the south end, separated from the "colored" waiting area at the north end by the ticket office. A narrow hall runs along the east side of the ticket office and connects the two waiting areas. Auxillary rooms (offices, rest rooms) are loaded along the east side of the waiting rooms and corridor.

## **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

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The interior has 12'0" ceilings, with brick wainscoting to a height of 6'6" and plastered walls above. Ceilings are plastered and the floors are of wood. The interior of the white waiting area also features a massive oak newsstand.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this property	in relation to other properties: atewide \( \begin{aligned} \overline{X} \\ \overline{X} \end{aligned} \]	
Applicable National Register Criteria X A B X C	]D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	D DE F G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Transportation Architecture	Period of Significance 1925  Cultural Affiliation N/A	Significant Dates1925
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

### SUMMARY

The Frisco Depot in Fayetteville is significant in the area of transportation because it represents the heyday of rail traffic in this university town. Architecturally, the depot is significant as a rare example in the state of a pure Mission/Spanish Colonial Revival Style building used in the context of quasi-official, corporate architecture. The depot was a focal point for the community, and it symbolizes the economic and cultural development of Northwest Arkansas during the 1920's.

#### **ELABORATION**

The first passenger train arrived at Fayetteville on July 4, 1882. Its arrival marked an end to geographical isolation of the Ozark region of Northwest Arkansas. The city of Fayetteville, the largest and most affluent population center in the region and location of the University of Arkansas since 1871, had outbid other towns for the railroad by raising \$8,000 for promotion and another \$2,500 for the construction of a depot. The first depot had burned in 1897, and the present structure was built soon after on the same site.

The depot was totally remodeled and enlarged in 1925, as a result of pressure on the Frisco Line from the Fayetteville City Council. At the height of its use, the station handled six passenger trains a day. The old station was considered inadequate, old-fashioned, and ugly by the day's standards. Construction of the new station paralleled an unprecedented program of expansion at the University of Arkansas at Fayetteville; it was needed to handle the influx of new students and increasing use of the facilities by the general population. A larger railroad depot serving Fayetteville was seen as needed by the local government to keep pace with the growth of both the city and the University.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Weitz, Karen, <u>California's Mission Revival</u> , Hennesy 1984.	y and Ingalls, Inc., Los Angeles,
13 March 1925, "Fayetteville Democrat", 'Let's Take	e What Depots We Can Get', p.1.
25 May 1925, ibid., 'Frisco Railroad to Resubmit De	epot Plans', p.1.
27 May 1925, ibid., 'Frisco Ready to Begin Work', p	p.1.
8 June 1925, ibid., 'Frisco's Plans for Station End	dorsed', p.1.
26 August 1925, ibid., 'Freight Station Contract Le	et', p.1.
11 March 1925, ibid., 'Frisco to Let Bids', p.1	•
9 June 1925, "Fayetteville Democrat", 'City Accepts	s Frisco Plan', p.1.
2 September 1925, ibid., 'New Passenger Station Pla	ans', p.1.
	ee continuation sheet
has been requested  previously listed in the National Register  previously determined eligible by the National Register  designated a National Historic Landmark  recorded by Historic American Buildings  Survey #  Ottoric	ary location of additional data: tate historic preservation office ther State agency ederal agency ocal government niversity ther ify repository:
10. Geographical Data  Acreage of property Less than 1	
UTM References  A [1,5] [3 9,5 0,0 0] [3,9 9,1 7,7 0] B  Zone Easting Northing Zone  C	Easting Northing
□ Se	ee continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description Beginning at the intersection of t side of Dickson Street with a perpendicular line border the building, proceed northerly along said line to inte line bordering the northern elevation of the building,	ring the western elevation of ersection with perpendicular
$\overline{\mathbb{X}}$ Se	ee continuation sheet
Boundary Justification These boundaries include all of the proposith this building's function as a local railroad transposit	
	ee continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By name/title Walter Unglaub, edited by Arkansas Historic Pr	reservation Program Staff
organization <u>Architectural</u> Resource Consultants	date
street & number 122 West Meadow Street, #1	telephone (501) 443-6704
city or town <u>Fayetteville</u>	state Arkansas zip code 72702

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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The resulting expansion of the railroad depot was less than the City Council hoped for, however. A forty percent drop in passenger ticket sales in 1925, due to an increase in automobile travel, forced the Frisco line to cut back on the planned square footage of the expansion. After World War II, the advent of air travel and paved highways in Northwest Arkansas caused a drastic decline in railroad travel. The last passenger train left Fayetteville on September 18, 1965.

Architecturally, the Frisco depot's Spanish Colonial Revival design is unique for a Fayetteville commercial building. The style was one adopted by the railroad during the post World War I years as a vehicle for promoting travel to California, where Spanish Colonial Revival was enjoying great popularity and with which buildings of that general appearance were associated in the minds of the average American. Frisco used the style as an unofficial trademark for new depots during this period, so it was logically chosen for the remodelling of the Fayetteville facility in 1925.

The Fayetteville Depot, abandoned today, once served as an important metaphor of community, formed around the common interest of travel and transportation. Today, it serves as an important visual focal point along Dickson Street, one of Fayetteville's busiest thoroughfares. Dickson Street serves and has served as an axial link between the University and the central business district of the city. In the spring of 1987, the property catercornered to the depot was proposed as the site of the planned Fayetteville performing arts center, and the depot itself is the target for renovation by local business interests.

The Frisco Depot in Fayetteville is being nominated under Criterion A for its representation of the railroad as a significant facet of the city's transportation history. (Although rail traffic continued to be important through the World War II years, its major significance pre-dates that era.) The depot is also being nominated under Criterion C as an unaltered example of the Spanish Colonial Revival style.

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2 June 1926, ibid., 'Waiting Room for new Station...', p.1.

1 November 1926, ibid., 'Building Work Holding Up...', p.1.

Kirker, Harold Clark, California's Architectural Frontier: Style and Tradition in the Nineteenth Century, The Huntington Library, San Marino, 1960.

Gebhart, David, "The Spanish Colonial Revival in Southern California (1895 - 1930)", 'Journal of the Society of Architectural Historians', May 1967, pp.131-147.

## **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

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Verbal Boundary Description - Continued

the building to the intersection with a perpendicular line bordering the eastern elevation of the building, thence proceed southerly along said line to intersection with sidewalk on northern side of Dickson Street, thence proceed westerly to point of beginning.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION
PROPERTY Frisco Depot NAME:
MULTIPLE NAME:
STATE & COUNTY: ARKANSAS, Washington
DATE RECEIVED: 11/08/88 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 11/22/88 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 12/08/88 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/23/88 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:
REFERENCE NUMBER: 88002819
NOMINATOR: STATE
REASONS FOR REVIEW:
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N
COMMENT WAIVER: N
ACCEPTRETURNREJECT _/2/8/88 DATE Entered in the National Register
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA	
REVIEWER	
DISCIPLINE	
DATE	

CLASSIFICATION
countresource type
STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION
FUNCTION
historiccurrent
DESCRIPTION
architectural classification materials descriptive text
SIGNIFICANCE
Period Areas of SignificanceCheck and justify below
Specific dates Builder/Architect Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)
summary paragraphcompletenessclarityapplicable criteriajustification of areas checkedrelating significance to the resourcecontextrelationship of integrity to significancejustification of exceptionother
BIBLIOGRAPHY
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA
acreageverbal boundary descriptionboundary justification
ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION/PRESENTATION
sketch mapsUSGS mapsphotographspresentatio
OTHER COMMENTS
Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to
Phone
Signed Date



Frisco Depot Fayetheville, Washington Co. Photo by T. Jones December 1987 Negative on file at AHPP View from southwest



Frisco Depot Fayetteville, Washington Co. Photo by T. Jones December, 1987 Negative on file at AHPP View from Southeast



FRISCO DEPOT

FAYETTEVILLE, WASHINGTON CO.

PHOTO BY T. VONES

DECEMBER, 1987

NEGATIVE ON FILE AT AHPP

VIEW FROM NORTHWEST



#### ARKANSAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM

RECEIVED

November 3, 1988

NOV 8 1988

NATIONAL REGISTER

Carol D. Shull
Chief of Registration
United States Department of the Interior
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
1100 "L" Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20240

RE: Frisco Depot

Fayetteville, Washington County

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination for the Frisco Depot. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathy Buford

State Historic Preservation Officer

CB/KS/bjm

**Enclosures** 

