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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only

received nen 2 6 1985 date entered JAN 23 19

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	le			
historic	Joseph Petitpierre	(Kleinpeter) House	3	
and or common	Same			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	5544 Highland Roa	d	N/A	not for publication
city, town	Baton Rouge	N/A vicinity of		
state	Louisiana code	22 parish	East Baton Rouge	code 033
3. Clas	sification			
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being considered	Status occupied unoccupied X_ work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X_ yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other: restoration
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		progress for use as historic house museu
name Rob	ert H. Hodges			
street & number	5566 Highland Roa	d		
city, town	Baton Rouge	N <u>/A</u> vicinity of	state	LA 70808
5. Loca	ation of Lega	I Descriptio	n	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. East	Baton Rouge Parish	Courthouse	
street & number	222 St. Louis S	treet	P. 0.	Box 1991
city, town	Baton Rouge		state	LA 70821
6. Repi	resentation i	n Existing S	urveys	
title LA Histor	ic Sites Survey	has this prop	erty been determined eligi	ble?yes _Xno
date 1	985		federal Xstate	county local
depository for su	rvey records LA State	Historic Preservati	on Office	
city, town	Baton Rouge		state	LA

7. Description

Conditionexcellent _X_gooth	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one original siteX moved da	te1985
Idir	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Joseph Petitpierre House is an early nineteenth century bousillage Creole cottage located in a suburban area of Baton Rouge, Despite a short move and numerous alterations, the house retains its National Register eligibility,

Opinions differ as to the exact date of construction. In his historic structure report, George Fore tentatively placed the date between 1800 and 1805 based largely upon nail chronology. Mr. Fore notes that the documented dates of production for early machine cut nails such as those found in the house "range from the early to mid 1790's to 1810, with some evidence of their being produced into the early 1820's." "With the other details of the house," concluded Fore, "a narrow range of construction dates would be 1800 to 1805." Subsequent to Fore's analysis, the project architect found the date 1816 stamped in one of the iron fireplace lintels. Since it has no bearing upon the National Register eligibility of the house, the State Historic Preservation Office has decided to avoid this controversy and use the more general term "early nineteenth century."

The Petitpierre House began as a typical Creole plantation house with a front gallery, two front rooms, a rear gallery, and two cabinets. It had a massive hip roof with "outlookers" and a more or less central chimney. A noteworthy feature of the house was the medieval style attic structure with its king posts, struts, principal rafters, and common rafters. Window and door surrounds were primitive with exposed structural members forming most of the visible surround. Surrounds were accented with molded strips. Other features included walls plastered flush with the exposed studs, chair rails, and beaded beam ceilings.

In the early twentieth century the house was extended in the rear and given a low-key bungalow treatment. Major changes included:

- 1. The replacement of the front gallery columns,
- 2. The moving of one of the original two front doors,
- 3. The installation of modern doors and windows.
- 4. The removal of the old rear wall.
- 5. The installation of plain brick mantels.
- 6. The removal of chair rails, baseboards and decorative molding.
- 7. The addition of a new pitched roof. (The original hip roof structure was left intact underneath.)

By the early 1980's the house had fallen into disrepair. Plywood paneling and wall-to-wall carpeting had been installed. The eleven acre tract on which the house stood was for sale and the decrepit structure was thought to be a hindrance to potential buyers. Demolition was contemplated.

The present owner was allowed to purchase the structure with the condition that he move it off the tract. It was moved some three and a half miles to the north and west. The present setting is somewhat more developed than the original, and the direction of the house has been reversed. Nonetheless, the structure has not been moved out of the area which is the context for its architectural significance (i.e., East Baton Rouge Parish). Moreover, the present lot is open and well treed enough to still convey something of a rural character.

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Continuation sheet Joseph Petitpierre House

Item number 7

Page 1

7. Description (cont'd)

Assessment of Integrity

The house is presently undergoing a complete restoration under the guidance of the State Historic Preservation Office. All early twentieth century changes have been reversed, and when the work is complete, the house will certainly convey its early nineteenth century appearance. Many of the features have had to be replaced; however, the house still retains the following original features:

- 1. Its plan and configuration.
- 2. Its building mass and roof shape.
- 3. Its fenestration pattern.
- 4. All but one of its bousillage walls.
- 5. Its exposed studs.
- 6. Its beaded beam ceilings.
- 7. Its clapboards.
- 8. Its original structural fenestration surrounds (without moldings).
- 9. Its original floors.
- 10. Its original medieval style attic structure minus a few members.

These features establish the local architectural significance of the Petitpierre House. Consequently in our opinion it retains enough integrity to merit a Register listing.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799X 1800-1899 1900-	•	community planning	music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	early 19th century	Builder/Architect Bu	ilder: Joseph Petit	pierre (Kleinpeter)

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph) Criterion C

The Joseph Petitpierre House is locally significant in the area of architecture as a rare example of the Creole style, and more importantly, of bousillage construction within East Baton Rouge Parish.

Bousillage was a prevalent form of construction in French Louisiana during the eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries. Undoubtedly there were innumerable examples in East Baton Rouge Parish at one time. The Petitpierre House, however, is one of only four that survive. It is a worthy example because it retains all but one of its original bousillage walls. Also, it is one of only two featuring the more typical bousillage interior treatment—i.e., exposed studs.

In addition, the house has a lesser degree of significance as an example of the Creole style. Its four room plan is typical of many smaller plantation houses across South Louisiana. These were far more numerous than grand Creole houses such as Parlange (NHL, Pointe Coupee Parish) or Magnolia Mound (NR, Baton Rouge). Yet they have not tended to survive as well. For example, the Petitpierre House is one of only two remaining examples in East Baton Rouge Parish. Characteristics which establish the house as an example of the style include the hip roof configuration, the four room hall-less plan, the front fenestration pattern, the two cabinets, and the use of bousillage.

Historical Note:

Joseph Petitpierre (Kleinpeter) acquired the land on which the house was built from the Spanish government in 1786. He owned the property until his death in 1823.

9.	Major	Bibliogra	phical	References
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Fore, George T. The Kleinpeter House: Architectural and Finishes Analysis, January 1985. Copy at Louisiana State Historic Preservation Office. Research conducted by and for the owner in primary sources such as conveyance records. probate records, church records, etc. **Geographical Data** 10. @ 1/8th of an acre Acreage of nominated property _ Baton Rouge West, LA Quadrangle name __ Quadrangle scale 1:24000

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c			
E	F		
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Verbal boundary description and justification

state

N/A

Please refer to enclosed sketch map. Boundaries were chosen to encompass the resource. It is a moved building, and hence there is no historic setting to recognize. Moreover, nominating all the land under single ownership would have meant including a modern unrelated residence.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

code

Droporod Dv	
Prepared By	
National Register Staff Division of Historic Preservation	ASSISTED BY OWNER
State of Louisiana	date October 1985
P. O. Box 44247	telephone (504) 922-0358
Baton Rouge ,	state LA
	Natîonal Register Staff Divîsîon of Hîstorîc Preservatio State of Louisîana P. O. Box 44247

county

city or	town	oaton Rouge,	st	tate LA	
12.	State	Historic P	reservation	Officer C	ertification
The ev	aluated signific	cance of this property with	nin the state is:		
	na	ational state	_Xlocal		
665), I accord	hereby nomina ling to the crite	te this property for inclus	Officer for the National Historion in the National Register rth by the National Park Ser	and certify that it h	
- Clate 1	113131101170001	ation omoor organization	Robert B. DeBlieux		
title	State His	toric Preservation		date	December 20, 1985
 	Selow	that this property is included and specific states of the second	ded in the National Register Bater & the Register Mational Register	date	1-23-86
/V YKEE	eper of the Nat	ional negister			•
Att	est:			date	
Chi	ief of Registrat	ion			

code

BOUNDARIES PARALLEL
BOUNDARY BUILDING ELEVATIONS
AT A DISTANCE OF
TEN FEET

JOSEPH PETITPIERRE HOUSE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LA.

