Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) PHOS.07725
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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SEI	E INSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOW T</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES			3		
1 NAME						
HISTORIC						
	Golden Sheaf Bakery					
AND/OR COMMON	Golden Sheaf Bakery	Golden Sheaf Bakery				
LOCATIO)N					
STREET & NUMBER		et	NOT FOR BURLICATION			
CITY, TOWN	<u> </u>		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT		
	Berkeley	VICINITY OF .				
STATE	CA.	CODE 06	county Alameda	001		
CLASSIFI	CATION					
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE		
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM		
*BUILDING(S)	X PRIVATE	XUNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK		
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC		
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS		
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC		
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION		
		NO	MILITARY	× OTHER: garage		
OWNER (OF PROPERTY					
NAME	Harry Haimovitch AIA					
STREET & NUMBER	7000 Westmorland Diri	ve	-			
CITY, TOWN	Berkeley	·	STATE CA			
1 - 0 0 1 - 0		VICINITY OF	CA			
LOCATIO	N OF LEGAL DESCR	APTION				
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEED	OS, ETC. Alameda Cour	nty Courthouse				
STREET & NUMBER	1225 Fallon S	treet				
CITY. TOWN	Oakland		STATE CA. 946	12		
6 REPRESE	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS				
TITLE						
DATE						
		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCAL			
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS						
CITY, TOWN			STATE			

__EXCELLENT

_G00D

__FAIR

CONDITION

_XDETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

_UNALTERED

CHECK ONE

XORIGINAL SITE

__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Golden Sheaf Bakery was built in 1905 and designed by a prominent California architect, Clinton Day of San Francisco and Berkeley with the terra cotta ornamentation fabricated by Gladding, McBean of Lincoln, California. Clinton Day was the architect for such notable buildings as the City of Paris and the Union Trust Company in San Francisco and the Memorial Chapel at Stanford University. '. Furthermore, he was the architect for many of the original University of California at Berkeley's academic buildings which have since been demolished.

The architectural character of the bakery is a classically inspired two-story brick building with Tuscan ordered pilasters. Each of the four two-story high pilasters frame three well proportioned, ten foot wide vertical bays which support the simple, unornamentated entablature above. The brick facade, endowed with a rich, reddish-brown patina, is harmoniously divided into two horizontal levels. The lower story consists of three rectangular portals spanned by flat arches and centered with an ornamental keystone. In the upper story, each bay contains two arched, double-hung, wooden sash windows (one over one light) with each framed by Tuscan ordered pilasters and topped by decorative, corble-like arches. At the top of the building, terra cotta ornamentation by Gladding, McBean adorns the Golden Sheaf motif and volute design as well as the bakery's name. Further use of terra cotta is found on the pilaster's base and capitals and on the cornice. A high quality, Roman-shaped brick is used for the rest of the exterior facing.

The interior consists of two floors with eighteen and thirteen foot ceilings, respectively. All the walls are faced with common brick and the only openings are those facing the street. On the first floor, there are three large structural steel columns located along the center line of the cement slab floor. The second floor is a column free space, sixty feet wide, spanned by four steel riveted Fink trusses. The wood joist flooring system is in a state of deterioration and would have to be replaced. The original gas lighting system has since been converted to electricity.

The bakery has a rectangular plan of 51' x 59' and a total area of 6000 square feet. The primary construction consists of load bearing brick walls, fifteen inches thick at the base and four Fink trusses sheathed over by a wood and tar roof.

The major alteration for the bakery consists of a brick infilled portal bay on the side adjacent to Kress Department store. Kress uses this entrance for delivery runs and as a fire exit. Other alterations and disfigurements include a hand operated, sliding garage door, white painted pilasters and portals, a fluorescent lighting system and a mecury-vapor, exterior light standard in front of the bakery.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	· AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
—PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 —1800-1899 —X1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE ARCHITECTURE ART X.COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHUDOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGIONSCIENCESCULPTURESOCIAL/HUMANITARIANTHEATERTRANSPORTATIONOTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DATES 1905 BUILDER/ARCHITECT Clinton Day				

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Golden Sheaf Bakery was founded by an Englishman, John G. Wright, in 1877 and became Berkeley's first wholesale/retail bakery. The original bakery was a two story, wooden frame building located at 2026 Shattuck Avenue which housed the Wright family, student botders, a public dining room and the bakery. (see attached plan). From its very beginning, the bakery became known for its large selection of high quality pastries, breads, pies, cakes, puddings, jellies and ice-creams. Evidence of J.G. Wright's uncompromising, steadfast attitude toward quality and purity can be found in his world-wide search for the finest baking ingredients, for example, Italian lemons and currants and Australian wheat, to name a few. He also offered baking courses to his staff by skilled bakers brought over from Europe.

As the bakery's reputation grew, its popularity and sales dramatically rose and extended from Sacramento to San Jose. J.G. Wright and his son, J.C. Wright, continually expanded the bakery's capacity and physical plant to keep up with demand. F.H. Wheelan opened a block away a steam-powered flour mill in 1881 to support the Golden Sheaf's large production output. The Wright's used the most innovative facilities available at the time, oil-burning stoves instead of oak-fired, brick ovens and the first gasoline powered delivery trucks in the area. Furthermore, the Wright's provided living quarters for their cooks and bakers which numbered fifteen in 1903 and a large barn which housed their fleet of horse drawn delivery trucks and motor cars that numbered forty by 1905. It was on the second floor of this barn, known as the Golden Sheaf Hall, where alternative school instruction and "radical" groups such as Temperance Societies and Woman's Suffrage groups met. During the Golden Sheaf's peak production years, 1903 – 1908, it produced twenty-six varieties of bread, twelve types of cakes and pies and had a regional wide catering service, including the University of California.

Since the Golden Sheaf was the largest bakery in the entire region, Mr. Wright became a significant actor in organizing and bringing support for a baker's union. The official establishment of such a union was signed into existence in 1904 at the Golden Sheaf Bakery. Soon after the union's formation, many of the traditional family bakeries were taken over and modernized by large baking companies; an era of bakery history was soon to end.

9 MAJOR	BIBLIOGRAPH	UCALIREFER	ĻŅÇ ES			
Daily Berke	lev Gazette: Octo	ber 14, 1905 and	February 2	20, 1905	all-North Books	1964
Richey, Elir	Pettit, George, Berkeley: The Town and Gown of It, Berkeley, CA., Howell-North Books, 1964. Richey, Elinor, The Ultimate Victorians, Berkeley, CA., Howell-North Books, 1970.					
Interview	s: Ms. Carol Wrigh			Wright-owner)		
•	Mr. Louie Stein Mr. Harry Haim	(local historian) ovitch (owner)				
10 GEOGR	APHICAL DAT	A				
	NOMINATED PROPERTY	1/16 acre	-			
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	OUNDARY DESCRIPTION		<u> </u>			
Downtown I	Berkeley, Californio	, North Addison	Street, 15	0' West of Shattu	ck Avenue。	
		•				
LIST	ALL STATES AND COUN	TIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAF	PPING STATE OR COU	NTY BOUNDARIES	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	·	CODE	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY		CODE	
III FORM P	REPARED BY	·····		<u>:</u>	<u> </u>	
NAME / TITLE	Robert Y. Feldman	1		7,	/ 4 / 77	
ORGANIZATION	graduate architect	uro student II	C Barko	DATE		
STREET & NUM	=		.C. berke		HONE	
	2618 Hillegass Ave	e. 	•	\ ·//	848-7268	
CITY OR TOWN	Berkeley			STATE	CA.	
12 STATE	HISTORIC PRE	SERVATION	OFFIC	ER CERTIFIC	CATION	
				RTY WITHIN THE STA	TE IS:	
N	IATIONAL	STATE		LOCAI	- <u>X</u>	
hereby nominat	ed State Historic Preserva e this property for inclus redures set forth by the N	ion in the National Re				
STATE HISTORI	C PRESERVATION OFFICER S	IGNATURE	K-	mallon	11-17-77	
TITLE Sta	te Historic Prese	ervation Office		DATE		
FOR NPS USE ON	LY		•			
I HEREBY CE	RTIFY THAT THIS PROP	ERTY IS/INCLUDED I	N THE NATIO	NAL REGISTER		
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ATTEST:	ساسالم	(D)2		DATI	8.15.78	
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CONTINUATION SHEET Golden Sheaf

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In 1905, J.C. Wright commissioned Clinton Day of San Francisco to build an addition to the bakery proper for a storage and loading zone. With the addition of this building, the Golden Sheaf became one of the largest bakeries in the state of California. When the 1906 earthquake and fire hit San Francisco, the state drafted the bakery to feed the great numbers of homeless people, since most of the local bakeries were destroyed and the Golden Sheaf's facilities were adequately large enough to meet the demand.

The bakery was sold by the Wright family in 1909 for 250,000 dollars to the Wonderbread Bakeries. Shortly afterwards, the bakery moved and had the 2026 Shattuck Avenue bakery torn down and replaced with a commercial building. The Clinton Day addition was first converted into shops and offices in 1911 and latter in 1927 into a garage which it still maintains. In the early '50's, Kress Department Store, located next to the Golden Sheaf, bought an easement to use one of the ten foot bays on the first floor as a fire exit and delivery entrance; it subsequently infilled this bay with brick.

The significance of the Golden Sheaf Bakery lies in the preservation of the exterior of the building, one of Berkeley's very few extant brick commercial its downtown center. Furthermore, the bakery is a very fine example of a classically inspired commercial building dating from the early 20 th century. There is major significance in preserving one of the few surviving Clinton Day buildings left from his prominent San Francisco practice which autived the 1906 earthquake and fire and reckless demolition.