National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received DEC 2 6 1985 date entered JAN 2 3 1986

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries	s—complete applicable s	sections		
1. Nam	1 e			
historic Vosse	111-/0	1 1		
	ller's/Castner's/Al	len's Tavern		
_	Maples residence			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	664 Foothill Road			N/A not for publication
city, town Br	idgewater	vicinity of		
state New J	ersey cod	e 034 county	Somerset	code 035
3. Clas	sification			
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty		•
name Franc	is K. and Lois Mapl	es		
street & number	664 Foothill Road			
city, town Brid	gewater	vicinity of	Somerville state	NJ
	ation of Lega	al Description	on	
courthouse regi	stry of deeds, etc. Some	reet County Clark		
street & number	Bridge and High S	treets		
city, town So	merville		state	NJ
6. Repi	resentation	in Existing	Surveys	
Somerset title Historic	County Inventory o Sites		perty been determined e	ligible?yes _X_ no
date 1978		***************************************	federal sta	ate X county local
depository for su	urvey records Office o	f New Jersey Herita	ige	
city, town CN	404, Trenton		state	New Jersey 08625

7. Description

good ruins	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	·
fair unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance $\underline{\text{DESCRIPTION}}$

Jacob Vosseller's house, probably built sometime between his marriage in 1753 and 1768, the earliest date in his business daybook, is a two-and-a half story, three-bay modified rectangle with gable roof and interior gable-end chimneys. A nearly symmetrical facade and center-hall floor plan characterize it as Georgian. The exterior retains original hand-split clapboards. Gable ends are shingled and pedimented.

A severely plain facade is ornamented only by pilasters and a pediment framing the door, and by shutters which are paneled downstairs and louvered upstairs. Two over two window sash and a center gable dormer were 20th century improvements made by the Kopf family (1907-46). Brigham's restoration (1952-60) removed the gable and 19th Century porches, and put on the shutters and a divided Dutch door with handwrought hinges salvaged from another old house.

A one-and-a-half story wing on the south end is also of early date. Front, side, and rear extensions, all 20th century, do not obscure the basic lines.

It is evident that this house has been built in stages, but how many and in what order is conjectural. Exposed beams exhibit a discontinunity of size, finish, and spacing which together with the limited extent of the cellar suggest a one-room house enlarged both horizontally and vertically.

Both the main house and wing are of braced frame construction with brick nogging. Interior partitions are brick. The cellar has rubble stone walls and is under only the wing and living room. Beneath what was the hall, the north end and rear of the house is a crawl space. Footing walls, also of rubble stone, are about 3'6" high.

The front door opens into the living room facing the stairs. Scars on ceiling beams indicate a prior separation which created a six-foot wide center hall in which the door was off-center.

The north end of the house has 7'3" ceilings; beaded beams are 6 3/4 by 6" on 3'7" centers, and beams appear to be continuous from front to back. However, there is no indication that this was ever one large room as were the bedrooms above, where a hinged wooden partition could be swung up to the ceiling to form a large ballroom. Four hooks to hold up the partition still remain in the upstairs ceiling.

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On the south end of the main house the ceiling is higher, 7'6", and rough hewn beams are heavier, $6\frac{1}{2}$ " by $7\frac{1}{2}$ " on 4'6" centers. These beams were originally sheathed; covering was removed by Brigham.

Roof rafters in the main block are 17 feet long, pegged together at the peak and unsupported.

The south wing, said to have been the barroom of Allen's Inn, has 6'11" ceilings. Rough hewn beams $4\frac{1}{2}$ " by $5\frac{1}{2}$ " (orginally cased) are on 2'5" centers. French doors with sidelights on the south end date from Kopf as does the one-story, hip-roofed extension of this room.

Kopf also added a one-story, shed-roof kitchen wing on the side and rear, removing a corner post in the process. Maples put in a steel beam reinforcement to compensate when reconstructing this wing in 1976. Maples partitioned the dining room to form a den/study.

Appointments throughout the house are original to the premises with the exception of a corner fireplace and hearth in the living room which were taken from another old house. However, in the course of restorations a great deal of relocating has been done. Wide pine floor boards have all been taken up and relaid. The widest board is 18". Doors with handwrought iron strap hinges having characteristic round Dutch nail plates were salvaged from the attic and outbuildings.

There are no extant outbuildings, but several were once on the property including a carriage house, barn, and blacksmith shop. A c. 1900 photo illustrates a frame barn behind (east) the house. It had two levels, with the wagon opening on the gable end facing the ice house. The foundations of the barn and other outbuildings survive.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 X 1700–1799 X 1800–1899	<u> </u>	community planning conservation economics education engineering X exploration/settlement	Iandscape architectur Iaw Iiterature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater X transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1753 circa	Builder/Architect Jacob	Vosseller	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

SIGNIFICANCE

Recognized as a landmark on Robert Erskine's 18th century map (98A), this house is one of the best preserved pre-Revolutionary commercial buildings in the Somerville area. In the 18th century, it was a general store and tavern; in the 19th century, a tavern serving stage travellers on the old Pluckemin Road (Peapack Road) until a new road diverted traffic; a farmhouse until World War II; and a residence thereafter.

The earliest record of the property is a mortgage, April 13, 1772, given by Jacob Vosseller of Bridgewater to the Estate of Jacobus VanDerveer of Bedminster (1). Two lots are described, one 50 acres the other five, suggesting improvements on the land subject to tax.

Erskine notes it as Fusler T, presumably T(avern), but there is no record of Vosseller as innkeeper. He was a Palatine German who located in the vicinity of Pluckemin about 1750 and by 1786 was well established as a farmer and merchant with a general dry goods trade (5). Vosseller moved out of state in 1798 and that same year John J. Castner applied for a tavern license on these premises. He notes in applying, "There is at present no tavern on the road from Middlebrook to Pluckemin, a distance of 10 miles." (2)

The initial application was refused, but Castner persisted year after year until finally in 1805 a license was granted. A mortgage he and his wife Catherine gave on the property in 1804 may have helped toward this end, possibly being used to add a wing to the house to better serve tavern trade. (1)

Castner was innkeeper here until 1811 when he took over the tavern at Steel Gap, a few miles away. The new licensee here was John Fisher, previously a tavern keeper in Somerville (2). In 1814 Castner sold the property to John Herder. Herder sold to Daniel and Adriana Groendycke in 1832 and the Groendyckes sold the "Tavern house and premises" to William L. Allen of Bedminster in 1836. (1)

a the

9. Major Bibliographical References

SEE ATTACHED

GPO 894-788

10. Geographic	cal Data		
Acreage of nominated property			
Quadrangle name Bound E			Quadrangle scale $1:24000$
UTM References			
	4 9 5 0 4 0 thing	B Zone	Easting Northing
		D	
E		F	
		н	
Verbal boundary description a	nd justification		
Bridgewater Tax Map Blo	ck 4603, Lot J	I	
List all states and counties fo	r properties over	lapping state or co	unty boundaries N/A
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Prepa			by Marilyn Salvetti, RD 2. Mt. Hora le, NJ 08836, (201) 469-6948
name/title Jessie Havens organization	A	dat	te March, 1985
street & number Ludlow Avenu	e	tele	ephone (201) 359-2415
city or town Belle Mead,		sta	NJ, 08502
12. State Histo	ric Pres	ervation (Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this	property within the	state is:	
national	state	_X_ local	
	rty for inclusion in 1	the National Register a	ric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– and certify that it has been evaluated vice.
Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer	signature	lelen &	Seule
title Asst. Commissioner	for Natural	Resources	date 11/2-6/8-5
For NPS use only			
I hereby certify that this prop	erty is included in	_	
/ Stelvery 30		Intered in the Intimal Register	date /- 23-86
Keeper of the National Registe	H"	0-201	•
Attest:		n.	date
Chief of Registration			

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Continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior **National Park Service**

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Allen prospered as an innkeeper. When he died in 1863, he possessed a substantial estate, including a carriage house to the north of the main house and a black-smith shop to the south, as well as a big barn to the Foundations of several of these buildings are in evidence on the Allen enlarged his landholdings in 1838 by purchase of 10 adjoining acres from John V.P. and Abigail Voorhees and in 1850 by buying 15 acres from Benjamin B. Hagaman. (1) The whole passed to John K. Allen in 1863 but was no longer licensed as a tavern (7).

John Allen farmed here until his death in 1904. The property passed to Phoebe Allen Kopf of Pottersville and remained a dairy farm in Kopf ownership till World War II. Road frontage was parcelled off to several Kopf children for houselots. Finally the house and remaining acres were sold in 1946 to Esther B. Crego, a real estate speculator. She sold the house in 1952 to William B. and Charlotte F. Brigham who initiated restoration work. More restoration work has been done since Francis K. and Lois Maples purchased the house in 1960. The Maples have tried to hold to the original as much as they can.

An archeological potential has been demonstrated. The locations of several documented outbuildings have been identified using photographs, maps, and visual evidence. The surviving building, the outbuilding sites, the potential refuse sites, and other deposits associated with the property's use as a tavern location clearly indicate further research could be undertaken which would add to the understanding of practices of ordinaries in the 18th and 19th centuries.

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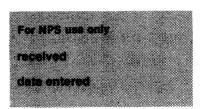
Attachment A

Somerset County Clerk's Office, Deeds and Mortgages -

1772 Vossler mortgage	Somerset	Co.	Mortgage Book A, page 345
1804 Castner mortgage	Somerset	Co.	Mortgage Book F, page 345
1814 Castner to Herder			Deeds, Vol. H, page 11
1832 Herder to Groendyck			
1836 Groendyck to Allen	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. T. page 77
1864 Allen to Allen	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. 0 3, page 152
1908 Allen to Kopf	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. R 11, page 280
1946 Kopf to Crego	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. 659, page 317
1952 Crego to Brigham	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. 778, page 365
1960 Brigham to Maples	Somerset	Co.	Deeds, Vol. 964, page 60

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Attachment B

Somerset County Historical Society has long recognized the historicity of this old inn. Some 15 years ago the Society placed a marker in front which reads:

"The Indian Trail Inn was built in 1763 by John Castner. Remodeled in 1793. Later known as the John Allen Inn."

Sources for this data were not recorded.

1

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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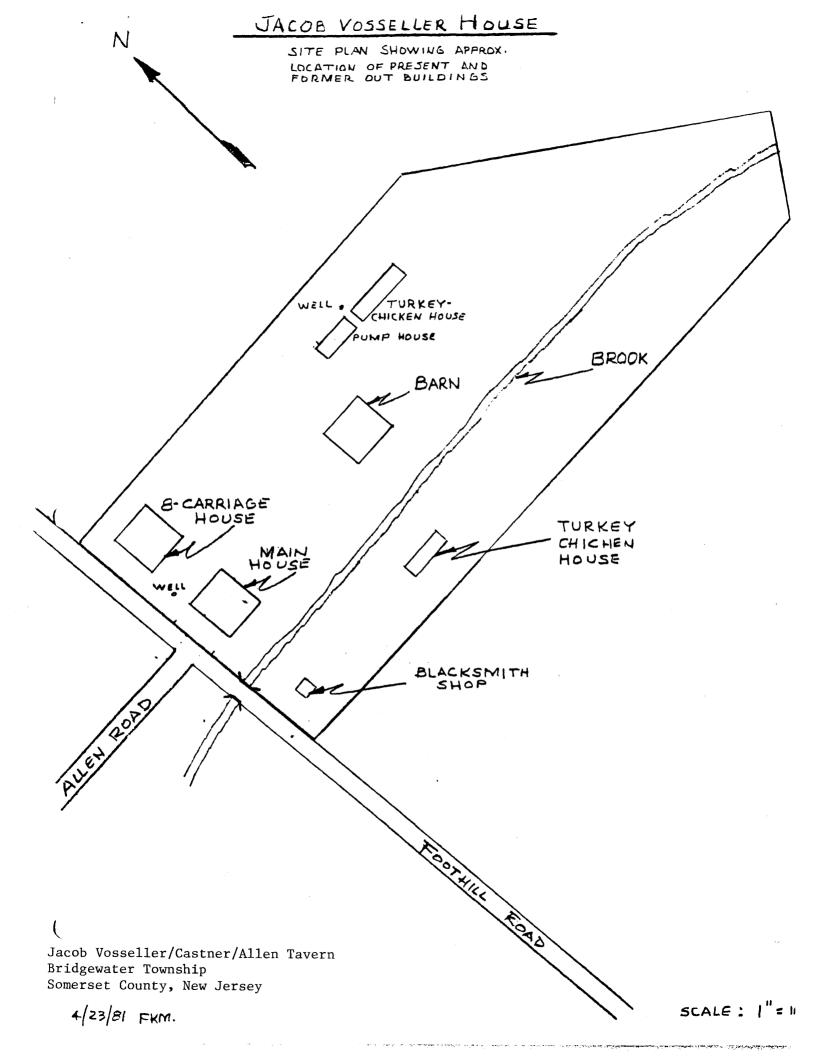
Item number

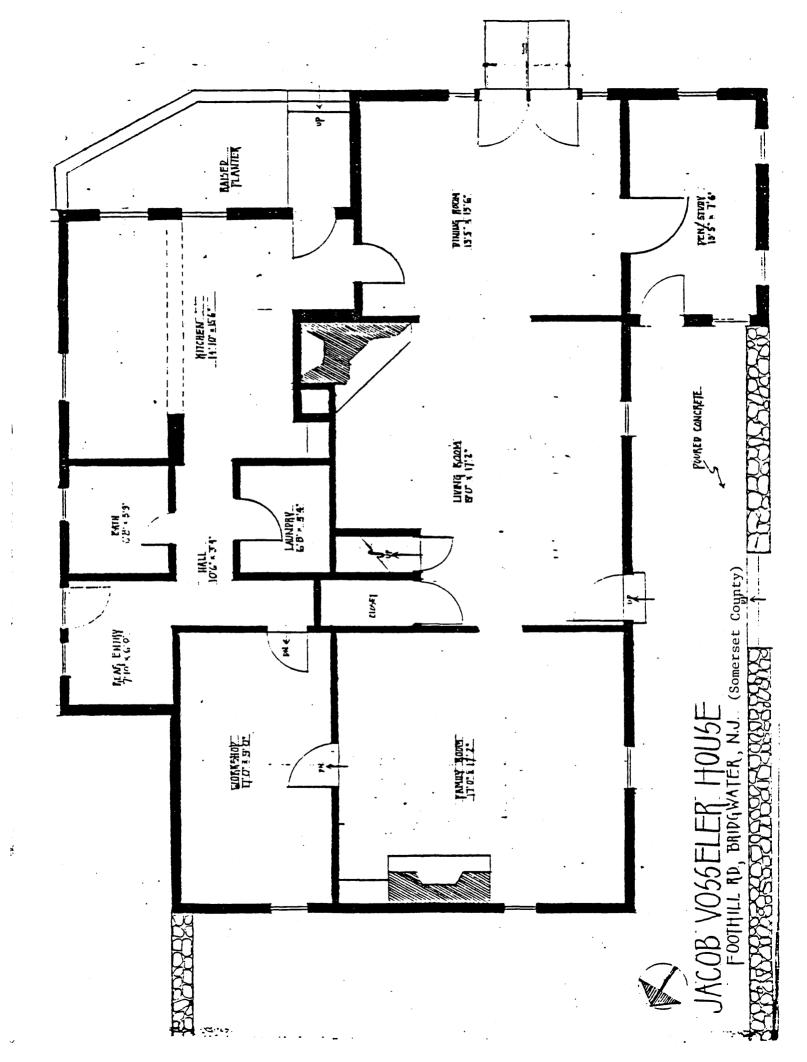
9

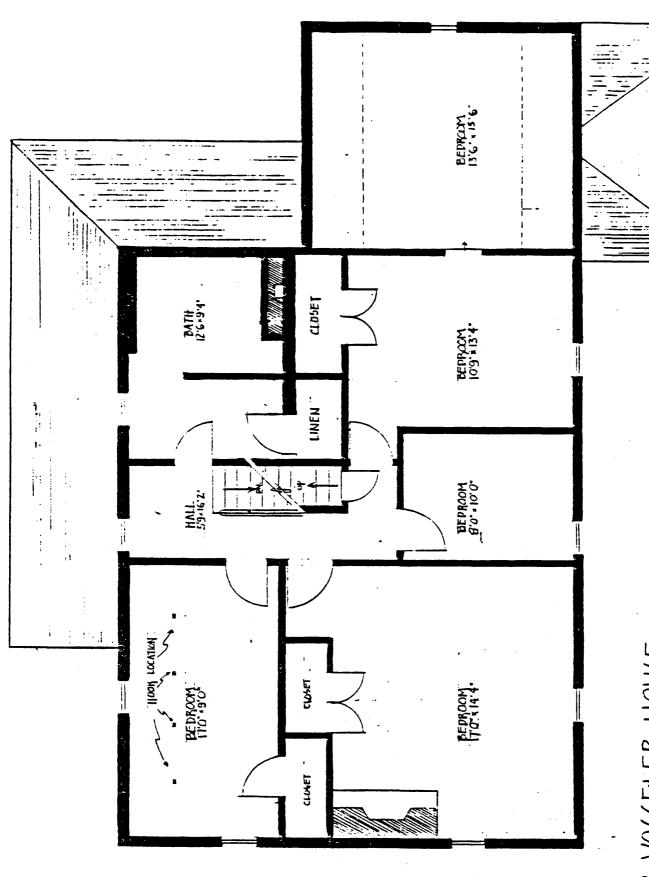
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BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Somerset County Deeds and Mortgages-County Clerk's office (see attached).
- 2. Somerset County Tavern Licenses N.J. Archives.
- 3. Inventory William L. Allen Estate, November 2, 1863 Somerset County Surrogate.
- 4. Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Vol. 2, 1913, pages 265-271.
- 5. Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Vol. 3, 1914, pages 26-31
- 6. The Old Farm, Andrew D. Mellick, 1889, page 5







JACOB VOSSELER HOUSE FOOTHIL AD, BRIDGWATER, N.J. (Somerset County)