Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

PH036170X

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATA SHEET

FOR NPS USE ONLY MAR 2 1976 RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

JUN 1 7 1976

NAME					
HISTORIC	-				
Powell School	L				
AND/OR COMMON "Free School	11				
LOCATION	J				
STREET & NUMBER	vonue North				
2331-Sixth Ayenue, North			NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN Birmingham					
STATE			COUNTY	CODE	
Alabama		CODE 01	Jefferson	073	
CLASSIFIC	ATION	-			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE	
DISTRICT	XPUBLIC		AGRICULTURE		
XBUILDING(S)			COMMERCIAL	PARK	
	BOTH				
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT		XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL		
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:	
NAME <u>Birmingham B</u> STREET&NUMBER 2015 7th Aver	oard of Education				
CITY, TOWN Birmingham			STATE Alabama	<u></u>	
I OCATION	I AR I RELAT TRACK				
-	I OF LEGAL DESCR				
COURTHOUSE,	FTC. Jefferson County C				
COURTHOUSE,					
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Str	^{ETC.} Jefferson County C				
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Structure City, town	^{ETC.} Jefferson County C		STATE		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Str CITY. TOWN Birmingham	ETC. Jefferson County C	ourthou s e	Alabama		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Str CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN	^{ETC.} Jefferson County C	ourthou s e	Alabama		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Structure CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN TITLE	ETC. Jefferson County C	ourthouse	Alabama		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Structure CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN TITLE	ETC. Jefferson County C eet, North	ourthouse	Alabama		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Stru- CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN TITLE Historic Site DATE	ETC. Jefferson County (eet, North TATION IN EXIST e Survey, Jefferson Co	ourthouse ING SURVEYS ounty, Alabama	Alabama		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Str. CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN TITLE Historic Site	ETC. Jefferson County (eet, North ITATION IN EXIST: e Survey, Jefferson Co 72	Courthouse ING SURVEYS Funty, Alabama FEDERAL	<u>Alabama</u>		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, STREET & NUMBER 716 21st Stru- CITY. TOWN Birmingham REPRESEN TITLE Historic Situ DATE December, 19 DEPOSITORY FOR	ETC. Jefferson County (eet, North TATION IN EXIST e Survey, Jefferson Co	Courthouse ING SURVEYS Funty, Alabama FEDERAL	<u>Alabama</u>	······	

7' DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE	
EXCELLENT XGOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED X_ALTERED	X_ORIGINALS	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Powell School is a three story red brick structure with stone foundation in the Victorian Gothic style, typical of turn of the century school buildings. Completed in 1888, it was erected on the site of the first public school in Birmingham which was built in 1874. The building is rectangular in shape and symmetrically designed. Measuring 11'6" by 74'1", the structure faces east and is located on a 1.3 acre lot in the heart of the city.

The east, and originally main, facade is composed of three primary bays, which are further divided into three bays separated vertically by pilasters and horizontally by brick courses. Windows on the main floors are double hung with six over six lights and those at the basement level are half-sized with four lights. The pedimented gable, outlined in stone contains a three part round arched window with header brick molding.

The central bay projects approximately four feet enclosing a one story crenellated portico. and the base of the bell tower which had to be removed in 1951 for safety reasons. The original main entrance is distinctly Gothic in character repeating in stone the arch and steep pediment of the gables. The base of the tower has a pair of narrow windows above the portico, windows on two floors of the projecting portion and is flanked by three stories of very narrow windows.

North and south elevations repeat the same three bay arrangement. The central section contains a one story portico with crenellation. Windows within this section consist of a central pair of narrower windows. The mansard roof terminated in a bracketed cornice that is interrupted only by the gables and bell tower.

The symmetrical three bay facade occurs again in the rear elevation. Here the central section takes the form of a three sided projecting bay which includes all three floors. Each side of the bay has a single double hung sash window. The end bays are identical to those of the other elevation.

The floor plan on all three levels is essentially the same with bisecting halls and four large classrooms, each 25' x 32'. Stairs are located at both ends of the hall and have wooden fixtures on the banister to prevent children from sliding on them. Other distinctive features include very high ceilings 20" walls and a fireplace, the only one in a Birmingham school.

In 1951 an inconspicuous brick building was constructed on the grounds to provide an auditorium, lunchroom, kitchen and boiler room. Further improvements to the facility were made in 1969. The masonry was cleaned, regrouted and repointed. Interior work included installing firewalls, fire resistive bricks and separating classrooms from stairwells. One of the classroooms was converted to a school museum and repository for early school system records and memorabilia.

When this site for the first school in Birmingham was selected, citizens objected because it was too far out in the country. Today the Powell School is located in the core of a 20th century industrial city with nearby housing projects and busy streets. Fortunately a small lawn, shrubs and some trees remain on the grounds.



PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE	
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	X EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	-PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION	
<u>X</u> 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATES 1888

The Powell School was built in 1888 on the site of Birmingham's first public school and is now the oldest school building in the city. It became the center of this rapidly growing city's educational system and was the most up to date facility of its time in the South.

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

With the organizational and financial assistance of the young city's prominent citizens, the "Free School", as it was first called was actually initiated by the working people of the city who could not afford the private schools. In 1873 these people came to Colonel John Terry for assistance and he persuaded his friend Colonel James R. Powell, founder of Birmingham and president of the Elyton Land Company, to donate four city lots. The school was constructed in 1874 at the corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-Fourth street. Colonel Terry held the first city bonds issued which financed the construction cost.

This first school was a simple two story brick structure with four classrooms. It opened its doors on March 1, 1874 with approximately 150 pupils; only one year after a cholera epidemic brought death and financial disaster to the fledgling city. The school was to serve the white children residing in the city or within one-half mile of the city limits. Although called the "Free School", initially students paid twenty-five cents to one dollar according to their grade to attend. During these years, the school was administered by the Mayor and Aldermen.

By 1883 several more schools were added to the city's system, a wing was added to the Free School, and a superintendent of schools was required. Mayor A. O. Lane appointed Dr. J. H. Phillips, launching the more sophisticated school system. Dr. Phillips divided the Free School into three units: primary, elementary and high school, creating Birmingham's first secondary school at this location, beginning in one room. This same year Colonel Terry suggested changing the name of the school to honor Colonel Powell, who not only donated the land but also turned over his salary as mayor to the school while he was in that office.

The system outgrew the structure and by 1886 the Powell School was declared unsafe and razed. The Board of Education commissioned a team to secure plans and specifications for a new structure. Plans for the present Powell school resulted from a trip the team and Dr. Phillips made to study schools in the major midwestern cities as well as recommendations made by the architect.

As the city of Birmingham built more schools, Powell continued to operate as an elementary school. Until World War I it was used in the city's teacher training program. More recently, Powell helped intiate special programs in remedial reading and for the blind

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Armes, Ethel - The Story of Coal and Iron in Alabama. 1910, republished; Bookkeepers Press, Birmingham 1972.

Birmingham Board of Education, Research Department, files, blueprints, floor plans, contract files, newspaper files.

10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

A 1,6 5 1,8 2,5 0 3,7 0,8 8,8 0 ZONE EASTING NORTHING	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	

STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
FORM PREPARED	BY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NAME / TITLE				
W. Warner Floyd, Execut	tiye Director &	Donna Hole		
ORGANIZATION			DATE	
Alabama Historical Com	nission		February 17, 1	1976
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE	
725 Monroe Street		832-6621		
CITY OR TOWN		STATE		
Montgomery		Alabama		
NATIONAL	STA	TE	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic Pro	·			lic 1 aw 89 665)
hereby nominate this property for i				
criteria and procedures set forth by				
	مرسم		\cap	
	ICER SIGNATURE	1. 12 day	and. Ja .	,
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF				
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF	a.		DATE Jeb.	23, 1976
	PROPERTY IS INCLUDE	D IN THE NATIONAL		<u> 23, 1976</u>
TITLE SAPO QU	mint	on L		<i>23, 1976</i> [17] 76

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student. When Birmingham celebrated its centennial in 1972, the Powell School participated with its own program. At this time the school's principal Mr. Gordon Starr and a former teacher, Mrs. Nell Hawthorne, created a school museum in the building to display artifacts and records relating to the school system's history. Presently, the school is operating at full capacity for grades kindergarten through eight.

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Birmingham Public Library, Southern History Department, Vertical Files.

McClinton, Curtis - personal inspections, June and July, 1974.

Phillips, Marshall - "A History of the Public Schools in Birmingham, Alabama"; M. A., University of Alabama, 1939.

Powell School Museum files, old textbooks, old photographs, drawings, files, papers, newspaper clippings. History of Powell School written by Miss Hattie Grimes and Mrs. Gordon Starr and others.